



रा.प्र.सर्वे. रिपोर्ट सं. 564(68/10/5)
NSS Report No. 564(68/10/5)

भारत के महानगरों एवं नगरों में रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी की स्थिति

Employment and Unemployment Situation in Cities and Towns in India

रा.प्र.सर्वे. 68वां दौर
NSS 68th Round
(जुलाई 2011 - जून 2012)
(July 2011 - June 2012)



राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय
National Sample Survey Office
सांख्यिकी और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय
Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation
भारत सरकार
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**अप्रैल 2015
April 2015**

प्राक्कथन

राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय (एनएसएसओ) के अखिल भारत रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी के सर्वेक्षण राष्ट्रीय तथा राज्य स्तर के श्रम बाजार आंकड़ों के प्रमुख स्रोत हैं। इन सर्वेक्षणों से तैयार किए गए राष्ट्रीय तथा राज्य/संघ राज्यक्षेत्र स्तर के श्रम-बल सूचकांक विभिन्न सरकारी संगठनों के योजना तथा नीति-निर्माण संबंधी कार्यों के लिए महत्वपूर्ण इनपुट हैं तथा अनेक अन्य उपयोगकर्ताओं/शोधकर्ताओं के लिए आंकड़ों के महत्वपूर्ण घटक के रूप में भी प्रयोग में लाए जाते हैं। बड़े प्रतिदर्श परिवारों के साथ रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी के बारे में एनएसएस के सर्वेक्षण 27वें दौर (अक्टूबर 1972 से सितम्बर 1973) के आगे से पंचवर्षीय आधार पर आयोजित किए जा रहे हैं। एनएसएस के 68वें दौर (जुलाई, 2011-जून, 2012) के रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी संबंधी सर्वेक्षण को मिलाकर, एनएसएसओ रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी पर अभी तक ऐसे कुल नौ व्यापक सर्वेक्षण कर चुका है। एनएसएस के 68वें दौर में (i) घरेलू उपभोक्ता व्यय और (ii) रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी विषय को सम्मिलित किया गया है।

2. एनएसएसओ द्वारा सर्वेक्षित प्रतिदर्शों को पारम्परिक रूप से 'केन्द्रीय प्रतिदर्श' कहा जाता है। अधिकांश राज्यों ने भी राज्य प्रतिदर्श के तहत बराबर के अथवा अपेक्षाकृत बड़े प्रतिदर्श आकारों के लिए यह सर्वेक्षण किया है। केन्द्रीय प्रतिदर्शों से एकत्र किए गए आंकड़ों से रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी के बारे में प्राप्त परिणामों को एनएसएसओ अनेक रिपोर्टों के रूप में प्रकाशित करता है। 'भारत में रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी के प्रमुख संकेतक, 2011-12' दस्तावेज जून, 2013 में जारी किया गया था और जून, 2013 में ही यानी क्षेत्र कार्य समाप्त होने के एक वर्ष के अंदर इकाई स्तर के आंकड़े भी जारी कर दिए गए थे। प्रमुख संकेतकों के दस्तावेज के अतिरिक्त एनएसएस के 68वें दौर के आधार पर रोजगार तथा बेरोजगारी के अलग-अलग पहलुओं पर सात विस्तृत रिपोर्टें जारी करने की योजना बनाई गई है। इस श्रृंखला की चार रिपोर्टें 'भारत में रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी की स्थिति', 'भारत में अनौपचारिक क्षेत्र और रोजगार की स्थितियां', 'घरेलू कार्यों के साथ-साथ विनिर्दिष्ट क्रियाकलापों में महिलाओं की भागीदारी', 'भारत में विभिन्न सामाजिक समूहों में रोजगार और बेरोजगारी की स्थिति' पहले ही प्रकाशित की जा चुकी हैं। 'भारत के शहरों और कस्बों में रोजगार और बेरोजगारी की स्थिति' नाम की वर्तमान रिपोर्ट इस श्रृंखला में पांचवी रिपोर्ट है।

3. रिपोर्ट में जनगणना 2001 के अनुसार, सत्ताईस पहले दर्जे के शहरों (अध्याय तीन में सूचीबद्ध) जिनकी जनसंख्या दस लाख या उससे अधिक है और दो अन्य आकार के शहरों अर्थात् 50,000 से अधिक किन्तु दस लाख से कम जनसंख्या (श्रेणी 2 के शहर) और 50,000 से कम की जनसंख्या (श्रेणी 3 के शहर) वाले शहरों, प्रत्येक के रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी के चुने हुए पहलुओं पर सूचना दी गई है। इस रिपोर्ट में तीन अध्याय और चार परिशिष्ट हैं। अनुमानों से संबंधित मुख्य निष्कर्ष इस रिपोर्ट के तीसरे अध्याय में प्रस्तुत किए गए हैं।

4. एनएसएसओ के सर्वेक्षण अभिकल्प तथा अनुसंधान प्रभाग (एसडीआरडी) ने सर्वेक्षण के साधन विकसित करने तथा यह रिपोर्ट तैयार करने का कार्य किया। एनएसएसओ के क्षेत्र संकार्य प्रभाग (एफओडी) ने फील्ड कार्य किया जबकि आंकड़ा विधायन तथा सारणीयन का कार्य एनएसएसओ के समंक विधायन प्रभाग (डीपीडी) ने किया। एनएसएसओ के ही समन्वय एवं प्रकाशन प्रभाग (सीपीडी) ने सर्वेक्षण संबंधी विभिन्न कार्यकलापों में समन्वयन का कार्य किया।

5. मैं, सर्वेक्षण के विभिन्न चरणों में अपना बहुमूल्य मार्गदर्शन प्रदान करने हेतु, राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण के 68वें दौर के कार्य दल और राष्ट्रीय सांख्यिकीय आयोग (एनएससी) के अध्यक्ष और सदस्यों का अत्यंत आभारी हूँ। मैं इस रिपोर्ट को प्रकाशित करने के लिए आवश्यक सुव्यवस्थित नियोजन तथा विभिन्न कार्यकलापों के बेहतरीन निष्पादन के लिए एनएसएसओ के विभिन्न प्रभागों के अधिकारियों द्वारा किये गये प्रयासों की भी सराहना करता हूँ।

6. मैं आशा करता हूँ कि यह रिपोर्ट योजनाकारों, नीति-निर्माताओं और शोधकर्ताओं के लिए उपयोगी सिद्ध होगी। इस रिपोर्ट की विषयवस्तु, कलेवर, कवरेज अथवा रिपोर्ट के किसी अन्य पहलू में सुधार के लिये सुझावों का स्वागत है।

गणेश मेहरा
16-4-2015
(ए.के.मेहरा)

महानिदेशक एवं मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी,
राष्ट्रीय प्रतिदर्श सर्वेक्षण कार्यालय

PREFACE

The All India Employment and Unemployment Surveys of National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) are the primary sources of labour market data at the National and State level. The labour force indicators at National and State/UT levels, generated from these surveys, provide the critical inputs required for planning and policy formulation exercises of various Government organisations and also serve as an important element of data to other users/researchers. NSS surveys on Employment and Unemployment, with large sample of households, are being conducted quinquennially from 27th round (October 1972 – September 1973) onwards. Including the present employment and unemployment survey during NSS 68th round (July 2011- June 2012), nine such comprehensive surveys on the employment and unemployment have been conducted by NSSO so far. The NSS 68th round covered the subjects of (i) *Household Consumer Expenditure* and (ii) *Employment and Unemployment*.

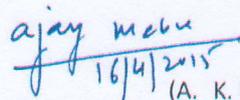
2. The sample surveyed by the NSSO is traditionally referred to as the 'Central Sample'. Most of the States also conducted this survey for an equal or larger sample size under the 'State Sample'. The results of the Employment and Unemployment surveys, generated from the Central Sample data, are brought out by NSSO in the form of a number of reports. The document '*Key Indicators of Employment and Unemployment in India, 2011-12*' was brought out in June 2013 and unit level data were also released in June, 2013, i.e., within one year of completion of the field work. Apart from the above document on key indicators, seven detailed reports are planned to be released on varied aspects of Employment and Unemployment based on NSS 68th round data. The first four reports of this series viz. '*Employment and Unemployment Situation in India*', '*Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India*', '*Participation of Women in Specified Activities along with Domestic Duties*', '*Employment and unemployment situation among social groups in India*' have already been published. The present report, '*Employment and Unemployment situation in cities and towns in India*' is the fifth in the series.

3. This report presents information on selected aspects of employment and unemployment for each of the twenty-seven class 1 cities (listed in Chapter Three) with population one million or more as per Population Census 2001 and also for two other size classes of towns, viz., those with population 50,000 to less than one million (size class 2 towns) and those with population less than 50,000 (size class 3 towns). This report contains three chapters and four appendices. The main findings, relating to the estimates given in this report, are presented in Chapter Three.

4. The Survey Design and Research Division (SDRD) of NSSO developed the survey instruments and prepared this report. The field work was carried out by the Field Operations Division (FOD) of NSSO, while the data processing and tabulation was undertaken by the Data Processing Division (DPD) of NSSO. The Coordination and Publication Division (CPD) of NSSO coordinated various activities pertaining to the survey.

5. I am greatly thankful to the Chairman and members of the Working Group of NSSO 68th round and the National Statistical Commission (NSC) for their valuable guidance at various stages of the survey. I also acknowledge and appreciate the efforts made by the officials of the different Divisions of NSSO in meticulous planning and execution of various activities involved in bringing out this report.

6. I hope this report will be useful to planners, policy makers and researchers. Suggestions for improvement in the content, layout, coverage or any other aspect of this report would be highly appreciated.


16/4/2015
(A. K. Mehra)
Director General & Chief Executive Officer
National Sample Survey Office

New Delhi
April 2015

मुख्य विशेषतायें

यह रिपोर्ट जुलाई 2011 से जून 2012 के दौरान रा.प्र.स. के 68वें दौर में चलाए गए रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी सर्वेक्षण पर आधारित है। इस रिपोर्ट में, प्रत्येक श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों, श्रेणी 2 के आकार वाले नगरों एवं श्रेणी 3 के आकार वाले नगरों¹ के लिए रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी सूचकों का प्राक्कलन प्रस्तुत किया गया है। यह सर्वेक्षण 12,737 प्र.च.इ.यों में (7,469 ग्रामों एवं 5,268 नगरीय खण्डों) में फैला हुआ था एवं 1,01,724 परिवार (59,700 ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में एवं 42,024 नगरीय क्षेत्रों में) को इसमें समाविष्ट किया गया एवं 4,56,999 व्यक्तियों (2,80,763 ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में एवं 1,76,236 नगरीय क्षेत्रों में) की गणना की गई।

इस रिपोर्ट में श्रेणी 1 वाले महानगरों एवं विभिन्न आकार श्रेणी के नगरों के लिए 15 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु वाले व्यक्तियों के लिए विविध रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी सूचकों को पेश किया गया है। 15 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या जिसकी गणना श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों एवं विभिन्न आकार वाले श्रेणी के नगरों में हुई, नीचे दिए गए हैं :-

- श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में परिगणित व्यक्तियों की संख्या 18361 (9581 पुरुष एवं 8780 महिलाएं) थी। [स्टेटमेंट 3.1]
- श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों में परिगणित व्यक्तियों की संख्या 58769 (29817 पुरुष एवं 28952 महिलाएं) थी। [स्टेटमेंट 3.1]
- श्रेणी 3 आकार के नगरों में परिगणित व्यक्तियों की संख्या 52519 (26505 पुरुष एवं 26014 महिलाएं) थी। [स्टेटमेंट 3.1]

रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी सूचक तीन विभिन्न नजरिये से मापे गए, जैसे, सामान्य सतर जिसकी संदर्भ अवधि एक वर्ष की थी, वर्तमान साप्ताहिक स्तर (सीडब्ल्यूएस) जिसकी संदर्भ अवधि एक सप्ताह की थी एवं वर्तमान दैनिक स्तर (सीडीएस) जो कि संदर्भ सप्ताह के प्रत्येक दिन होने वाले दैनिक क्रियाकलापों पर आधारित था। यह सुसंगत संकल्पनाएं अध्याय II (संकल्पनाएं एवं परिभाषाएं) में दी गयी हैं। रा.प्र.स के 68वें दौर (जुलाई 2011-जून 2012) के दौरान इक्टठे किए गए आकड़ों पर आधारित 15 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु के व्यक्तियों के लिए, भारत के कुछ महानगरों एवं शहरों पर केन्द्रित कुछ मुख्य बातें नीचे दिए गए हैं -

(क) सामान्य स्तर (पीएस+एसएस) के अनुसार 15 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु वाले व्यक्तियों के लिए कार्यबल :-

- सामान्य स्तर पर नियोजित (पीएस+एसएस) पुरुषों का अनुपात श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों के लिए 74.6 प्रतिशत था, श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों के लिए 72.8 प्रतिशत एवं श्रेणी 3 आकार के नगरों के लिए करीब 75.8 प्रतिशत था।

[पैरा 3.2.2]

¹ जनसंख्या जनगणना 2001 के अनुसार 27 श्रेणी 1 वाले महानगर हैं जिसकी जनसंख्या एक मिलियन या उससे अधिक है (श्रेणी 1 वाले महानगरों के आकार)। इन श्रेणी 1 वाले महानगरों के अलावा, वे नगर जिनकी जनसंख्या 50,000 से एक मिलियन तक की है को श्रेणी 2 आकार वाले नगरों में वर्गीकृत किया गया है एवं वे जिनकी जनसंख्या 50,000 से कम है उन्हें श्रेणी 3 आकार वाले नगरों में वर्गीकृत किया गया है।

- सामान्य स्तर पर नियोजित (पीएस+एसएस) महिलाओं का अनुपात श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों के लिए 19.9 प्रतिशत, श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों के लिए 17.9 प्रतिशत एवं श्रेणी 3 के आकार वाले नगरों के लिए करीब 21.7 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.2.2]

- श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों के बीच, नासिक में नियोजित पुरुषों का अनुपात सबसे अधिक था (86.4 प्रतिशत) जबकि पटना में नियोजित पुरुषों का अनुपात सबसे कम था (57.5 प्रतिशत)। सूरत में नियोजित महिलाओं का अनुपात सबसे अधिक था (25.8 प्रतिशत) जबकि इन्दौर में नियोजित महिलाओं का अनुपात सबसे कम (2.8 प्रतिशत) था ।

[पैरा 3.2.2]

- श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में करीब 54.6 प्रतिशत पुरुष कामगार नियमित मजदूरी/वेतनभोगी कर्मचारी थे जबकि श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों में यह 41.3 प्रतिशत एवं श्रेणी 3 के आकार वाले नगरों में यह 33.9 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.3.2.2]

- श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में महिला कामगारों के बीच, करीब 57.8 प्रतिशत नियमित मजदूरी/वेतनभोगी कर्मचारी थे जबकि श्रेणी 2 आकार वाले एवं श्रेणी 3 आकार वाले नगरों में तदनु रूप अनुपात 43 प्रतिशत एवं 27.3 प्रतिशत थे ।

[पैरा 3.3.2.2]

- श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में पुरुष कामगारों में करीब 37.9 प्रतिशत स्व-नियोजित थे एवं यह अनुपात श्रेणी 2 आकार वाले नगरों में, करीब 42.7 प्रतिशत एवं श्रेणी 3 आकार वाले नगरों में 44.9 प्रतिशत था।

[पैरा 3.3.2.3]

- महिला कामगारों में, श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों, श्रेणी 2 आकार वाले नगरों एवं श्रेणी 3 आकार वाले नगरों में स्व-नियोजितों का अनुपात क्रमशः 35.7 प्रतिशत, 42.5 प्रतिशत एवं 50.5 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.3.2.3]

- आकस्मिक श्रमिकों का अनुपात पुरुषों में श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में, श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों एवं श्रेणी 3 आकार के नगरों के लिए क्रमशः 7.5 प्रतिशत, 15.9 प्रतिशत एवं 21.2 प्रतिशत था, जबकि यह तदनु रूप अनुपात महिलाओं के लिए 6.5 प्रतिशत, 14.5 प्रतिशत एवं 22.2 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.3.2.4]

- श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में, करीब 63.1 प्रतिशत पुरुष कामगार तृतीयक क्षेत्र में कार्यरत थे, 36.2 प्रतिशत माध्यमिक क्षेत्र एवं 0.9 प्रतिशत प्राथमिक क्षेत्र में कार्यरत थे एवं महिलाओं के लिए यह अनुपात क्रमशः करीब 69.6 प्रतिशत, 28.5 प्रतिशत एवं करीब 1.9 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.6.1.1]

- श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों के पुरुष कामगारों के बीच, 61.5 प्रतिशत तृतीयक क्षेत्र में कार्यरत थे, माध्यमिक क्षेत्र में 34.5 प्रतिशत एवं प्राथमिक क्षेत्र में 4.2 प्रतिशत एवं महिलाओं के लिए यह, तदनु रूप अनुपात 58.3 प्रतिशत, 34.8 प्रतिशत एवं 6.9 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.6.1.1]

- श्रेणी 3 आकार के नगरों के पुरुष कामगारों में, करीब 51.4 प्रतिशत तृतीयक क्षेत्र में, करीब 34.9 प्रतिशत माध्यमिक क्षेत्र में एवं करीब 13.5 प्रतिशत प्राथमिक क्षेत्र में कार्यरत थे जबकि महिलाओं के लिए यह तदनु रूप अनुपात करीब 36.8 प्रतिशत, 38 प्रतिशत एवं 25.4 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.6.1.1]

(ख) 15 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु के व्यक्तियों के लिए वर्तमान स्तर के अनुसार कार्यबल :-

- पुरुषों में श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों के लिए, कामगार का अनुपात सीडब्ल्यूएस में 74.2 प्रतिशत एवं सीडीएस में 73.4 प्रतिशत था, श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों के लिए कामगार का अनुपात सीडब्ल्यूएस में 71.7 प्रतिशत एवं सीडीएस में 70.2 प्रतिशत था जबकि श्रेणी 3 वाले आकार के नगरों के लिए यह सीडब्ल्यूएस में 74.3 प्रतिशत एवं सीडीएस में 72 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.4.2]

- महिलाओं में कामगारों का अनुपात श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों के लिए सीडब्ल्यूएस में 19.3 प्रतिशत एवं सीडीएस में 18 प्रतिशत था, श्रेणी 2 आकार वाले नगरों के लिए सीडब्ल्यूएस में 16.9 प्रतिशत एवं सीडीएस में 15.3 प्रतिशत था जबकि श्रेणी 3 आकार के नगरों के लिए यह 19.7 प्रतिशत सीडब्ल्यूएस में एवं सीडीएस में 17.4 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.4.2]

(ग) 15 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु के व्यक्तियों के लिए सामान्य स्तर (समायोजित) के अनुसार बेरोजगारी दर :-

- पुरुषों के लिए सामान्य स्तर (समायोजित) में बेरोजगारी दर श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों के लिए 2.9 प्रतिशत, श्रेणी 2 के आकार वाले नगरों के लिए 3.3 प्रतिशत एवं श्रेणी 3 के आकार वाले नगरों के लिए 2.6 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.5.2.2]

- महिलाओं के लिए सामान्य स्तर (समायोजित) में बेरोजगारी दर श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों के लिए 4.3 प्रतिशत, श्रेणी 2 आकार वाले नगरों के लिए 6.3 प्रतिशत एवं श्रेणी 3 के आकार वाले नगरों के लिए 4.8 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.5.2.3]

- श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में पुरुषों के लिए, सामान्य स्तर (समायोजित) में बेरोजगारी दर लखनऊ के लिए सबसे अधिक (8.5 प्रतिशत) था, एवं महिलाओं के लिए यह पटना में सबसे अधिक (34.6 प्रतिशत) था ।

[पैरा 3.5.2.2 एवं 3.5.2.3]

(घ) 15 वर्ष एवं उससे अधिक आयु के व्यक्तियों के लिए वर्तमान स्तर के अनुसार बेरोजगारी दर :-

- सीडब्ल्यूएस में पुरुषों के बीच बेरोजगारी दर श्रेणी 2 के नगरों में सबसे अधिक (4.1 प्रतिशत) था, तत्पश्चात् आया श्रेणी 3 आकार वाले नगर (3.8 प्रतिशत) एवं श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में यह सबसे कम (3.4 प्रतिशत) था ।

[पैरा 3.5.2.2]

- सीडीएस में पुरुषों में बेरोजगारी दर श्रेणी 3 के आकार वाले नगरों के लिए सबसे अधिक (5.5 प्रतिशत) था, श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में सबसे कम (3.9 प्रतिशत) एवं श्रेणी 2 वाले नगरों में यह 5.1 प्रतिशत था ।

[पैरा 3.5.2.3]

- सीडब्ल्यूएस में महिलाओं में बेरोजगारी दर श्रेणी 2 आकार के नगरों में अधिकतम था (8.2 प्रतिशत) तत्पश्चात् आया श्रेणी 3 वाले नगर (7.1 प्रतिशत) एवं श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में यह सबसे कम (4.9 प्रतिशत) था ।

[पैरा 3.5.2.3]

- सीडीएस में महिलाओं में बेरोजगारी दर श्रेणी 3 के आकार वाले नगरों एवं श्रेणी 2 के आकार वाले नगरों के लिए एक समान स्तर पर था (श्रेणी 2 वाले नगरों में 9.5 प्रतिशत एवं श्रेणी 3 वाले नगरों के लिए 9.4 प्रतिशत) एवं श्रेणी 1 के महानगरों में सबसे कम (5.3 प्रतिशत) था ।
[पैरा 3.5.2.3]
- दोनों सीडब्ल्यूएस एवं सीडीएस में, पुरुषों के लिए बेरोजगारी दर लखनऊ में सबसे अधिक था (सीडब्ल्यूएस में 8.8 प्रतिशत एवं सीडीएस में 10.2 प्रतिशत)
[पैरा 3.5.2.2]
- दोनों सीडब्ल्यूएस एवं सीडीएस में, महिलाओं के लिए बेरोजगारी दर पटना में सबसे अधिक था (34.6 प्रतिशत सीडब्ल्यूएस एवं 39.2 प्रतिशत सीडीएस में) ।
[पैरा 3.5.2.3]

Highlights

This report is based on the employment and unemployment survey conducted in the 68th round of NSS during July 2011 to June 2012. In this report, estimates of the employment and unemployment indicators are presented for each of the class 1 cities, for size class 2 towns and for size class 3 towns¹. The survey was spread over 12,737 First Stage Units (FSUs) (7,469 villages and 5,268 urban blocks) covering 1,01,724 households (59,700 in rural areas and 42,024 in urban areas) and enumerating 4,56,999 persons (2,80,763 in rural areas and 1,76,236 in urban areas).

In this report various employment and unemployment indicators have been presented for persons of age 15 years and above in size class 1 cities and different size class of towns. Number of persons of age 15 years and above enumerated in class 1 cities and different size class of towns are given below:

- In class 1 cities number of persons enumerated was 18361 (9581 males and 8780 females). [Statement 3.1]
- In size class 2 towns number of persons enumerated was 58769 (29817 males and 28952 females), [Statement 3.1]
- In size class 3 towns number of persons enumerated was 52519 (26505 males and 26014 females). [Statement 3.1]

Employment and unemployment indicators were measured in three different approaches, viz. *usual status* with a reference period of one year, *current weekly status* (CWS) with one week reference period and *current daily status* (CDS) based on the daily activity pursued during each day of the reference week. The relevant concepts are given in Chapter Two (*Concepts and Definitions*). Some of the key findings, pertaining to cities and towns of India, based on the data collected during NSS 68th (July 2011- June 2012) round for persons of age 15 years and above are stated below:

A. Work Force according to *usual status* (ps+ss) for persons of age 15 years and above

- The proportion of usually employed (ps+ss) males was 74.6 per cent for class 1 cities, 72.8 per cent for size class 2 towns and about 75.8 per cent for size class 3 towns. [para. 3.2.2]
- The proportion of usually employed (ps+ss) females was 19.9 per cent for class 1 cities, 17.9 per cent for size class 2 towns and nearly 21.7 per cent for size class 3 towns. [para. 3.2.2]

¹ As per Population Census 2001 there are twenty-seven class I cities each with population of one million or more (size class 1 cities). Besides each of these class 1 cities, towns with population 50,000 to less than one million are classified as size class 2 towns and those with population less than 50,000 are classified as size class 3 towns.

