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THIRTIETH ROUND
(JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976)
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ESTIMATES OF NUMBER, BIRTH, DEATH AND CALVING
INTERVAL OF BOVINES

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DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS
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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY
THIRTIETH ROUND (JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976)

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AND CALVING INTERVAL OF BOVINES

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SECTION ONE

Introduction

- 1.0 A comprehensive survey on the livestock number, products and enterprises was carried out in the thirtieth round of NSS (July 1975 - June 1976) with a view to filling up the gap in the field of animal husbandry statistics.
- 1.1 Geographical Coverage : The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union excepting Ladakh district of Jammu & Kashmir; rural areas of Pal and Samri tehsils of district Surguja and Bijapur, Dantewara, Konta and Narayapur tehsils of district Bastar of Madhya Pradesh; Rajura, Sironcha and Gadh-Chiroli tehsils of district Chandrapur and Melghat tehsil of district Amravati of Maharashtra; rural areas in Nagaland; the disturbed villages of Tripura; rural areas of the Union Territory of Chandigarh; the Union Territories of Andaman and Nicobar island, Mizoram, Laccadive, Minicoy and Aminidivi Islands and Dadra & Nagar Haveli.
- 1.2 Sample size and field work : The survey was carried out in 18856 sample villages and 20440 urban sample blocks. Of these, 8512 sample villages and 9744 blocks formed the Central Sample and were surveyed by the NSSO staff belonging to its Field Operation Division. Under the NSS matching scheme the remaining villages and blocks constituting the State Sample were surveyed by the field staff of the respective State Statistical Agencies. 24 households from each of the sample villages and 24 households, on an average, from a urban sample block were selected for the survey.^{1/}
- 1.3 Subject Coverage : The following six schedules of investigation were canvassed in the survey : (i) Household Schedule 19.1 - cattle, buffalo, yak, mithun and poultry, (ii) Household Schedule 19.2 - horse, donkey, mule, camel and elephant, (iii) Household Schedule 19.3 - sheep, goat and pig, (iv) Household Schedule 19.4 - consumption of livestock products, (v) Household Schedule 20 - livestock enterprises and (vi) Schedule 20.1 - Non-household Livestock enterprises. Thus the survey covered all the livestock

^{1/} For details, see the note on Sampling Design and Estimation Procedure given in Appendix - I.

possessed in the household sector (through schs. 19.1, 19.2, 19.3) and also such non-household establishments which are not registered under 2m(i) or 2m(ii) of Factories Act, 1948 and engaged in the enterprises such as (i) dairy, (ii) poultry and (iii) piggery (sch. 20.1). Besides this, some ancillary village level data having sole bearing on the development of animal husbandry activities were also collected through a village schedule 3.1. In addition, one village schedule 3.2 was also canvassed in the sample villages for collecting information on migratory flocks of bovines, pack animals and bovines.

1.4 Tabulation programme on Schedule 19.1 : Since bovine population forms the most important category of livestock, an elaborate programme for tabulating the data collected through Schedule 19.1 (i.e. on bovine and poultry) has been approved by the Governing Council of the NSSO. The tabulation had been planned ~~xx~~ in such a manner that the first phase tabulation provided only estimates on proportion of animals in milk to milch animals, quantity of milk produced and concentrates used per animal in-milk classified by species, age-groups and also by intervals since calved, quantity of milk produced per producer household (separately for cows and buffaloes), sale of fluid milk and milk products by producer households etc. From the second phase tabulation, estimates obtained were the average number of livestock possessed classified by age, sex, use, household land possessed, industry division, type of breed etc., birth, death and fertility rates of bovines, calving interval of adult females, increment in stock etc.

1.5 Content of the report : The present report is based on the survey results obtained from phase two tabulation. In section Two, the ~~survey~~ findings of the survey results have been presented and discussed. The tables showing survey results at the state and all-India levels for rural and urban sector separately are presented in Appendix-II. In table (1) is given the number of animals classified by species, age and sex along with the sex ratio in each age-group. In table (2) is shown the number of births classified by species and sex for different age-groups of mothers at birth along with the age-specific fertility rate. This table has also provided the number of animals born during the year and died in the same year. Table (3) provides the data on the number of animals died cross classified by species, sex and age and also the age specific death rate for male and female bovines.

Table (4) gives the average interval between two calvings based on those adult females who have calved atleast twice and average period of previous lactation of the animals who are dry on the date of survey. Besides, average age at first calving separately for cow and buffalo is also shown in this table.

1.6 Participation of States : All the States and Union Territories except Gujarat, Haryana, Maharashtra, Orissa, Delhi and Goa, Daman & Diu participated in the survey on full matching basis. While Gujarat and Delhi had double matching sample in both rural and urban sectors, Maharashtra and Orissa participated on double matching basis in rural sector only and on full matching basis in urbar sector. Haryana had a sample size of two and a half times the Central Sample in rural areas and double matching sample in urban areas while for Goa, Daman & Diu, the sample size was four times the size of the Central Sample in rural areas and three times in urban areas.

SECTION TWO

IMPORTANT FINDINGS OF THE SURVEY

2.0 The important findings of the survey, such as the size and composition of the bovine population, birth and death particulars of these animals and average interval between two calvings for female cattle and buffalo are discussed in this section. It may be mentioned that the estimates presented in this report are based on information obtained from household sector only.

2.1 Size and composition of the bovine population : The survey results indicate that during the mid period of July 1975 to June 1976 the bovine population in the household sector for the country as a whole ^{was} of the order of 213 millions, of which 158 millions were cattle and 55 millions were buffaloes.

2.2 Of the total bovine population coming under the survey coverage, female are found to be more than the male. For the country as a whole for every 100 male bovine, the estimated number of female bovine are little over 111. However, among the adult bovine (i.e. animals aged 3 years or more), which is estimated to be about 71 percent of the total, male and female are more or less evenly distributed. Thus, male and female bovine, a source respectively of draught power and milch animal seems to be evenly balanced in the economy of the household sector. Since about 96 percent of the total bovine is possessed by the rural households, the all-India pattern conform to the pattern obtaining in the rural areas although in the urban areas, the total female bovine is more than twice the number of the male counterpart. In the rural sector, the percentages of adult male and adult female to total bovine are reported as 36.10 and 35.01 respectively, the corresponding percentages are 19.96 and 45.46, for the urban sector. The dominance of female bovine in the urban sector is obviously due to the fact that urban households possess bovine mainly for the purposes of milk production and the requirement of draught animal in the urban economy is limited. This has, probably, led to the migration of large number of female bovine from rural to urban sector and male bovine from urban to rural sector and the different sex ratios among the bovine population in these two ~~migration~~ sectors are the resultant effect of this migratory movement.

2.3 Of the total bovine population, about three-fourths are cattle, buffaloes constituting a little more than one-fourth only. There are noticeable differences in the age and sex composition of these two categories, the

pattern being different in rural and urban sectors as may be seen from Table (I) below :

Table (I) : Composition of bovine population in India separately for rural, urban and rural and urban pooled

(lakhs)

age-sex group	cattle			buffalo			total		
	number	p.c.	sex ratio	number	p.c.	sex ratio	number	p.c.	sex ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Sector : rural & urban pooled									
adult : male	684.9	43.41	x	72.6	13.08	x	757.5	35.51	x
" : female	469.5	29.75	x	285.3	51.41	x	754.8	35.39	x
" : total	1154.4	73.16	146	357.9	64.49	25	1512.3	70.90	100
young : male	193.6	12.27	x	58.9	10.61	x	252.5	11.84	x
" : female	229.9	14.57	x	138.2	24.90	x	368.1	17.26	x
" : total	423.5	26.84	84	197.1	35.51	43	620.6	29.10	69
grand total	1577.9	100.00	126	555.0	100.00	31	2132.9	100.00	90
Sector : rural									
adult : male	670.8	44.00	x	71.3	13.43	x	742.1	36.10	x
" : female	448.9	29.44	x	270.8	51.00	x	719.7	35.01	x
" : total	1119.7	73.44	149	342.1	64.43	26	1461.8	71.11	103
young : male	186.4	12.23	x	56.4	10.62	x	242.8	11.81	x
" : female	218.6	14.33	x	132.5	24.95	x	351.1	17.08	x
" : total	405.0	26.56	85	188.9	35.57	43	593.9	28.89	69
grand total	1524.7	100.00	128	531.0	100.00	32	2055.7	100.00	92
Sector : urban									
adult : male	14.1	26.50	x	1.3	5.41	x	15.4	19.96	x
" : female	20.6	38.72	x	14.5	60.42	x	35.1	45.46	x
" : total	34.7	65.22	68	15.8	65.83	9	50.5	65.42	44
young : male	7.2	13.53	x	2.5	10.42	x	9.7	12.56	x
" : female	11.3	21.24	x	5.7	23.75	x	17.0	22.02	x
" : total	18.5	34.77	64	8.2	34.17	44	26.7	34.58	57
grand total	53.2	100.00	67	24.0	100.00	19	77.2	100.00	48

In the case of cattle, the percentage of adult animals to total animals is 73.44 and 65.22 respectively in the rural and urban areas indicating presence of proportionately more young stock in the urban areas. However, for buffalo, no such difference is observed. The said percentages being 64.43 and 65.83 respectively in these two areas. It is also seen that the proportion of young stock is more for buffalo (35.57) than for cow (26.56) in the rural areas whereas in the urban areas the said proportion for cattle and buffalo is by and large equal. The number of calves born depends on the number of adult females, hence a relatively high proportion of adult females is expected to increase the proportion of young stock in the bovine population. Nevertheless, this does not fully explain the observed variations of the ratio between the adult females and the young stock between species and between sectors. The other relevant factors would be mortality rates among young stock, fertility rates of female animals etc. So far as sex ratio is concerned, cattle and ratios buffalo happen to have extremely divergent/in the rural sector. While among the adult animals in rural areas, there are 149 males for every 100 females in the case of cattle, the number of male buffalo is only 26 for every 100 female buffalo. Surprisingly, when only the young stock (i.e. below 3 years) is considered, female are more than the male both in the case of cattle and buffalo, the sex ratio being 85 and 43 respectively. All these lead to the conclusion that the rural households, by and large, prefer to possess cattle more as a source of draught power and buffalo for the purpose of milk production. In urban areas, on the other hand, the number of adult female is more than that of adult male for cattle as well as buffalo. Here also, the proportion of adult male to adult female is relatively more among cattle.

- 2.4 The number of cattle and buffalo by sex in rural and urban areas combined are shown in Table (II) below for the major states and all-India.

Table (II) : The number of bovines by sex and species in rural and urban sectors combined

(in thousands)

state (1)	cattle			buffalo		
	male (2)	female (3)	total (4)	male (5)	female (6)	total (7)
1. Andhra Pradesh	5692	4346	10038	1815	4682	6497
2. Assam	3060	2335	5395	219	98	317
3. Bihar	8462	5205	13667	1023	2635	3658
4. Gujarat	3408	2073	5481	216	3095	3311
5. Haryana	1152	1078	2230	379	2338	2717
6. Himachal Pradesh	1075	942	2017	46	486	532
7. Jammu & Kashmir	813	912	1725	61	314	375
8. Karnataka	4779	4591	9370	524	2458	2982
9. Kerala	697	1844	2541	253	187	440
10. Madhya Pradesh	12487	10850	23337	1673	3154	4827
11. Maharashtra	7045	5369	12414	595	2314	2909
12. Orissa	5104	3715	8819	511	246	757
13. Punjab	1614	1424	3038	647	3614	4261
14. Rajasthan	5302	5824	11126	845	3836	4681
15. Tamil Nadu	4497	4362	8859	375	1908	2283
16. Uttar Pradesh	16151	8748	24899	3398	10634	14032
17. West Bengal	5834	5696	11530	510	160	670
18. All-India	87854	69937	157791	13153	42347	55500

As expected, the number of bovine population and its composition varies widely between the states. Uttar Pradesh is found to possess the highest number of cattle followed by Madhya Pradesh. These are the two states which have crossed the 20 million mark. Bihar, Maharashtra, West Bengal, Rajasthan and Andhra Pradesh arranged in the descending order of their ranks are the states which are found to possess cattle within the range of 10 million to 14 million. The number of buffalo is by far the highest, again in Uttar Pradesh. Andhra Pradesh which comes next, possesses not even half of the number of buffaloes found in Uttar Pradesh. Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan and Punjab, in order of their rank, are the only states which reported the number of buffalo to be between 4 to 5 million.

2.5 Generally in a state, the number of cattle is found to be more than that of buffalo. But in some of the states of eastern region, namely, West Bengal, Assam and Orissa, cattle is by far the dominant constituent of bovine population. The percentage of total cattle to total bovine is more than 90 in all of these states. On the other hand, Punjab and Haryana are the exception to the general pattern, about 42 and 45 percent of the total bovine being cattle respectively in these two states. Considering male and female animals separately, it is observed that male cattle outnumber the male buffalo in all the states without any exception. For female animals, however, the case is different. Here, a wide variation is observed between the states. In Punjab, Haryana, Gujarat, Uttar Pradesh and Andhra Pradesh, she-buffaloes are found to be larger than cows, the percentages of cows to total female bovines being 28, 32, 40, 45 and 48 respectively. In the rest of the states, cows are found to be larger than she-buffaloes. Particularly, in some of the states of eastern region namely, West Bengal, Assam and Orissa and also in Kerala, cows account for as large as 90 percent of the total female bovine inspite of the fact that the yield rate of buffalo is almost twice of that of the cow. Further, the survey reveals that the male cattle exceeds the number of cows in all the states except in Kerala, Rajasthan and Jammu & Kashmir where cows are much larger in number than the male cattle. For buffaloes, the position is just the opposite. The number of she-buffaloes is substantially higher than the male buffaloes except in Assam, Orissa, West Bengal and Kerala where male outnumbers the female. All these indicate that in these states cattle and buffalo are equally important both as a draught animal and also for milk production.

2.6 Birth particulars : At all-India level, the number of births in a year has been estimated in the NSS 30th round survey to be 16641900 and 10699000 respectively for cattle and buffalo in the rural areas and 983600 and 711100 in the urban areas. In estimating the number of births, the number of still-births (i.e. animals born dead) has not been taken into account. A wide variation in the crude birth rate ^{2/} between species as also between rural and urban areas is observed from Table (III).

$$2/ : \text{crude birth rate for a species} = \frac{\text{number of live births by species}}{\text{number of animals by species}} \times 1000$$

Table (III) : Birth rate per 1000 animals by species separately for rural and urban areas of some major states and all-India

state (1)	birth rate			
	rural		urban	
	cattle (2)	buffalo (3)	cattle (4)	buffalo (5)
1. Andhra Pradesh	91	199	122	267
2. Assam	151	69	242	77
3. Bihar	88	167	160	204
4. Gujarat	69	197	117	246
5. Haryana	139	254	235	332
6. Himachal Pradesh	116	217	178	300
7. Jammu & Kashmir	121	140	198	225
8. Karnataka	111	230	163	319
9. Kerala	196	116	236	183
10. Madhya Pradesh	112	154	183	313
11. Maharashtra	115	234	171	341
12. Orissa	106	84	189	136
13. Punjab	130	250	221	323
14. Rajasthan	140	219	200	267
15. Tamil Nadu	92	180	81	328
16. Uttar Pradesh	87	206	190	284
17. West Bengal	136	57	223	452
18. All-India	109	202	185	296

Estimates presented in Table (III) indicate certain features relating to birth rates of cattle and buffaloes. It is observed that the birth rate for cattle and buffaloes are higher in the urban areas than those in the rural areas in all the states except in Tamil Nadu where the birth rate of cattle is found to be higher in the rural areas. Secondly, between species, higher birth rate is observed for buffalo in both the sectors for majority of the states. At the all-India level, the birth rate for buffalo is nearly double than that for the cattle in the rural sector. However, a different pattern is noticed in West Bengal, Assam, Orissa and Kerala where the birth rate is more for cattle as against buffalo in both the sectors except the urban

areas of West Bengal. The reason for the low birth rate of buffalo may be attributed to the fact that there are the states where out of total buffalo, percentage of adult female buffalo is low (24, 31, 32 and 42) compared to the said percentages observed in other states. Among the states, the birth rate of cattle is highest in Kerala (196) followed by Assam (151), Rajasthan (140) and Haryana (139). In the case of buffalo, the prime position goes to Haryana (254) closely followed by Punjab (250), next in order, are Maharashtra (234) and Karnataka (230).

