THE NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY

EIGHTEENTH ROUND : FEBRUARY 1963-JANUARY 1964

NUMBER 143

TARLES WITH NOTES

INDEBTEDNESS OF SCHEDULED TRIBE HOUSEHOLDS

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NSS DEPARTMENT
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TABLES WITH NOTES ON

INDEBTEDNESS OF SCHEDULED TRIBE HOUSEHOLDS

The Report entitled "Tables with Notes on Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households, 18th round, February 1963—January 1964" was prepared by the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta. The views contained in the Report are not necessarily those of Government of India.*

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The object of this enquiry was to obtain information on indebtedness of the scheduled tribe households in rural areas of the two Union Territories Manipur and Tripura. This information was collected through the supplementary schedule 1.04 (ST): Indebtedness of scheduled tribe household in the eighteenth round of NSS, and the present report is on its results.
- 1.2 At a later stage it was decided to extend the scheduled tribes survey to cover the urban areas of Manipur and Tripura also. But the field returns were very poor. Therefore the data for urban areas have not been tabulated.
- 1.3 The Survey was taken up in the villages sampled for the socio-economic enquiries of the eighteenth round from the third sub-round, i.e. from June 1963. The socio-economic survey of the eighteenth round was scheduled to start in February 1963, and was expected to be completed by the end of January 1964. The period of the present survey, i.e. survey on scheduled tribe households was therefore to be extended for four months after the end of the eighteenth round so as to make it one full year. Three schedules were canvassed in each household selected for this survey-schedule 1.0 (ST) on consumer expenditure, schedule 1.03 (ST) on income and supplementary schedule 1.04 (ST) on indebtedness; and as stated above, the present report is about the findings on indebtedness through schedule 1.04 (ST).
- 1.4 The indebtedness was characterised as the amount of loan outstanding on the date of survey including interest and also original amount of loan. The loans had been divided into two distinct groups, viz. (A) Hereditary loans and (B) Contract loans. Along with the amount of loans information on nature of loan, age of the loan, rate and type of interest source, purpose, security and mode of repayment pertaining to each loan was obtained through this enquiry. Information on some classificatory characters like household size, land cultivated, monthly income and expenditure and industry-occupation group to which the household belongs were also collected. This would show the extent of impact of these classificatory characters on the total loan incurred by a household in a broad way. Data were also collected on the nature and utilisation of government subsidy.
- 1.5 A household has been classified as scheduled tribe according to the Schedule Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists Modification Order, 1956.
- 1.6 Altogether 622 sample households from 192 of sample villages in Tripura and 391 sample households from the same number 192 of samlpe villages in Manipur were surveyed.
- 1.7 Chapter two gives an account of the design of the survey. Chapter three gives the concepts, definitions and notes on codes used in the survey. Summary of the main results is given in Chapter four. A brief description of the method of estimations is given in Appendix I, and detailed statistical tables are given in Appendix II. Appendix III gives the grouping of Industries and Occupations followed in the presentation of the tables, and the facsimile of the questionnaire canvassed in the survey is given in Appendix IV.
- 1.8 Tables have been presented as half-sample 1, half-sample 2 and combined sample side by side. Sub-samples 1 and 3 together constitute the half-sample 1, and sub-sample 2 and 4 constitute the half-sample 2.

^{*}The Draft report (No. D 157) was first submitted by the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta to the Government of India in March, 1967. It was revised subsequently and resubmitted in April, 1968.

CHAPTER TWO

Design of the Survey

- 2.1 Since the viliages selected for the eighteenth round were to be taken up for this survey also, the sampling design was the same as that of the eighteenth round. A stratified two stage sample was selected from the 1961 census list of villages, the allocation being 192 villages in each Union Territory. Strata were formed within each Union Territory by grouping together contiguous sub-divisions/tehsils (sub-divisions in Manipur and tehsil in Tripura) or parts of contiguous sub-divisions/tehsils such that the sum of the sizes of the villages in each stratum was exactly equal. The 'size' adopted was the 1961 census population of the village rounded off to the next higher multiple of 1000. While forming strata, the transport facilities available between adjacent sub-divisions/tehsils were also taken into consideration. 8 strata were formed in each Union Territory.
- 2.2 Within each stratum 4 independent interpenetrating sub-samples of 6 villages each were selected circular systematically with probability proportional to the 'size' of the villages. In some of the big sample villages, the number of hamlet groups to be formed was specified in the sample list. In each such village the investigator was to form the specified number of hamlet groups of approximately equal population content and select one with equal probability for survey. The selected hamlet group was taken up for both the general enquiries of the eighteenth round and for the Scheduled Tribes Survey.
- 2.3 Whithin each sample village or hamlet group, a linear systematic sample of households was selected from among those households which had the head of the household belonging to a Scheduled Tribe after arranging those households by household size classes 1 to 4 and 5 and above. The sampling interval and random start to be used for selection in each village had been fixed so as to make the design self-weighting within each Union Territory.
- 2.4 Sub-samples 1 and 3 were surveyed by one party of investigators and sub-samples 2 and 4 by another.

CHAPTER THREE

Concepts, Definitions and Notes on Codes

- 3.1 For the purpose of eliciting information on the particulars of loans cutstanding against the sample households on the date of survey, the loans had been divided in to two distinct groups, viz.,
 - (A) Hereditary loans and (B) Contract loans.
- 3.2 (A) Hereditary loans: Hereditary loans are these ancestral loans (whether full or a portion thereof) the liability for the repayment of which has been inherited by the sample household. In other words, the head of the household concerned is not responsible for incurring this debt in question. In fact it is a liability which has been passed on to him according to inheritance convention or law as the case may be.
- 3.3 (B) Gentract loans: Contract loans are those loans which the sample household has itself incurred for various purposes and for which the head of the household concerned is responsible.
 - 3.4 The term 'loan' included the following besides usual borrowings :-
 - (i) Advances (cash and/or kind) taken by the members of the sample household from their employers to be repaid during the subsequent period whether in cash, in kind or in service.
 - (ii) Advances taken by the household from others towards part payments as price of the standing crops to be sold after harvest.
 - (iii) Cash value of the credit purchases.
 - (iv) Initial discounts which the money lenders often deduct as interest from the amount of loans at the time of issuing loans.

For example, a lender might have got a deed signed for rupees twenty by paying actually rupees eighteen only. In such a case, the amount of loan will be taken as rupees 20 and not rupees 18 plus rupees two as interest.

- 3.5 Nature of loan.—The loan might be due to-
 - (a) credit purchase: (i) short term-code l
 - (ii) long term-code 2

a short term loan being one repayable within one month;

- (b) other than credit purchases: (i) cash-code 3
 - (ii) kind-code 4
 - (iii) cash and kind-code 5
- 3.6 Rate of interest and type of interest: After collecting information as to whether the rate is per annum, half-yearly or per month etc. the rate of interest was reduced to per month and recorded accordingly. The type of interest was also ascertained (i. e. simple or compound). There might be instances where no visible interest was charged on the loans issued but instead a sort of 'debt bondage' existed whereby the borrower had been bound down to work for a specific period of time with the lender. The codes for type of interest are: simple—1, compound—2, debt bondage—3.
- 3.7 Source of loan: By source is meant the agency from which the loan was reported to have been taken. The sources with their codes are:
 - Gooperative Society: (i) primary credit society—11; (ii) unregistered society—12; (iii) others—13.
 - 2(a) Employer: (i) own tribe-21; (ii) another tribe-22; (iii) non-tribe-23.
 - 2(b) Own landlord: (i) own tribe-24; (ii) another tribe-25; (iii) non-tribe-26.
 - 3(a) Money (lender licensed): (i) own tribe-31; (ii) another tribe-32; (iii) non-tribe-33.
 - 3(b) Money lender (unlicensed): (i) own tribe-34; (ii) another tribe-35; (iii) non-tribe-36.
 - 4. Friends and relatives: (i) own tribe-41; (ii) another tribe-42; (iii) non-tribe-43.
 - 5. Banks : 50
 - 6. Government: 60.

- 7. Shop-keepers: (i) own tribe-71; (ii) another tribe-72; (iii) non-tribe-73.
- 8. Others: (i) own tribe-81; (ii) another tribe-82; (iii) non-tribe-83.
- 3.8 Purpose of loan: Purpose would be taken to mean the actual uses to which the loan might have been put and not necessarily that for which the loan was originally incurred unless of course the purpose and the actual use to which the loan was put, happened to be the same. For instance, if a loan originally incurred for production purpose had been utilised actually for social purpose, the pupose of loan in this case would be social and not productive. The codes of pupose are:
 - i(a) Production (agricultural): (i) capital account, e.g., purchase of land, cattle, implements, tools, etc.—11; (ii) current account, e.g., purchase of seeds, manures, etc.—12; (iii) marketing—13.
 - 1(b) Production (other enterprises): (i) capital account, e.g., purchase of building, implements, tools, etc.—14; (ii) current account, e.g., purchase of raw material, etc.—15; (iii) marketing—16.
 - Consumption: (i) normal maintenance including education, sickness, unemployment, etc.—21; (ii) house repair—22; (iii) purchase of residential and other durable goods for domestic use—23.
 - 3. Social purposes: (i) festival—31; (ii) marriage—32; (iii) births—33; (iv) deaths—34; (v) otners—35.
 - 4. Others: (i) litigation—41; (ii) repayment of arrears, e.g., rent, loan or interest, etc.—42; (iii) others—43.
- 3.9 Security: Information on the security offered by the household for incurring the loan was collected. The codes are :—
 - Lands and buildings: (i) with usufruct the period of usufruct being specified—11;
 (ii) with usufruct the period of usufruct not being specified—12;
 (iii) without usufruct—13.
 - 2. Ornaments: 20.
 - 3. Draught or plough cattle: (i) with possession-31; (ii) without possession-32.
 - 4. Other goods and equipment: 40.
 - 5. Others : 50.
 - 6. Nil : 60.
- 3.10 Mode of repayment: Details regarding mode of repayment are normally settled at the time of incurring a particular loan. The mode of repayment may not necessarily depend on the nature of loan. For instance, in the case of a loan contracted in cash the mode of repayment, according to the agreement/understanding, may be in kind and vice versa.