- Among the class 1 cities, Nashik had the highest proportion (86.4 per cent) of employed males whereas Patna had the lowest proportion (57.5 per cent) of employed males. Surat had the highest proportion of employed (25.8 per cent) females while Indore had the lowest proportion of employed (2.8 per cent) females.

[para. 3.2.2]

- About 54.6 per cent of the male workers in class 1 cities were regular wage/ salaried employees while it was 41.3 per cent in size class 2 towns and 33.9 per cent in size class 3 towns.

[para. 3.3.2.2]

- Among female workers in class 1 cities, about 57.8 per cent were regular wage/ salaried employees while corresponding proportions in size class 2 and size class 3 towns were 43 per cent and 27.3 per cent, respectively.

[para. 3.3.2.2]

- Among male workers in class 1 cities, about 37.9 per cent were self-employed and this proportion was about 42.7 per cent in size class 2 towns and 44.9 per cent in size class 3 towns.

[para. 3.3.2.3]

- Among female workers, proportions of self-employed were 35.7 per cent, 42.5 per cent and 50.5 per cent for class 1 cities, size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns, respectively.

[para. 3.3.2.3]

- Proportion of casual labourers among males was 7.5 per cent, 15.9 per cent and 21.2 per cent, for class 1 cities, size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns respectively, whereas the corresponding proportion for females was 6.5 per cent, 14.5 per cent and 22.2 per cent.

[para. 3.3.2.4]

- In class I cities, about 63.1 per cent of male workers were engaged in tertiary sector, 36.2 per cent in secondary sector and about 0.9 per cent in primary sector and the proportions for females were about 69.6 per cent, 28.5 per cent and about 1.9 per cent, respectively.

[para. 3.6.1.1]

- Among male workers in size class 2 towns, 61.5 per cent were engaged in tertiary sector, 34.5 per cent in secondary sector and 4.2 per cent in primary sector and the corresponding proportions for females were 58.3 per cent, 34.8 per cent and 6.9 per cent.

[para. 3.6.1.1]

- Among male workers in size class 3 towns, about 51.4 per cent were engaged in tertiary sector, about 34.9 per cent in secondary sector and about 13.5 per cent in primary sector while the corresponding proportions for females were about 36.8 per cent, 38 per cent and 25.4 per cent.

[para. 3.6.1.1]

B. Work Force according to *current status* for persons of age 15 years and above

- Among males, proportion of worker was 74.2 per cent in CWS and 73.4 per cent in CDS for class 1 cities, 71.7 per cent in CWS and 70.2 per cent in CDS for size class 2 towns while for size class 3 towns it was 74.3 per cent in CWS and 72 per cent in CDS.

[para. 3.4.2]

- Among females, proportion of worker was 19.3 per cent in CWS and 18 per cent in CDS for class 1 cities, 16.9 per cent in CWS and 15.3 per cent in CDS for size class 2 towns while for size class 3 towns it was 19.7 per cent in CWS and 17.4 per cent in CDS. [para. 3.4.2]

C. Unemployment rate according to *usual status (adjusted)* for persons of age 15 years and above

- Unemployment rate in usual status (adjusted) for males was 2.9 per cent for class 1 cities, 3.3 per cent for size class 2 towns and 2.6 per cent for size class 3 towns. [para. 3.5.2.2]
- Unemployment rate in usual status (adjusted) for females was 4.3 per cent for class 1 cities, 6.3 per cent for size class 2 towns and 4.8 per cent for size class 3 towns. [para. 3.5.2.3]
- Among the class 1 cities, for males, unemployment rate in *usual status* (adjusted) was the highest for Lucknow (8.5 per cent) and for females it was the highest in Patna (34.6 per cent). [para. 3.5.2.2 & para. 3.5.2.3]

D. Unemployment rate according to *current status* for persons of age 15 years and above

- Unemployment rate among males in CWS was the highest in size class 2 towns (4.1 per cent) followed by size class 3 towns (3.8 per cent) and it was the lowest in class 1 cities (3.4 per cent). [para. 3.5.2.2]
- Unemployment rate among males in CDS was the highest in size class 3 towns (5.5 per cent), the lowest in class 1 cities (3.9 per cent) and it was 5.1 per cent for size class 2 towns. [para. 3.5.2.2]
- Unemployment rate among females in CWS was the highest in size class 2 towns (8.2 per cent) followed by size class 3 towns (7.1 per cent) and it was the lowest in class 1 cities (4.9 per cent). [para. 3.5.2.3]
- Unemployment rate among females in CDS was at the same level for size class 3 towns and size class 2 towns (9.5 per cent in size class 2 towns and 9.4 per cent for size class 3 towns) and the lowest in class 1 cities (5.3 per cent). [para. 3.5.2.3]
- In both CWS and CDS, unemployment rate for males was the highest in Lucknow (8.8 per cent in CWS and 10.2 per cent in CDS) [para. 3.5.2.2]
- In CWS as well as in CDS, unemployment rate for females was the highest in Patna (34.6 per cent in CWS and 39.2 per cent in CDS). [para. 3.5.2.3]

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Chapter One

Introduction

1.1 The Report in Perspective

1.1.1 In its 32nd Meeting held on 23-24 April 2010, the National Statistical Commission (NSC) considered the use of the 2009-10 quinquennial survey of NSSO as the base year for both the price indices as well as revision of the national income estimates and felt that 2009-10 being a non-normal year may pose problems. Hence, it was desirable to repeat the survey once again in respect of consumer expenditure as well as employment and unemployment issues. In its 33rd Meeting held on 19-21 May 2010, the NSC decided that the 68th Round of NSS would be devoted to repeating the quinquennial survey on consumer expenditure and employment and unemployment with a provision in the employment schedule to measure employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee (MGNREG) works.

1.1.2 Pursuant to the above decision of the NSC, the National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), as a part of its 68th round survey programme during the period July 2011 - June 2012, carried out an all-India household survey on the situation of employment and unemployment in India. In this survey, a nation-wide household enquiry was conducted to generate estimates of various characteristics pertaining to employment and unemployment at the national and State/UT levels. Information on various facets of employment and unemployment in India was collected in NSS 68th round through a schedule of enquiry (Schedule 10) adopting the established concepts, definitions and procedures. Based on the data so collected during the entire period of survey, estimates of employment and unemployment in cities and towns of India along with certain features associated with them have been presented in this report.

1.1.3 Tables have been generated for each of the twenty-seven class 1 cities (listed in Chapter 3) with population of one million or more (size class 1) as per Population Census 2001 and also for two other size classes of towns viz. those with population 50,000 to less than one million (size class 2) and those with population less than 50,000 (size class 3).

1.2 Genesis of NSS Employment and Unemployment Survey

1.2.1 The quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment is one of the important surveys conducted repeatedly by the NSSO. The first such survey was carried out in the 27th round of NSSO during October 1972 - September 1973. The current employment and unemployment survey of NSS 68th round is like a quinquennial survey as far as subjects of enquiry, design, questionnaires and sample sizes are concerned. Including the present

employment and unemployment survey of NSS 68th round (July 2011 - June 2012), nine such surveys on the employment and unemployment situation in India have so far been conducted by NSSO.

1.2.2 *Past Quinquennial Surveys*: To assess the volume and structure of employment and unemployment, starting with the 9th round (May - September, 1955), NSSO conducted a number of surveys on employment and unemployment. To give a firm conceptual framework for conducting the employment and unemployment surveys, the Planning Commission, in the year 1968, set up an “Expert Committee on Unemployment Estimates” (popularly known as the Dantwala Committee). The concepts and definitions recommended by this committee formed the basis of the first quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment conducted during 27th round (October 1972 - September 1973) of NSSO. The other quinquennial surveys on employment and unemployment situation in India carried out by NSSO were during 32nd round (July 1977 - June 1978), 38th round (January - December 1983), 43rd round (July 1987 - June 1988), 50th round (July 1993 - June 1994), 55th round (July 1999 - June 2000), 61st round (July 2004 - June 2005) and 66th round (July 2009 - June 2010), in which concepts, definitions and procedures were based primarily on the recommendations of the Dantwala Committee.

1.2.3 *Other surveys on employment-unemployment*: Apart from the quinquennial surveys on employment and unemployment, NSSO has also collected information on certain key items on employment and unemployment, as a part of annual series, from a smaller sample of households in each round since its 45th round (July 1989 - June 1990) through the schedule on Household Consumer Expenditure (Schedule 1.0). This procedure of collecting data on employment and unemployment in the annual rounds of NSSO continued till NSS 59th round (January - December 2003). In the annual rounds, only activity status and industry of work according to usual principal status, subsidiary status and current weekly status approach were collected through a few columns of the demographic block of the Consumer Expenditure Schedule (Schedule 1.0). In these annual rounds, particulars of employment and unemployment according to the usual principal status and usual subsidiary status were collected by applying a similar approach as in the quinquennial rounds. In the quinquennial rounds, current daily activities in terms of status and industry are collected for the household members and current weekly activity is derived from the daily activities of the reference week whereas in the annual rounds, current weekly activity particulars were collected through direct query. In the 60th round (January - June 2004), a separate schedule on employment and unemployment was canvassed for the first time in an annual round and particulars on employment and unemployment were collected in the same manner as that of the quinquennial rounds. A separate schedule on employment and unemployment, similar to the one canvassed in the 60th round, was also canvassed in the 62nd round (July 2005 - June 2006) and 64th round (July 2007- June 2008) of NSSO.

1.3 Scope of 68th Round of NSSO Survey on Employment and Unemployment

1.3.1 The critical issues in the context of labour force enquiries pertain to defining the labour force and measuring participation of labour force in different economic activities. In the employment and unemployment surveys of quinquennial rounds of NSSO, persons are classified into various activity categories in three approaches based on different activities (economic/non-economic) pursued by them during certain specified reference periods. These three approaches are usual status approach, current weekly status approach and current daily status approach. Three reference periods used in surveys of NSSO are (i) one year, (ii) one week and (iii) each day of the reference week. In the usual status approach, the activity status of a person is determined on the basis of the reference period of last 365 days preceding the date of survey. The activity status of a person in current weekly status approach is determined on the basis of the reference period of last 7 days preceding the date of survey and that in current daily status approach is determined on the basis of the reference period of each of the last 7 days preceding the date of the survey. Based on the classification of the individuals into various activity categories in these three approaches, labour force indicators like, labour force participation rate (LFPR), worker population ratio (WPR), unemployment rate (UR) are derived in usual principal status (ps), usual status (ps+ss), current weekly status (CWS) and current daily status (CDS). As in the past, during 68th round also, NSSO collected data to measure employment and unemployment indicators in terms of usual principal status (ps), usual status (ps+ss), current weekly status (CWS) and current daily status (CDS) through the employment and unemployment schedule (Schedule 10).