2.7 Sex-ratio at birth is considered a biological constant, varying with in a narrow limit. The survey results reveal that the said ratio at all-India level is 81 and 73 per 100 female births respectively for cattle and buffalo in the rural areas and as low as 74 and 73 in the urban areas. The sex ratio at birth is less than 90 in most of the states which palpably suggests some under reporting of male births in the survey. Information on births was collected from the households where the events took place. There is, therefore, a possibility of missing such information from those households where, on the date of enumeration, no bovine was found to be possessed although births had taken place during the preceding 365 days and the owner had subsequently disposed of the female bovine along with the calf. It is felt that further probing is necessary to find out the reason for sex-selective under reporting in the case of bovine.

2.8 Fertility rate : To measure the fertility performance, the general fertility rate i.e. ratio of total births to total females in the reproductive age group is most commonly used. Since the reproductive age of cows and she-buffaloes vary with variety (improved and deshi) and type of breed, the fertility rate in the form of "number of the births per 1000 female population" separately for cattle and buffalo in the rural and urban areas together with the age specific fertility rates (number of total births by age group of mothers per 100 female animals in the corresponding age group) for the same has been presented in Table 2 of Appendix II. It may be seen that the fertility rate in respect of both cow and she-buffalo is higher in the urban areas of almost all states with a few exception like Assam for cattle and Orissa and West Bengal for buffalo. Although, between species, the fertility rate for buffalo is higher in majority of the states and also at all-India level, the difference is not as sharp as revealed by

the analysis of the birth rate.

2.9 It is further observed that for cattle and buffalo, the age specific fertility rate, following the expected pattern, rises upto a certain age group and then gradually falls. At the all-India level, the peak point is reached at age-group 5-6 years both for cattle and buffalo in rural and urban sectors. As usual, the fertility rate of buffalo is higher in all age-groups except in the age-group 3-4 in urban areas. The first age-group (2 years) is not considered for comparison as very few births are recorded here under cattle or buffalo.

2.10 Reproductive age of female bovine : Here an attempt is made to construct the bound of the reproductive age-group for cows and she-buffaloes from the distribution of births over the age-group of mothers and other related factors as revealed from the survey data. Age is recorded in completed years. At all-India level, the percentage of "females" in the age group 16 and above" to total females works out to be 0.62 and 0.82 respectively for cattle and buffalo in rural and urban sectors combined whereas the said percentages in respect of females in the next lower age-group i.e. age-group 13-15 come out as 2.47 and 3.03 for the afore said two species. Thus, it appears that very few female bovine reach the age 16 and above. Still some births have been reported in the age-group of mothers 16-18 as also in the group 19 & above. But in terms of percentage to total births, births under these two groups taken together are 0.46 and 0.65 only, in contrast to 2.69 and 3.80 observed in the age-group of mothers 13-15 respectively for cattle and buffalo. Thus, for all practical purposes, 15 years may be reasonably considered as the terminal point of the reproductive age of bovines. On similar grounds, mothers at age 2 may also be ignored. Thus, the effective reproductive life of cattle and buffalo is likely to be closer to the age-group 3-15. An alternative method is tried to fix up the upper age limit on the basis of average period of intervals between two calvings, age at first calving and number of times calved, on an average, by an animal belonging to the last age-group i.e. 16 and above ^{2/}. The underlying assumption in

^{2/} Average period of intervals between two calvings and age at first calving have been taken from table 4 of Appendix -II and number of times calved by an animal is derived from the unpublished survey date of this round.

choosing the age-group 16 and above is that animals in this age-group have already crossed or are at the flag end of their reproductive life and hence will give an idea about the total number of births by an animal during its full reproductive period. The upper limits of the reproductive age of cattle and buffalo in rural and urban areas as estimated by the alternative approach on the basis of all-India rates are shown in Table (IV).

Table (IV) : Average interval between two calvings, age at first calving and age at last calving separately for cattle and buffalo in rural and urban sectors

species sector	average period of calving interval (months)	av. no. of times calved by animals aged 16 & above	no. of times calved excluding the first calving	total interval between 1st calving and last calving (months)		age at 1st calving (months)	age at last calving (years) (cols. 6+7)
				(cols. 3 x col. 5)	(6)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
cattle	rural	23	6.25	5.25	121	48	14.06
	urban	21	6.97	5.97	125	46	14.25
buffalo	rural	21	7.06	6.06	127	47	14.50
	urban	21	6.82	5.82	122	46	14.00

Thus, it is seen that the age at last calving which may be considered as the upper limit of the reproductive age is around 14 both for cattle and buffalo and is in fair conformity with the tentative conclusion reached earlier.

2.11 Having derived the bounds for the reproductive age of female bovines from the survey data, an attempt is now made to get the general fertility rate in the form of total live births per 1000 females in the reproductive age. The reproductive age has been taken as the age-group 3-15 years, age being taken in completed years. The estimates of general fertility rates for the major states and all-India are presented in Table (V).

Table (v) : Number of births per 1000 females in the reproductive age-group i.e. age group 3-15 by species separately for rural and urban sectors

state (1)	general fertility rate			
	rural		urban	
	cow (2)	she-buffalo (3)	cow (4)	she-buffalo (5)
1. Andhra Pradesh	313	425	425	477
2. Assam	543	307	532	333
3. Bihar	356	341	454	400
4. Gujarat	268	327	336	385
5. Haryana	498	487	639	596
6. Himachal Pradesh	384	336	558	517
7. Jammu & Kashmir	346	250	434	409
8. Karnataka	327	409	454	494
9. Kerala	449	383	486	350
10. Madhya Pradesh	350	347	477	513
11. Maharashtra	416	443	540	536
12. Orissa	382	355	508	358
13. Punjab	458	460	606	548
14. Rajasthan	412	414	495	497
15. Tamil Nadu	275	369	456	449
16. Uttar Pradesh	378	405	532	499
17. West Bengal	427	434	487	654
18. All-India	374	400	484	497

So far as rural urban differentials are concerned, fertility rate is higher in urban sector for both the species in all the states except in Assam for cow and in Kerala for she-buffalo. Between species, the fertility rate for she-buffalo at the all-India level is higher in both the areas but quite close in the urban areas. If the said comparision is made at state level, the higher fertility rate for cow is seen in nearly half of the states in rural areas and in more than half the number of states in the urban areas, although, as has been stated earlier, the birth rate for

buffalo is higher than that of cow in most of the states. This difference is explained by the fact that the percentage of adult female to total animal is lower in the case of cattle compared to the said percentage for buffalo. The rates vary widely between the states. For example, in the rural areas the fertility rate of cow is as low as 275 in Tamil Nadu and as high as 543 in Assan. Similarly, for buffalo, Jammu & Kashmir records 250 which is the lowest as against 487, the highest rate, observed in Haryana. It is also seen, that in comparison to other states, the over all fertility performance is generally better for both the species in both rural and urban sectors in Haryana, Punjab, Maharashtra, West Bengal and to some extent in Kerala.

2.12 Infant mortality rate : It is well known that mortality rate particularly at the early age is very high among the bovine group. The estimates of animals born during the year preceding the date of survey and died in the same year have been shown in Table 2 of Appendix II along with the birth particulars and fertility rates. In this connection it may be noted that the events of birth, in some cases, might have taken place, the day earlier than the date of enumeration and in some cases, 365 days preceding the date of survey. Assuming that the event is evenly distributed over time, it may be stated that the animals born during the year are open to risk of death for about 26 weeks. Utilising these estimates of deaths in the reference year of the calves born during the reference period, an attempt is made to interpret the infant death proportion in the form of "number of animals born during the year and died in the same year per 1000 animals born in the same year". A wide variation in this rate between rural and urban areas as also between cattle and buffalo is observed. While for cattle, the said rate is 61 and 83 in the rural and urban areas, for buffalo it has been found to be as high as 170 and 282 respectively in these two areas at the all-India level. To get a better insight in the infant mortality rates, the estimate of infant death rate i.e. the number of animals died at age '0' (infants of age at less than one year) per 1000 births in a year has also been calculated and presented in Table VI for rural areas only separately for males and females and also combining males and females together.

Table (VI) : Number of animals died at age '0' per 1000 births
in a year by sex separately for cattle and buffalo
in rural sector for the major states and all-India

rural

state (1)	death at age '0' per 1000 births					
	cattle			buffalo		
	M (2)	F (3)	T (4)	M (5)	F (6)	T (7)
1. Andhra Pradesh	81	88	85	291	180	221
2. Assam	36	21	26	154	66	87
3. Bihar	88	67	76	358	198	262
4. Gujarat	195	185	189	543	281	368
5. Haryana	58	131	94	441	171	298
6. Himachal Pradesh	217	151	180	781	323	526
7. Jammu & Kashmir	220	119	166	989	222	412
8. Karnataka	137	124	129	392	247	301
9. Kerala	157	110	132	427	506	469
10. Madhya Pradesh	98	75	86	253	140	192
11. Maharashtra	79	76	77	397	268	325
12. Orissa	82	93	88	303	160	217
13. Punjab	128	166	147	312	258	283
14. Rajasthan	123	118	121	338	130	227
15. Tamil Nadu	92	84	88	296	239	259
16. Uttar Pradesh	155	134	144	476	237	342
17. West Bengal	47	33	38	352	106	197
18. All-India	107	91	98	392	216	290

From the estimates of Table VI it appears that male calves are more susceptible to death than the female calves, the difference in the different death rates between sex being very much pronounced in case of buffalo than for cow. Between the states, Gujarat is found to have the highest death rate of cattle, closely followed by Himachal Pradesh. On the other hand, Assam and West Bengal record the lowest two death rates. For buffalo, Himachal Pradesh and Kerala show a very high rate, 526 and 412 respectively in contrast to 87 and 197 observed for Assam and West Bengal.

2.13 Age specific death rate : Based on the information collected in the survey on the death events of bovine by age at death, the age specific death rates separately for cattle and buffalo with breakups by sex have been derived for the rural areas of India. In arriving at these rates, deaths due to slaughter have been ignored and only natural deaths have been considered. Age specific death rates give an index of the number of deaths in an age-group per 1000 animals in the same age group and these rates are presented in Table VII below :

Table (VII) : Age specific death rate and sex-ratio of surviving animals separately for cattle and buffalo in the rural sector at all-India level.

All-India

rural

age group	cattle			buffalo			sex- ratio of live animals 4/	
	death rate		sex- ratio	death rate				
	male	female	of live animals 4/	male	female	total		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. 0	130	110	119	81	604	268	392	59
2. 1	61	53	56	86	122	56	76	43
3. 2	29	24	27	90	72	25	35	25
4. 3-4	28	21	24	77	59	26	32	23
5. 5-6	20	28	24	124	39	28	32	32
6. 7-9	22	34	26	170	38	31	32	28
7. 10 & above	54	76	60	236	77	46	52	22
8. all ages	41	46	43	128	189	63	94	32

4/ number of males per 100 females in the population.

It is seen from Table (VII) that among cattle, the death rate is relatively higher for males than females at lower age groups while at higher age-groups of five or more, the death rate of females exceeds that of males. The sex ratio of live cattle exhibits an increasing trend over the age-groups except for the age-group 3-4 years in which a sudden drop in the sex ratio is observed. In the case of buffalo, death rate is relatively more for male and the sex ratio of live animals is in favour of

females in all the age groups although the said ratios over the age groups do not follow any consistent pattern. However, the death rate is more for buffaloes against cattle, the difference being substantial in the case of male animals. It may also be seen from Table 3 of Appendix II, that death rates of cattle and buffalo for both the sexes are higher almost in all age-groups in the urban areas compared to those of rural areas. In view of the fact that the urban households are expected to take more care towards the animals (which the survey results on other related characteristics seem to corroborate), the finding is rather surprising.

2.14 Lactating efficiency : As stated earlier, the average interval between two calvings by age-group for cow and she-buffalo has been presented in Table 4 of Appendix II. These intervals have been derived by an indirect method from the information on related characteristics, such as, present age, age at first calving, number of times calved, previous lactation period in case of dry animals, months since calved etc. This Table also shows the average period of previous lactation of dry animals. This can be taken as a measure of average lactation period of an animal since the information is available for the full length of the lactation period. At all-India level, average interval between two calvings is seen to have a systematic increasing trend over the age groups. In the rural areas, buffalo is found to have a lesser interval (21 months) than that of cow (23 months). But in the urban areas between species, no difference is noticed. On the other hand, average lactation period is observed to be more in the urban areas than rural and also more in the case of buffalo than cow. Lactating efficiency is expected to be more if the average interval between two calvings is low and also if the period of lactation is wider. Thus, with a view to judging the relative performance, of cow and buffalo in so far as their lactating efficiency, an index of lactating efficiency is worked out as ($\frac{\text{av. period of lactation}}{\text{av. interval between two calvings}} \times 100$) for cow and buffalo separately for rural and urban areas and are shown in Table (VIII) below :

Table (VIII) : Index of lactating efficiency for cattle and
buffalo in rural and urban sector

s t a t e	index of lactating efficiency			
	rural		urban	
	cattle	buffalo	cattle	buffalo
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1. Andhra Pradesh	45	50	41	48
2. Assam	56	43	41	40
3. Bihar	45	53	40	53
4. Gujarat	52	58	52	52
5. Haryana	53	59	47	59
6. Himachal Pradesh	43	54	37	46
7. Jammu & Kashmir	52	56	52	45
8. Karnataka	25	21	21	21
9. Kerala	41	42	41	48
10. Madhya Pradesh	39	43	36	44
11. Maharashtra	41	29	43	45
12. Orissa	45	43	38	43
13. Punjab	50	65	56	59
14. Rajasthan	43	52	47	50
15. Tamil Nadu	36	43	38	40
16. Uttar Pradesh	45	43	35	45
17. West Bengal	39	43	43	45
18. All-India	41	48	38	43

This index is higher for buffalo in majority of the states both in rural and urban sectors. In Assam, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Orissa and Uttar Pradesh, the said index is higher for cattle in rural areas and only in Assam and in Jammu & Kashmir for urban areas. So far as cattle is concerned, Assam, Haryana, ^{Gujarat}, Jammu & Kashmir and Punjab in rural areas and Punjab, Gujarat and Jammu & Kashmir in urban areas are the only states to have index 50 and above. For buffalo, Punjab is at the top with index 65. Haryana and Gujarat are next in order with the respective index of 59 and 58 in the rural areas. In urban areas both Punjab and Haryana exhibit the highest index of 59.

2.15 Assessment of survey results with 1972 Livestock Census figures :

As regards the comparability of survey results with the estimates of the outside agencies, it may be mentioned that except size and composition of bovines which are collected through Livestock Censuses, no other estimates for the recent period in respect of births, deaths and other particulars presented in this report is available at the all-India level. Thus, a comparison of the survey results in respect of the number of bovines under various categories with the corresponding 1972 Livestock Census figures has been made. It is observed that the NSS estimates are on the lower side than those of the census. In terms of percentage difference $\frac{5}{1}$, the NSS estimate of total number of cattle and buffaloes are respectively lower than those of the Census figures by 10.44 and 2.04 in the rural areas and 10.05 and 10.10 in urban areas at the all-India level. This difference varies widely, when different components like male, female or young stock and adult are separately compared as given below in Table (IX).