The codes are :-

cash-1, kind-2, cash and kind-3, labour for specified period-4.

3:11 Nature of subsidy: Under the Third Five Year Plan, provision had been made for the grant of subsidies to Scheduled Tribes for their economic advancement. Subsidies were given to individuals mainly for the purpose of improved housing or setting up in agriculture or animal husbandry.

The codes for the nature of subsidy are :-

- 1. Manipur—Scheduled Tribes: (i) for control of shifting cultivation (reclamation of land and purchase of bullocks) a subsidy of Rs. 500—1; (ii) piggery and poultry at 50% of cost*—2; (iii) for housing Rs. 500* (in the form of C.I. sheets and other material)—3.
- 2. Tripura—Scheduled Tribes: (i) for Jhumia settlement (reclamation of land, purchase of bullocks) a subsidy of Rs. 500—5; (ii) for settlement of landless tribals a subsidy of Rs. 300 plus 5 acres of land—6; (iii) distribution of improved seeds and fruit plants at 50% of cost*—7; (iv) distribution of pedigree birds and animals at 50% of cost*—8; (v) for housing a subsidy of Rs. 300 for doors, windows, etc.—9.

[&]quot;Given in kind.

CHAPTER FOUR

SUMMARY OF MAIN RESULTS

4·1·1 Indebted households: In Tripura 56 percent of the scheduled tribe households were indebted, taking all tribes together.

In Manipur only 11 percent of the scheduled tribe households were indebted, taking all tribes together.

In Tripura, cent percent of the households of the tribes Santal and Uchai were indebted, but the total number of households for those tribes was not very large. Next to them, the highest percentage of indebted households, viz. 65 per cent, came from the tribe Riang. The percentage of indebted households from the tribe Tripuri was 57 percent; and this was the largest tribe in Tripura.

In Manipur, the highest percentage of indebted households viz. 52 percent came from the tribe Kabui followed by 50 percent of indebted households from the tribe Moyon. The highest number of indebted households came from the tribe Kabui, and the highest number of non-indebted households was from tribe Thadou; and Thadou was the largest tribe in Manipur.

4.1.2 Some important features of the indebted households: For Tripura, maximum number of households belonged to the industry group 'Production of cereals & pulses' (industry group code 011 & 012), and to the occupation 'Cultivator (owner)' (occupation group code 400). 50 percent of the households were indebted for the industry group 'Production of cereals & pulses'; and 55 percent of the households were indebted for the occupation 'Cultivator (owner)'. A similar feature was observed in Manipur also, but only 11 percent of the households were indebted for the industry group 'Production of cereals & pulses' and only 10 percent of the households were indebted for the occupation 'Cultivator (owner)'.

Thus the extent of indebtedness was seen to be far less marked in Manipur than in Tripura.

4.1.3 In Tripura, average size of households for indebted and non-indebted households were 6.30 and 5.77 respectively. The corresponding figures for Manipur were 6.16 and 5.29. Thus in both the Union Territories, the indebted households happened to have a larger size.

The average area of land cultivated per indebted and non-indebted households were 3.18 acres and 3.64 acres respectively for Tripura. For Manipur the figures were 3.10 acres per indebted household and 2.50 acres per non-indebted household.

The average monthly expenditure per indebted and non-indebted household were Rs. 119:63 and Rs. 106:88 respectively for Tripura. For Manipur the figures were Rs. 111:86 per indebted household and Rs. 83:57 per non-indebted household.

4·1·4 In Tripura, it was observed that among the households coming under the cultivated land class 1·00 acre—1·99 acres and also 2·00 acres—4·99 acres, 60 percent were indebted, this being the highest percentage amongst all the size classes of land.

For Manipur, the highest percent of indebted households was only 18 and that was represented by households of size class of land cultivated 5.00 acres—9.99 acres. There were no indebted households in size classes of land 0.01 acre—0.99 acre and 10.00 acres & above.

Among landless households, 34 percent were indebted in Tripura and only 10 percent were indebted in Manipur.

4.1.5 In Tripura, in terms of average monthly expenditure class it was observed that of the households falling in expenditure class Rs. 201—300, 74 percent were indebted. Next in order was the expenditure class Rs. 101—200 which represented 62 percent of indebted households. There were no indebted households in expenditure classes Rs. 501—800 and Rs. 801 and above.

For Manipur, the highest percentage was only 22 which was represented by household of expenditure class Rs. 101—200, and there were no indebted households above this expenditure class. Only 10 percent of households were indebted from the expenditure class Rs. 51—100.

Taking the total number of indebted households in all the expenditure classes as base the percentage distribution of indebted households comes as follows:

Table (4.1.5): Percentage distribution of indebted households by average monthly expenditure

average 1	nonthly expenditure in rupees	percentage of indebte	d households
		Tripura	Manipur
	(1)	(2)	(3)
and the	0- 50	5.73	2.27
	51—100	40.97	52.27
	101—200	46.42	45.46
	201—300	6.59	×
	301500	0.29	×
	501—800	×	×
	801 & above	×	×
TO BUT	PARTIE TO A CONTRACTOR	100.00	100.00

4.2 Amount of loans incurred and outstanding: The average amount of contract loan taken per indebted household in Tripura was Rs. 245-14 and that outstanding on the date of survey was Rs. 274-89. For Manipur, the average amount of contract loan taken per indebted households was Rs. 172.40 and that outstanding was Rs. 195-21.

The average amount of hereditary loan taken per indebted household in Tripura was Rs. 263.33 and that outstanding on the date of survey was Rs. 286.67. For Manipur, the respective averages were Rs. 283.33 and 344.92. However, as it was observed from the data that the number of households having hereditary loans were too small in both the Union Territories, Tables by individual breakdowns under different classificatory characters were not presented for them in the case of hereditary loans.

In Tripura, by size class of land, it was observed that the average amount of outstanding contract loan per indebted household from the highest class 10·00 acres & above was the highest and was Rs. 1319·92. The average amount of outstanding contract loan per indebted household was Rs. 195·75 for the landless class.

For Manipur, the average amount of outstanding contract loan per indebted household from the landless class was Rs. 475.00. It was the highest amongst all size classes of land. As noted earlier there were no indebted households in the size class '10.00 acres & above'.

4.3.1 Percentage of outstanding loans by sources and purposes: About 28 percent of the contract loans in Tripura were from Government sources. The next important source in Tripura was friends and relatives of own-tribe from which about 23 percent of loans were incurred. About 20 percent of contract loans were incurred from non-tribe unlicensed money lenders. The rest of the contract loans were found to be availed of from the various other remaining sources in more or less equal proportions, ranging from 0.02 percent from source own tribe employer to 7.01 percent from 'non-tribe other sources'.

As about purposes of contract loans in Tripura it was observed that about 31 percent of the loans were used for consumption purposes viz. normal maintenance including education, sickness, unemployment etc. Next in importance was the purpose 'capital account' e.g. purchase of land, cattle, implements, tools etc. under agricultural production in which about 27 percent of the contract loans were utilised. The next important purpose was 'other purposes' viz. repayment of arrears like rent, loan or interest etc. for which about 16 percent of the contract loans were spent. The rest of the contract loans in more or less equal proportions were utilised for remaining other purposes.

For Manipur, more than 50 percent of the contract loans, i.e. about 57 percent were obtained from the source 'friends and relatives' of own tribe. The other half of the contract loans were availed from the remaining other sources in more or less equal proportions. No particular source showed any high percentage, except that about 9 percent of the contract loans were obtained from sources not recorded.

About purposes of contract loans in Manipur it was observed that approximately 34 per cent of the contract loans were used for consumption purposes like normal maintenance including education, sickness, unemployment e.c. as against 31 percent of contract loans for the same purpose in the case of Tripura. About 11 percent were utilised for social purposes viz. deaths. About 9 percent of the contract loans were utilised for purposes not recorded.

4.3.2 Security, nature of loan, type of interest and mode of repayment: In Tripura, the highest percentage of outstanding contract loan, 39.17 percent, was incurred by offering no security.

For Manipur, the highest percentage of outstanding contract loan 63.08 percent, was also incurred by offering no security.

4.3.3 In Tripura, most of the outstanding contract loans i.e. 83.39 percent, was loans in the usual sense, i.e. not in the nature of credit purchase.

For Manipur, the highest percentage of outstanding contract loan, 48.72 percent, was also of the same nature as in Tripura.

4.3.4 'Debt bondage' was a dominant feature of the contract loans that were outstanding. Respectively for Tripura and Manipur, 45.28 percent and 40.83 percent of the outstanding contract loans were of 'debt bondage' type. Simple interest seemed to be the prevailing type of interest.