1.3.2 The major features of data collected in NSS 66th round and in NSS 68th round were the same. The activity participation of the people is not only dynamic but also multidimensional - it varies over regions, age, education, gender, industry and occupational categories. In order to reveal the multidimensional aspects of the employment and unemployment situation in India, the employment and unemployment schedule (Schedule 10) of NSS 68th round captured a range of information on the following aspects:

- i) Particulars on household characteristics like household size, household type, religion and social group of the household, land owned, possessed and cultivated by the household, etc; for the rural households, information was collected on whether the household had Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee (MGNREG) job card. For the households with MGNREG job card, information was also collected on (a) number of MGNREG job cards issued to the household and (b) whether any member has any bank/ post*

office account. Information on household monthly consumer expenditure was also collected through a worksheet to study the employment and unemployment characteristics with the level of living of the population;

ii) Demographic particulars of the household members like age, sex, educational level, status of current attendance, status of registration in placement agency, vocational training received, etc.; for rural households with MGNREG job card, for persons of age 18 years and above, whether the person was registered in any MGNREG job card and if registered, whether he/she worked in MGNREG works during last 365 days;

iii) Particulars of usual principal activity, usual subsidiary economic activity, current weekly activity and current daily activity for all the members of the sample households; for persons engaged in economic activities, information on detailed activity status, industry of work, occupation, wage and salary earnings of the employees for the work done during the reference week was also collected. For those who were unemployed on all the 7 days of the reference week, information was collected regarding the duration of the present spell of unemployment;

iv) Particulars of the enterprise like location of work place, type of enterprises, number of workers in the enterprise etc. for the usual principal status workers and usual subsidiary status workers engaged in industries other than growing of crops, plant propagation and mixed farming;

v) Particulars on conditions of employment like type of job contract, eligibility for paid leave, availability of social security benefits and method of payment for the usual principal status employees and usual subsidiary status employees engaged in industries other than growing of crops, plant propagation and mixed farming;

vi) Particulars regarding extent of under-utilization of the labour time, nature of employment (permanent/temporary), existence of union/ association in their activity, etc. for persons who were employed either in usual principal status or in usual subsidiary status;

vii) Particulars regarding participation in specified activities like (a) maintenance of kitchen garden, (b) work in household poultry/diary, (c) free collection of primary goods, husking of paddy, grinding of food grains, making baskets, sewing, tailoring, weaving for household use, tutoring of own children or others' children free of charge, etc. for persons who were classified as engaged in domestic duties in the usual principal status.

1.4 Outline of NSS 68th round survey

1.4.1 Geographical coverage: The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union except (i) interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond five kilometres of the bus route and (ii) villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands which remained inaccessible throughout the year.

1.4.2 Sub-round: The fieldwork of the 68th round of NSSO was of one year duration starting on 1st July, 2011 and ending on 30th June, 2012. As usual, the survey period of this round was divided into four sub-rounds, each with duration of three months, the 1st sub-round period ranging from July to September 2011, the 2nd sub-round period from October to December 2011 and so on. In each of these four sub-rounds, an equal number of sample villages/blocks (FSUs) were allotted for survey with a view to ensuring uniform spread of sample FSUs over the entire survey period.

1.5 Sample Design

1.5.1 A stratified multi-stage design was adopted for the 68th round survey. The first stage units (FSU) were the 2001 census villages (Panchayat wards in case of Kerala) in the rural sector and Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. The ultimate stage units (USU) were households in both the sectors. In case of large FSUs, one intermediate stage of sampling was the selection of two hamlet-groups (hgs)/ sub-blocks (sbs) from these FSUs. For the rural sector, the list of 2001 census villages (Panchayat wards in case of Kerala) constituted the sampling frame. For the urban sector, the list of latest available UFS blocks (2007-12) constituted the sampling frame. Within each district of a State/UT, two basic strata were formed viz. (i) rural stratum comprising all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising all the urban areas of the district. However, within the urban areas of a district, if there were one or more towns with population 10 lakhs or more as per population census 2001 in a district, each of them formed a separate basic stratum and the remaining urban areas of the district were considered as another basic stratum. Sub-stratification was done within stratum of both rural and urban areas. If 'r' was the sample size of FSUs allocated for a rural stratum, 'r/4' sub-strata were formed in that stratum. The villages within a district as per frame were first arranged in ascending order of population and then sub-strata 1 to 'r/4' were demarcated in such a way that each sub-stratum comprised a group of villages of the arranged frame and had more or less equal population. If 'u' was the sample size for an urban stratum, 'u/4' sub-strata were formed in that stratum. In case u/4 was more than 1, implying formation of 2 or more sub-strata, this was done by first arranging the towns in ascending order of total number of households in the town as per UFS phase 2007-12 and then arranging the IV units of each town and blocks within each IV unit in ascending order of their numbers. From this arranged frame of UFS blocks of all the towns/million plus

cities of a stratum, 'u/4' number of sub-strata were formed in such a way that each sub-stratum had more or less equal number of households as per UFS 2007-12.

1.5.2 At the all-India level, a total number of 12,784 FSUs (7,508 villages and 5,276 urban blocks) were allocated for survey in the central sample. The total number of sample FSUs was allocated to the States and UTs in proportion to population as per census 2001 subject to the availability of field investigators and ensuring minimum sample allocation to each State/ UT. The State/ UT level sample size was allocated between rural and urban sectors in proportion to population as per census 2001 with double weightage to urban sector subject to the restriction that urban sample size for bigger states like Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, etc. did not exceed the rural sample size. A minimum of 16 FSUs (minimum 8 for each of rural and urban sector) was allocated to each state/ UT. Within each sector of a State/ UT, the respective sample size was allocated to the different strata/sub-strata in proportion to the population as per census 2001. Allocations at stratum level were adjusted to multiples of 4 with a minimum sample size of 4. Allocation for each sub-stratum was 4 and equal number of sample FSUs was allocated in each of the four sub-rounds.

1.5.3 For the rural sector, from each stratum/sub-stratum, required number of sample villages was selected by probability proportional to size with replacement (PPSWR), size being the population of the village as per Census 2001. For urban sector, from each stratum/sub-stratum, required number of sample FSUs was selected by Simple Random Sampling Without Replacement (SRSWOR). Both rural and urban samples were drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples. All households listed in a village/UFS block where no hamlet-group/sub-block formation was done, or the households listed in the two selected hamlet-groups/sub-blocks of the village/UFS block where hamlet-group/sub-block formation was done, constituted the sampling frame of households. All households listed in the selected village/block/hamlet-groups/sub-blocks were stratified into three second stage strata (SSS). The details of formation of SSS are given in Appendix B. A total of 8 households were selected from each sample village/block for canvassing the employment and unemployment schedule. The sample households from each of the second stage strata were selected by SRSWOR.

1.5.4 Out of the total number of 12,784 FSUs (7,508 villages and 5,276 urban blocks) allotted for the central sample¹ at the all-India level, 12,737 FSUs (7,469 villages and 5,268 urban blocks) could be surveyed for canvassing the employment and unemployment schedule (Schedule 10). The number of households surveyed was 1,01,724 (59,700 in rural areas and 42,024 in urban areas) and number of persons surveyed was 4,56,999 (2,80,763 in rural areas and 1,76,236 in urban areas). The sample design and estimation procedure used for the survey is given in Appendix B of this report. Field investigators of NSSO collected data for all members of the sample households by interviewing the informants of the selected households.

¹The sample selected for NSS 68th round which was surveyed by NSSO is termed "Central sample". As is usual in the regular NSS rounds, most States and Union Territories participated in the survey. The sample surveyed by State Government is termed as "State sample".

1.5.5 The domains of rural and urban sector in the survey are co-terminus with the criterion adopted in census. The urban frame used in the survey is the latest updated UFS that takes into account the newly declared towns after the last census 2001. Accordingly the rural sector is the one that is not urban.

1.6 Reports on Employment and Unemployment survey of 68th round of NSSO

1.6.1 The results of the employment and unemployment surveys of NSSO, generated from the central sample data, are released in the form of reports. It was planned to bring out the results of the employment and unemployment survey of NSS 68th round in seven reports. Based on the data of NSS 68th round, a document entitled 'Key Indicators of Employment and Unemployment in India, 2011-12' showing the estimates of key labour force indicators for each State/UT and all-India was brought out in June 2013. The estimates of labour force indicators along with various characteristics associated with them were presented in detail in Report Number 554 (Employment and Unemployment Situation in India) released in January 2014. The estimates of usual status workforce engaged in the informal sector (proprietary or partnership enterprises) and various conditions of their employment were presented in detail in Report Number 557 (Informal Sector and Condition of Employment in India) released in July 2014. The third report in the series, viz., Report No. 559 (Participation of Women in Specified Activities along with Domestic Duties) presents different features of participation of women who were usually engaged in domestic duties about their engagement in specified activities along with domestic duties; willingness to accept work along with their domestic duties if work is made available to their household premises, type of assistance required to undertake the desired work etc. The estimates pertaining to the employment and unemployment situation among the various social groups in the country, along with certain other features associated with them were presented in detail in Report Number 563 (Employment and Unemployment situation among social groups in India) released in January 2015. The present report is the fifth in the series of seven reports. The tentative titles of the remaining two reports are:

- (i) *Employment and Unemployment situation among Major Religious groups in India,*
and
- (ii) *Status of Education and Vocational Training in India.*

1.7 Contents of the Report

1.7.1 Based on the data collected in NSS 68th round, estimates pertaining to the employment and unemployment situation in cities and towns of India along with certain other features associated with them have been presented in this report.

1.7.2 This report contains three Chapters including the present introductory Chapter (Chapter One) and four Appendices. Chapter Two describes the concepts and definitions of the different terms used in the survey in connection with the items covered in this report. The main findings relating to the estimates given in this report are presented and discussed in Chapter Three. The detailed all-India tables forming the basis of this report are presented in Appendix A. Appendix B gives a detailed description of the sample design and estimation procedure used for the survey. The Projected Population as on 1st January 2012 obtained by using the census population as on 01.03.2011 and the rate of growth of population between census 2001 and 2011 have been presented in Appendix C. Appendix D gives a facsimile of the schedule canvassed in the survey.

1.7.3 The estimates presented in this report, in general, refer to the mid-point of the survey period (July 2011 - June 2012) of NSS 68th round, i.e., 01.01.2012. In the NSS reports, the estimates of the employment and unemployment characteristics are generally presented as ratios. To estimate the absolute number of any category corresponding to the NSS 68th round, the survey based estimates of appropriate rates and ratios may be applied to the Projected Population as on 1st January 2012 as given in Appendix C. It may be noted that the survey did not cover the (i) interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond five kilometres of the bus route and (ii) villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year. Thus, for any category, the survey based estimates of rates and ratios when applied to the projected population of Nagaland or Andaman and Nicobar Islands will give the estimates for the corresponding category for the whole of these State/UT, under the assumption that these are valid even for left out areas also. It may also be noted that as the tables are generally presented as 'per 1000 distribution' or rates 'per 1000', the figures are rounded off. Thus, while using the ratios from the survey results, it is to be noted that the accuracy of these derived aggregates will be limited to the number of significant digits available in such ratios. The estimates of the employment and unemployment characteristics have been presented in the report for all the States and UTs. While using the State/UT level estimates, it may be noted that the sample sizes for the smaller States/UTs may not be adequate enough for getting sufficiently reliable estimates for some of the employment and unemployment characteristics.

1.7.4 Appendix A contains the detailed all-India tables of the report. The survey estimates of the aggregates are presented in the margin of the detailed tables and these may be used to combine the estimates of the ratios or to get the ratios with more significant digits. The cell-level figures in the detailed tables, when added up, may not exactly be equal to the figure shown against the 'total' column/row due to rounding off and/or presence of non-response (n.r.) cases. If there are no sample households/persons in a particular category, the estimates/estimated proportions of households/persons in that category appear as zero (0) in the detailed tables. Estimated numbers per 1000 are also shown as zero (0), when they are greater than 0 but less than 0.5.

Chapter Two

Concepts and Definitions

2.0 The concepts and definitions of some important terms used in the survey and relevant to this report are explained in the following paragraphs.

2.1 **Household and Household Size:** A group of persons who normally lived together and took food from a common kitchen constituted a household. The adverb “normally” means that temporary visitors and guests (whose total period of stay in the household was expected to be less than 6 months) were excluded but temporary stay-aways (whose total period of absence from the household was expected to be less than 6 months) were included. Thus, a son/daughter residing in a hostel for studies was excluded from the household of his/her parents, but a resident domestic servant or paying guest (but not just a tenant in the house) was included in the employer’s/host’s household. “Living together” was given more importance than “sharing food from a common kitchen” in drawing the boundaries of a household, in case the two criteria were in conflict. However, in the special case of a person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say, in a shop or a different house) due to shortage of space, the household formed by such a person’s family members was taken to include that person also. Each inmate of a hotel, mess, boarding-lodging house, hostel, etc., was considered to be a single-member household except that a family living in a hotel (say) was considered one household only. The same principle was applicable for the residential staff of such establishments. The size of a household is the total number of persons in the household.