Table (IX) : Comparison between NSS estimates and 1972 livestock census figures separately for cattle and buffalo at all-India level for rural and urban areas combined

(lakhs)

age-sex composition	cattle			buffalo		
	NSS esti- mate	L.Cen- sus 1972	p.c. differ- ence	NSS esti- mate	L.Cen- sus 1972	p.c. diffe- rence
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<u>male</u>						
1. over 3 years	685	738	(-) 7.18	73	80	(-) 8.75
2. 1 - 3 years	129	115	(+) 12.17	28	26	(+) 7.69
3. under 1 year	65	111	(-) 41.44	31	44	(-) 29.55
4. total : male	879	964	(-) 8.82	132	150	(-) 12.00
<u>female</u>						
5. over 3 years	469	556	(-) 15.65	285	290	(-) 1.72
6. 1 - 3 years	149	130	(+) 14.62	85	64	(+) 32.81
7. under 1 year	81	112	(-) 27.68	53	65	(-) 18.46
8. total : female	699	798	(-) 12.41	423	419	(+) 0.95
9. grand total	1578	1762	(-) 10.44	555	569	(-) 2.46

$$\frac{5}{1} \text{ p.c. difference} = \frac{\text{NSS estimate} - \text{L. Census 1972}}{\text{L. census 1972}} \times 100$$

It may be seen that while the NSS estimate is higher than that of the Census for the age-group 1-3 years, the Census estimates in the other two age-groups record higher values than those of the NSS. For **total cattle**, the percentage difference is around 10 and for total buffalo there is fairly good agreement between the two sets of estimates. However, it may be mentioned that the level of cattle population has been found to be more or less stable over time as revealed by the results of the last few censuses whereas a steady increasing trend has been noticed for buffalo particularly in respect of she-buffalo. Further, it may not be out of place to mention that while the NSS enquiries covered only the household sector, the Livestock Census was conducted both in the household as well as non-household sector. Also, the NSS estimates refer to mid-period of July 1975 to June 1976 while Livestock Census estimates refer to April 1972. ~~mid-period of July 1975 to June 1976~~
 If other basic estimates obtained from the NSS survey, namely, number of households and of persons are considered, fairly good agreement is observed between NSS estimates and the corresponding 1971 population census estimates as projected for the mid-period (i.e. January 1976) of the NSS 30th round. The percentage difference between two sets of estimates in rural and urban areas are respectively -1.13 and -5.13 for households and -1.79 and -5.86 for persons. Also the rates calculated from the aggregate estimates of the NSS and those from the Livestock Census compare well. If age-groups '1-3' and 'under 1 year' are clubbed together to form a single group of youngstock as in Table (IX), the estimates of the proportion of adults to young stock derived from NSS survey data and the corresponding 1972 Livestock Census estimates are very close for both cattle and buffalo and also for males and females. Similarly, the percentage of male cattle to male bovine and female cattle to female bovine in each of the state is in perfect agreement. Even the sex ratio of cattle and buffalo in the rural sector compare fairly well in most of the states. At all-India level, the NSS estimate of sex ratio is 123 and 36 for cattle and buffalo respectively, as against 128 and 32 derived from livestock census figures.

APPENDIX - I
SAMPLE DESIGN AND ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

Sample Design

1. Sample Design : The sample design is a stratified two stage design. The first stage units are 1971 census villages in rural areas and urban blocks in urban areas and the second stage units are households ~~for scheduling~~. The design has been made self-weighting at the region level in rural sector and at the state level in urban sector.
2. Sample size (Central Sample) : The Central Sample consists of 8512 villages and 9744 blocks.
3. Stratification : The whole of India has been divided into a number of basic strata so that the basic strata do not cut across district boundaries. Districts with more than 1.5 million 1971 census rural population have been divided into 2 or more basic strata by grouping contiguous talukas (or sub-divisions in Bihar, Orissa and West Bengal) homogeneous, as far as possible, with respect to density of rural population and crop-pattern, so that the population of each basic stratum is less than 1.5 million. Each district with less than 1.5 million 1971 rural population forms one basic stratum by itself except in Gujarat where some districts with less than 1.5 million rural population have been divided into 2 basic strata on consideration of concentration of the tribal population and dry areas of the state. Basic strata so formed have been treated as basic strata both for rural and urban sectors. In the urban sector, however, some of the basic strata with very low urban population content have been merged together to form urban strata with sizable-urban population. In all such cases, however, the separate entity of the district has been retained in general except in case of districts with very low urban population where such district have been merged with neighbouring districts in the same region for urban strata formation.

Out of 374 districts in India, 366 districts are within the survey coverage of the NSS. Total number of basic strata formed in these 366 districts is 520 in rural areas and 11 in urban areas. Total number of urban strata is 386.

4. Allocation : The all-India sample of villages and blocks have been allocated to the different states and union territories considering their investigator strengths and rural/urban population.

Within each state and union territory, the allocated number of villages and blocks have been distributed over the constituent basic strata and urban strata in proportion to their rural and urban population respectively. These allocations have been made multiples of 4.

5. Selection of villages : The 1971 census list of villages has been used as the sampling frame for selection of villages. Sample villages within each basic stratum have been selected with probability proportional to 1971 census population and with replacement, in the form of two independent sub-samples.

6. Selection of blocks : Within each urban stratum the allocated number of blocks have been selected with probability proportional to size (pps) where size is a measure of population, and with replacement, in the form of two independent sub-samples.

Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in cities and towns where UFS has been done and 1971 census blocks where UFS has not been done have been used for selection of blocks.

7. Selection of revenue village : In rural areas the first stage sampling unit as also the unit of survey is the census village (1971 population census). Generally the survey work is conducted in the sampled census village. But sometimes the sample census village cannot be uniquely identified. In such cases two types of situations may arise - (a) the sample census village contains two or more revenue villages wholly or partly. Then all the revenue villages taken together is taken as the unit of survey, (b) the sample census village is wholly contained within a bigger revenue village which contains, wholly or partly, other census villages also. Then this bigger revenue village is surveyed.

8. Hamlet group/sub-block selection : Villages/blocks with large population content are divided into two or more compact, areal sub-divisions of nearly equal population content. These sub-divisions are called hamlet-groups and sub-blocks in the case of villages and blocks respectively. The survey is conducted in one of the sub-divisions (formed in a village or block) selected at random.

9. Selection of sample households : All the households in a sample village/block are arranged in a frame with households possessing any livestock or poultry on the date of listing coming first followed by the other households. In a sample village, a sample of 24 households is selected circular systematically from this arranged frame whereas in a sample block, a sample of households (24 on the average) is selected linear systematically with a pre-specified interval. All the selected households in a sample village/block are surveyed.

Estimation procedure

10. The estimation procedure is described below for rural and urban sectors separately.

11. Rural sector : Let Y_r denote the aggregate for region r of any item y on which information is collected. Then its estimate \hat{Y}_r is given by $\hat{Y}_r = M_r \sum_{ri} y_{ri} \dots \dots \quad (1)$

where y_{ri} is the value for i^{th} sample households of r^{th} region and M_r is the multiplier for r^{th} region given by $M_r = \frac{H_r}{h_r} \dots \dots \quad (2)$

where H_r is the total number of households in the r^{th} region as estimated unbiasedly from schedule 0,1 (listing schedule) and h_r is the number of sample households available for tabulation for schedule 19 series.

12. The estimates of state aggregates are obtained by adding the estimates of all the constituent regions.

13. Estimates of ratios are obtained by first obtaining the estimates of aggregates of the numerator and denominator of a given ratio and then by division at the final stage.

14. Urban sector : In the urban sector, the aggregate of item y at state level is given by $\hat{Y} = M \sum_i y_i \dots \dots \quad (3)$

where M is the self-weighting multiplier at state level and y_i is the value of y for the i^{th} sample household.

15. Region wise estimates are obtained by restricting the estimation to the sample households of each given region.

15. Estimates of ratios are computed, as in the rural sector, by estimating first the numerator and the denominator and then by division at the final stage.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY
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APPENDIX - II

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (0) : Number of sample villages/blocks and households by states

state	rural		urban	
	no. of sample vill- ages	no. of sample house- holds	no. of sample blocks	no. of sample house- holds
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	672	16096	768	14,851
Assam	360	8493	288	5497
Bihar	768	18187	624	12412
Gujarat	312	7471	480	9993
Haryana	144	3456	144	3232
Himachal Pradesh	192	4169	96	1962
Jammu & Kashmir *	720	17016	576	11671
Karnataka	360	8550	432	8533
Kerala	360	8640	288	7118
Madhya Pradesh	720	17068	576	9868
Maharashtra	624	14871	1200	22474
Manipur	120	2815	72	1445
Meghalaya	120	2614	72	1505
Nagaland	-	-	48	944
Orissa	360	8434	288	5443
Punjab	360	8581	288	5595
Rajasthan	360	8574	432	8837
Tamil Nadu	536	12837	912	20140
Tripura	120	2669	72	1373
Uttar Pradesh	1056	24985	1152	22018
West Bengal	552	13140	864	17731
Chandigarh	-	-	24	511
Delhi	8	192	240	5308
Goa, Daman and Diu	24	575	48	769
Pondicherry	24	572	48	827
All-India*	8872	210005	10032	200057

* Including the figures for the State sample of Jammu & Kashmir.

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups
for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Andhra Pradesh

age group of bovines in comple- ted years)	rural						urban					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
0	3667	5332	68.8	3576	6628	54.0	104	146	71.0	284	416	68.3
1	3178	3959	80.3	1996	3907	51.1	49	92	53.5	111	195	56.9
2	4367	4406	99.1	1932	4569	42.3	70	72	97.2	81	159	50.9
3 - 4	5676	5951	95.4	2078	5989	34.7	104	127	81.9	66	293	22.5
5 - 6	11647	9572	121.7	3218	8101	39.7	233	189	123.3	85	508	16.7
7 - 9	17950	5263	193.8	3214	9919	32.4	426	205	207.6	83	781	11.3
10 - 12	7337	323	220.8	1203	4099	29.3	182	91	200.0	36	300	12.0
13 - 15	1622	616	263.3	136	746	18.2	45	9	500.0	1	61	1.6
16 - 18	179	61	293.4	37	122	30.3	10	6	166.7	-	7	-
19 & above	72	42	171.4	5	24	20.8	5	-	-	1	-	-
all ages	55695	42525	131.0	17395	44104	39.4	1228	937	131.1	752	2721	2706

note - sex ratio, is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Assam

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	rural				cattle				urban			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	male female (in 00)	sex ra- tio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	sex ra- tio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	1661	3231	51.4	16	92	17.4	47	93	50.5	-	-	-
2. 1	1633	2789	60.3	59	109	54.1	50	93	53.8	-	-	-
3. 2	2118	1853	114.3	95	58	163.8	33	59	55.9	1	0	-
4. 3 - 4	2041	4784	42.7	193	162	119.1	17	148	11.5	2	1	200.0
5. 5 - 6	8916	5370	166.0	574	224	256.2	55	158	34.8	4	1	400.0
6. 7 - 9	9383	3423	274.1	888	217	409.2	73	128	57.0	1	1	100.0
7. 10 - 12	3446	969	360.8	228	84	271.4	31	32	96.9	-	-	-
8. 13 - 15	832	152	517.4	84	22	391.2	7	6	115.7	1	-	-
9. 16 - 18	125	46	271.7	30	3	1000.0	4	2	200.0	-	-	-
10. 19 & above	22	8	275.0	11	3	366.7	0	0	-	-	-	-
11. not recorded	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. all ages	30265	22630	133.8	2178	974	223.6	317	719	44.1	10	3	333.3

Note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND; JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Bihar

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	rural			Urban			cattle			buffalo			buffalo		
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (2.0)												
1. 0	5283	6489	81.4	1888	3206	58.9	297	413	71.9	39	94	41.5	41	58.8	41.5
2. 1	3917	4403	89.0	701	2077	33.8	157	216	72.7	20	34	34	28	29.8	28
3. 2	5127	6025	85.1	739	2922	25.3	121	247	49.0	14	47	47	47	49.1	49.1
4. 3 - 4	5217	6798	76.7	961	3742	25.7	111	279	39.8	27	55	55	55	51.0	51.0
5. 5 - 6	15576	3734	178.3	1827	3927	46.5	283	478	59.2	52	102	102	102	43.0	43.0
6. 7 - 9	28005	11485	243.8	2455	6349	38.7	594	570	104.2	71	165	165	165	29.8	29.8
7. 10 - 12	15886	4737	335.4	1170	2762	42.4	351	215	163.3	31	104	104	104	10.3	10.3
8. 13 - 15	3276	876	374.0	190	657	28.9	69	27	255.6	3	29	29	29	50.0	50.0
9. 16 - 18	292	37	789.2	34	64	53.1	14	6	233.3	1	2	2	2	-	-
10. 19 & above	36	12	300.0	5	5	100.0	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. not re- corded	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. all ages	82620	49596	166.6	9970	25711	38.8	1999	2451	81.6	258	635	635	635	40.6	40.6

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table(1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Gujarat

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	r u r a l			u r b a n			buffalo male (in 00) (0.0)	buffalo female (in 00) (0.0)	buffalo sex ratio (0.0)	buffalo male (in 00) (0.0)	buffalo female (in 00) (0.0)	buffalo sex ratio (0.0)						
	cattle			cattle														
	male female (in 00) (0.0)	sex ratio (0.0)	male female (in 00) (0.0)	male female (in 00) (0.0)	sex ratio (0.0)	male female (in 00) (0.0)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)						
1. 0	1243	1705	72.9	911	2804	32.5	89	150	59.3	53	202	26.2						
2. 1	1435	1679	85.5	471	2896	16.3	53	121	43.8	24	122	19.7						
3. 2	2693	2382	113.1	249	4299	5.8	93	120	77.5	17	154	11.0						
4. 3 - 4	2766	2865	96.5	158	4114	3.8	114	192	59.4	1	140	0.7						
5. 5 - 6	5418	3391	159.8	101	4487	2.2	142	182	78.0	1	221	0.5						
6. 7 - 9	9405	4603	204.3	97	6550	1.5	407	332	122.6	3	437	0.7						
7. 10 - 12	6166	2096	294.2	33	2994	1.1	234	132	177.3	1	235	0.4						
8. 13 - 15	2521	448	562.7	-	831	-	54	32	168.8	-	49	-						
9. 16 - 18	779	133	595.7	-	187	-	22	11	200.0	-	15	-						
10. 19 & above	350	27	1296.3	-	42	-	10	11	90.9	-	4	-						
11. not recorded	81	113	-	36	159	-	4	-	-	6	11	-						
12. all ages	32857	19447	169.0	2056	29363	7.0	1218	1287	94.6	106	1590	6.7						

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Haryana

age group of bovines (in com- pleted years)	r u r a l						u r b a n					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	1577	1417	111.3	2090	3239	64.5	85	136	62.5	120	195	61.5
2. 1	889	1378	64.5	742	2557	29.0	33	58	56.9	18	82	22.0
3. 2	567	1392	40.7	262	2900	9.0	18	41	43.9	7	62	11.3
4. 3 - 4	871	1386	62.8	136	3127	4.3	22	76	28.9	9	108	8.3
5. 5 - 6	1950	1729	112.8	169	3434	4.9	48	83	57.8	12	155	7.7
6. 7 - 9	2961	1951	151.8	155	4575	3.4	80	127	63.0	15	276	5.4
7. 10 - 12	1711	714	239.6	39	1996	2.0	44	46	95.7	7	110	6.4
8. 13 - 15	531	134	288.6	-	438	-	19	9	211.1	-	21	-
9. 16 - 18	-	86	23	307.1	-	60	-	2	-	-	4	-
10. 19 & above	-	29	20	145.0	4	36	11.1	1	-	-	1	-
11. all ages	11172	10199	109.5	3597	22362	16.1	352	576	61.1	188	1014	18.5

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Himachal Pradesh

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n							
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo					
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	878	1163	75.5	164	459	35.7	6	11	54.5	3	5	60.0
2. 1	733	880	83.3	73	380	19.2	7	9	77.8	1	5	20.0
3. 2	1021	994	102.7	66	456	14.5	6	9	66.7	1	3	33.3
4. 3	1155	979	115.9	52	523	9.9	3	7	42.9	1	3	33.3
5. 4	-	1564	1302	120.1	43	528	8.1	10	9	111.1	0	4
6. 5	-	1675	2013	116.5	32	1126	2.8	18	15	120.0	-	14
7. 6	-	2346	1305	128.4	12	838	1.4	7	9	77.8	0	7
8. 7	-	778	471	165.2	9	343	2.6	3	3	100.0	-	1
9. 8	-	165	165	255.1	1	114	0.9	1	0	-	-	2
10. 9 & above	-	181	81	223.5	-	45	-	1	1	100.0	-	1
11. all ages	10691	9351	114.3	452	4812	9.4	62	73	84.9	6	44	13.6