Table (4.3.4): Percentage distribution of outstanding contract loan by type of interest

Tripura	Manipur
(2)	(3)
53.80	47.77
45.28	40.83
0.92	×
×	11.40
100.00	100.00
	(2) 53·80 45·28 0·92 ×

4.3.5 Repayment in cash was the most dominant mode of repayment for outstanding loans in both Tripura and Manipur as will be evident from the following Table.

Table (4.3.5): Percentage distribution of outstanding contract loans by mode of repayment

repayment of outstanding contract loan	Tripura	Manipur
(1)	(2)	(3)
cash	77.15	50.00
kind	12.11	19.23
cash and kind	10.57	22.22
labour for specified period	0.17	×
unspecified	×	8.55
	100.00	100.00

4.4.1 Government subsidy: In Tripura, 10 percent of the households received government subsidy. For the income classes Rs. 301—500 and above, no households received any government subsidy.

In Manipur, no household received any government subsidy.

- 4.4.2 In Tripura, 2 percent of the landless households received government subsidy. In the size class of land cultivated 0.01 acre—0.99 acre, 13 percent of the households received government subsidy, which was the highest amongst all size classes of land. Households in every size class of land were seen to have received government subsidy.
- 4.4.3 In Tripura, 50.82 percent of the government subsidy-receiving households got subsidy on account of settlement of landless tribals (a subsidy of Rs. 300 plus 5 acres of land), 34.43 percent received the subsidy for Jhumia settlement—reclamation of land, purchase of bullocks—a subsidy of Rs. 500. 13.11 per cent received a subsidy of unspecified nature. The remaining 1.64 percent received the subsidy for housing (a subsidy of Rs. 300 for doors, windows etc.).
- 4.4.4 In Tripura, cent percent of the government subsidy—receiving households of income class Rs. 201—300 utilised the subsidy in proper way. 82 percent of the receiving households reported proper utilisation.
- 4.4.5 In Tripura, the landless households who received government subsidy did not utilise it in the proper way. Cent percent of the receiving households belonging to the higher size classes of land cultivated utilised the subsidy in the proper way.

APPENDIX I

Method of estimation

- 1. As has been stated in Chapter two, the design was self-weighting within each Union Territory.
 - 2. Estimate of total for a territory would be given by

$$v = M.y$$

where M is the concerned multiplier and y is total value for all the sample households in a territory. The multiplier M which is same for all the schedules 1.0~(ST), 1.03~(ST) and 1.04~(ST) is given by

$$M = I_1 \times I_2$$

where I₁ is the interval for village selection and I₂ is the interval for household selection.

The values of M for each sub-sample are given below:

RuralTripura 102×4 Manipur 34×5

3. However, as the nature of tables presented are either average or percentage the tables could be prepared easily with the sample data without any use of the multipliers.

APPENDIX II

Statistical tables

Tripura

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Гable-1:	Percent of indebted households by tribe	13
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3:	Average area of land cultivated per indebted and non-indebted household .	14
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8 :	Percent of households receiving government subsidy by (i) average monthly income and (ii) size class of land cultivated	2 9
9 :	Percentage distribution of households receiving government subsidy by type of subsidy	30
10 :	Percent of receiving households who have reported proper utilisation of subsidy by (i) average monthly income and (ii) size class of land cultivated	30

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE (1): Percent of indebted household by tribe

TRIPURA

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

name of tribes with codes*	n	umber of s household	ample ds	per	ed	
with todas	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	b. s. 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Lushai (1)	10	13	23	30	54	43
Mag (2)	2	17	19	relate	47	42
Kuki (3)		6	6		5 0	50
Chakma (4)	12	22	34	67	5 0	56
Halam (7)	8	6	14 -	62	50	57
Khaisai (8)	2	-	2	****	****	=744
Bhutia (9)		4	4		sedio-	*ie*
Munda including Kaur (10)	1 -	5	6	~4	20	17
Orang (11)	1	7	8	100	29	38
Santal (13)		1	1.		100	100
Tripuri (15)	180	188	368	56	57	5,7
Jamatia (16)	24	24	48	50	71	60
Noatia (1 ⁷)	3	- 5	8	67	60	62
Riang (18)	46	32	78	78	47	65
Uchai (19)	3		3	100		100
all	292	330	622	58	54	56

^{*}The codes are actually the serial numbers of the tribes as they are arranged in the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists Modification Order, 1956.

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table (2): Average size of household for indebted and non-indebted households, and average monthly expenditure per indebted and non-indebted household

			7	[RIPURA			_	Ru	
number of san	ple villages	: 192				nun	ber of sam	ple househo	lds: 622
number of sample households			averag	ge househo si ze	old	average	average monthly expenditure (Rs. 0.00)		
type of households	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
indebted	170	179	349	6.19	6,40	6.30	118.07	121.11	119.63
non-indebted	122	151	273	5.68	5,85	5.77	111.07	103.48	106,88
all	292	330	622	5.98	6,15	6.07	115.15	113.04	114.03

Table (3): Average area of land cultivated per indebted and non-indebted household

	1 100	TRI	PURA	ánmhar af sir	mmla hausah	RURAL	
number of sample vil	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mber of san		number of sample households: 6 average size of land cul (acres 0.00)			
type of household	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
ndebted	159	174	333	3.02	3.32	3.18	
non-indebted	113	128	241	3.63	3.64	3.64	
ail	272	302	574	3.28	3.46	3.37	

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table (4) (i): Average amount of loan taken and amount outstanding on the date of survey per indebted household by purpose of loan (contract loan)

		Tri	PURA			R	URAL
nu	mber of sample villages: 192			numb	er of sample	household	s : 622
purp	ose of loan with codes		amount of en (Rs. 0.0			mount of o	
	•	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	comb.	h, s. 1	h. s. 2	comb.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ta. produ	ction (agricultural)						
(i)	capital account, e. g., purchase of land, cattle, implements, tools, etc. (11)	279,60	553.85	419.41	335.76	665.57	503.09
(ii)	current account, e. g., purchase o seeds, manufes etc. (12)	of 72.60	44.33	61.14	8 9 .94	56.55	76.40
(iii)	marketing (13)	40.83	15.67	28.25	56.8 3	26.00	41.42
ib. produ	ction (other enterprises)						
(i)	capital account, e.g., purchas of building, implements, tool etc. (14)	se s, 150.00	_	150,00	225,00		225.00
(iii)	marketing (16)	50,00	160,00	72-00	50.00	160.00	72.00
2. cońsu	mption						
(i)	normal maintenance including	edu-					
• • •	cation, sickness, unemploymetc. (21)	ent 112.69	139.45	129.55	136-32	154.30	147.65
(ii)	house repair (22)	25.00	103.75	77.50	25.00	119-38	87· 9 2
	purchase of residential and oth durable goods for domestic use (er 23) 50·87	116.14	62.89	68.40	138.87	81.38
3. socia	l purposes						
(i)	festival (31)	2.33	58.25	34.29	2.33	64.50	37.86
(ii)	marriage (32) .	163.12	200.35	185.46	193.77	233.12	217.63
(iii)	deaths (34) .	240.00	68.75	154.38	26 6.00	63.75	164.88
(iv)	others (35) .	266.67	283,33	275.00	273.95	313.00	293.47
4. other	s						
(i)	litigation (41)	300,00	736.25	649.00	300.00	736.25	649.00
(ii)	repayment of arrears, e.g., rent, loan or interent etc., (42)	1684.29	503.00	1093.64	1627.14	507.74	1067.44
	others (43)	1477.50	132.57	621.64	1523.69,	158.33	654.83
• • •	et recorded	60.00	-	60.00	90.00		90.00
al	1	236.94	252.93	245.14	263.05	286.13	274.80

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 4(ii): Average amount of loan taken and amount outstanding on the date of survey per indebted household by source of loan (contract loan)

TRIPURA

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192 number of sample households: 622 average amount of average amount of loan taken (Rs. 0.00) source of loan with codes outstanding loan (Rs.0.00) h. s. 1 h. s. 2 combined h. s. 1 h. s. 2 combined (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (1)(7) co-operative society: 1. (i) primary credit society (11)93.75 53.67 88,28 108.94 68.59 103-44 77.50 77:50 67.75 (12)(ii) unregistered society 67.75 70.00 70:00 79.00 (iii) others (13)79.00 2. (a) employer (21)15.00 15.00 15.00 (i) own tribe 15.00 (23)225.00 225.00 425.00 (ii) non-tribe 425.00 2. (b) own land lord: 59:33 59.33 (24)75.49 (i) own tribe 75.49 3. (a) moneylender (licensed): 30.00 39.33 37.00 37.24 (i) own tribe (31)46.00 43 .81 (ii) another tribe (32)250.00 250 .00 400.00 400.00 (33)85.00 433.33 234.29 106:50 (iii) non-tribe 441.67 250.14 3. (b) moneylender (unlicensed): 162.11 (34)221.00 195.76 202:34 241 83 (i) own tribe 224.91 50.00 15.00 43.00 72.50 (35)21.55 (ii) another tribe 62:31 (36)166.19 95.94 132.20 189.72 111.51 151 .87 (iii) non-tribe friends and relatives : 203.51 (41) 117:59 250 27 127:10 255.86 210.49 (i) own tribe (ii) another tribe (42)60.00 500.00 206 67 75.00 500.00 216.67 (43)81.00 151.33 125.42 111.51 166:58 (iii) non-tribe 146.29 (50) 800.00 800.00 832.00 . banks 832.00 5. 436.75 660.75 government (60)639.58 562.31 595-17 635.77 shop-keepers: (71)25.00 25.00 50.00 50.00 (i) own tribe 36.08 66.50 54.03 44.56 90.76 (73)71 .82 (iii) non-tribe others: 8. 160.31 101.25 87.00 91.38 99.66 (i) own tribe (81) 118.32 420 - 67 257:60 435.24 235.36 246.42 (iii) non-tribe (83)269.08 236.94 252.93 245.14 263.05 286.13 . 274.89 all