2.2 **Economic activity:** The entire spectrum of human activity falls into two categories – economic activities and non-economic activities. Any activity resulting in production of goods and services that add value to national product was considered as an economic activity for the employment and unemployment survey. Such activities included (i) production of all goods and services for market (i.e. for pay or profit) including those of government services, (ii) production of primary commodities for own consumption and (iii) own account production of fixed assets.

2.2.1 The full spectrum of economic activities as defined in the UN system of National Accounts was not covered in the definition of economic activities adopted for the employment and unemployment survey of NSS 68th round. Although production of any good for own consumption is considered as economic activity by UN System of National Accounts, production of only primary goods for own consumption was considered as economic activity by NSSO for the purpose of the survey. While the UN System of National Accounts considers activities like own account processing of primary products as economic activities, processing of primary products for own consumption was not considered as economic activity in the NSS surveys.

2.2.2 The term 'economic activity' as defined in the employment and unemployment survey of NSS 68th round, therefore, included:

- (i) all the market activities performed for pay or profit which result in production of goods and services for exchange.

- (ii) of the non-market activities,

(a) all the activities relating to the agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining and quarrying sector (i.e. industry Divisions 01 to 09 of NIC-2008) which result in production of primary goods for own consumption (including free collection of uncultivated crops, forestry, firewood, hunting, fishing, mining, quarrying, etc.)

and

(b) activities relating to the own-account production of fixed assets, which include production of fixed assets including construction of own houses, roads, wells, etc., and of machinery, tools, etc., for household enterprise and also construction of any private or community facilities free of charge. A person may be engaged in own account construction in the capacity of either a labourer or a supervisor.

Activity status of a person was judged irrespective of the situation whether such activity was carried out illegally in the form of smuggling or not. As per the practice followed in earlier rounds, certain activities like prostitution, begging, etc., which though fetched earnings, were not considered as economic activities.

2.3 **Activity status:** It is the activity situation in which a person was found participated in economic and non-economic activities during the reference period. According to this, a person could be in one or a combination of the following three broad activity statuses during a reference period:

- (i) working or being engaged in economic activity (work) as defined above,
- (ii) being not engaged in economic activity (work) but either making tangible efforts to seek 'work' or being available for 'work' if 'work' is available and
- (iii) being not engaged in any economic activity (work) and also not available for 'work'.

Broad activity statuses mentioned in (i) and (ii) above are associated with 'being in labour force' and the last with 'not being in labour force'. Within the labour force, broad activity statuses (i) and (ii) were associated with 'employment' and 'unemployment', respectively.

2.3.1 Identification of each individual in terms of a unique activity status could pose a problem when more than one of the three broad activity statuses listed above were concurrently obtained for a person during the reference period. In such an eventuality, unique identification under any one of the three broad activity statuses (viz. employed/ unemployed/not in labour force) was done by adopting either *the major time criterion* or *priority criterion*. The former was used for classification of persons according to the usual status approach and the latter for classification of persons according to the current status approach (i.e., current weekly status and current daily status approaches).

Each of the three broad activity statuses was further sub-divided into several detailed activity categories. If a person categorised as engaged in economic activity by adopting one of the two criteria mentioned above was found to be pursuing more than one economic activity during the reference period, the appropriate detailed activity status code was connected to that activity in which relatively long time had been spent. A similar procedure was adopted for assigning detailed activity code for persons categorised as engaged in non-economic activity and pursuing more than one non-economic activity.

code description

working (or employed)

self-employed

- 11 worked in household enterprises (self-employed) as own-account worker
- 12 worked in household enterprises (self-employed) as an employer
- 21 worked in household enterprises (self-employed) as helper

regular wage/ salaried employee

- 31 worked as regular wage/salaried employee

casual labour

- 41 worked as casual labour in public works (for usual status approach)
- 41 worked as casual labour in public works other than MGNREG public works (for current weekly/daily status approach)
- 42 worked as casual labour in Mahatma Gandhi NREG public works (for current weekly/daily status approach)

- 51 worked as casual labour in other types of works
- 61 did not work owing to sickness though there was work in household enterprise
- 62 did not work owing to other reasons though there was work in household enterprise
- 71 did not work owing to sickness but had regular salaried/wage employment
- 72 did not work owing to other reasons but had regular salaried/wage employment

not working but seeking/available for work (or unemployed)

- 81 sought work or did not seek but was available for work (for usual status approach)
- 81 sought work (for current weekly/daily status approach)
- 82 did not seek but was available for work (for current weekly/daily status approach)

neither working nor available for work (or not in labour force)

- 91 attended educational institutions
- 92 attended to domestic duties only
- 93 attended to domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.), sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use
- 94 rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc.
- 95 not able to work owing to disability
- 97 others (including beggars, prostitutes, etc.)
- 98 did not work owing to sickness (for casual workers only)
- 99 children of age 0-4 years

It may be noted that codes 42, 61, 62, 71, 72, 82 and 98 were applicable for current weekly status and current daily status approaches only. It may also be noted that activity status code 41 in the usual status is used for casual labour in all types of public works, whereas in the current activity status, code 41 is for casual labour in public works other than MGNREG public works and code 42 is for casual labour in MGNREG public works. It may be noted that for persons of age 0-4 years, a separate activity status code, viz., 99 was assigned.

2.4 Workers (or employed): Persons who were engaged in any economic activity or who, despite their attachment to economic activity, abstained themselves from work for reason of illness, injury or other physical disability, bad weather, festivals, social or religious functions or other contingencies necessitating temporary absence from work, constituted workers. Unpaid helpers who assisted in the operation of an economic activity in the household farm or non-farm activities were also considered as workers. Relevant activity status codes 11 to 72 were assigned for workers. Workers were further categorized as *self-employed* (relevant activity status codes: 11, 12, 21, 61, 62), *regular wage /salaried employee* (relevant activity status codes: 31, 71, 72), and *casual labour* (relevant activity status codes: 41, 42 and 51).

2.5 Seeking or available for work (or unemployed): Persons who, owing to lack of work, had not worked but either sought work through employment exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers or expressed their willingness or availability for work under the prevailing conditions of work and remuneration, were considered as those 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed). Activity status codes 81 or 82 were assigned for unemployed.

2.6 Labour force: Persons who were either 'working' (or employed) or 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed) constituted the labour force. Persons with activity status codes 11 – 82 constituted the labour force.

2.7 Not in labour force: Persons who were neither 'working' nor 'seeking or available for work' for various reasons during the reference period were considered as 'not in labour force'. Persons under this category are students, those engaged in domestic duties, rentiers, pensioners, recipients of remittances, those living on alms, infirm or disabled persons, too young persons, prostitutes, etc., and casual labourers not working due to sickness. Activity status codes 91-95, 97 and 98 were assigned for persons belonging to category 'not in labour force'. For the purpose of this report, status code 99 was assigned to children of age 0-4 years.

2.8 Self-employed: Persons who operated their own farm or non-farm enterprises or were engaged independently in a profession or trade on own-account or with one or a few partners were deemed to be self-employed in household enterprises. The essential feature of the self-employed is that they have *autonomy* (decide how, where and when to produce) and *economic independence* (in respect of choice of market, scale of operation and finance) for carrying out their operation. The remuneration of the self-employed consists of a non-separable combination of two parts: a reward for their labour and profit of their enterprise.

2.8.1 Categories of self-employed persons: Self-employed persons were categorised as follows:

- (i) **own-account workers:** Self-employed persons who operated their enterprises on their own account or with one or a few partners and who, during the reference period, by and large, ran their enterprise without hiring any labour was considered as own-account workers. They could, however, have had unpaid helpers to assist them in the activity of the enterprise.
- (ii) **employers:** Self-employed persons who worked on their own account or with one or a few partners and, who, by and large, ran their enterprise by hiring labour were considered as employers.

(iii) **helpers in household enterprise**: Self-employed persons who were engaged in their household enterprises, working full or part time and did not receive any regular salary or wages in return for the work performed were considered as helpers in household enterprise. They did not run the household enterprise on their own but assisted the concerned person living in the same household in running the household enterprise.

2.9 **Regular wage/salaried employee**: These were persons who worked in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and, in return, received salary or wages on a regular basis (i.e., not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract). This category included not only persons getting time wage but also persons receiving piece wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full time and part-time.

2.10 **Casual wage labourer**: A person who was casually engaged in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and, in return, received wages according to the terms of the daily or periodic work contract, was a casual wage labourer.

2.11 **Public works**: 'Public works' were those activities which were sponsored by Government or Local Bodies, and which covered local area development works like construction of roads, dams, bunds, digging of ponds, etc., as relief measures, or as an outcome of employment generation schemes under the poverty alleviation programmes such as Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee (MGNREG) works, SampoornaGrameenRozgarYojana (SGRY), National Food for Work Programme (NFFWP), etc. The coverage of schemes under 'public works' is restricted to those schemes under poverty alleviation programmes, or relief measures through which the Government generated wage employment. The types of works that were generally undertaken through these schemes, were watershed development, drought proofing, land levelling, flood control, laying pipes or cables, sanitation, water harvesting, digging of irrigation canal, development of orchard, road construction, building construction / repair, running crèche, etc. There may be some schemes sponsored by the Government and in operation, which were conceived as self-employment generation schemes. Some such schemes of the Government were Swarnjayanti Gram SwarozgarYojana (schemes under erstwhile IRDP merged with this), Rural Employment Generation Programme (REGP), Prime Minister's RozgarYojana (PMRY), Valmiki AmbedkarAwasYojana (VAMBAY), etc. Employment generated through these schemes was not considered within the purview of 'public works'. Classification of individuals as 'casual labour in public works' required that the work in which they participated was 'public works' as defined above. To distinguish between 'public works' and works not

classifiable as 'public works', some broad characteristics of 'public works' were identified, viz. the primary objective was generation of wage employment and poverty alleviation, and creation of community asset as an outcome in achieving those main objectives.

2.12 Different approaches followed to determine activity status: The persons surveyed were classified into various activity categories in three approaches on the basis of activities (economic/non-economic) pursued by them during certain specified reference periods. The three approaches are usual status approach, current weekly status approach and the current daily status approach. Three reference periods used in NSS surveys are (i) one year, (ii) one week and (iii) each day of the reference week. In the usual status approach, the activity status of a person is determined on the basis of the reference period of one year. The activity status of a person in current weekly status approach is determined on the basis of the reference period of one week and that in current daily status approach is determined on the basis of the reference period of one day. The procedures adopted to classify the persons into various activity categories according to the usual status approach, current weekly status approach and current daily status approach are elucidated below.

2.12.1 Usual principal activity status: The usual activity status relates to the activity status of a person during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The activity status on which a person spent relatively long time (i.e. major time criterion) during the 365 days preceding the date of survey was considered as the *usual principal activity status* of the person. To decide the usual principal activity of a person, first a two stage dichotomous classification was followed for determining the broad usual principal activity status (employed or unemployed or not in labour force) of the person. At the first stage, persons were first categorised as those in the *labour force* (either employed or unemployed) and those *not in the labour force* depending on the major time spent during the 365 days preceding the date of survey. Persons thus adjudged as not belonging to the labour force were assigned the broad activity status 'neither working nor available for work' (*not in the labour force*). At the second stage, for persons belonging to the labour force, the broad activity status of either 'working' (*employed*) or 'not working but seeking and/or available for work' (*unemployed*) was ascertained based on the same criterion viz. relatively long time spent in accordance with either of the two broad statuses within the labour force during the 365 days preceding the date of survey. Within the broad activity status so determined, the detailed activity status of a person pursuing more than one such activity was determined once again on the basis of the relatively long time spent on such activities. In terms of activity status codes, codes 11-51 were assigned to persons classified as workers and codes 91-97 and 99 to those 'not in the labour force'. In the usual status approach, a single code 81 was assigned to persons seeking or available for work (unemployed persons) while two separate

codes 81 (sought work) and 82 (did not seek but was available for work) were assigned to unemployed persons according to current weekly status and current daily status approach.