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Jammu & Kashmir

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	r u r a l			u r b a n		
	cattle		buffalo	cattle		buffalo
	male female	sex ratio (in 00) (0.0)	male female	sex ratio (in 00) (0.0)	male female	sex ratio (in 00) (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. 0	916	1177	77.8	133	398	47
2. 1	707	767	52.2	85	236	33.4
3. 2	819	926	68.4	71	328	36.0
4. 3	4	1055	62.4	77	267	21.6
5. 5	- 6	1417	93.5	98	354	28.8
6. 7	9	2266	1515	103.5	107	14.5
7. 10	- 12	893	866	103.1	24	533
8. 13	- 15	202	161	125.5	7	192
9. 16	- 18	49	29	169.0	2	53
10. 19&above	10	3	3	333.3	12	2
11. not rec- orded	3	3	3	3	3	0
12. all ages	7940	8652	91.3	604	3103	19.5
						425
						43.8
						7
						33
						21.2

Note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Karnataka

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	rural			urban			buffalo						
	cattle			cattle			buffalo						
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)				
(11)	(12)	(13)		(11)	(12)	(13)							
1.	0	3601	5313	67.8	1505	3034	49.6	343	550	62.4	130	287	45.3
2.	1	3062	3330	92.0	841	1842	45.7	164	342	48.0	45	135	33.3
3.	2	3456	3874	89.2	462	1962	23.5	188	265	70.9	16	122	13.1
4.	3 - 4	4516	7097	63.6	356	3824	9.3	227	582	39.0	7	250	2.8
5.	5 - 6	7958	7747	102.7	550	3867	14.2	409	584	70.0	10	330	3.0
6.	7 - 9	12611	9122	138.2	752	4555	16.5	643	576	111.6	29	523	5.5
7.10	-12	7600	4554	166.9	345	2682	12.9	447	320	139.7	10	324	3.1
8.13	-15	1754	1224	143.3	129	556	23.2	144	70	205.7	4	84	4.8
9.16	-18	444	229	193.9	27	108	25.0	44	17	258.8	-	20	-
10.19 & above													
11.not re- corded													
12.all ages	45169	42600	106.0	4988	22497	2617	3311	79.0	254	2085	2		12.2

h/d note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 20TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Kerala

age group of bovines (in completed years)	rural			urban			buffalo		
	cattle			cattle			buffalo		
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1. 0	2082	2439	85.4	171	171	100.0	166	219	75.8
2. 1	855	1882	45.4	108	108	100.0	45	155	29.0
3. 2	525	2304	22.8	130	130	100.0	16	154	10.4
4. 3 - 4	368	3138	11.7	453	231	196.1	8	253	3.2
5. 5 - 6	596	2816	21.2	580	306	189.5	22	236	9.3
6. 7 - 9	1079	2851	57.8	629	376	167.3	26	224	11.6
7. 10 - 12	812	1341	60.6	261	315	83.4	23	73	31.5
8. 13 - 15	231	227	101.8	67	37	181.1	6	20	30.0
9. 16 - 18	37	41	90.2	11	8	137.5	-	2	-
10. 19 & above	19	4	475.0	4	4	100.0	-	2	-
11. not recorded	48	-	-	33	41	-	4	9	-
12. all ages	6652	17091	38.9	2447	1725	141.9	316	1347	23.5
									81
									149
									54.4

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Madhya Pradesh

age group of bovines (in completed years)	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo			urban		
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1. 0	6193	7150	86.6	1691	2085	81.1	217	270	80.4	65	77	84.4			
2. 1	9818	10716	91.6	2016	2882	70.0	255	310	82.3	44	79	55.7			
3. 2	12748	14221	89.6	1717	4144	41.4	236	322	73.3	34	64	53.1			
4. 3 - 4	12162	15196	80.0	1508	3801	39.7	158	370	42.7	17	90	18.9			
5. 5 - 6	16419	16453	95.8	1911	4235	45.1	216	470	46.0	15	116	12.9			
6. 7 - 9	21299	23669	132.2	4228	6266	67.5	397	521	76.2	22	274	8.0			
7. 10 - 12	23797	13766	172.9	2705	5101	53.0	306	355	86.2	6	179	3.4			
8. 13 - 15	7575	3733	202.9	646	1537	42.0	145	103	140.8	7	39	17.9			
9. 16 - 18	2435	717	339.6	91	491	13.5	32	27	113.5	-	14	-			
10. 19 & above	452	122	370.5	4	69	5.8	12	12	100.0	-	1	-			
11. all ages	122898	105743	116.2	16517	30611	54.0	1974	2760	71.5	210	933	22.5			

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Maharashtra

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	r u r a l				u r b a n				sex ratio (0.0)			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo					
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	5776	6971	82.9	1633	2538	64.3	335	480	69.8	162	338	47.9
2. 1	4922	4884	100.8	861	1693	50.9	220	264	83.3	52	167	31.1
3. 2	6060	5585	108.5	516	2275	22.7	187	273	68.5	36	140	25.7
4. 3 - 4	6128	6436	95.2	460	2161	21.3	180	321	56.1	12	179	36
5. 5 - 6	10562	9239	114.3	635	2794	22.7	357	430	83.0	7	327	2.1
6. 7 - 9	15908	10323	154.1	874	4937	17.7	585	493	118.7	16	660	2.4
7. 10 - 12	11577	5356	214.5	494	3117	15.8	394	305	129.2	7	395	1.8
8. 13 - 15	4845	1562	310.2	126	916	13.8	166	93	178.5	3	145	2.1
9. 16 - 18	1674	515	325.0	35	253	13.8	41	22	186.4	-	28	-
10. 19 & above	520	91	571.4	23	65	35.4	13	7	185.7	-	7	-
11. all ages	67973	51002	133.3	5657	20749	27.3	2479	2688	92.2	295	2386	12.4

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State: Manipur

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	r u r a l						u r b a n					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	0	45	60	75.0	10	7	142.9	6	9	66.7	0	0
2.	1	94	124	75.8	21	34	61.8	6	9	65.7	0	0
3.	2	69	71	97.2	12	18	66.7	6	6	100.0	-	-
4.	3 - 4	154	199	77.4	19	57	33.3	11	17	64.7	1	1
5.	5 - 6	226	183	123.5	34	50	68.0	22	12	183.3	1	2
6.	7 - 9	236	100	236.0	28	34	82.4	26	10	260.0	1	1
7.10 - 12	98	20	490.0	4	6	66.7	5	3	166.7	1	0	100.0
8.13 - 15	12	9	133.3	1	-	-	-	1	1	100.0	0	-
9.16 - 18	3	1	300.0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
10.19 & above	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-
11.all ages	938	757	122.3	130	206	63.1	83	67	123.9	4	4	100.0

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Meghalaya		Rural				Urban			
age groups of bovines (in comple- ted years)	cattle male (in 00) (in 00)	buffalo		sex ratio (0.0)	cattle male (in 00) (in 00)	buffalo male (in 00) (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	female (in 00) (in 00)	ratio (0.0)
		cattle female (in 00) (in 00)	buffalo female (in 00) (in 00)						
1. 0	116	152	76.3	8	7	114.3	2	2	100.0
2.	137	167	82.0	9	11	81.8	1	4	25.0
3.	195	167	116.8	10	23	43.5	0	2	-
4.	242	26	90.0	24	34	70.6	0	4	-
5.	360	270	133.3	18	19	94.7	0	5	-
6.	424	266	159.4	17	28	60.7	1	3	33.3
7.	231	113	204.4	7	20	35.0	-	2	-
8.	53	25	212.0	8	13	61.5	-	0	-
9.	9	5	150.0	1	7	14.3	-	-	-
10.	2	2	100.0	-	2	-	-	-	-
11. not recorded	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. all ages	1769	1441	102	164	62.2	4	22	18.2	-

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Nagaland

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l			cattle			u r b a n			buffalo		
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	male (in 00) (0.0)	female (in 00) (0.0)	sex ratio (0.0)									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	0	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	100.0	-	-
2.	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	66.7	-	-
3.	2	-	-	-	-	-	0	2	-	-	-	-
4.	3	4	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	33.3	-	-
5.	5	6	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	33.3	-	-
6.	7	9	-	-	-	-	3	2	150.0	-	-	-
7.	10	12	-	-	-	-	1	2	50.0	-	-	-
8.	13	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	16	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10.	19 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. all ages	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	16	56.3	-	-	-

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY -1975 JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Orissa

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l						u r b a n							
	c a t t l e			b u f f a l o			c a t t l e			b u f f a l o				
	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)											
1.	0	3772	4775	79.0	175	325	53.8	204	237	86.1	10	18.0	125.0	
2.	1	2896	3221	89.9	127	129	98.4	96	166	57.8	3	11	27.3	
3.	2	3373	3743	90.1	121	156	77.6	97	156	62.2	3	11	27.3	
4.	3	4172	5767	72.3	474	402	117.9	72	230	31.3	2	8	25.0	
5.	4	10845	6987	155.2	1244	377	356.5	172	286	60.1	25	14	178.6	
6.	5	15956	7346	217.2	2106	632	333.2	282	294	95.9	24	33	72.7	
7.	6	12	6790	2914	233.0	509	251	242.6	107	126	84.9	10	11	90.9
8.	7	13	1711	758	222.8	64	79	81.0	15	25	60.0	1	1	100.0
9.	8	15	422	99	426.3	14	10	140.0	8	114.3	-	-	-	-
10.	9	16	422	45	920.0	-	-	2	2	100.0	-	1	-	-
11.all ages	above	49983	35625	140.3	5034	2361	213.2	1055	1529	59.0	78	98	79.6	

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

n/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Punjab

age group of bovines (in comple- ted years)	rural		urban			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle	
	sex	sex	sex	sex	male ratio (in 00) (0.0)	female ratio (in 00) (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. 0	1719	1776	2574	4320	59.6	133
2. 1	1496	1551	96.5	1033	3477	29.7
3. 2	1371	1734	79.1	474	3951	11.9
4. 3 - 4	1272	1848	68.8	419	4331	9.7
5. 5 - 6	2335	2273	102.7	626	4968	12.6
6. 7 - 9	3602	2775	129.8	703	7538	9.3
7. 10 - 12	2434	1004	242.4	252	3852	6.5
8. 13 - 15	1014	294	344.9	76	1235	6.2
9. 16 - 18	273	49	557.1	14	308	4.5
10. 19 & above	84	29	289.7	11	82	13.4
11. not recorded	4	18	-	-	25	-
12. all ages	15604	13351	116.9	6182	34127	18.1

	urban		rural			
	buffalo	cattle	buffalo	cattle	buffalo	cattle
sex	sex	sex	sex	sex	male ratio (in 00) (0.0)	female ratio (in 00) (0.0)
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Rajasthan

age group of bovines (in completed years)	rural			urban		
	cattle		buffalo	cattle		buffalo
	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. 0	6527	7436	87.8	3476	4813	72.2
2. 1	4133	5304	77.9	1663	3450	48.2
3. 2	4498	6456	69.9	1030	4590	22.4
4. 3 - 4	5019	7493	57.0	734	4077	18.0
5. 5 - 5	8112	9478	85.6	594	4649	12.8
6. 7 - 9	12247	12567	97.5	425	8680	4.9
7. 10 - 12	7885	5705	138.2	162	5040	3.2
8. 13 - 15	2531	1401	180.7	57	1467	3.9
9. 16 - 18	511	183	325.0	-	211	-
10. 19&above	257	67	353.7	-	91	-
11. all ages	51800	56075	92.4	8141	37068	22.0

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Tamil Nadu

age group of bovines (in completed years)	rural			urban			cattle			buffalo		
	male (in00)	female (in00)	ratio (0.0)									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	3305	4192	78.8	1210	2368	51.1	519	688	75.4	142	268	53.0
2.	1	2895	3634	79.7	484	1626	29.8	196	377	52.0	52	43.7
3.	2	2334	4138	80.6	447	1836	24.3	120	350	34.3	20	21.5
4.	3	4722	7202	65.6	345	3249	10.6	133	694	19.2	15	201
5.	4	8151	8540	94.3	376	3205	11.7	334	741	45.1	1	376
6.	5	11679	7506	155.6	430	3224	13.3	464	799	58.1	7	1.4
7.	6	6950	3471	200.2	169	1576	11.0	715	295	100.4	12	486
8.	7	1496	702	212.8	30	175	17.1	83	82	101.2	8	215
9.	8	16	230	45	511.1	-	30	-	10	3	50	5.6
10.	9	18	20	30	66.7	5	5	100.0	3	333.3	5	16.0
11.	10.	not re-	corded	10	30	20	-	-	1	300.0	-	-
12.	all ages	42792	39591	108.1	3496	17274	20.2	2177	4031	54.0	257	1811
												74.2

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Bihar

age group of bovines (in completed years)	rural				urban			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. 0	146	245	59.6	4	3	153.3	6	75.0
2. 1	200	252	79.4	6	100.0	4	8	50.0
3. 2	283	340	85.2	7	116.7	2	6	33.3
4. 3 - 4	241	291	82.8	3	14	21.4	2	5
5. 5 - 6	384	371	101.5	9	10	90.0	2	10
6. 7 - 9	754	476	158.4	11	19	57.9	3	19
7. 10 - 12	481	295	163.1	6	15	40.0	4	6
8. 13 - 15	135	69	195.7	-	7	-	2	2
9. 16 - 18	73	37	197.3	-	-	-	0	0
10. 19 & above	13	7	185.7	1	-	-	1	-
11. not recorded	10	9	-	-	-	0	1	-
12. all ages	2720	2398	113.4	47	80	58.8	25	67
								37.3
								0 1

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Uttar Pradesh

Note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas over age groups
 NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.
 State : West Bengal

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l			c a t t l e			b u f f a l o			c a t t l e			u r b a n		
	c a t t l e			b u f f a l o			b u f f a l o			c a t t l e			u r b a n		
	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in00)	female (in00)	sex ratio (0.0)
1.	0	2746	4556	60.3	27	60*	45.0	256	349	73.4	18	46	39.1		
2.	1	4275	6292	67.9	91	134	67.9	293	454	64.5	16	30	53.3		
3.	2	5389	6917	77.9	129	107	120.6	140	478	29.3	1	6	16.7		
4.	3 - 4	4895	8384	58.4	283	159	178.0	129	624	20.7	6	29	20.7		
5.	5 - 6	5906	7571	78.0	729	119	612.6	79	634	12.5	4	55	7.3		
6.	7 - 9	15768	11343	139.0	1986	251	791.2	313	730	42.9	15	159	9.4		
7.	10 - 12	13132	6125	2144	1355	201	674.1	254	378	67.2	11	102	10.8		
8.	13 - 15	3601	1563	230.4	328	68	482.4	54	89	60.7	7	57	12.3		
9.	16 - 18	958	341	260.9	94	-	-	13	30	43.3	1	14	7.1		
10.	19& above	111	56	198.2	-	-	-	1	7	14.3	-	5			
11.	not re- corded	9	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
12.	all ages	56790	53153	106.8	5022	1099	457.0	1545	3808	40.6	79	503	15.7		

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.
 h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY : 30TH ROUND : JUNE 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Chandigarh

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l			u r b a n		
	cattle		buffalo	cattle		buffalo
	sex male (in 00) (0.0)	female (in 00) (0.0)	sex male (in 00) (0.0)	female (in 00) (0.0)	sex male (in 00) (0.0)	female (in 00) (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1.	0	-	-	-	-	200.0
2.	1	-	-	-	-	4
3.	2	-	-	-	-	2
4.	3	4	-	-	-	1
5.	5	6	-	-	-	1
6.	7	9	-	-	-	7
7.	10	12	-	-	-	12
8.	13	15	-	-	-	1
9.	16	18	-	-	-	-
10.	19 & above	-	-	-	-	-
11. all ages	-	-	2	100.0	4	29
						130.8