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 5(i): Percent of Indebted households by size class of land cultivated

TRIPURA

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households: 622

RURAL

land cultivated		number of sample households			percent of ind household			
(acres 0.00)	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h, s. 2	combined		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
0.00	19	28	47	58	18	34		
0.01-0.99	21 •	23	44	71	4 8	59		
1 ·00-1 · 99	57	51	108	60	61	60		
2.00-4.99	150	167	317	58	61	60		
5·00—9·99	37	57	94	57	51	53		
10.00 % above	8	4	12	25	25	25		
all	292	330	622	58	54	56		

TABLE 5(ii): Percent of indebted households by average monthly expenditure

TRIPURA

number of sample villages: 192				number of sample households: 6					
average monthly		number of sa household		percent of indebted households					
expenditure (Rs.)	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)			
0—50	24	29	53	42	34	38			
51—100	133 '	141	274	55	50	52			
101-200	117	144	261	64	60	62			
201—300	16	15	31	69	80	74			
301500	2	1	3	50	••	، 33			
501-800									
801 & above		••			4.				
all	292	330	622	58	54	56			

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY: 18TH ROUND

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 5(iiia): Percent of indebted households by important industry group

TRIPURA

RURAL

	industry groups with codes	number of sample households			percent of indebted households		
		h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined	h. s 1	h. s 2	com- bined
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	production of cereals and pulses (011 & 012)	262	284	546	60	56	58
2	production of fibres, oil seeds, roots, vegeta- bles, fruits etc. (013, 014, 015)						
3	plantation (016)		4	4		50	50
4	other agriculture and livestock (017, 018, 019)		1	1			
5	fishing (04)		15	15		73	73
6	forestry, logging and hunting etc. (02 & 03)	1		1			
7	mining and quarrying (division 1)						
8	manufacturing (division 2-3)	2	1	3	100	100	100
9	construction (division 4)]	7	1	8	29	100	38
10	electricity, gas, water & sanitary services (division 5)						
11	wholesale trade (611, 612-619)						
12	retail trade and commerce (621-629, 63, 64 and 65)	1		1			
13	transport, storage & communication (7)						
14	government services (81)		13	13		15	15
15	educational services (821)	1		1	100		100
16	medical & health services (822)		3	3		33	33
17	other services (including personal services) (83,84 & 85)						
18	activities not adequately described (9)	18	7	25	44	14	36
19	blank (00)		1	1			
	all	292	330	622	58	54`	56

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 5(iiib): Percent of indebted households by important occupation group

TRIPURA

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192	number of	sample households: 622
occupation groups with codes	number of sample households	percent of indebted households

	occupation groups with codes	number of sample households				t of inde	
		h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	physicians, surgeons, dentists (03)		2	2			
2.	nurses, pharmacists and other medical and health technicians (04)		1	1		100	100
3.	teachers (05)		1	1		100	100
4.	other professional and technical workers (01, 02, 06-09 & OX)		••				
5.	administrative, executive and managerial, clerical and related workers (division 1 & 2)	3		3	67		67
6.	working proprietors, wholesale and retail trade (30)	2	1	3	50	100	67
7.	other sales workers (31-34)		9	9		89	89
8.	cultivator (owner) (400)	191	205	396	54	55	55
9.	cultivator (tenant) (401)	43	39	82	67	64	66
10.	agricultural labourers (414)	38	39	77	74	54	64
11.	plantation labourers (415)	•	4	4		50	50
12.	other farm workers (410-413 and 419)	3		3	100		100
13.	fishermen and related workers (43)			• •			
14.	other farmers, hunters and related workers (402, 403, 404, 409, 42)	1		1	100		100
15.	loggers and other forestry workers (44)		5	5		40	40
16.	miners and quarrymen and related workers (division 5)						
17.	workers in transport and communication occupation (division 6)		2	2			
18.	craftsmen, production process workers (division 7-8)	6	5	11	17	40	27
19.	services etc. (division 9)		1	1		100	100
20.	workers not classifiable by occupation	5	16	21	40	13	19
	all	292	330	622	58 -	54	56

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY: 18TH ROUND

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 5 (iv): Percent of indebted households by average monthly income

TRIPURA

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households: 622

	average monthly	r	number of Sam households	ple	per	ted	
	income Rs.	h. s. 1	h. s. 2.	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
	`(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
25	0 50	30	31	61	53	42	48
75	51-100	146	144	290	59	62	60
50	101200	97	131	228	57	53	55
2.50	201-300	16	21	37	81	33	54
004	301500	3	· 2	5			
\$50	501-800		1	1			
_	801 & above						
	all	292	330	622	58	54	56

Table 6 (i): Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by size class of land cultivated [contract loan]

TRIPURA

number of sample villages: 192

land cultivated (acres 0.00)

h. s. 1. h. s. 2 combined

(a)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

(6)

(7)

(acres 0.00)		househo	olds	standing loan (Rs. 0.00)				
	h. s. 1.	h. s. 2	combined	h, s. 1	h. s. 2	combined		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
000	11	5	16	152.73	290,40	195.75		
0.01-0.99	15	11	26	248.35.	80.09	177.16		
1.00-1.99	34	31	65	136.82	127•18	132.52		
2.00-4.99	87	102	189	175.15	301.84	243.52		
5.009.99	21	29	50	754.49	474.28	591 • 97		
10.00 & above	2	1	3	1779.88	400.00	1319.92		
all	170	179	349	263.05	286.13	274.89		

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 6 (ii) : Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by average monthly expenditure. [contract loan]

TRIPURA

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

average monthly	1	number of sa household		average amount of outstanding loan (Rs. 0.00)			
expenditure (Rs.)	h, s, 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	
(1)	•(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
25 0-50	10	10	20	212.71	96•46	154.59	
75 51-100	73	70	143	178.95	120.74	150.45	
150 101-200	75	87	162	207.66	395.18	308:36	
35 to 201-300	11	12	2 3	1244 • 95	618:41	918.05	
4 # 301-500	1		1	260.00	•	260.00	
501800					•	4 •	
801 & above			•••				
all	170	179	349	263.05	286-13	274.89	

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households.

Table 6 (iii a): Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by important industry group. [contract loan]

TRIPURA

number of sample villages: 192

RURAL

	industry groups with codes				number of sample households			average amount of outstanding loan (Rs. 0.00)			
	-manus / Store of the coffee					h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
	(1)					(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. 2.	production of cereals and pulses (011 and 012) production of fibres, oil seeds, roots, vegetables, fruits etc. (015, 0	014, 015)				157	160	317	268-25	306.80	287-70
3. 4.	plantation (016)	•	•		•		2	2		9.25	9·25
5.	fishing (04)					-		•	•	•	•
6.	forestry, logging and hunting etc. (02 and 03)					••	11	11	•	167-33	167:33
7.	mining and quarrying (division 1)					• •	••	••	•		
8.	manufacturing (division 2-3)					2	ı	3	50.00	8.00	36.00
9.	construction (division 4)		•			2	1	3	27.50	30.00	28.33
10.	electricity, gas, water ard sanitary services (division 5)				•			••	•	•	
11.	wholesale trade (611, 612-619)	•						••	•		
12.	retail trade and commerce (621-629, 63, 64 and 65)				•			••	•		•
13.	transport, storage and communication (7)				•		•	•		•	•
14.	government services (81)				•		2	2		107 · 50	107.50
15.	educational services (821)					1		1	197 ·87		197 ·87
16.	medical and health services (822)				•		1	1		12.00	12.00
17.	other services (is cluding personal services) (83, 84 and 85)					••		••			
18.	activities not adequately described (9)					8	1	9	281 · 56	5.00	250.83
		all			•	170	179	349	263 · 05	286·13	274 · 89

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 6 (iii b) : Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by important occupation group. [contract loan]

TRIPURA

number of sample villages: 192

RURAL

	occupation groups with codes			1	number of sample households			average amount of outstanding loan (Rs. 0.00)		
				h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	
	(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1.	physicians, surgeons, dentists (03)								•	
2.	nurses, pharmacists and other medical and health technicians (04)	•			i	1		12.00	12.00	
3,	teachers (05)		•		1	1		165.00	165.00	
4.	other professional and technical workers (01, 02, 06-09, and OX)	•		•		••			•	
5.	administrative, executive and managerial, clerical and related workers (division 1 & 2)		•	2		2	98 · 98		98.98	
6.	working proprietors, wholesale and retail trade (30)		•	1	1	2	40.50	120 .00	80 · 25	
7.	other sales workers (31-34)				8	8		180.06	180.06	
8.	cultivator (owner) (400)			103	113	216	304·79	403.85	356 61	
9.	cultivator (tenant) (401)			29	25	54	212.05	82 · 22	152 · 43	
10.	agricultural labourers (414)			28	21	49	219.88	65 · 5 3	153.73	
11.	plantation labourers (415)				2	2		9.25	9.25	
12.	other farm workers (410-413 and 419)			3	_	3	90.00	V 0	90.00	
13.	fishermen and related workers (43)			_		_				
14.	other farmers, hunters and related workers (402-404, 409, 42) .			1	4.	i	30.00		30.00	
15.	loggers and other forestry workers (44)		_	-	2	2	33 10	140 · 07	140.07	
16.	miners and quarrymen and related workers (division 5)		_			-		•10 0,	140 07	
17.	workers in transport and communication occupation (division 6)				_	••			•	
18.	craftsmen, production process workers (division 7-8)	•	•	1	2	3	5.00	19.00	14·33	
19.	services etc. (division 9)	•		•	1	1	3 00	50.00	50.00	
20.	workers not classifiable by occupation			2	2	4	225.00	13.58	119.14	
	all			170	179	349	263.05	286 · 13	274.89	