2.12.2 Usual subsidiary economic activity status: A person whose usual principal activity status was determined on the basis of the major time criterion could have pursued some economic activity for a shorter time throughout the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey or for a minor period, which is not less than 30 days, during the reference year. The status in which such economic activity was pursued was the subsidiary economic activity status of that person. Activity status codes 11 to 51 only were used for the subsidiary economic activity performed by a person. It may be noted that engagement in work in subsidiary capacity may arise out of the following two situations:

- (i) a person may be engaged in a relatively long period during the last 365 days in some economic (non-economic) activity and for a relatively short period (but not simultaneously), which is not less than 30 days (not necessarily for a continuous period), in another economic activity (any economic activity). The economic activity, which was pursued for a relatively short period was considered as his/her subsidiary economic activity.
- (ii) a person may be pursuing an economic activity (non-economic activity) almost throughout the year in the principal status and also simultaneously pursuing another economic activity (any economic activity) for a relatively short time in a subsidiary capacity. The economic activity, which was pursued for a relatively short time, was considered as his/her subsidiary economic activity.

If a person was categorised as worker according to usual principal status, then the subsidiary economic activity of the person was different from the principal activity either in terms of detailed work activity status or in terms of industry of work at the 2-digit level of NIC-2008.

2.12.3 Usual activity status considering principal and subsidiary status taken together: The usual status, determined on the basis of the usual principal activity and usual subsidiary economic activity of a person taken together, is considered as the activity status of the person according to usual status (ps+ss). According to the usual status (ps+ss), workers are those who perform some work activity either in the principal status or in the subsidiary status. Thus, a person who is not a worker in the usual principal status is considered as worker according to the usual status (ps+ss), if the person pursues some subsidiary economic activity for 30 days or more during the 365 days preceding the date of survey.

2.12.4 Current weekly activity status: The current weekly activity status of a person is the activity status obtaining for a person during a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey. It is decided on the basis of a certain priority-cum-major time criterion.

2.12.4.1 According to the priority criterion, the status 'working' gets priority over the status 'not working but seeking or available for work' that, in turn, gets priority over the status 'neither working nor available for work'. A person was considered working (or employed) if he/she, while pursuing any economic activity, had worked for at least one hour on at least one day during the 7 days preceding the date of survey. A person was considered 'seeking or available for work (or unemployed)' if, during the reference week, no economic activity was pursued by the person but he/she made efforts to get work or had been available for work any time during the reference week though not actively seeking work in the belief that no work was available. A person who had neither worked nor was available for work any time during the reference week was considered as engaged in non-economic activities (or not in labour force).

2.12.4.2 After deciding the *broad current weekly activity status* of a person on the *basis of 'priority' criterion*, the *detailed current activity status* was decided *on the basis of 'major time' criterion if that person pursued multiple economic activities*. The current weekly activity status of a person could be any of the valid codes within 11 to 99. Of these codes, 11 to 72 pertained to workers, 81 to 82 for unemployed and 91 to 99 for persons 'not in the labour force'.

2.12.5 Current daily activity status: The activity pattern of the population, particularly in the informal sector, is such that during a week, and sometimes, even during a day, a person could pursue more than one activity. Moreover, many people could even undertake both economic and non-economic activities on the same day of a reference week. The current daily activity status for a person was determined on the basis of his/her activity status on each day of the reference week using a priority-cum-major time criterion (day to day labour time disposition). Time disposition was recorded for every member of the sample households. This involved recording of different activities pursued by the members along with the time intensity in quantitative terms for each day of the reference week. The different activities were identified and recorded in terms of 'activity status' and 'industry' codes for persons in urban areas and 'activity status', 'industry' and 'operation' codes for persons in rural areas. The description (and codes used) of current daily activity statuses is the same as those of current weekly activity status. Industry and occupations of individuals are collected according to NIC 2008 and NCO 2004 respectively. The term 'operation' is explained later. The following points were considered for assigning the time intensity and determining the current daily status of a person:

- i) Each day of the reference week was looked upon as comprising either two 'half days' or a 'full day' for assigning the activity status. For recording time disposition for activities pursued by a person in a day, an intensity of 1.0 was given against an activity that was done for 'full day' and an intensity of 0.5 against the activity which was done for 'half day'.

- ii) A person was considered 'working' (employed) for the full day if he/she had worked for 4 hours or more during the day.
- iii) If a person was engaged in more than one of the economic activities for 4 hours or more on a day, he/she was assigned two out of the various economic activities on which he/she devoted relatively long time on the reference day. In such cases, an intensity of 0.5 was given for each of these two economic activities.
- iv) If the person had worked for 1 hour or more but less than 4 hours, he/she was considered 'working' (employed) for half-day and 'seeking or available for work' (unemployed) or 'neither seeking nor available for work' (not in labour force) for the other half of the day depending on whether he was seeking/available for work or not.
- v) If a person was not engaged in any 'work' even for 1 hour on a day but was seeking/available for work for 4 hours or more, he was considered 'unemployed' for the entire day. But if he was 'seeking/available for work' for more than 1 hour and less than 4 hours only, he was considered 'unemployed' for half day and 'not in labour force' for the other half of the day.
- vi) A person who neither had any 'work' to do nor was available for 'work' even for half a day was considered 'not in labour force' for the entire day and was assigned one or two of the detailed non-economic activity statuses depending upon the activities pursued during the reference day.

2.12.6 In the quinquennial surveys, the current weekly status of a person is derived from the intensities assigned for the daily activities performed by a person during the 7 days of the reference week by using priority-cum-major time criterion.

2.13 **Operation:** It is the type of work performed by a person during a reference period such as manual, non-manual, agricultural, non-agricultural, etc. Operation has been combined with activity status and industry corresponding to the work performed. Information regarding the type of operation is collected **only for rural areas and relating to current status only**. The different types of operations are - ploughing, sowing, transplanting, weeding, harvesting, others (manual) and others (non-manual). In the last two cases, the sector in which the work is performed is indicated by the industry. It may be noted, that for 'regular wage/ salaried employees' on leave or on holiday, the 'operation' relates to their respective function in the work or job from which he/she is temporarily off. Similarly, for persons categorised as 'self-employed' but not working on a particular day in spite of having work on that day, the operation will relate to the work that he/she would have done if he/ she had not enjoyed leisure on that day.

Chapter 3

Summary of Findings

3.0 Introduction

3.0.1 In order to get a comprehensive picture of the different dimensions of the situation of employment and unemployment in the country, three different estimates of 'employed' persons (workers) are presented in this report in *usual status* (ps+ss), *current weekly status* (CWS) and *current daily status* (CDS) from the data collected through employment and unemployment survey.

- i) ***Workforce in usual status (ps+ss)***: Work force according to the *usual status (ps+ss)* includes (a) the persons who worked for a relatively long part of the 365 days preceding the date of survey and (b) those persons from among the remaining population who had worked at least for 30 days during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey.
- ii) ***Workforce in current weekly status (CWS)***: The workforce measured in terms of *current weekly status (CWS)* gives number of persons employed on an average in a week of 7 days during the survey period. The estimate of workforce, according to CWS provides the number of persons worked for at least 1 hour on any day during the 7 days preceding the date of survey.
- iii) ***Workforce in current daily status (CDS)***: The workforce measured in terms of *current daily status (CDS)* gives the average picture of the person-days where a person was found employed on an average on a day during the survey period. For each person, 7 person-days were assigned for the 7 days preceding the date of survey and the estimate of the number of person-days worked in the reference week was obtained on the basis of the person-days worked according to the CDS approach.

3.0.2 In the Statements of this chapter, the estimates are presented for the class 1 cities (i.e., those with a population of one million or more) along with those for size class 2 towns (with a population of 50,000 to less than one million) and size class 3 towns (with population less than 50,000) and urban India as a whole. In order to study the trend, corresponding survey estimates for NSS 61st round (July 2004-June 2005) and 66th (July 2009- June 2010) round are also provided. However, the comparison has been made, generally, between the results of NSS 61st round and NSS 68th round. It may be noted that for 61st, 66th and 68th rounds, the size classes were formed as per Population Census 2001.

3.0.3 *Reference period of the estimates*: The estimates presented in the report, in general, refer to the midpoint of the survey period (July 2011 - June 2012) of NSS 68th round, i.e., 01.01.2012.

3.0.4 As per Population Census 2001, the following twenty-seven cities were classified as class 1 cities: Agra, Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Chennai, Delhi M.C.(Urban), Faridabad, Greater Mumbai, Howrah, Hyderabad, Indore, Jaipur, Kalyan-Dombivili, Kanpur, Kolkata, Lucknow, Ludhiana, Meerut, Nagpur, Nashik, Patna, Pimprichinchwad, Pune, Surat, Thane, Vadodara and Varanasi.

3.0.5 The discussion in this chapter is mainly restricted to the findings of the employment and unemployment indicators of the class 1 cities and for different size classes of towns at all-India level. However, the results for each State/UT by three size class of towns have been presented in the Appendix tables. The results for small States/UTs presented in the Appendix tables, should be interpreted with caution because of inadequate sample size for some of the categories in these States/ UTs.

3.1 Number of sample persons surveyed in different class 1 cities

3.1.1 To have an idea about the reliability of the estimates of the different characters presented in this Chapter, in Statement 3.1, the number of persons of age 15 years and above surveyed in different class 1 cities/ size class of towns in India have been presented. As seen from the Statement, in a number of class 1 cities, viz. Agra, Bhopal, Howrah, Indore, Kanpur, Lucknow, Kalyan-Dombivili, Meerut, Nashik, Patna, Pimprichinchwad, Thane, Vadodara and Varanasi, the number of males or females surveyed were relatively small.

Statement 3.1: Number of sample persons of age 15 years and above surveyed in different class 1 cities/ size class of towns in India during 2011-12

class 1 city/ size class of towns (1)	male (2)	female (3)	person (4)
Class 1 cities			
Agra	124	104	228
Ahmedabad	452	410	862
Bangalore	458	402	860
Bhopal	155	136	291
Chennai	478	494	972
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	1149	986	2135
Faridabad	311	255	566
Greater Mumbai	1305	1211	2516
Howrah	208	197	405
Hyderabad	629	605	1234
Indore	166	138	304
Jaipur	463	405	868
Kalyan-Dombivili	204	214	418
Kanpur	164	148	312
Kolkata	709	645	1354
Lucknow	157	178	335
Ludhiana	313	254	567
Meerut	115	107	222
Nagpur	298	319	617
Nashik	155	142	297
Patna	171	159	330
Pimprichinchwad	125	135	260
Pune	361	361	722
Surat	373	280	653
Thane	200	204	404
Vadodara	215	189	404
Varanasi	123	102	225
all class 1 cities	9581	8780	18361
size class 2 towns	29817	28952	58769
size class 3 towns	26505	26014	52519
Urban India	65903	63746	129649

Ref: Table C1 of Appendix A

3.2 Worker Population Ratio (WPR) in different approaches

3.2.1 The number of persons employed in *usual status* (ps+ss) per 1000 persons is referred to as work force participation rate (WFPR) or worker population ratio (WPR) in *usual status* (ps+ss). Statement 3.2 presents worker population ratio (WPR) for persons of age 15 years and above according to *usual status* (ps+ss) for each class 1 cities and size class of towns. Figure 1 and Figure 2 give WPR (per 1000 of persons) for persons of age 15 years and above according to *usual status* (ps+ss) for males and females, respectively.