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

J.R.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Delhi

Age group of bovines in complete- red record	rural				urban				buffalo sex ratio (0.0)	cattle sex ratio (0.0)	buffalo sex ratio (0.0)			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo							
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		
1. 0	29	17	170.6	69	115	60.0	15	35	42.9	52	77	67.5		
2. 1	40	52	76.9	23	69	33.3	15	12	125.0	10	19	52.6		
3. 2	23	40	57.5	6	58	10.3	3	17	176.	3	22	13.6		
4. 3 - 4	51	17	300.0	11	45	24.4	2	29	66.9	2	39	5.1		
5. 5 - 6	51	58	87.9	-	121	-	12	18	66.7	5	86	5.8		
6. 7 - 9	18	40	45.0	-	161	-	10	22	45.5	2	176	1.1		
7. 10 - 12	18	17	105.9	-	40	-	8	7	114.3	-	72	-		
8. 13 - 15	-	6	-	-	6	-	6	4	150.0	-	2	-		
9. 16 - 18	-	6	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-		
10. 19 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
11. all ages	236	247	95.5	109	615	17.7	73	144	50.7	74	493	15.0		

note : sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Goa, Damar. & Diu

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n				buffalo			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo					
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	53	44	120.5	13	11	118.2	2	5	40.0	1	1	100.0
2. 1	29	57	50.9	13	15	86.7	3	5	60.0	-	1	-
3. 2	62	73	84.9	11	11	100.0	1	4	25.0	-	1	-
4. 3 - 4	84	53	158.5	20	24	83.3	6	4	150.0	-	2	-
5. 5 - 6	73	56	130.4	11	26	42.3	5	6	83.3	1	3	33.3
6. 7 - 9	135	123	109.8	26	22	118.2	6	4	150.0	1	3	33.3
7. 10 - 12	98	70	140.0	36	44	81.8	6	6	100.0	1	3	33.3
8. 13 - 15	64	35	182.9	13	15	86.7	3	4	75.0	-	1	-
9. 16 - 18	29	9	322.2	11	4	275.0	3	2	150.0	-	-	-
10. 19 & above	-	7	4	175.0	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
11. not recorded	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. all ages	634	526	120.5	156	172	90.7	36	40	90.0	4	15	26.7

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Tamilcherry

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	male (in 00) (0.0)	female (in 00) (0.0)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00) (0.0)	female (in 00) (0.0)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00) (0.0)	female (in 00) (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	0	0	53	62.3	5	12	41.7	13
2.	1	1	47	74.5	1	7	14.3	2
3.	2	2	68	50.0	1	4	25.0	4
4.	3	3	71	12.7	2	7	28.6	3
5.	5	5	62	35.5	-	8	-	12
6.	7	7	86	101.2	-	22	-	4
7.	10	10	34	176.5	-	13	-	17
8.	13	13	4	50.0	-	1	-	8
9.	16	16	-	-	-	-	-	50.0
10.	19 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. all ages	282	425	66.4	9	74	12.2	32	71
								45.1
								5
								26
								19.2

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (1) : Age distribution of number of bovines by sex and sex ratio over age groups for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : All-India

age group of bovines (in completed years)	r u r a l						u r b a n					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	male (in 30)	female (in 30)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	sex ratio (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	61193	75970	80.6	29270	49850	58.7	3581	4811	74.4	1673	2915	57.4
2. 1	56224	65598	85.7	15620	36106	43.3	2021	3281	61.6	561	1398	40.1
3. 2	69020	76978	89.7	11471	46559	24.6	1630	3219	50.6	302	1360	22.2
4. 3 - 4	77262	100406	76.9	12383	54261	22.8	1554	4703	33.0	221	1915	11.5
5. 5 - 6	147363	119095	123.7	19503	61630	31.6	2843	5458	52.1	365	3134	11.6
6. 7 - 9	240705	142018	169.5	25365	91305	27.8	5144	6419	80.1	437	5598	7.8
7. 10 - 12	147351	66492	221.6	11079	47888	23.1	3246	2997	108.3	208	2931	7.1
8. 13 - 15	43654	16527	264.1	2409	12101	19.9	996	727	137.0	51	737	6.9
9. 16 - 18	11473	5297	348.0	438	2583	17.0	251	170	147.6	3	153	2.0
10. 19 & above	2750	804	342.0	94	700	13.4	71	59	120.3	9	38	23.7
11. not recorded	214	290	-	72	278	-	18	51	-	7	17	-
12. all ages	857215	667475	128.4	127704	403261	31.7	21355	31894	67.0	3837	20196	19.0

note - sex ratio is defined as the number of males per 100 females

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Andhra Pradesh.

corresponding age group

* see footnote of all-India Table -2.

no. of female animals possessed	x 100
-ex group or others	

...of animals
born but died
during the year
(1900)

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Assam

age group of mothers (in com- pleted years)	rural			urban			buffalo		
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo		
	no. of births	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	no. of births	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	no. of births	male (in 00)	female (in 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1. 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. 3 - 4	947	2036	62.4	8	54	38.3	23	52	50.7
3. 5 - 6	1000	1859	53.2	8	49	25.4	30	62	58.2
4. 7 - 9	715	1025	50.8	27	52	36.4	24	43	52.3
5. 10 - 12	147	177	33.4	6	11	20.2	7	7	43.8
6. 13 - 15	27	19	30.3	-	-	-	1	2	50.0
7. 16 - 18	8	17.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. 19 & above	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. not recorded	5	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	1
10. all ages	2847	5129	35.2*	52	166	22.4*	85	166	34.9*
no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	79	52	x	8	8	x	5	9	x

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers

no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group

* See foot note of all India Table 2.

x 100

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Bihar

age group of mothers (in com- pleted years)	rural			urban		
	cows	buffalo	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo
1.	5	-	0.1	-	-	0.4
2.	1147	1541	39.5	268	496	20.4
3.	1781	2050	43.9	665	1080	44.4
4.	1851	2160	34.9	970	1563	39.9
5.	10-12	518	20.1	359	378	26.7
6.	13-15	57	13.4	89	66	23.6
7.	16-18	-	5	13.5	15	-
8.	19 & above	-	-	-	-	-
9.	not re- corded	-	5	-	-	-
10.	all ages	5274	6339	23.4*	2366	3583
	no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	129	227	x	377	356
	note : fertility rate	-	-	x	26	23
	no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group	-	-	x	25	16
	no. of births by age group of mothers x 100	-	-	x	25	16
	no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group	-	-	x	25	16
	* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.	-	-	-	-	-

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table(2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Gujarat

age group of mothers (in completed years)	r u r a l			u r b a n			buf falo		
	cow		buf falo	cow		ferti-	cow		buf falo
	no. of births	ferti-	no. of births	no. of births	li ty	li ty	no. of births	ferti-	
male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1. 2	10	9	0.8	4	22	0.6	-	-	-
2. 3 - 4	221	398	21.6	274	709	23.9	17	27	22.9
3. 5 - 6	469	675	33.7	565	1127	37.7	28	53	44.5
4. 7 - 9	575	910	30.1	890	1679	39.2	48	81	38.9
5. 10 - 12	129	140	12.8	214	424	21.3	10	14	18.2
6. 13 - 15	77	63	31.2	98	145	29.2	5	6	34.4
7. 16 - 18	15	5	15.0	18	23	21.9	1	-	9.1
8. 19 & above	-	-	-	5	8	-	-	2	-
9. all ages	1496	2100	18.5*	2068	4137	21.1*	109	183	22.7*
no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	209	266	22	1062	1025	x	25	26	x
note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers x 100 no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group									

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group
of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Haryana

age Group of no. of years (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo	
	no. of births male (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births male (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. 2	7	21	2.0	4	-	0.1	-	-
2. 3 - 4	312	320	45.6	714	730	46.2	24	27
3. 5 - 6	430	539	56.0	939	1054	58.0	23	41
4. 7 - 9	571	447	52.2	987	1261	49.1	38	46
5. 10 - 12	134	126	36.4	321	406	36.4	4	13
6. 13 - 15	37	24	33.2	84	86	38.8	-	2
7. 16 - 18	-	-	-	4	12	26.7	-	2
8. 19 & above	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	1
9. all ages	1491	1477	29.1*	3057	3549	29.5*	89	129
no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)								

note : fertility rate =

no. of births by age group of mothers
no. of female animals possessed in x 100
the corresponding age group

x 100
x 100
x 100

no. of births by age group of mothers
no. of female animals possessed in x 100
the corresponding age group

x 100
x 100
x 100

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY : 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State: Himachal Pradesh

No. of animals
born but died
during the
year. (in 00)

note : fertility rate =

no. of births by age group of mothers x- 100

in. vi. ~~remained~~ corresponding age group

¹ See footnote of all-India Table - 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Jammu & Kashmir

age group of mothers (in com- pleted years)	rural			urban			buffalo			cow			buffalo			
	buffalo			cow			buffalo			cow			buffalo			
	no. of births	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births	no. of births	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)				
1	2	1	0.1	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2	3	141	28.1	15	22	13.9	8	10	36.7	0	1	33.3	-	-	-	
3	5	307	43.9	41	74	32.5	20	22	59.2	1	1	50.0	-	-	-	
4	7	353	35.8	76	144	29.9	20	26	41.4	2	2	50.0	-	-	-	
5	10	104	24.7	39	70	20.5	5	5	25.0	1	1	40.0	-	-	-	
6	13	15	21	18	24.2	12	20	17.6	2	3	62.5	0	-	-	-	
7	16	18	2	3	17.2	3	3	11.3	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	
8	19&above	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	
9.	all ages	928	1077	23.1*	186	333	16.7*	55	66	28.5*	4	5	27.3*	-	-	-
	no. of animals born but died	134	87	x	107	57	x	6	5	x	1	0	x	-	-	-
	during the year (in 00)															

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers x 100

no. of female animals possessed in the
corresponding age group

* see footnote of all-India Table 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Karnataka

age group of mothers in comple- ted years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	c o w		b u f f a l o		c o w		b u f f a l o	
	no. of births male (in00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)	no. of births male (in00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	2	15	20	0.5	5	0.3	8	4.5
2.	3	927	1381	32.5	451	1011	83	42.8
3.	5	6	1104	34.5	707	1034	45.0	47.9
4.	7	9	1372	2108	880	1363	49.2	167
5.	10	12	415	480	231	402	23.6	116
6.	13	15	94	184	64	129	34.7	163
7.	16	18	32	27	22.7	15	13.9	15
8.	19	8	-	25.8	-	4	14	-
9.	not recor-	-	4	-	-	3	-	-
10.	all ages	3972	5765	9	10	-	-	-
	no. of animals	510	510	9	10	-	-	-
	born but	-	-	22.9*	2362	3968	28.1*	378
	died during	-	-	-	-	-	44	64
	the year	(in00)	-	-	-	-	-	-
							589	292*
							-	295
								452
								35.8*
								136
								148

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers x 100

no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group.

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Kerala

age group of mothers (in completed years)	rural				urban			
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo	
	no. of births male (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00) (0.0)	fertility rate (0.0)	no. of births male (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity rate (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00) (0.0)	fertility rate (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)					
1.	2	56	41	4.2	-	-	5	7
2.	3 - 4	505	714	58.8	67	34	43.7	47
3.	5 - 6	720	702	50.5	45	71	57.9	47
4.	7 - 9	664	703	47.9	63	93	41.5	51
5.	10 - 12	224	227	33.6	41	37	24.9	12
6.	13 - 15	37	48	36.8	4	7	29.7	1
7.	16 - 18	-	4	9.8	-	4	50.0	1
8.	19 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
9.	not recorded	-	11	-	7	11	4	-
10	all ages	2206	2450	27.2	227	257	26.1	168
								224
								29.1*
								15
								27
								28.2*
								x
no. of animals born but died during the year								
(in 00)								
198	127	x	60	78	x	23	28	

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers
no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group
of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Madhya Pradesh

age group of mothers (in completed years)	rural			urban			cow			buffalo			cow			buffalo		
	no. of births		fertility rate	no. of births		fertility rate	no. of births		fertility rate	no. of births		fertility rate	no. of births		fertility rate	no. of births		fertility rate
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	(0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	(0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	(0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	(0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	(0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	(0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
1.	2	8	4	0.1	4	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	3 - 4	1636	1694	21.9	242	315	14.7	57	64	32.7	13	13	28.9	13	28.9	13	28.9	13
3.	5 - 6	3451	3758	43.8	829	914	41.2	113	132	52.1	37	46	71.6	46	71.6	46	71.6	46
4.	7 - 9	4584	5022	40.6	1119	1428	40.6	130	171	57.8	74	84	57.7	84	57.7	84	57.7	84
5.	10 - 12	1950	2212	30.2	814	894	35.5	76	72	41.7	32	34	36.9	32	36.9	32	36.9	32
6.	13 - 15	503	512	27.2	280	278	36.3	24	21	43.7	8	15	59.0	8	59.0	8	59.0	8
7.	16 - 18	72	39	15.5	65	62	25.9	2	1	11.1	-	-	7.1	-	7.1	-	7.1	-
8.	19 & above	4	19	-	15	8	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	not recorded	16	12	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10.	all ages	12224	13272	24.1*	3372	3903	23.8*	403	464	31.4*	165	193	38.4*	165	38.4*	165	38.4*	165
	no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	1137	865	x	751	578	x	40	40	x	23	23	x	62	29	x	62	29

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers

no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 – JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Maharashtra

age group of mothers (in com- pleted years)	rural				urban			
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo	
	male no. of births (in 00)	female no. of births (in 00)	male fertility rate (0.0)	female fertility rate (0.0)	male no. of births (in 00)	female fertility rate (0.0)	male no. of births (in 00)	female fertility rate (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. 2	4	0.1	—	—	—	1	0.4	—
2. 3 - 4	1539	1638	49.4	390	496	41.0	84	110
3. 5 - 6	1788	2279	44.0	637	864	53.7	110	170
4. 7 - 9	1940	2471	42.7	1053	1328	48.2	124	135
5. 10 - 12	643	775	26.2	404	551	30.6	43	72
6. 13 - 15	214	284	31.9	203	168	40.5	14	19
7. 16 - 18	64	39	20.0	35	18	20.9	1	—
8. 19 & above	4	9	—	8	13	—	3	—
9. all ages	6196	7499	26.9*	2730	3438	29.7*	379	507
no. of ani- mals born but died during the year (in 00)	56	536	x	1019	768	x	31	46

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers x 100
 no. of female animals possessed in
 the corresponding age group

* see footnote of all-India Table-2

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Manipur

age group of mothers (in comple- ted years)	rural		urban	
	c. o. w.	buffalo	c. o. w.	buffalo
no. of births	no. of births	ferti-	no. of births	ferti-
male	female	lity	male	lity
(in00)	(in00)	(0.0)	(in00)	(0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
(11)	(12)	(13)	(11)	(12)
1.	2	-	-	-
2.	3	46	54.3	50.9
3.	5	4	7	3
4.	7	42.1	22	58.8
5.	10	32	6	7
6.	13	21	4	50.0
7.	16	15	5	3
8.	18	12	0	50.0
9.	& above	1	22.2	26.5
not re-	-	-	-	-
corded	0	1	1	1
10. all ages	96	134	30.0*	34.3*
no. of ani-				
mals born but died				
during the year				
(in00)				

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers x 100

no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Meghalaya

age group of mothers (in com- pleted years)	rural			urban			buffalo			cow			buffalo		
	no. of births female (in 00)	no. of births male (in 00)	fertil- ity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00)	no. of births male (in 00)	fertil- ity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00)	no. of births male (in 00)	fertil- ity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00)	no. of births male (in 00)	fertil- ity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00)	no. of births male (in 00)	fertil- ity rate (0.0)
1. 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. 3 - 4	56	63	44.2	2	1	84.8	1	2	75.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. 5 - 6	44	74	43.7	4	4	42.1	1	2	60.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. 7 - 9	51	44	35.7	3	5	28.6	0	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. 10 - 12	20	21	36.3	3	2	25.0	1	0	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. 13 - 15	6	6	48.0	2	4	46.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. 16 - 18	1	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. 19 & above	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. not recorded	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. all ages	180	210	27.1*	14	16	18.3*	3	5	36.4*	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. no. of ani- mals born but died during the year (in 00)	9	11	x	4	2	x	1	-	x	-	-	-	-	-	-

note : fertility rate = $\frac{\text{no. of female animals possessed}}{\text{no. of mothers}}$

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2

** no. of births by age group of mothers x 100

age group

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Nagaland

note : fertility rate = $\frac{\text{no. of births by age group of mothers}}{\text{no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group}}$

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers
for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Orissa

age group of mothers (in comple- ted years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	c o w		b u f f a l o		c o w		b u f f a l o	
	no. of births	ferti- lity rate	no. of births	ferti- lity rate	no. of births	ferti- lity rate	no. of births	ferti- lity rate
male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	male (in 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	2	15	34	1.3	-	2	6	5.1
2.	3	4	1300	50.8	51	80	70	66.1
3.	5	6	1227	41.7	72	45.9	72	37.5
4.	7	9	1158	1684	101	37.3	79	52.8
5.	10	12	285	1334	87	55	77	85.7
6.	13	15	55	285	5	17.5	13	44.9
7.	16	18	-	57	24	36.7	7	21
8.	19 above	-	-	-	5	50.0	5	27.0
9.	all ages	4050	5030	25.5*	-	-	1	48.0
10.	no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	144	230	x	244	374	219	14.3
11.				x	35	35	18	1
12.				x			x	1
13.							16	31.9*
14.							3	13
15.							x	11
16.							2	24.5*
17.								-

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers
no. of female animals possessed in the
corresponding age group.