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 6 (iv): Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by average monthly income [contract loan]

TRIPURA RURAL number of sample villages: 192 number of sample households: 622 averáge monthly income (Rs.) number of sample households average amount of outstanding loan (Rs. 0.00) h. s, 2 combined h. s. 1 h. s. 1 h. s. 2 combined (1) (2) (3) (4) (7) (5) (6) 29 0-- 50 16 13 203.45 65.20 141.48 51-100 86 89 175 160.71 207.90 184.71 101-200 70 55 125 252.12 410-38 340.75 7 201--300 13 20 1059-70 448.57 845.80 301---500 501-800 801 & above all 170 179 349 263.05 286.13 274·89

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY: 18TH ROUND

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 7 (i): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by source of loan [contract loan]

Tripura

number of sample villag	res : 192	number of	sample house	holds: 622			
sources of loan with cod	es	percentage					
		h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined			
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)			
1. co-operative society :	(i) primary credit society (11)	4.63	0.40	2.37			
	(ii) unregistered society (12)	0.30		0·14			
	(iii) others (13)		0.15	0.08			
2a. employer:	(i) own tribe (21)	0.03		0.02			
	(iii) non-tribe (23)	1.90		0.89			
2b. own landlord:	(i) own tribe (24)	0.51		0.24			
3a. money lender (licensed)	(i) own tribe (31)	0.08	0.27	0.18			
	(ii) another tribe (32)		1.56	0.83			
	(iii) non-tribe (33)	0.95	2.59	1.83			
3b, money lender (unlicensed)	(i)-ewn tribe (34)	4.07	5.67	4.92			
	(ii) another tribe (35)	0.65	0.04	0.32			
	(iii) non-tribe (36)	27.15	13.06	19-63			
4. friends and relatives:	(i) own tribe (41)	10.52	33.97	23.04			
	(ii) another tribe (42)	0.34	0.98	0.68			
	(iii) non-tribe (43)	1.75	3 • 90	2.90			
5. banks (50):		1.86		0.87			
6. government (60):		38.42	18.59	27.83			
7. shop-keepers:	(i) own tribe (71)		0.10	0.05			
	(iii) non-tribe (73)	2.49	6.38	4.57			
8. others	(i) own tribe (81)	1.43	1.75	1.60			
	(iii) non-tribe (83)	2.92	10.59	7.01			
all		100.00	100.00	100.00			
	Base : (Rs, 000)	9123	10448	9786			

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 7 (ii): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by age of loan [contract loan]

TRIPURA

RURAL

number	of	sample	villages	:	192	
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age of loan		percentage	
	h. s. 1	b. s. 2	combine
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
less than 1 year	3.60	3.51	3.39
1 .,,	53.05	36.38	44.17
2 years	16.56	20.80	18.82
3 ,,	4.45	15.54	10.37
4 ,,	6.80	16.87	12.17
5 ,,	6.05	2.00	3.89
6 ,,	3.63	0.45	1.93
7 ,,	2.14	3.51	2.87
8 ,,	0.20	0.62	0.42
9 ,,		0.16	80.0
10 ,,		0.39	0.21
11 ,,	3.44	0.07	1.64
12 ,,	80.0		0.04
all	100.00	100.00	100.00
base : (Rs. 000)	9123	10448	9786

Table 7 (iii): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by security of loan [contract loan]

T	RIPURA		R	URAL		
number of sample villages: 192		number of sample households: 6				
security of loan with codes			percentage			
		h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined		
(1)	(1) (2)		(3)	(4)		
1. lands and buildings: (i) usufruct the period of usufruct being specifically with usufruct the period	•	14.53	16.76	15.72		
(ii) with usufruct the period usufruct not being specifi		26 ·39	4.80	14.86		
(iii) without usufruct	(13)	16.09	32.99	25.12		
2. ornaments:	(20)	1.54	0.40	0.93		
3. draught or plough cattle : (i) with possession	(31)	0.13	0.56	0.36		
(ii) without possession	(32)		0.35	0.19		
4. other goods and equipment	(40)	0.30	0.68	0.50		
5. others	(50)	1.80	2.71	2.29		
6. nil	(60)	38.04	40.16	39·17		
7. not recorded		1.18	0.59	0.86		
all		100.00	100.00	100.00		
base : (Rs. 000)		9123	10448	9786		

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 7 (iv): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by purpose of loan [contract loan]

RURAL

10448

9786

9123

TRIPURA

number of sample villages: 192		number of san	ple households: 622				
purpose of loan with codes		percentage					
	h. s. 1	h, s. 2	combined				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)				
1a. production (agricultural): (i) capital amount, e. g. purchase of land, cattle, implements, tools, etc. (11) .	18.77	33.79	26.79				
(ii) current account, e. g. purchase of seeds, manures, etc. (12)	4.42	1.66	2.95				
(iii) marketing (13)	0.76	0.30	0.52				
1b. production (other enterprises): (i) capital account, e. g. purchase of building, implements tools, etc. (14) .	0.50		0.23				
(iii) marketing (16)	0.45	0.31	0.38				
2. consumption: (i) normal maintenance including education, sickness, unemployment, etc. (21).	22.56	37.96	30.78				
(ii) house repair (22) .	0·11	0.93	0.55				
(iii) purchase of residential and other durable goods for domestic use (23)	4.74	1.90	3 · 22				
3. social purposes: (i) festival (31).	0.02	0.50	0.28				
(ii) marriage (32)	3*48	5•46	4.54				
(iv) deaths (34)	2.38	0.20	1.37				
(v) others (35)	1.84	1.83	1.84				
4. others: (i) litigation (41).	0.67	5.75	3 ·38				
(ii) repayment of arrears, e. g. rent, loan or interest, etc. (42)	25.47	6.94	15.58				
(iii) others (43)	13.63	2.17	7.50				
5. not recorded .	0.50	- - ,	0.09				
all .	100.00	100.00	100.00				

Base: (Rs, 000)

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 7 (v): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by nature of loan [contract loan]

	TRIPURA		. R	URAL
number of sample villages: 192		number of samp	ple househo	lds : 622
nature of loan with codes			percentage	
made of tom will code		h. s. l.	h. s. 2	combined

nature of loan	with codes		percentage h. s. l. h. s. 2 combi (2) (3) (4)		percentage		
nature of roan	With Codes		h. s. l.	h. s. 2	combined		
(1)		***************************************	(2)	(3)	(4)		
(a) credit purchase :		***************************************	·····				
(i) sh	ort term	(1)	5.19	2.42	3.71		
(ii) lor	ng term	(2)	10.84	2.97	6.64		
(b) other than credit purchas	es:						
(i) c a	sh	(3)	80.62	85.80	83.39		
(ii) ki	nd	(4)	1.56	5.95	3.90		
(iii) ca	sh & kind	(5)	1.79	2.86	2.36		
	all		100.00	h. s. 2 (3) 2.42 2.97 85.80 5.95	100.00		
		Base: (Rs. 000)	9123	10448	9786		

TABLE 7 (vi): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by type of interest [contract loan]

	TRIPURA		F	URAL
number of sample villages: 192		number of sa	mple househ	olds : 622
type of interest with code	o a		percentage	
type of interest with code	.s	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)
simple	(1)	70.98	38.80	53.80
compound	(2)	0.20	0.93	0.92
debt bondage	(3)	28.12	60.27	45.28
all		100.00	100.00	100.00
	Base: (Rs. 000)	9123	10448	9786

TABLE 7 (vii): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by mode of repayment [contract loan]

/	TRIPURA		F	URAL		
number of sample villages: 192		number of sa	mple househ	olds : 622		
mode of repayment with cod	l Pe		percentage			
mode of repayment with cod			h. s. 1 h. s. 2 combine (2) (3) (4) 81.46 73.40 77.15 6.92 16.65 12.11 11.46 9.79 10.57 0.16 0.16 0.17 100.00 100.00 100.00	h. s. 1 h. s. 2 comb		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		
cash	(1)	81.46	73.40	77.15		
kind	(2)	6.92	16.65	12.11		
cash & kind	(3)	11.46	9.79	10.57		
labour for specified period	(4)	0.16	0.16	0.17		
all		100.00	100.00	100.00		
	Base: (Rs. 000)	9123	10448	9786		

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 8 (i): Percent of households receiving government subsidy by average monthly income

TRIPURA RURAL number of sample villages: 192 number of sample households: 622

	number	of sample l	nouscholds		of household ernment subs	
average monthly income (Rs.)	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combine
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	- (7)
050	30	31	61	3	6	5
51-100	146	144	2 90	12	9	11
101200	97	131	228	11	11	11
201-300	16	21	37	6	5	
301500	3	2	5	-	-	
501800		1	1		-	,,,,,,
801 & above	\$Minimum.	_				
all	. 292	330	622	11	9	10