3.2.2 *WPR among persons of age 15 years and above in usual status (ps+ss) during 2011-12*: It is seen from Statement 3.2 that, during 2011-12, in urban India, among males of age 15 years and above, about 74.1 per cent was employed according to *usual status* (ps+ss) and it was 19.5 per cent among females of age 15 years and above. These proportions were higher for size class 3 towns compared to the corresponding figures for class 1 cities and size class 2 towns for both males and females –among males, 75.8 per cent were employed in *usual status* (ps+ss) in size class 3 towns compared to 74.6 per cent in class 1 cities and 72.8 per cent in size class 2 towns and among females, 21.7 per cent were employed in *usual status* (ps+ss) in size class 3 towns compared to 19.9 per cent in class 1 cities and 17.9 per cent in size class 2 towns. Among the class 1 cities, Nashik had the highest proportion (86.4 per cent) of employed males whereas Patna had the lowest proportion (57.5 per cent) of employed males while Surat had the highest proportion of employed (25.8 per cent) females while Indore had the lowest proportion of employed (2.8 per cent) females.

3.2.3 *Changes in WPR among persons of age 15 years and above between 2004-05 and 2011-12 for different size class of towns*: Over the period 2004-05 and 2011-12, WPR for males of age 15 years and above decreased by about 2 percentage points for size class 3 towns as well as class 1 cities whereas it decreased by about 3 percentage points for size class 2 towns, while WPR for females decreased by nearly 6 percentage points for size class 3 towns and by 4 percentage points for size class 2 towns and it remained almost at the same level for class 1 cities.

3.2.4 *Changes in WPR among persons of age 15 years and above between 2004-05 and 2011-12 for class 1 cities*: In between 2004-05 and 2011-12, for class 1 cities, highest increase in WPR in *usual status* (ps+ss) for males of age 15 years and above was observed for Nashik (25 percentage points) whereas Indore (nearly 13 percentage points) showed the sharpest decline in WPR. Over the period 2004-05 and 2011-12, for females, highest increase in WPR in *usual status* (ps+ss) was observed for Lucknow (14 percentage points) whereas Indore (nearly 26 percentage points) showed the sharpest decline in WPR.

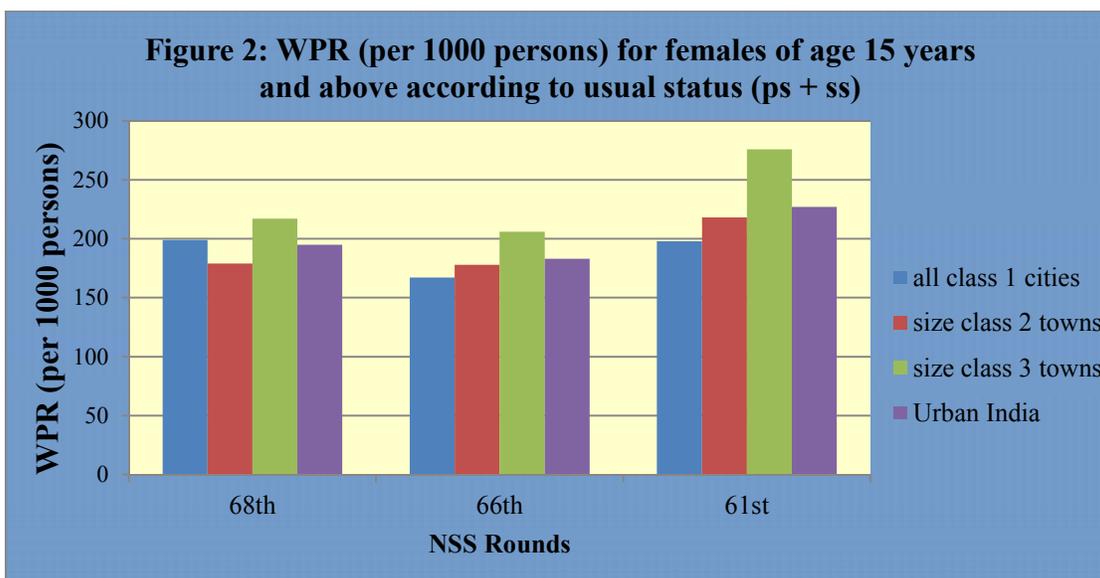
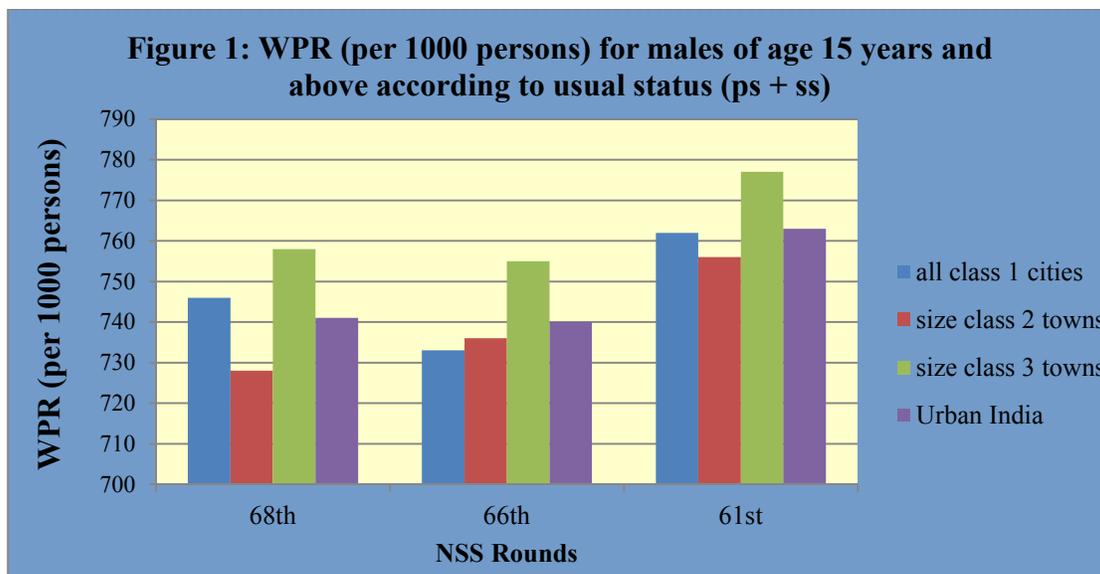
3.2.5 *Changes in WPR among persons of age 15 years and above between 2009-10 and 2011-12 for different size class of towns*: It is seen that compared to 2009-10, during 2011-12, WPR for male increased by 1 percentage point for class 1 cities, remained almost at the same level for size class 3 towns while it decreased by 1 percentage point for size class 2 towns. For females, compared to 2009-10, during 2011-12, WPR increased by 3 percentage points for size class 1

cities and by 1 percentage point for size class 3 towns while remained at the same level for size class 2 towns.

Statement 3.2: WPR for persons aged 15 years & above according to *usual status* (*ps+ss*) for each class 1 city / size class of towns in NSS 61st (2004-05), 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds

class 1 city/ size class of towns	male			female		
	68 th (2011- 12)	66 th (2009- 10)	61 st (2004- 05)	68 th (2011- 12)	66 th (2009- 10)	61 st (2004- 05)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Class 1 cities						
Agra	730	707	833	67	19	147
Ahmedabad	772	757	795	190	170	214
Bangalore	779	755	841	254	243	202
Bhopal	751	696	782	209	214	151
Chennai	785	715	749	221	112	168
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	726	725	714	167	97	112
Faridabad	681	740	726	143	111	118
Greater Mumbai	752	757	786	245	245	267
Howrah	812	784	779	100	143	158
Hyderabad	739	703	770	163	179	190
Indore	709	720	835	28	120	283
Jaipur	677	731	766	215	130	377
Kalyan-Dombivili	718	784	730	203	187	203
Kanpur	672	692	776	85	98	77
Kolkata	737	741	751	242	159	190
Lucknow	783	666	695	236	104	93
Ludhiana	820	824	834	135	95	128
Meerut	766	488	790	94	103	51
Nagpur	683	743	720	206	223	289
Nashik	864	654	610	205	186	187
Patna	575	591	528	70	54	18
Pimprichinchwad	754	824	774	189	100	212
Pune	733	679	712	236	187	291
Surat	823	870	876	258	166	182
Thane	708	711	736	229	306	223
Vadodara	689	735	717	139	247	197
Varanasi	805	789	860	242	349	411
all class 1 cities	746	733	762	199	167	198
size class 2 towns	728	736	756	179	178	218
size class 3 towns	758	755	777	217	206	276
Urban India	741	740	763	195	183	227

Ref: Table C1 of Appendix A



3.3 Distribution of usually employed (ps+ss) by status in employment

3.3.1 The employed persons are categorised into three broad categories according to their status in employment. These broad categories are: (i) self-employed, (ii) regular wage/salaried employee and (iii) casual labour. Statement 3.3 presents, at the all-India level, per 1000 distribution of usually employed (ps+ss) persons aged 15 years and above by status in employment for each class 1 city/size class of towns during NSS 68th (2011-12) round. The Statement 3.3 also gives the results on the corresponding distribution obtained from NSS 61st (2004-05) and 66th (2009-10) rounds. Percentage share of different categories of workers of age 15 years and above in total employment according to *usual status* (ps +ss) in class 1 cities during 2011-12 are given in Figure 3 and Figure 4, for males and females separately.

3.3.2 *Distribution of workers of age 15 years and above in usual status (ps+ss) by status of employment during 2011-12:*

3.3.2.1 *Urban India:* It is seen from Statement 3.3 that during 2011-12, among male workers of age 15 years and above, in urban India as a whole, 41.8 per cent were self- employed, 43.5 per cent were regular wage/ salaried employees and remaining 14.7 per cent were casual labourers. The share of self-employed, regular wage/ salaried employees and casual labourers among urban females was about 42.6 per cent, 43.1 per cent and 14.4 per cent, respectively.

3.3.2.2 *Regular wage/salaried employment:* For both males and females, share of regular wage/ salaried employment was much higher in class 1 cities compared to size class 2 and size class 3 towns. About 54.6 per cent of the male workers of class 1 cities were regular wage/ salaried employees while about 41.3 per cent and 33.9 per cent of male workers were regular wage/ salaried employees in size class 2 and size class 3 towns, respectively. Among female workers in class 1 cities, about 57.8 per cent were regular wage/ salaried employees while corresponding proportions in size class 2 and size class 3 towns were 43 per cent and 27.3 per cent respectively.

3.3.2.3 *Self-employed persons:* Among male workers in class 1 cities, about 37.9 per cent were self-employed and this proportion was about 42.7 per cent in size class 2 towns and 44.9 per cent in size class 3 towns and the corresponding proportions for females were 35.7 per cent, 42.5 per cent and 50.5 per cent for class 1 cities, size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns, respectively.

3.3.2.4 *Casual labourers:* Proportion of casual labourers among males was 7.5 per cent, 15.9 per cent and 21.2 per cent, respectively, for class 1 cities, size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns whereas the corresponding proportion for females was 6.5 per cent, 14.5 per cent and 22.2 per cent.

3.3.2.5 *Class 1 cities:* During 2011-12, among male workers in different class 1 cities, the proportion of self- employed was the highest for Varanasi (82.2 per cent) and the lowest for Nagpur (23.9 per cent), the proportion of regular wage/salary earners was the highest in Kalyan-Dombivili (70.6 per cent) and the lowest in Varanasi (17.4 per cent) while the proportion of

casual labourers was the highest in Lucknow (30.9 per cent) and the lowest in Varanasi (about 0.4 per cent). Among female workers in different class 1 cities, the proportion of self-employed was the highest for Varanasi (86.4 per cent) and the lowest for Ludhiana (nearly 12.6 per cent), the proportion of regular wage/salary earners was the highest in Ludhiana (87.4 per cent) and the lowest in Kanpur (about 12.9 per cent) while the proportion of casual labourers was the highest in Kanpur (31.8 per cent).

3.3.3 Changes in distribution by status in employment between 2004-05 and 2011-12: The changes in the shares of the self-employed persons, regular wage/ salaried employees and casual labourers over the period 2004-05 to 2011-12 has been studied separately for males and females.