* see footnote of all-India Table -2.

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers
for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Punjab

age group of mothers (in com- muted years)	rural		cow		buffalo		no. of births		ferti- lity		no. of births		ferti- lity		no. of births		ferti- lity	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
1. 2	11	7	1.0	-	7	0.2	4	1	4.8	-	1	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	
2. 3 - 4	425	482	49.1	707	849	35.9	44	64	73.0	43	51	48.5	-	-	-	-	-	
3.5 - 6	557	618	51.7	1187	1341	50.9	39	41	67.8	101	92	65.6	-	-	-	-	-	
4.7 - 9	616	579	43.1	1794	2208	53.1	46	42	49.2	146	164	60.4	-	-	-	-	-	
5.10 - 12	178	176	35.3	671	735	36.5	10	19	49.2	46	59	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	
5.13 - 15	31	58	30.3	222	280	40.6	2	2	25.0	5	21	42.6	-	-	-	-	-	
7.16 - 18	5	4	18.4	35	25	19.5	-	1	100.0	4	1	27.8	-	-	-	-	-	
8.19 & above	2	2	-	5	18	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9. all ages	1825	1226	28.1	* 4621	5463	29.5	145	170	35.4	346	36	37.0	-	-	-	-	-	
10. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	151	235	x	1134	1108	x	10	14	x	149	102	x	-	-	-	-	-	

note : fertility rate = $\frac{\text{no.of births by age group of mothers} \times 100}{\text{no.of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group}}$

* see footnote of all-India Table-2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers
for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Rajasthan

age group of mothers (in completed years)	c o w		buffalo		c o w		buffalo	
	no. of births	ferti- lity						
	male (in00)	female (0.0)	male (in00)	female (0.0)	male (in00)	female (0.0)	male (in00)	female (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)					
1.	2	9	0.3	-	-	1	0.4	-
2.	3	14	1165	1526	412	549	61	79
3.	5	6	2211	2400	48.6	1098	1313	96
4.	7	9	2845	2954	46.1	2059	2516	51.9
5.	10	12	740	797	26.9	784	649	52.7
5.	13	15	181	182	25.9	243	33.1	28.4
7.	16	18	5	32	19.7	16	12.8	12
8.	19& above	-	5	24	9	4	3	1
9. all ages	7162	7924	26.9*	4621	5285	26.7*	333	345
no. of animals born but died during the year(in00)	662	547	-	-	-	-	1	1
			1218	507	-	40	34	-
							53	32

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers

x 100

no. of female animals possessed in the
of corresponding age group

*see footnote/all-India Table-2.

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Tamil Nadu

age group of mothers (in comple- ted years)	rural				urban			
	c o w		buffalo		c o w		buffalo	
	no. of births	ferti- lity	no. of births	ferti- lity	no. of births	ferti- lity	no. of births	ferti- lity
male (in00)	female (in00)	male (in00)	female (in00)	male (in00)	female (in00)	male (in00)	female (in00)	male (in00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	2	20	10	0.7	-	31	1.7	6
2.	3	4	883	30.8	440	925	42.0	151
3.	5	6	1116	1300	28.0	746	37.7	149
4.	7	9	1059	1210	30.2	442	769	37.6
5.	10	12	220	263	13.9	144	190	21.7
6.	13	15	55	45	14.2	15	20	20.0
7.	16	18	-	5	11.1	-	10	33.3
8.	19 above	-	15	-	5	-	-	-
9.	not re- corded	31	10	-	-	5	-	1
10.	all ages	3383	4194	19.1*	1508	2696	24.3*	503
11.	no. of animals born but died during the year	218	153	-	349	409	-	50

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers x 100

no. of female animals possessed in the
corresponding age group

*see footnote of all-India Table -2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Tripura

at age group of mem bers (in cens us years)	rural			buffalo			cow			buffalo			urban		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		*
1.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.	3 - 4	43	79	41.9	-	1	7.1	0	2	40.0	-	-	-		
3.	5 - 6	68	105	45.9	2	-	20.0	2	4	60.0	-	-	-		
4.	7 - 9	82	122	42.9	4	2	31.6	4	6	52.6	0	-	-		
5.	10 - 12	44	56	35.2	2	3	33.3	2	2	66.7	-	-	-		
6.	13 - 15	9	20	42.0	3	1	57.1	1	-	100.0	-	-	-		
7.	16 - 18	4	8	32.4	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-		
8.	19 & above	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
9.	not recorded	2	2	-	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	0		
0.	all ages	253	393	26.9	11	7	22.5	9	15	35.8*	0	0	0		

no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)

note : fertility rate =

no. of births by age group of mothers

no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group

* see footnote of all- India Table - 2

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Uttar Pradesh

age group of mothers (in completed years)	r u r a l				c o w				u r b a n			
	no. of births		ferti-		no. of births		ferti-		no. of births		buffalo	
	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	l i t y (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	l i t y (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	l i t y (0.0)	male (in 00)	female (in 00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 2	-	17	0.2	12	-	0.1	1	1	0.8	-	-	-
2. 3 - 4	2388	2541	37.5	1779	2584	31.3	89	73	63.0	35	46	45.5
3. 5 - 6	3296	3375	43.8	3315	4234	47.8	115	132	57.0	96	94	60.3
4. 7 - 9	3391	3570	37.6	5258	6513	46.9	124	171	53.8	175	218	56.1
5. 10 - 12	1060	979	26.4	1587	2008	29.1	38	42	34.3	57	59	30.6
6. 13 - 15	365	300	33.6	370	479	30.8	12	10	38.6	12	22	48.6
7. 16 - 18	30	48	15.1	54	35	16.2	1	2	18.8	2	3	26.3
8. 19 & above	-	24	-	25	18	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
9. not recorded	-	18	-	30	12	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
10. all ages	10530	10872	25.2*	12430	15883	27.2*	380	433	32.9*	377	443	35.3*
no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	314	263	x	614	402	x	40	16	x	47	55	x

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers x 100

no. of female animals possessed in the
corresponding age group

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : West Bengal

age group of mothers in completed years)	r u r a l			u r b a n		
	c o w	b u f f a l o	c o w	b u f f a l o	b u f f a l o	
	no. of births ferti- lity male (in00) (0.0)					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2	5	5	0.1	-	3	6
3	2	1490	27.2	-	77	122
4	4	788	-	5	3.1	31.9
5	6	1432	2755	41	58.0	160
6	9	2092	3617	60	66.5	193
7	12	811	1558	40	38.3	167
8	15	194	301	-	26.5	55
9	18	18	47	19.1	7	28
10	above not recorded	5	10	-	4	6
11	15	-	-	5	-	39.3
12	1560	9583	28.1*	128	31.5*	478
13	233	215	-	218	31.4*	718
14	233	-	-	-	17	31.4*
15	233	-	-	-	4	87
16	233	-	-	-	-	176
17	233	-	-	-	-	54
18	233	-	-	-	-	35
19	233	-	-	-	-	33
20	233	-	-	-	-	28
21	233	-	-	-	-	23
22	233	-	-	-	-	37
23	233	-	-	-	-	-
24	233	-	-	-	-	-
25	233	-	-	-	-	-
26	233	-	-	-	-	-
27	233	-	-	-	-	-
28	233	-	-	-	-	-
29	233	-	-	-	-	-
30	233	-	-	-	-	-
31	233	-	-	-	-	-
32	233	-	-	-	-	-
33	233	-	-	-	-	-
34	233	-	-	-	-	-
35	233	-	-	-	-	-
36	233	-	-	-	-	-
37	233	-	-	-	-	-
38	233	-	-	-	-	-
39	233	-	-	-	-	-
40	233	-	-	-	-	-
41	233	-	-	-	-	-
42	233	-	-	-	-	-
43	233	-	-	-	-	-
44	233	-	-	-	-	-
45	233	-	-	-	-	-
46	233	-	-	-	-	-
47	233	-	-	-	-	-
48	233	-	-	-	-	-
49	233	-	-	-	-	-
50	233	-	-	-	-	-
51	233	-	-	-	-	-
52	233	-	-	-	-	-
53	233	-	-	-	-	-
54	233	-	-	-	-	-
55	233	-	-	-	-	-
56	233	-	-	-	-	-
57	233	-	-	-	-	-
58	233	-	-	-	-	-
59	233	-	-	-	-	-
60	233	-	-	-	-	-
61	233	-	-	-	-	-
62	233	-	-	-	-	-
63	233	-	-	-	-	-
64	233	-	-	-	-	-
65	233	-	-	-	-	-
66	233	-	-	-	-	-
67	233	-	-	-	-	-
68	233	-	-	-	-	-
69	233	-	-	-	-	-
70	233	-	-	-	-	-
71	233	-	-	-	-	-
72	233	-	-	-	-	-
73	233	-	-	-	-	-
74	233	-	-	-	-	-
75	233	-	-	-	-	-
76	233	-	-	-	-	-
77	233	-	-	-	-	-
78	233	-	-	-	-	-
79	233	-	-	-	-	-
80	233	-	-	-	-	-
81	233	-	-	-	-	-
82	233	-	-	-	-	-
83	233	-	-	-	-	-
84	233	-	-	-	-	-
85	233	-	-	-	-	-
86	233	-	-	-	-	-
87	233	-	-	-	-	-
88	233	-	-	-	-	-
89	233	-	-	-	-	-
90	233	-	-	-	-	-
91	233	-	-	-	-	-
92	233	-	-	-	-	-
93	233	-	-	-	-	-
94	233	-	-	-	-	-
95	233	-	-	-	-	-
96	233	-	-	-	-	-
97	233	-	-	-	-	-
98	233	-	-	-	-	-
99	233	-	-	-	-	-
100	233	-	-	-	-	-

note : fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers
 x 100
 no. of female animals possessed in the
 corresponding age group

*see footnote of all-India Table-2.

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY : 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Chandigarh

No. of female animals possessed in the no. of births by age group of mothers

100

corresponding gene known to possess such a function.

note : fertili.

* See footnote Table 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group
of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Delhi

age group of mothers (in com- pleted years)	rural			cow			buffalo			urban			
	no. of births male (00) (in 00)		fertility rate (0.0)	no. of births male (00) (in 00)		fertility rate (0.0)	no. of births male (00) (in 00)		fertility rate (0.0)	no. of births male (00) (in 00)		fertility rate (0.0)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 2	-	6	15.0	-	-	-	-	-	2	11.8	-	-	-
2. 3 - 4	12	-	70.6	40	6	102.2	3	18	72.4	8	27	89.7	
3. 5 - 6	-	-	-	23	29	43.0	9	12	116.7	24	42	76.7	
4. 7 - 9	11	6	42.5	35	45	49.7	3	5	36.4	42	47	39.2	
5. 10 - 12	-	-	-	-	-	6	15.0	2	57.1	5	12	23.6	
6. 13 - 15	-	-	-	-	6	-	100.0	-	-	2	-	100.0	
7. 16 - 18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8. 19 & above	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9. all ages	23	12	14.2	104	86	30.9*	17	39	38.9*	81	128	42.4*	
10. no. of ani- mals born but died during the year in(00)	X	X	X	6	6	X	2	7	X	30	42	X	

note : fertility rate = $\frac{\text{no. of births by age group}}{\text{no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group}} \times 100$

* see foot note of all-India Table-2

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group
of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Goa, Daman & Diu

age group of mothers (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo	
	no. of births male (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity (in 00) (0.0)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	3	4	4	7.5	-	-	-	-
3.	5	6	16	16	57.1	6	9	57.7
4.	7	9	30	29	48.0	10	18	127.3
5.	10	12	11	6	24.3	4	4	18.2
6.	13	15	13	2	42.9	4	-	26.7
7.	16	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. 19 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. not recorded	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
10. all ages	70	57	24.1*	26	31	33.1*	4	8
no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	7	11	x	7	7	x	1	0
							x	1
							1	1
							x	3
								33.3*

note : fertility rate = $\frac{\text{no. of births by age group of mothers}}{\text{no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group}} \times 100$

* see footnote of all-India Table - 2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers
 for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Pondicherry

age group of mothers (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo	
	no. of births male (in 00)	female (in 00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)	no. of births male (in 00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00)	ferti- lity rate (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00)
1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	3	4	-	12	28.2	1	28.6	-
3.	5	6	-	11	46.8	4	62.5	3
4.	7	9	-	16	22	44.2	3	55.3
5.	10	12	-	4	2	17.6	1	63.6
6.	13	15	-	1	1	15.4	2	70.6
7.	16	18	-	5	100.0	-	1	50.0
8.	19 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	all ages	-	-	40	57	22.8*	9	32.4*
	no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)				15		14	39.4*
	6	4	x	4	3	x	1	5
					2		x	30.8*
							1	2
							x	x

Note : Fertility rate = no. of births by age group of mothers

no. of female animals possessed in the
corresponding age group x 100

* see footnote of all-India Table-2.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (2) : Number of male and female births and fertility rate by age group of mothers for cows and she-buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : All-India

age group of mothers (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	c o w		buffalo		c o w		buffalo	
	no. of births male (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births male (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity (in 00) (0.0)	no. of births female (in 00) (0.0)	ferti- lity (in 00) (0.0)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. 2	170	193	0.5	43	65	0.2	30	41
2. 3 - 4	15444	20506	35.8	6871	10708	32.4	945	1323
3. 5 - 6	22565	28611	43.0	12030	16518	46.3	1281	1670
4. 7 - 9	25526	30770	39.6	17669	24256	45.9	1386	1809
5. 10 - 12	8007	9258	26.0	6243	7725	29.2	411	570
6. 13 - 15	2126	2339	27.0	1894	2151	33.4	125	160
7. 16 - 18	267	305	17.3	267	249	20.0	18	18
8. 19 & above	47	130	-	86	94	-	7	13
9. not recorded	88	67	-	65	56	-	8	21
10. all ages	74240	92179	24.9	45168	61822	26.5*	4211	5625
no. of animals born but died during the year (in 00)	4989	5154	x	10483	7753	x	415	405
note : fertility rate =	$\frac{\text{no. of births by age group of mothers}}{\text{no. of female animals possessed in the corresponding age group}}$ x 100				x	1097	1097	910
						x		x

* the figures in cols. 4, 7, 10 and 13 against 'all ages' give the general fertility rates which have been derived as the ratios of total births to total female animals multiplied by 100.

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Andhra Pradesh

note : death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}} \times 1000$

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State: Assam

note : death rate = no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex.