TABLE 8 (ii): Percent of households receiving government subsidy by size class of land cultivated

T'RIPURA RURAL number of sample villages: 192 number of sample households: 622 number of sample households percent of households receiving government subsidy land cultivated (acres 0.00) h. s. 1 **h.** s. 2 combined h. s. 2 h. s. 1 combined (1) (2)(3) (4)(5)**(7) (6)** 0.00 19 28 47 4 7. 0.01-0.99 23 21 44 19 9 13 1.00-1.99 9 57 51 108 10 12 2.00-4.99 150 167 317 10 11 11 5.00-9.99 37 57 94 14 5 9 10.00 & above 8 4 12 25 9 all 292 330 622 11 9 10

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table (9): Percentage distribution of households receiving government subsidy by type of subsidy

TRIPURA

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192 number of sample households: 622

type of subsidy with codes		of sample	households sidy	percentage		
	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. for jlumia settlement (reclamation of land, purchase of bullocks) a subsidy of Rs. 500 (5)	14	7	21	45.16	23.33	34.43
2. for settlement of landless tribals a subsidy of Rs. 300 plus 5 acres of land (6)	, 12	19	31	38.71	63.34	50.82
3, for housing a subsidy of Rs. 300 for doors, windows etc. (9)	I	-	1	3.23		1.64
4. not recorded	4	4	8	12.90	13.33	13.11
all	31	30	61	100.00	100.00	100.00

Table 10 (i): Percent of receiving households who have reported proper utilisation of subsidy by average monthly income

TRIPURA RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households: 622

,	numbe r	r of sample l eceiving sub	nouseholds sidy		of household utilisation of	
average monthly income (Rs.)	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
050	1	2	3	100	*****	33
51100	18	13	31	83	77	81
101-200	11	14	25	73	100	88
201-300	1	1	2	100	100	100
301500		-				
501-800	-		•	Sirenip.		_
801 & above	-	****			-	
all	31	30	61	81	83	

TABLE 10 (ii): Percent of receiving households who have reported proper utilisation of subsidy by size class of land cultivated

	Tripu	JRA	RURAL
number of sample villages: 192			number of sample households: 622

land cultivated	nu	mber of sam receiving	ple households subsidy		percentage	
(acres 0.00)	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combine
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0.00		1	1	•	-	-
0.01-0.99	4	2	6	25	100	50
1.00-1.99	5	6	11	80	83	82
2.00-4.99	17	17	34	88	8 2	85
5.00-9.99	5	3	- 8	100	100	100
10.00 & above	p	1	1	-	100	100
all	31	30	61	81	83	82

APPENDIX II

Statistical tables

MANIPUR

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Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE (1): Percent of indebted households by tribe

MANIPUR

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households: 391

	ampie villages i je							
	bes with codes*		number of s househ	sample olds	per cent of indebted households			
name of tri	bes with codes.	h.s. 1	h.s. 2	combined	h.s. 1	h.s. 2	combine	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Anal	(2)	6	14	20	17	21	20	
Chiru	(4)	. 1	. 7	8				
Gangte	(6)	1		4.11				
Hmar	(7)	38	5	43	3		2	
Kabui	(8)	23	4	27	61		52	
Kacha Nag	a (9)	7		7				
Koireng	(11)	12	5	17				
Kom	(12)		14	14		7	7 、	
Lamgang	(13)	9	2	11				
Any Mizo	(Lushai)							
tribes	(14)		9	9				
Maram	(15)		22	22				
Maring	(16)	32	15	47				
Moyen	(19)	-	4	4		50	50	
Paite	(20)	31	12	43	23		16	
Simte	(24)	4		4				
Tangkhul	(26)	6	4	10	50		30	
Thadou	(27)	30	41	71	13	7	10	
Vaiphui	(28)	. 17	1	18	2 9		2 8 ,	
Blank	(00)		15	15	••	-	•••	
all.		217	174	391	16	5	11	

^{*}The codes are actually the serial numbers of the tribes as they are arranged in the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists Modification Order, 1956.

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table (2): Average size of household for indebted and non-indebted households and average monthly expenditure per indebted and non-indebted households

RURAL MANIPUR number of sample households: 391 number of sample villages: 192 average monthly expenditure (Rs. 0.00)number of sample households average household type of households size h.s.2 h.s.1 h.s.2 comh.s. 1 h.s.2 h.s.1 comcombined bined bined (4) .. -(5)(6)**(7**) (8) (9)(10)(2)(3) (1)44 103.11 111.86 35 9 6.03 6.67 6.16 114.11 indebted 182 165 347 5.30 5.28 5.29 87.41 79.33 83.57 non-indebted 391 5.41 5.35 5.39 91.72 80.56 86.75 174 217 all

Table (3): Average area of land cultivated per indebted and non-indebted household

number of sample villages :	192	M	ANIPUR	numbei	RURAL number of sample households: 39				
if howeholds		number of	sample ds	average size of land cultivated (acres 0.00)					
type of households	h.s.1	h.s.2	combined	h,s. 1	h,s.2	combined			
(1),	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)			
ndebted	35	9	44	3.13	2.97	3.10			
on-indebæd	182	165	347	2.59	2.41	2.50			
all	217	174	391	2.67	2.44	2.57			

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 4(i): Average amount of loan taken and amount outstanding on the date of survey per indebted household by purpose of loan (contract loan)

		Manii	UR			RURAL
number of sample villages: 192		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		number o	f sample hou	ischolds: 39
	average am (R	ount of loads. 0.00)	n taken	average an	average amount of outs (Rs. 0.00)	
ourpose of loan with codes	h.s. 1	h.s.2	com- bined	h.s. 1	h.s.2	com- bined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
la. production (agricultural)						
(i) capital account, e.g., purchase of land, cattle, implements, tools etc. (11)	120.00	70.00	107.50	120-00	98•00	114-50
(ii) current account, e.g., purchase of seeds, manure etc. (12)	400.00	100.00	250.00	416-67	118-00	´267·34
lb. production (other enterprise	K)					
(i) capital account, e.g., purchase of building, implements, tools etc. (14)		300.00	300.00		500.00	00 · 00
2consumption:						
(i) normal maintenance including education, sickness, unemploy- ment etc. (21)	158-09	24 4·28	176•56	172.36	277.62	1 94·9 2
(ii) purchase of residential and other durable goods for domestic use (23)	77-12	••	77-12	77.12		77.12
3. social purpose:						
(ii) marriage (32)	250.00		250·0 0	250.00		250.00
(iv) deaths (34)	300.00		300 00	439.00		439.00
(v) others (35)	30.00		30.00	30.00		3 0·00
4. others:						
(ii) repayment of arreas, e.g., rent, loan or interest etc. (42)	400.00		4 0 0·00	400.00		400.00
(iii) others (43)	155.50		155-50	168.00		168.00
5. not recorded (00)	166.67	100.00	15 0·0 0	195.00	100.00	171.25
all	169 · 65	186.12	172-46	186.90	235.55	195-21

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 4 (ii): Average amount of loan taken and amount outstanding on the date of survey per indebted household by source of loan (contract loan)

-		Manipui	₹.	·		Rural	
number of sample villages: 192				number of	sample hou	iseholds: 391	
source of loan with codes	averag loan ta	ge amount ken (Rs. (of 0.00)	average amount of outstanding loan (Rs. 0.00)			
	h. s.1	h. s.2	comb.	h. s. 1	h. s.2	comb.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7) ·	
1. co-operative society:							
(i) primary credit society (11)		85.00	85.00		108.00	108,00	
(ii) unregistered society (12)	300.00		300.00	390.00		390.00	
(iii) others (13)	300,00		300.00	480.00		480.00	
2(a) employer:							
(i) own tribe (21)		300.00	300.00		500.00	500.00	
3(a) money lender (licensed):							
(i) own tribe (31)	100.00		100.00	150.00	4	150.00	
4 friends and relatives:							
(i) own tribe (41)	153.89	244.28	164.32	159.12	2 77.6 2	173.32	
(ii) another tribe (42)	100.00		100.00	114.00		114.00	
(iii) non-tribe (43)	166.67		166.67	172.32		172.32	
5 bank (50)	400.00		400.00	416.67		416-67	
7 shop-keepers							
(i) own tribe (71)	9.50	34.7	9.50	9.50	-	9.50	
8. not recorded (00)	166.67	100.00	150.00	195.00	100.00	171.25	
all	1 69 .65	186.12	172.46	186.90	235.55	195.21	

Indebtedness of Schedule Tribe Households

TABLE 5 (i): Percent of indebted households by size class of land cultivated

MANIPUR

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households: 391

land cultivated	number of sample households			percent of indebted households			
(acres 0.00)	h,s.1	h,s,2	comb.	h.s. 1	h.s,2	comb	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	. (7)	
0.00	9	11	20	22		10	
0.01-0.99	27	19	46				
1.00-1.99	49	50	99	14.	8	11	
2.00-4.99	109	75	184	19	4	13	
5.00-9.99	20	19	39	25	11 -	18	
10.00 & above	3		3				
all	217	174	391	16	5	11	

Table 5 (ii): Percent of indebted households by average monthly expenditure

 $\mathbf{M}_{\text{ANIPUR}}$

RURAL.

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households: 391

average monthly (Rs.)	nı	number of sample households			percent of indebted households			
(KS.)	h,s,1	h.s.2	comb.	h.s.1	h.s.2	comb.		
/ (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
25 050	49	24	73		4	1		
75 51-100 -	94	130	244	19	4	10		
150 101-200	69	20	89	25	15	22		
25D 201-300	5		5					
301 500								
501—800								
801 & above								
all	217	174	391	16	5	11		

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 5 (iiia): Percent of indebted households by important industry Group

MANIPUR

Rural

to Access militarios and a constant		er of samp useholds	percent of indebted households			
industry groups with codes	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined	h. s. 1	h, s, 2	com- bined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. production of cereals and pulses (011 & 012) .	201	159	360	15	6	11
2. production of fibres, oil seeds, roots, vegetables, fruits, etc. (013, 014, 015)	4	i	5	5 0		40
3. plantation (016)	•					
4. other agriculture and livestock (017, 018, 019) .						
5. fishing (04)	1		1			
6. forestry, logging and hunting, etc. (02 & 03)						
7, mining and quarrying (division 1)						
8. manufacturing (division 2-3)		1	1			
9. construction (division 4).	1	1	2			
10. electricity, gas, water & sanitary services (division 5)						
11, wholesale trade (611, 612-619).						
12. retail trade & commerce (621-629, 63, 64 & 65)	1	3	4			
13. transport, storage & communication (7) .						
14. government services (81)	4	1	5	50		40
15. educational services (821)	1	5	6			
16. medical & health services (822)						
17. other services (including personal services) (83, 84 & 85)						
18. activities not adequately described (9)		-2	2			
19. blank (00)	4	1	5			amaq *
11	217	174	391	16	5	- 11

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 5 (iiib) : Percent of indebted households by important occupation group

number of sample villages: 192

MANIPUR

RURAL number of sample households :

occupation groups with codes		ber of sam ouseholds	ple	percent of indebted households			
occupation groups with codes	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com- bined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	com bine	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1. physicians, surgeons, dentists (03) .							
2. nurses, pharmacists and other medical and health technicians (04)							
3. teachers (05).	1	4	5			٠.	
4. other professional and technical workers (01, 02, 06-09 & OX)						ŗ	
5. administrative, executive and managerial, clerical and related workers (divisions 1 & 2).	1		1	100		100	
6. working proprietors, wholesale and related trade (30)	. 1	3	4				
7. other sales workers (31-34)							
8. cultivator (owner) (400).	191	156	347	14	6	10	
9. cultivator (tanent) (401).	12	3	15	25		20	
10. agricultural labourers (414)				••		••	
11. plantation labourers (415)							
12. other farm workers (410-413 and 419)	1		i	100		100	
13. fishermen and related workers (43) .							
14. other farmers, hunters and related workers (402, 403, 404, 409, 42).	3	2	5	33		20	
15. loggers and other forestry workers (44)							
16. miners and quarrymen and related workers (division-5).		•					
17. workers in transport and communication occupa- tion (division-6)		••		••		••	
18. craftsmen, production process workers (division-7-8)	1	2	3		* 4 %		
19. services etc. (division-9).	2	3	5	100		40	
20, workers not classifiable by occupation	4	1	5				
all	217	174	391	16	5	11	

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 5 (iv): Percent of indebted households by average monthly income

MANIPUR

RURAL

average monthly income	number	of sample h	ouscholds	percent c	of indebted	households
(Rs.)	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combine
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0—50	54	34	88	6	9	7
51—100	101	108	209	24	3	13
200	59	32	91	14	9	12
p 201—300	3		<u> 1</u>			
301500						
5 01—800						
801 & above						
all	217	174	391	16	5	11

TABLE 6 (i): Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by size class of land cultivated (contract Loan)

umber of sample villages: 192		MANIPUR	. 1.04n)	RURAL number of sample households: 39 average amount of outstanding loan (Rs. 0.00)			
land cultivated (acres 0.00)	number	of sample l	nouscholds				
	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h, s, 1	h, s, 2	combine	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
0.00	2		2	475.00		475.00	
0.01-0.99	••	••	••	**	-	**	
1 ·001 ·99	6.	3	9	169 - 54	432.67	257.25	
2.00-4.99	21	2	23	178.97	125 .00	174.28	
5.00-9.99	5	2	7	125.80	50.43	104 · 26	
10.80 & above	••	•			f-• •	.•	
all	34	7	41	186.90	235.55	195-21	

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 6 (ii): Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by average monthly expenditure [contract loan]

			Manipur			Ru	RAL
ber of sample village	: 192				number of sa	mple househ	olds: 391
average monthly expenditure (Rs.)		number of sample households			average	amount of cloan (Rs. 0	outstanding
		h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
(1)	*	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-50			1	1		118.00	118.00
51100		17	3	20	199 39	432.67	234.38
101200		17	3	20	174.41	77.62	159.89
201300							
301500							
501800							
801 & above							
all		34	7	41	186.90	235.55	195.21

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 6 (iiia): Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by important industry groups [contract loan]

number of sample villages: 192

MANIPUR

RURAL

number of sample households: 391

	nı	ple	average amount of outstanding loan (Rs. 0.00)			
industry groups with codes	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
production of cereals & pulses (011 & 012)	32	7	39	168.90	235.55	180.86
production of fibres, oil seeds, roots, vegetables, fruits etc (013, 014, 015)	•					
, plantation (016)	•					
other agriculture and live-stock (017, 018, 019)						
fishing (04)						
forestry, logging and hunting etc (02 & 03)						
mining and quarrying (division-1)						
manufacturing (division 2-3)						
construction (division-4)						
electricity, gas, water & sanitary services . (division-5)						
, wholesale trade . (611, 612-619)						
retail trade & commerce						
transport, storage & communication (7)	•		•			
government services . (81)	2		2	475. 0 0		47 5.00
, educational services . (821)						
medical & health services . (822)						
other services (including personal services) . (53, 84 & 85)						
activities not adequately described (9)						
all , .	34	7	41	186.90	235.55	195.21

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 6 (iiib) : Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by important occupation group [contract loan]

and the state of the same of t	Manipur						JRÁL
number[of sample villages: 192		h. s. 1 h. s. 2 combined h. s. 1 h. s (2) (3) (4) (5) (1 l 450.00	mbie nonsen	isenoids : 591			
occupation groups with codes		n			average	amount of loan (Rs. 0.	outstanding 00)
occupation groups with codes		h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. physicians, surgeons, dentists	(03)						
2. nurses, pharmacists and other medical and health technicians	(04)						
3. teachers /	(05)						
4. other professional and technical workers , ,	(01, 02, 06-09 & 0X)						
5 acministrative, executive and managerial, clerical and related workers .	(division 1 & 2)	1		1	450.00		450.00
6. working proprietors, wholesale and retail trade	(30)						
7. other sales workers	(31–34)	••	,	• •			
8. cultivator (owner)	(400)	27	7	34	154.62	235.55	171.28
9. cultivator (tensat)	(401)	3		3	237.33		237.33
0. agricultural labourers	(414)						
1. plantation labourers	(415)			•			
2. other farm workers	(410-413 and 419)	1		1	400.00		400.00
3. fishermen and related workers	(43)						
4. other farmers, hunters and related workers .	(402 –404, 409, 24)						
5. loggers and other forestry workers	(44)						
6, miners and quarrymen and related workers .	(division 5)						
7. workers in transport and communication occupation	(division 6)						
8. craftsmen, production process workers	(division 7-8)			• •			
9. services etc.	(division 9)	2		2	309, 0 0		309,00
(0, workers not classifiable by occupation .							
ali		34	7	41	186.90	235.55	195.21

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 6 (iv): Average amount of loan outstanding per indebted household by average monthly income [contract loan]

MANIPUR

RURAL

340

140

number of sample villages: 192	number of sample households: 391

average monthly income		number of san households	nple	average amount of outstanding loan Rs. (0.00)			
(Rs.)	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
050	2	2	4	261 · 12	108.00	184 · 56	
51-100	2 4	2	26	193.81	600.00	225.05	
101-200	8	3	11	147 · 62	77.62	128.53	
201-300					****	•••	
301500					-	-	
501800					••	-	
801— & abo	ve					••	
all	34	7	41	186.90	235.55	195 · 21	

Table 7 (i): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by source of loan [contract loan]

Manipur			R Rura				
number of sar	mple v	villages: 192		number of sample households: 3			
	c ı	•.•					
source of loan with codes				h. s. 1	h. s. 2	combined	
	(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)	
1 co-operative society	: (i)	primary credit society	(11)		13.10	2.70	
	(ii)	unregistered society	(12)	6.14	_	· 4·87	
	(iii)	others	(13)	7 • 55	_	6.00	
2 (a) employer:	(i)	own tribe	(21)		30·3 2	6 · 25	
3 (a) money lender (license	<i>d</i>):					
	(i) (own tribe	(31)	2 · 36		1 •87	
4 friends and relative	es : .						
•	(i)	own tribe	(41)	57 80	50 · 52	56 · 30	
	(1 i)	another tribe	(42)	1 • 79	• •	1 • 42	
	(iii)	non-tribe	(43)	8 14	***	6 · 46	
5 banks			(50)	6.56	_	5 · 21	
7 shop keepers :	(i)	own tribe	(71)	0 .45	**	0 · 36	
8 not recorded				9 ·21	6.06	8 • 56	
all				100 •00	100 .00	100.00	

540

Base : (Rs.000)

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

TABLE 7(ii): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by age of loan [contract loan]