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Bihar

	age at death (completed years)	rural			urban			buffalo no. of deaths (in 00) male female	cattle no. of deaths (in 00) male female	death rate (in 00) male female	no. of deaths death rate (in 00) male female	buffalo no. of deaths (in 00) male female	cattle no. of deaths (in 00) male female	death rate (in 00) male female	buffalo no. of deaths (in 00) male female	cattle no. of deaths (in 00) male female	death rate (in 00) male female	buffalo no. of deaths (in 00) male female	cattle no. of deaths (in 00) male female	death rate (in 00) male female	buffalo no. of deaths (in 00) male female	cattle no. of deaths (in 00) male female	death rate (in 00) male female	buffalo no. of deaths (in 00) male female	cattle no. of deaths (in 00) male female	death rate (in 00) male female										
		(1)		(2)		(3)																														
		(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)
1.	0	463	422	88	65	848	709	449	221	40	38	135	92	42	31	1077	330																			
2.	1	137	140	35	32	120	96	171	46	7	12	45	56	3	3	150	88																			
3.	2	76	75	15	12	30	30	41	10	3	1	25	4	3	2	214	43																			
4.	3 - 4	107	87	21	13	60	60	62	16	2	4	18	14	1	3	37	55																			
5.	5 - 6	274	122	18	14	56	25	31	6	6	9	21	19	-	3	-	29																			
6.	7 - 9	388	201	14	18	10	90	4	14	23	12	39	27	-	4	-	24																			
7.	10 & above	792	309	41	55	45	130	32	37	18	20	41	81	-	3	-	22																			
8.	not recorded	25	31	x	x	39	26	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	-	-																			
9.	all ages	2266	1387	27	28	1208	1166	121	45	99	98	50	40	50	50	194	79																			

note : - death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}} \times 1000$

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death
for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Gujarat

age at death (completed years)	rural						urban					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	291	389	234	228	1122	1163	1232	415	24	33	270	220
2. 1	90	80	63	48	56	118	119	41	6	14	113	116
3. 2	106	35	39	15	17	70	68	16	1	7	58	-
4. 3	89	63	32	22	25	142	146	35	4	13	35	68
5. 4	6	163	294	30	87	9	138	89	31	8	25	56
6. 7	9	249	540	26	74	28	224	289	34	10	35	25
7. 10 & above	693	200	71	74	16	224	545	55	34	29	106	156
8. not record- ed	38	26	-	-	54	33	-	-	1	7	-	1
9. all ages	1719	1427	52	73	1327	2112	645	72	88	163	72	127

note : death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}} \times 1000$

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (5) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Haryana

age at death (completed years)	rural						urban					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	86	193	55	136	1359	608	650	188	9	11	106	81
2. 1	39	35	44	25	124	124	167	48	2	1	61	17
3. 2	7	25	12	18	12	76	46	26	4	1	222	24
4. 3	4	57	55	65	24	22	95	162	30	-	2	-
5. 5	6	60	33	31	19	26	147	154	43	1	4	21
6. 7	9	145	62	49	32	9	150	58	33	6	5	75
7. 10 & above	25	65	100	69	27	112	628	44	4	3	61	55
8. not record- ed	13	9	-	-	49	40	-	-	-	1	-	-
9. all ages	642	455	57	45	1628	1352	453	60	26	28	74	49

note : death rate =

no. of deaths by age and sex
x 1000

no. of animals possessed in the respective
age group by sex

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (5) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Bihar

age at death (completed years)	r u r a l		u r b a n		c a t t l e		b u f f a l o		c a t t l e		b u f f a l o	
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	0	223	17	254	169	396	205	2415	447	2	353	182
2.	1	65	89	100	16	30	219	79	1	143	111	1
3.	2	52	32	32	3	12	45	26	-	-	-	-
4.	3	42	41	42	4	1	77	2	1	333	143	-
5.	5	55	52	40	6	10	140	19	0	-	0	-
6.	7	65	66	27	33	7	36	219	32	1	56	155
7.	10 & above	205	131	68	65	7	63	318	266	1	85	77
8.	not recorded	1	1	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	all ages	687	608	64	65	444	357	982	74	6	8	97

note : death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}} \times 1000$

National Sample Survey, 30th Round : July 1975 - June 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Jammu & Kashmir

age at death (completed years)	rural						urban						no. of deaths (in 00) rate	no. of deaths (in 00) rate	no. of deaths (in 00) rate			
	buffalo			cattle			buffalo			cattle								
	male male	female male	female male	male male	female male	female male	male male	female male	female male	male male	female male	male male						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)		
1.	0	204	128	223	109	140	74	1053	186	9	8	191	133	1	1	333	200	
2.	1	66	57	93	74	16	18	188	76	3	3	100	75	1	-	-	-	
3.	2	37	34	45	37	8	6	113	18	2	102	100	45	-	0	-	-	
4.	3 - 4	58	46	88	44	6	11	78	41	2	2	154	41	0	-	-	-	
5.	5 - 6	62	65	44	43	3	13	31	37	1	3	50	42	-	-	-	-	
6.	7 - 9	88	152	39	69	5	36	47	49	2	4	54	36	--	-	-	-	
7. 10 & above	64	90	55	85	6	49	182	63	2	4	105	80	-	-1	-	143		
8. not re- corded	2	1	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9. all ages	581	573	73	66	184	207	305	67	21	26	113	61	2	2	286	61		

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex $\times 1000$

no. of animals possessed in the respective
age group by sex.

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of cattle by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Karnataka

age at death (completed years)	rural						urban					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	no. of deaths (in '00)	death rate (in '00)										
male	fe- male	male	fe- male	male	fe- male	male	male	fe- male	male	fe- male	male	fe- male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	543	713	151	134	926	981	615	323	51	72	178	131
2. 1	168	258	55	77	97	86	115	47	12	20	73	58
3. 2	111	181	32	47	29	61	63	31	5	14	27	53
4. 3 - 4	169	138	37	19	54	48	152	13	2	10	9	17
5. 5 - 6	190	199	24	26	17	107	31	28	11	16	27	27
6. 7 - 9	239	308	19	34	35	159	47	35	10	13	16	23
7. 10 & above	385	278	39	46	21	114	40	34	10	46	16	112
8. not re- corded	10	10									2	24
9. all ages	1815	2085	40	49	1179	1556	236	69	111	191	42	58

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex
no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex.

x 1000

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death
for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Kerala

age at death (complete years)	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	347	269	167	110	97	130	567	760	32	50	193	228
2. 1	78	75	91	40	11	15	102	139	8	5	178	32
3. 2	4	37	8	16	-	-	-	-	1	4	63	26
4. 3 - 4	12	19	33	6	-	8	25	4	4	-	16	-
5. 5 - 6	4	37	7	13	4	-	7	-	4	-	17	-
6. 7 - 9	25	78	23	27	18	-	29	-	4	-	18	-
7. 10 & above	41	67	37	42	15	-	44	-	-	-	3	-
8. not recorded	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
9. all ages	511	586	77	34	145	153	59	89	41	72	130	53

note : death rate =

no. of deaths by age and sex

x 1000
no. of animals possessed in the respective
age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death
for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Madhya Pradesh

age at death (completed years)	rural				cattle				buffalo				urban			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1. 0	1202	996	194	139	852	547	504	262	46	24	212	89	65	38	1000	494
2. 1	823	620	84	58	312	199	155	69	23	27	90	87	12	13	273	165
3. 2	545	366	43	26	216	170	126	41	9	10	38	31	4	-	118	-
4. 3 - 4	382	325	31	21	95	110	62	29	10	7	63	19	2	1	118	11
5. 5 - 6	303	420	18	26	76	165	40	39	3	13	14	28	-	3	-	26
6. 7 - 9	793	764	25	32	199	232	47	37	12	23	30	44	3	18	136	66
7. 10 & above	1984	1614	58	88	439	426	127	59	43	41	87	82	6	12	462	52
8. not recorded	40	16	-	-	24	11	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. all ages	6072	5121	49	48	2211	1860	134	61	147	146	74	53	92	85	438	91

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex

x 1000

no. of animals possessed in the respective
age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Maharashtra

age at death (completed years)	rural		urban		buffalo											
	cattle		cattle													
	no. of deaths (in00)	death rate	no. of deaths (in00)	death rate												
male	female	male	female	male	female											
0	491	569	82	1083	920	663	362	49	50	146	104	197	152	1216	450	
1	125	191	26	39	90	66	105	39	10	45	42	9	17	13	6	
2	124	126	20	23	28	26	54	11	9	48	26	5	139	50	50	
3	98	142	16	22	29	48	63	22	7	39	19	-	8	-	45	
4	152	183	14	20	34	54	54	19	9	26	25	3	7	429	21	
5	281	215	18	21	30	71	34	14	16	17	27	2	24	125	36	
6	666	437	36	58	39	147	58	34	22	42	44	4	19	100	35	
7	10	above	not re- corded	54	62	40	40	9	1	52	52	16	19	233	73	99
8	all ages	1992	1925	29	38	1373	1341	9	1	64	64	61	61	233	73	99

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex x 1000

no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex

n/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Manipur

	rural		cattle		buffalo		urban		
	age at death (completed years)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
male	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
female	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
1.	0	1	22	17	1	-	100	-	-
2.	1	2	21	8	-	-	-	-	-
3.	2	11	11	14	-	-	-	-	-
4.	3 - 4	1	1	6	5	-	-	-	-
5.	5 - 6	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
6.	7 - 9	1	1	4	10	-	1	29	-
7.	10 & above	-	-	-	-	-	1	157	-
8.	all ages	7	5	7	7	1	2	8	10

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex

x 1000

no. of animals possessed in the respective

age group by sex

h/q

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Meghalaya

age at death (completed year)		cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
		no. of deaths (in 00)		death rate male	no. of deaths (in 00)		death rate male	no. of deaths (in 00)		death rate male	no. of deaths (in 00)		death rate male	no. of deaths (in 00)		death rate male	no. of deaths (in 00)		death rate male
		fe- male	fe- male	fe- male	fe- male														
1.	0	6	6	52	39	2	3	250	429	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.	1	7	12	51	72	1	2	111	182	1	1	1000	250	-	-	-	-		
3.	2	4	5	21	36	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4.	3	4	7	17	26	1	1	42	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
5.	5 - 6	4	4	11	15	-	1	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
6.	7 - 9	2	7	5	26	1	-	1	-	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
7.10 & above	3	6	10	41	-	1	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
8. all ages	30	48	17	33	6	8	59	49	1	1	1	250	45	-	-	-	-		

note : death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex} \times 1000}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}}$

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (5) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Nagaland

age at death (completed years)	r u r a l						u r b a n					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
2.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	3 - 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	5 - 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	7 - 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	10 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.	all ages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	111	63

Note : Death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}} \times 1000$

no. of deaths by age and sex =

no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Orissa

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex
x 1000

in the respective age group by sex.

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle
and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Punjab

age at death (completed years)	rural						urban					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	no. of deaths (in00)	death rate										
	male	female										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
												(14)
												(15)
												(16)
												(17)
1.	0	233	319	136	180	1443	1411	561	327	18	135	108
2.	1	86	63	57	41	120	129	116	37	2	128	21
3.	2	32	32	23	18	43	81	91	-	5	-	48
4.	3	68	48	53	26	38	115	91	27	2	7	44
5.	5	90	88	39	39	50	174	80	35	6	7	47
6.	7	176	110	49	40	74	232	105	31	4	8	103
7.	10 & above	210	108	55	78	20	187	57	34	5	4	37
8. not re-												52
9. all ages	899	768	58	58	1808	2338	292	69	20	9	51	77
												1
												207
												186
												724
												93

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex / 1000

no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Rajasthan

age at death (completed years)	rural				urban			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	no. of deaths (in00)	death rate						
male	fe-	male	fe-	male	male	fe-	male	fe-
male	male	male	female	male	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	0	54	935	135	126	1562	687	449
2.	1	45	245	59	46	209	186	126
3.	2	137	152	30	25	73	168	71
4.	3	150	185	30	25	45	136	111
5.	5	205	414	35	44	53	111	89
6.	7	322	22	49	42	310	99	36
7.	10 &	312	79	110	24	434	110	64
8. not re-	corded	19	19	5	14	1	105	152
9. all agin	250	3397	56	61	2013	2046	247	86

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex
x 1000
no. of animals possessed in the respective
age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for rural and urban areas.

State : Tamil Nadu

age at death (completed years)	rural		urban		cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo		death rate (in 00)		death rate (in 00)	
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	0	312	352	94	446	643	369	272	86	70	166	102	150	153	1056	571
2.	1	83	93	23	26	50	103	49	20	20	53	8	6	154	50	43
3.	2	89	54	27	13	30	67	16	-	6	17	4	4	200	43	20
4.	3	4	85	13	12	43	43	20	10	14	75	20	1	4	67	37
5.	5	6	55	146	7	40	106	13	5	19	15	26	-	14	-	47
6.	7	9	159	202	14	27	15	80	25	17	19	37	24	-	23	47
7.	10 & above	143	179	16	42	12	14	12	12	13	29	34	-	7	-	26
8. not recorded	5	22	28	596	966	170	56	150	150	161	69	40	163	211	634	117
9. all ages	926	1114	22	28	596	966	170	56	150	161	69	40	163	211	634	117

note : death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}}$ x 1000

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Tripura

age at death (completed years)	rural				urban			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	15	19	103	78	5	1	1250	333
2.	38	28	190	111	-	1	167	1
3.	21	5	74	15	-	-	-	-
4.	3 - 4	9	14	37	48	-	-	-
5.	5 - 6	6	7	16	19	1	111	100
6.	7 - 9	13	12	17	25	1	91	211
7.	10 & above	16	26	23	64	1	143	136
8.	not recorded	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	all ages	118	114	43	48	8	10	170

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex

x 1000

no. of animals possessed in the
respective age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Uttar Pradesh

age at death (completed years)	r u r a l		u r b a n					
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. 0	1631	1453	166	141	5913	3765	747	286
2. 1	487	410	55	50	496	581	118	69
3. 2	250	275	23	30	239	293	80	25
4. 3	473	363	32	28	224	399	62	29
5. 5	818	545	28	36	219	457	36	29
6. 7	1418	819	30	44	310	879	50	35
7. 10 & above	3705	1160	93	112	231	733	95	46
8. all ages	8782	5025	55	59	7632	7107	228	68

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex x 1000

no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : West Bengal

age at death completed years)	rural						urban					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	no. of deaths (in00)	death rate										
male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	0	250	320	91	70	45	23	1667	383	38	54	148
2.	1	42	494	108	79	14	23	154	172	33	43	113
3.	2	170	194	32	28	-	4	-	37	13	10	93
4.	3	145	195	30	23	5	4	18	25	2	9	16
5.	4	96	115	16	15	5	5	21	42	3	7	14
6.	5	217	251	14	22	15	15	12	60	4	15	38
7.	6	380	430	21	53	38	-	21	-	9	19	28
8.	7	10&above	not recorded	9	27	24	-	-	-	6	8	-
9.	all ages	1747	2023	31	38	140	74	28	67	70	43	58

no. of deaths by age and sex x 1000

note : death rate = no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex

b/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (5) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Chandigarh

age at death (completed years)	r u r a l		c a t t l e		u r b a n		b u f f a l o	
	c a t t l e		b u f f a l o		c a t t l e		b u f f a l o	
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	3 - 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	5 - 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	7 - 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	10 & above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.	all ages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex
x 1000
no. of animals possessed in the
respective age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Delhi

age at death (completed years)	rural		cattle		buffalo		urban	
	death no. of deaths (in00)	rate (in00)						
male	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
0	-	-	-	-	29	11	420	96
1	-	-	-	-	6	2	87	3
2	-	-	-	-	500	-	103	-
3	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
5	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
6	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
7	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
8 & above	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-
8 all ages	17	12	72	49	29	23	266	37
							5	5
							68	9
							62	42
							41	41
							568	83

note : death rate = no. of deaths by age and sex

x 1000

no. of animals possessed in the respective
age group by sex.

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Goa, Daman & Diu

age at death (completed years)	r u r a l						u r b a n					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	male female	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	male female	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	male female	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	male female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1.	0	13	18	245	409	18	22	1385	2000	1	1	500
2.	1	11	2	379	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	2	-	2	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	3 - 4	7	4	83	75	6	2	300	83	1	-	167
5.	5 - 6	-	2	-	36	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
6.	7 - 9	9	-	67	-	-	9	-	409	-	200	-
7.	10 & above	15	29	76	248	2	7	32	111	2	1	154
8. all ages	55	57	87	108	26	40	167	233	5	2	139	50
												750
												67

note : death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}} \times 1000$

sc/

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (5) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Pondicherry

age at death (com- pleted years)	r u r a l						u r b a n					
	cattle			buffalo			cattle			buffalo		
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)										
male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	9	8	273	151	5	2	1000	250	2	154	182	1
2. 1	5	-	86	-	1	1	1000	143	1	500	250	-
3. 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. 3-4.	1	1	111	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. 5-6	-	1	-	16	-	1	-	125	1	1	333	83.
6. 7-9	1	1	11	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
7. 10 & above	-	1	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.all ages	14	12	50	28	6	5	667	68	4	125	56	2
												77

note : death rate =

no. of deaths by age and sex $\times 1000$

no. of animals possessed in the respective
age group by sex

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (3) : Number of deaths by sex and death rate classified by age at death for cattle and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : All-India

age at death (completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n				buffalo			
	cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo		cattle		buffalo	
	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)	no. of deaths (in 00)	death rate (in 00)
male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1. 0	7933	8355	130	110	17688	13361	604	268	592	605	165	126
2. 1	3410	3464	61	53	1901	2012	122	56	180	220	89	67
3. 2	2004	1870	29	24	824	1180	72	25	73	94	45	29
4. 3 - 4	2164	2137	28	21	727	1412	59	26	53	120	34	26
5. 5 - 6	2967	3516	20	28	753	1721	39	28	79	192	28	35
6. 7 - 9	5207	4799	22	34	953	2792	38	31	152	233	30	36
7. 10 & above	11050	6621	54	76	1073	2917	77	46	227	296	50	75
8. not record- ed	286	248	-	-	235	148	-	-	15	32	-	-
9. all ages	35001	30810	41	46	24154	25543	189	63	1371	1792	64	56

note : death rate = $\frac{\text{no. of deaths by age and sex}}{\text{no. of animals possessed in the respective age group by sex}} \times 1000$

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Andhra Pradesh

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban		
	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo
	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. up to 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. 4	10	7	14	8	23*	-
3. 5 - 6	17	9	17	9	21*	-
4. 7 - 9	22	10	20	10	22	8
5. 10 - 12	23	10	20	10	23	9
6. 13 - 15	27	11	23	11	23	10
7. 16 & above	26	12	25	10	27	10
8. all ages	22	10	20	10	22	10
avg. age at first calving (months)						
	47	x	46	x	44	x

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Assam

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Bihar

age group (in completed years)	rural		urban		av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. period between two calvings of previous lactation (months)	av. period between two calvings of previous lactation (months)	av. period between two calvings of previous lactation (months)	av. period between two calvings of previous lactation (months)	av. period between two calvings of previous lactation (months)
	cows	buffalo	cows	buffalo							
1. upto 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	10	-	-	10	11	12	-	-	-	-
3.	5 - 6	16	8	17	10	17	8	19	19	19	19
4.	7 - 9	20	9	19	10	20	8	19	19	19	19
5.	10 - 12	21	9	19	10	20	9	19	19	19	19
6.	13-15	22	9	19	10	22	10	22	22	22	22
7.	16 & above	27	10	20	12	19	9	19	19	19	19
8. all ages	20	9	19	10	10	20	8	20	20	20	20
av. age at first calving (months)	48	X	49	X	47	X	50	X	50	X	50

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Gujarat

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban			buffalo		
	cow av. interval between two calvings (months)	buffalo av. interval between two calvings (months)	cow av. period of previ- ous lacta- tion (months)	buffalo av. period of previ- ous lacta- tion (months)	cow av. interval between two calvings (months)	buffalo av. period of previ- ous lacta- tion (months)	cow av. period between two calvings (months)	buffalo av. period between two calvings (months)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
1. up to 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.	4	16	-	12	-	16	-	12	
3.	5 - 6	16	10	16	10	17	11	17	
4.	7 - 9	20	11	17	11	20	11	11	
5.	10 - 12	21	10	20	11	21	11	11	
6.	13 - 15	26	11	21	11	29	11	20	
7.	16 & above	23	11	24	11	23	10	22	
8. all ages	21	11	19	11	21	11	21	11	
av. age at first calving (months)	47	x	43	x	44	x	43	x	

NATIONAL SUPPLY SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Haryana

age group (in completed years)	r u r a l			u r b a n				
	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo	av. period between two calvings (months)	av. period between two lactations (months)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. up to 3	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-
2. 4	10	-	-	21	3	10	-	-
3. 5 - 6	16	8	16	9	16	7	16	10
4. 7 - 9	17	9	18	10	17	8	17	10
5. 10 - 12	17	9	17	10	17	10	16	10
6. 13 - 15	17	9	17	6	15	8	17	12
7. 16 & above	14	9	17	10	-	-	13	10
8. all ages	17	9	17	10	17	8	17	10
av. age at first calving(months)	44	x	46	x	43	x	46	x

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Himeachal Pradesh

age group (in completed years)*	r u r a l		c o w		b u f f a l o		c o w		b u f f a l o	
	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)								
(1)			(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)	
1. upto 3	18	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	-	9	-	-	-	11	-	-	109
3.	5	6	18	9	16	-	12	-	-	-
4.	7	9	22	10	24	-	14	-	-	-
5.	10	12	24	10	25	15	25	10	21	11
6.	13	15	24	11	24	11	21	10	24	13
7.	16 & above		25	11	14	13	38	12	23	-
8. all ages			25	10	12	12	26	12	21	14
av. age at first calving (months)			53	x	58	x	46	x	35	x

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and averages period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Jammu & Kashmir

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban		
	c o w	buffalo	c o w	buffalo	c o w	buffalo
1. upto 3	12	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	14	10	-	-	-
3.	5	6	18	10	-	-
4.	7 - 9	28	11	17	12	23
5.	10-12	21	11	24	13	17
6.	13 -15	24	12	27	14	20
7.	16 & above	23	16	26	15	26
8. all ages	21	11	25	14	21	11
average age at first calving (months)	50	-	53	-	50	54
						13

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Karnataka

age group (in completed years)	rural				urban			
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo	
	average interval between two calvings	average interval of pre- vious calvings						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. up to 3.	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-
2.	4	15	6	30	4	20	4	17
3.	5 -	6	20	4	4	20	4	5
4.	7 - 9	23	6	22	5	23	5	5
5.	10 - 12	29	6	24	6	23	5	23
6.	13 - 15	26	7	29	5	31	4	27
7.	16 & above	29	7	28	7	31	5	23
8. all ages	24	6	24	5	24	5	24	5
average at first calving (months)	44	-	43	-	41	-	41	-

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table : (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Kerala

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban					
	cow		buffalo		cow		buffalo		
	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
1. up to 3	18	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
2.	4	15	11	-	17	-	-	9	-
3.	5 - 6	18	8	18	9	17	9	19	7
4.	7 - 9	21	9	22	11	22	10	22	10
5.	10 - 12	23	9	26	10	25	9	25	14
6.	13 - 15	24	9	27	10	23	10	29	4
7.	16 & above	23	9	32	15	29	-	-	-
8. all ages	22	9	24	10	22	9	23	11	-
av. age at first calving	44 (months)	x	47	x	43	x	46	x	

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table : (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Madhya Pradesh

age group (in completed years)	cow			buffalo			urban		
	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)						
1. up to 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	14	7	21	7	14	10	-	-
3. 5 - 6	5	14	8	14	8	15	8	15	10
4. 7 - 9	7	21	9	21	10	20	8	25	10
5. 10 - 12	10	23	9	23	10	22	9	25	11
6. 13 - 15	13	26	9	25	10	27	7	26	13
7. 16 & above	16	26	9	26	11	21	8	32	12
8. all ages	23	9	23	10	22	8	25	11	-
av. age at first calving (months)	90	x	54	x	50	x	49	x	-

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Maharashtra

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban		
	c o w	buffalo	c o w	buffalo	average interval between two calvings (months)	average period of previous lactation (months)
1. upto 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	9	10	6	-	-
3.	5 - 6	17	9	17	10	20
4.	7 - 9	21	10	21	11	22
5.	10 - 12	17	9	41	10	22
6.	13 - 15	24	9	24	11	21
7.	16 & above	25	9	25	11	22
8. all ages	22	9	38	11	21	9
avg. age at first calving (months)	48	x	49	x	47	x
					48	x
						10

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Manipur

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Meghalaya

age group (in completed years)	rural			cow			u.e.b.d. buffalo		
	cow av. interval between two previous calvings (months)	av. period between two previous calvings (months)	av. interval between two previous calvings (months)	cow av. period between two previous calvings (months)	av. interval between two previous calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two previous calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1. upto . 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. 5 - 6	15	8	13	8.0	19	10	15.	-	-
4. 7 - 9	17	9	20	10	17	9	-	-	-
5. 10 - 12	18	8	20	8	20	9	-	-	-
6. 13 - 15	21	9	27	-	13	9	-	-	-
7. 16 & above	17	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. all ages	17	9	20	9	18	9	-	-	-
av. age at 1st first calving (months)	46	x	56	x	45	x	x	x	x

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : N. Carolina

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation
 in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes.
 in rural and urban areas.

State : Orissa

age group (in completed years)	r u r a l			u r b a n		
	c o w	buffalo	c o w	buffalo	average interval between two lactation calvings (months)	average interval between two lactation calvings (months)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. upto 3	-	-	-	-	-	(8)
2.	4	13	5	-	21	(9)
3.	5 - 6	18	9	24	16	-
4.	7 - 9	22	10	23	18	-
5.	10 - 12	22	10	20	10	6
6.	13 - 15	24	10	26	21	10
7.	16&above	27	9	23	24	13
8. all ages	22	10	23	23	9	10
average age at first calving (months)	47	49	44	21	8	23
						10
						41.
						X

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Punjab

age group in completed years)	rural			urban		
	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo
1. upto 3	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2.	4	7	2	9	11	12
3.	5 - 6	17	9	16	10	18
4.	7 - 9	18	9	18	11	18
5.	10 - 12	18	10	14	11	16
6.	13 - 15	17	9	17	11	17
7.	16 & above	19	10	18	12	11
p. all ages		18	9	17	11	16
av. age at first calving (month)		46	x	47	x	43
						10
						17
						9
						x
						47
						x
						47

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Rajasthan

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban		
	c o w	bu f f a l o	c o w	bu f f a l o	c o w	bu f f a l o
average interval between previous two lactation calvings (months)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. upto 3	-	8	11	10	-	-
2.	4	10	8	11	-	-
3.	5 - 6	16	9	16	9	12
4.	7 - 9	21	9	20	17	18
5.	10 - 12	22	9	21	11	19
6.	13 - 15	24	10	22	11	20
7. 16 & above	24	8	24	11	19	10
8. all ages	21	9	21	11	19	26
average at first calving (months)	49	52	48	50	48	52
h/d						

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation
 in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes
 in rural and urban areas.

State : Tamil Nadu

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban		
	c o w	b u f f a l o	c o w	c o w	b u f f a l o	
1. upto - 3	-	-	-	22	-	-
2.	4	13	7	17	9	11
3.	5 - 6	20	8	18	9	22
4.	7 - 9	24	8	23	10	23
5.	10 - 12	27	10	25	11	10
6.	13 - 15	28	11	31	11	28
7.	16 above	31	8	23	10	28
8. all ages	25	9	23	10	6	16
average age at first calving (months)	44	43	42	42	9	25
					41	10

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table : (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Tripura.

age group (in completed years)	rural		urban	
	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo
av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. period of between two previous calvings (months)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1. up to 3	-	-	-	-
2. 4	15	-	-	-
3. 5 - 6	14	9	15	21
4. 7 - 9	19	9	18	5
5. 10 - 12	21	10	14	12
6. 13 - 15	24	8	24	25
7. 16 & above	24	7	-	28
8. all ages	21	9	18	6
av. age at first calving (months)	47	24	24	9
	x	62	x	30
av. age at first calving (months)	47	24	24	9
	x	41	x	30
				7
				x

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Uttar Pradesh

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban			av. period between two of previ- ous lacta- tion (months)	av. period between two calvings (months)	av. period of previ- ous lacta- tion (months)	av. period between two calvings (months)	av. age at first calving (months)
	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo	cows	buffalo					
1. up to 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123
2.	4	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	5 - 6	16	8	25	9	17	7	16	7	16	7
4.	7 - 9	18	9	21	9	15	8	21	9	21	9
5.	10 - 12	22	9	21	10	21	4	21	9	21	9
6.	13 - 15	24	9	21	10	21	8	19	9	19	9
7.	16 & above	25	10	25	10	23	9	25	10	25	10
8. all ages	20	9	21	9	23	8	20	9	9	44	x
av. age at first calving (months)	47	x	46	x	44	x	44	x	x	44	x

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : West Bengal

age group (in completed years)	r u r a l		u r b a n		average interval between two calvings (months)	average interval between two lactation periods (months)	average interval between two calvings (months)	average interval between two lactation periods (months)	average interval between two calvings (months)	average interval between two lactation periods (months)	
	c o w	b u f f a l o	c o w	b u f f a l o							
1. upto	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	12	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	5 - 6	20	9	20	11	13	8	17	8	17	8
4.	7 - 9	22	9	22	11	21	9	22	10	22	10
5.	10 - 12	24	9	23	11	23	8	21	10	23	10
6.	13 - 15	24	10	25	8	20	10	23	9	23	9
7. 16 & above	27	9	15	-	24	12	21	12	23	13	13
8. all ages	23	9	23	10	21	9	22	10	22	10	10
ave. age at first calving (months)	50	x	56	x	49	x	62	x	62	x	x

h/d

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Chandigarh

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976
 in different age groups and average period of previous lactation
 in rural and urban areas.

State : Delhi

age group (in completed years)	rural			urban		
	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo	av. interval between two previous calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)
1. upto 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. 5 - 6	15	-	9	-	10	9
4. 7 - 9	12	-	15	11	14	8
5. 10 - 12	28	-	18	9	18	11
6. 13 - 15	3	-	22	12	19	11
7. 16 & above	54	12	10	8	18	7
8. all ages	21	-	-	-	-	-
av. age at first calving (months)	44	x	17	10	17	9
	46	x	42	x	41	x

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

State : Goa, Daman & Diu

Age Group (in completed years)	r u r a l				u r b a n			
	cow	buffalo	cow	buffalo				
	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. upto 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	5 - 6	-	-	24	-	-	-	-
4.	7 - 9	22	8	28	10	29	-	28
5.	10 - 12*	24	9	20	11	21	7	28
6.	13 - 15	22	7	27	-	21	12	24
7.	16 & above	20	8	22	10	23	-	12
8. all ages	23	8	23	10	23	7	26	9
av. age at first calving (months)	68	x	65	67	x	65	x	x

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NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4) : Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas

State : Pondicherry

age group (in com- pleted years)	r u r a l			u r b a n			c o w	b u f f a l o	c o w	b u f f a l o
	c o w		b u f f a l o	c o w		b u f f a l o				
	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
1. upto 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	5	6	21	8	-	-	20	12	12	12
4.	7	9	22	8	27	12	32	8	32	13
5.	10	12	27	7	31	11	26	9	27	8
6.	13	15	21	8	-	-	28	10	29	-
7.	16 & above	15	15	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. all ages	24	8	29	12	29	9	28	11		
av. age at first calving (months)	49	x	40	x	43	x	43	x		

NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY, 30TH ROUND : JULY 1975 - JUNE 1976

Table (4).: Average interval between two calvings and average period of previous lactation in different age groups and average age at first calving for cows and buffaloes in rural and urban areas.

Station : All-India

age group (in completed years)	r u r a l		u r b a n		c o w		b u f f a l o	
	av. interval between two calvings (months)	av. period of previous lactation (months)						
1. up to 3	13	8	12	9	16	-	-	-
2. 4	12	6	13	6	17	7	13	10
3. 5 - 6	17	8	18	8	18	7	18	8
4. 7 - 9	22	9	20	9	21	8	21	9
5. 10 - 12	23	9	21	10	22	8	21	9
6. 13 - 15	24	9	22	10	23	8	22	10
7. 16 & above	25	9	23	11	23	9	24	10
8. all ages	23	9	21	10	21	8	21	9
av. age at first calving (months)	48	x	47	x	46	x	46	x

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APPENDIX - III

FACSIMILE OF SCHEDULE OF INVESTIGATION