MANIPUR

RURAL

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households: 391

	percentage			
age of loan	h,s. 1	h,s, 2	combined	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1 year	48.01		38·12	
2 years	25.15	43.67	28.96	
3 ,,	8.65	50.33	17:24	
4 ,,	18 · 19	6.00	15.68	
all	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Base : (Rs. 000)	540	140	340	

TABLE 7(iii): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by security of loan [contract loan]

MA	NIPUR		RURAL	
number of sample villages: 192		number of sample households: 35		
. cl	,	percentage		
security of loan with codes	h.s. 1	h.s. 2	combined	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1 lands and buildings				
(i) with usufruct the period of usufruct being specified (11)	13.38		10.62	
(ii) with usufruct the period of usefruct not being specified (12)	•	42.46	8.75	
(iii) without usufruct (13)	5 19	•	4.12	
4 other goods and equipment (40)	6.14	•	4.87	
6 nil (6 ⁰) .	66.08	51 · 48	63.08	
7 not recorded .	9.21	6.06	8.56	
all .	100-00	100.00	100-00	
Base : (Rs. 000)	540	140	340	

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 7(iv): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by purpose of loan [contract loan]

Manipur

RURAL number of sample households: 391

number of sample villages: 192		number of	sample households: 391
purposes of loan with codes (1) coduction (agriculture): (i) capital account, e.g., purchase of land, cattle, implements, tools etc. (1 (ii) current account, e.g., purchase of seeds, manures etc. (12) coduction (other enterprises): (i) capital account, e.g., purchase of building, implements, tools etc. (1- insumption: (i) normal maintenance including education, sickness, unemployment etc. (21) (iii) purchase of residental and other durable goods for domestic use (23) cial purposes: (ii) mairiage (32) (iv) deaths (34) (v) others (35) thers: (i) repayment of arrears, e.g., rent, loan or interest etc. (42) (ii) others (43)	h.s. 1	h.s, 2	combined
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1a. production (agriculture): (i) capital account, e.g., purchase of land, cattle, implements, tools etc. (11)	5•66	5.94	5 72
(ii) current account, e.g., purchase of seeds, manures etc. (12)	6.56	7 16	6 68
1b. production (other enterprises): (i) capital account, e.g., purchase of building, implements, tools etc. (14)		30.32	.6•25
2. consumption: (i) normal maintenance including education, sickness, unemployment etc. (21)	29.84	5 0 ·52	34.9
(iii) purchase of residental and other durable goods for domestic use (23)	9.71	••	7.71
3. social purposes: (ii) marriage (32)	7.86		³ 6·2
(iv) deaths (34)	13.82		10.97
(v) others (35)	0 •47	***	10 · 37
4. others: (i) repayment of arrears, e.g., rent, loan or interest etc. (42)	6.59		5 00
(ii) others (43)	10.58		8 40
5. not recorded	9.21	6,06	8.29
ali	100.00	100.00	100.00
Base : (Rs. 000)	540	140,	340

Indebtedness of Scheduled Tribe Households

Table 7(v): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by nature of loan [contract loan]

MANIPUR

RURAL

102	number of sample households: 391				
nature of loan with codes	percentage				
	h.s 1	h.s 2	combine		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
(a) credit purchase: (i) short term (1)	19.80	43.43	24.67		
(ii) long term (2)	3.15		2.50		
(b) other than credit purchases: (i) cash (3)	61:03	1.26	48.72		
(ii) kind (4)	3.46	244	2.75		
(iii) cash & kind (5)	3.35	49.25	12.80		
not recorded	9.21	6.06	8.56		
all	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Base : (Rs. 000)	540	140	340		

Table 7(vi): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by type of interest [contract loan]

N	L	N	IP	UR

RURAL

number of sample villages : 192	number of sample households: 39			
type of interest with codes	percentage			
type of interest with codes	h.s 1	h.s 2	combined	

type of interest with codes		percentage			
		h.s 1	h.s 2	combined	
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	
simple	(1)	37.88	85.88	47.77	
compound	(2)			-	
debt bondas	re (3)	51.42		40.83	
not recorde		10.70	14.12	11.40	
all		100.00	100.00	100.00	
	Base : (Rs. 000)	540	140	340	

TABLE 7(vii): Percentage distribution of amount of outstanding loan by mode of repayment [contract loan]

V	1	A	N	IP	U	R

RURAL

Meson hou	of cam	nie willer	es : 192
Humour	Or sam	DIC ATTICK	05 . 132

number of sample villages: 192

number of sample households : 391

mode of repayment with codes		percentage				
		h.s 1	h.s 2	combined		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		
cash	(1)	53-23	37.53	50.00		
kind	(2)	24.22		19.23		
cash & kind	(3)	13.34	56.41	22.22		
labour for specified 1	period (4)					
not recorded		9.21	6.06	8.55		
all		100.00	100.00	100.00		
1	Base : (Rs. 000)	540	140	340		

APPENDIX III Grouping of Industries and Occupations

Industry

srl. no.	division/major group/group	description			
1.	011 & 012	Production of cereals & pulses			
2.	013, 014, 015	Production of fibres, oil seeds, roots, vegetables, fruits etc			
3.	016	Plantation.			
4.	017, 018, 019	Other agriculture and livestock.			
5.	- 04	Fishing			
6.	02 & 03	Forestry, logging and hunting etc.			
7.	division 1	Mining and quarrying.			
8.	division 2-3	Manufacturing.			
9.	division 4	Construction.			
10.	division 5	Blectricity, gas, water & sanitary services.			
11.	611, 612-619	Wholesale trade.			
12.	621-629, 63, 64 & 65	Retail trade & commerce.			
13.	7	Transport, storage & communication.			
14.	81	Government services.			
15.	821	Educational services.			
16.	822	Medical & health services.			
17.	83,84 & 85	Other services (including personal services).			
18.	9	Activities not adequately described.			

Appendix III Grouping of Industries and Occupations

OCCUPATION

srl, no,	division/group/family	description
1.	03	Physicians, surgeons, dentists
2.	04	Nurses, pharmacists and other medical and health technicians
3	05	Teachers
4.	01, 02, 06-09 & 0X	Other professional and technical workers
5.	divisions 1 and 2	Administrative, executive and managerial, clerical an related workers
6.	30	Working proprietors, wholesale and retail trade
7.	31-34	Other sales workers
8.	400	Cultivator (qwner)
9.	401	Cultivator (tenant)
10.	414	Agricultural labourers
11.	415	Plantation labourers
12.	410-413 and 419	Other farm workers
13.	43	Fishermen and related workers
14.	402, 403, 404, 409, 42	Other farmers, hunters and related workers
15.	44	Loggers and other forestry workers
16.	division 5	Miners and quarrymen and related workers
17.	division 6	Workers in transport and communication occupation
18.	division 7-8	Craftsmen, production process workers
19.	division 9	Services etc.
20.		Workers not classifiable by occupation



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY 1962-63

Supplementary schedule 1.04 (ST) Indebtedness of scheduled tribe households

RURAL Eighteenth Round [1] identification of sample household [2] household characteristics 9. state 1. serial number 1. household size ,, industry-occupation code 2. zone-state-region 10. district..... ,, type code 11. tehsil/taluk/thana.... 3. stratum .. livelihood type code 5. RL(1)/non-RL(2) 4. sub-sample 6. household land cultivated (acres 0.00) 12. village..... 5. sample village 13. hamler(s) 7. name of tribe..... 6, sub-round 8. average monthly household expenditure (Rs.) 14. house number..... 15. name of head..... 7. CPA classification** 9. average monthly household income (Rs. 0.00) 16. name of informant..... (i) order of selection 17. informant's relation to head 10. whether indebted..... (ii) sample household (yes-1, no-2) [3] particulars of investigation srl. item investigator inspector field scrutiniser (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) 1. name 2. roll number 3. date of survey/inspection/scrutiny 4. date of receipt/despatch 5. number of scrutiny sheets attached 6. signature remarks

^{*}delete whichever is inapplicable.

^{**}codes: not in CPA-05 in CPA: stage 1-1; stage-2; C.D. block-3.

Sch. 1.04-2

[4] indebted less: particulars of loans outstanding on the date of survey

	nature of loan (code)	amount of loan outstan- ding on the date of visit including interest (Rs. 0.00)	original amount of loan (Rs. 0.00)	when incurred (year)	rate of interest (Rs. 0.00) (code)	source of loan (code)	purpose of loan (code)	sccurity (code)	mode of repayment (code)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
			A	. hered	litary loan	S			Marie N
1.									
2.									
3.									
4.									
5.									
6.									
7.								Date	
9.	7				-				EILE
10.	-								
11.	-	1		-					
12.		-		- 10					
13.				7	100		-	-	-
14.			-				-	-	
15.						-		-	-
-	1		1	B con	tract loans	1			
211				D. Con	Tract loans	7	1		
1.		-							
3.	-								
4.						-			
5.	-	-			-	-			
6.	-		-		-	-			
7.			-						
8.				-					
9.									-
10.						-			
12.									
13.									
14.				-					7
srl.		[5] na	ture and ut	week and		ment su	bsidy		
no.	- 10 m		7-1	item (que	stions)	-			code
(1)	Are you	in receipt of gover	nment subsid	(2 y ? (yes-					(3)
2.		ature of subsidy rec							
3.	Whether	the subsidy is used	for the purpo	ose for whi	ich it was gi	ven by go	vernment	(yes-1; no	-2)

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- *122 Tables with Notes on the Annual Survey of Industries, 1959—Sample Sector, Detailed Results
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