3.3.3.1 For Males: Over the period from 2004-05 to 2011-12 the share of self-employed persons decreased for class 1 cities as well as for the size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns: for class 1 cities, it was 37.9 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 39.5 per cent in 2004-05, for size class 2 towns, it was 42.7 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 46 per cent in 2004-05 and for size class 3 towns, it was 44.9 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 48.8 per cent in 2004-05. The share of the regular wage/salaried persons increased in 2011-12 compared to that of 2004-05 for class 1 cities as well as for the size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns: for class 1 cities, it was 54.6 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 51.2 per cent in 2004-05, for size class 2 towns, it was 41.3 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 39 per cent in 2004-05 and for size class 3 towns, it was 33.9 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 31.6 per cent in 2004-05. It is seen that the share of casual labour decreased for class 1 cities, while the share increased for size class 2 towns as well as for size class 3 towns.

3.3.3.2 For Females: Over the period from 2004-05 to 2011-12 the share of self-employed persons decreased for class 1 cities as well as for the size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns: for class 1 cities, it was 35.7 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 38.2 per cent in 2004-05, for size class 2 towns, it was 42.5 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 47.2 per cent in 2004-05 and for size class 3 towns, it was 50.5 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 54.7 per cent in 2004-05. The share of the regular wage/salaried persons increased in 2011-12 compared to that of 2004-05 for class 1 cities as well as for the size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns: for class 1 cities, it was 57.8 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 52.8 per cent in 2004-05, for size class 2 towns, it was 43 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 36.2 per cent in 2004-05 and for size class 3 towns, it was 27.3 per cent in 2011-12 compared to 22.1 per cent in 2004-05. It is seen that the share of casual labour decreased for class 1 cities as well as for the size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns.

Statement 3.3: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed (ps+ss) persons aged 15 years and above by status in employment for each class 1 city/size class of towns in NSS 61st (2004-05), 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds.

class 1 city/ size class of towns	male											
	68 th (2011-12)				66 th (2009-10)				61 st (2004-05)			
	status in employment*											
(1)	SE	RWS	CL	all	SE	RWS	CL	all	SE	RWS	CL	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Class 1 cities												
Agra	448	304	248	1000	376	479	145	1000	603	341	56	1000
Ahmedabad	478	488	34	1000	536	378	86	1000	369	525	107	1000
Bangalore	358	564	78	1000	411	472	118	1000	352	462	186	1000
Bhopal	309	517	174	1000	241	580	178	1000	533	413	54	1000
Chennai	261	633	106	1000	257	495	248	1000	351	545	104	1000
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	412	554	34	1000	465	512	23	1000	371	590	39	1000
Faridabad	369	536	95	1000	207	699	95	1000	231	742	26	1000
Greater Mumbai	332	640	28	1000	295	676	29	1000	403	517	80	1000
Howrah	469	257	274	1000	382	425	192	1000	393	451	157	1000
Hyderabad	319	593	88	1000	312	558	131	1000	447	427	126	1000
Indore	571	381	48	1000	413	506	82	1000	519	390	91	1000
Jaipur	371	547	83	1000	439	447	114	1000	450	466	84	1000
Kalyan-Dombivili	276	706	18	1000	288	642	70	1000	311	678	11	1000
Kanpur	473	452	74	1000	376	384	240	1000	441	434	125	1000
Kolkata	509	417	73	1000	396	399	205	1000	368	435	197	1000
Lucknow	405	286	309	1000	462	357	180	1000	405	534	60	1000
Ludhiana	344	630	26	1000	361	587	52	1000	345	604	50	1000
Meerut	540	364	95	1000	486	361	154	1000	487	490	23	1000
Nagpur	239	636	125	1000	393	510	97	1000	421	417	161	1000
Nashik	243	632	125	1000	299	536	165	1000	344	402	254	1000
Patna	525	376	99	1000	609	352	39	1000	509	402	89	1000
Pimprichinchwad	316	679	5	1000	208	677	115	1000	348	570	83	1000
Pune	277	662	61	1000	309	616	75	1000	291	596	113	1000
Surat	311	656	33	1000	437	534	29	1000	294	682	24	1000
Thane	436	517	47	1000	262	736	3	1000	344	607	49	1000
Vadodara	289	691	20	1000	410	408	182	1000	411	566	22	1000
Varanasi	822	174	4	1000	825	108	67	1000	757	191	52	1000
all class 1 cities	379	546	75	1000	387	516	97	1000	395	512	93	1000
size class 2 towns	427	413	159	1000	401	429	170	1000	460	390	149	1000
size class 3 towns	449	339	212	1000	450	310	240	1000	488	316	196	1000
Urban India	418	435	147	1000	410	420	170	1000	449	407	144	1000

*: SE: self-employed, RWS: regular wage/salaried, CL: casual labour

Ref: Table C1 of Appendix A

Statement 3.3: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed (ps+ss) persons aged 15 years and above by status in employment for each class 1 city/size class of towns in NSS 61st (2004-05), 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds.

class 1 city/ size class of towns (1)	female											
	68 th (2011-12)				66 th (2009-10) status in employment*				61 st (2004-05)			
	SE	RWS	CL	all	SE	RWS	CL	all	SE	RWS	CL	all
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
Class 1 cities												
Agra	687	284	30	1000	500	500	0	1000	789	75	136	1000
Ahmedabad	637	311	53	1000	476	318	206	1000	388	299	313	1000
Bangalore	236	732	31	1000	362	523	115	1000	239	672	90	1000
Bhopal	344	636	19	1000	84	855	61	1000	265	735	0	1000
Chennai	235	747	18	1000	188	634	179	1000	226	762	12	1000
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	211	783	6	1000	186	814	0	1000	159	796	44	1000
Faridabad	280	720	0	1000	252	721	27	1000	613	378	8	1000
Greater Mumbai	306	673	20	1000	241	727	33	1000	292	689	19	1000
Howrah	410	350	240	1000	153	604	243	1000	418	506	76	1000
Hyderabad	294	620	86	1000	302	626	73	1000	321	542	137	1000
Indore	321	679	0	1000	342	425	233	1000	576	343	81	1000
Jaipur	606	278	116	1000	400	577	23	1000	799	167	34	1000
Kalyan-Dombivili	276	724	0	1000	86	850	64	1000	343	569	88	1000
Kanpur	553	129	318	1000	381	309	309	1000	390	519	91	1000
Kolkata	390	494	116	1000	352	610	38	1000	516	442	42	1000
Lucknow	653	225	123	1000	500	500	0	1000	149	809	43	1000
Ludhiana	126	874	0	1000	526	474	0	1000	398	508	94	1000
Meerut	223	606	170	1000	587	356	58	1000	333	667	0	1000
Nagpur	175	714	112	1000	505	387	108	1000	377	367	256	1000
Nashik	532	278	190	1000	317	683	0	1000	449	267	283	1000
Patna	400	557	43	1000	352	648	0	1000	278	722	0	1000
Pimprichinchwad	291	571	138	1000	340	370	290	1000	241	514	245	1000
Pune	139	730	131	1000	398	554	48	1000	238	634	128	1000
Surat	601	275	124	1000	367	398	235	1000	330	374	297	1000
Thane	303	697	0	1000	322	671	7	1000	348	652	0	1000
Vadodara	286	686	29	1000	166	510	324	1000	362	592	46	1000
Varanasi	864	136	0	1000	971	29	0	1000	920	0	80	1000
all class 1 cities	357	578	65	1000	331	578	90	1000	382	528	90	1000
size class 2 towns	425	430	145	1000	410	416	174	1000	472	362	165	1000
size class 3 towns	505	273	222	1000	466	233	301	1000	547	221	232	1000
Urban India	426	431	144	1000	408	397	196	1000	471	361	167	1000

*: SE: self-employed, RWS: regular wage/salaried, CL: casual labour

Ref: Table C1 of Appendix A

Figure 3: Percentage share of different categories of workers in total employment of males of age 15 years and above according to usual status (ps + ss) in class 1 cities during 2011-12

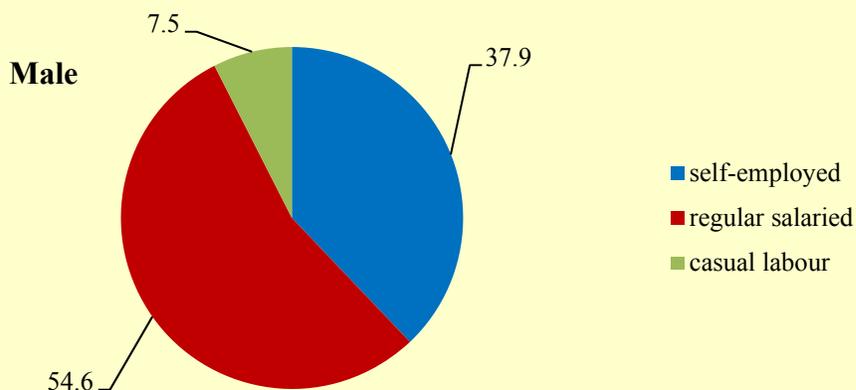
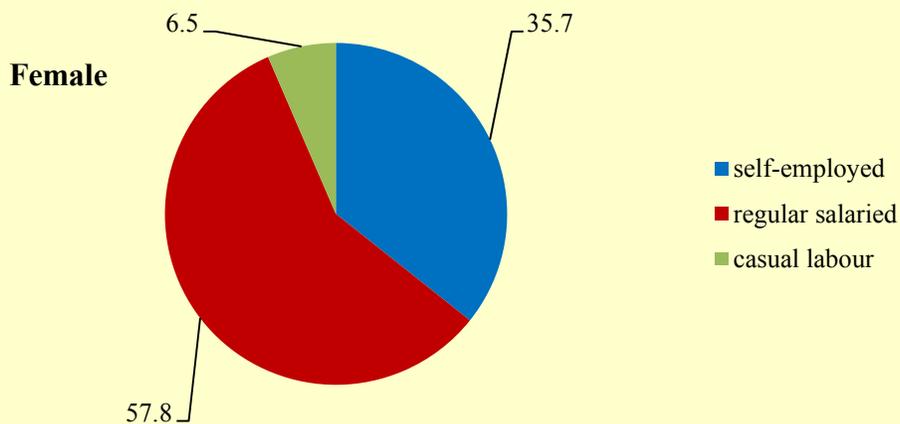


Figure 4: Percentage share of different categories of workers in total employment of females of age 15 years and above according to usual status (ps + ss) in class 1 cities during 2011-12



3.4 Estimates of employed according to current status

3.4.1 Statement 3.4 gives during 2011-12, estimates of employed persons per 1000 persons of age 15 years and above according to *current weekly status* and number of person-days employed per 1000 person-days according to *current daily status* for each class 1 city/size class of towns separately for males and females. The relevant results based on NSS 66th round (2009-10) and 61st round (2004-05) are also presented in the Statement.

3.4.2 *WPR among persons of age 15 years and above in current weekly status (CWS) and current daily status (CDS) during 2011-12:* Among males of age 15 years and above, WPR in both CWS and CDS was the lowest in size class 2 towns compared to those of class 1 cities and size class 3 towns: it was 71.7 per cent in CWS and 70.2 per cent in CDS for size class 2 towns compared to 74.2 per cent in CWS and 73.4 per cent in CDS for class 1 cities while for size class 3 towns it was 74.3 per cent in CWS and 72 per cent in CDS. Among females also, WPR in both CWS and CDS was the lowest in size class 2 towns compared to those of class 1 cities and size class 3 towns: it was 16.9 per cent in CWS and 15.3 per cent in CDS for size class 2 towns compared to 19.3 per cent in CWS and 18 per cent in CDS for class 1 cities while for size class 3 towns it was 19.7 per cent in CWS and 17.4 per cent in CDS. During 2011-12, among class 1 cities, for males, WPR in both CWS and CDS was the highest in Nashik (86.3 per cent in CWS and 86.2 per cent in CDS) and the lowest in Patna (56.9 per cent in both CWS and CDS) while, for females, WPR in both CWS and CDS was the highest in Surat (25.8 per cent in CWS and 25.2 per cent in CDS) and the lowest in Indore (2.8 per cent in both CWS and CDS).

3.4.3 *Changes in WPR in CWS and CDS among persons of age 15 years and above between 2004-05 and 2011-12:* For males, WPR in CWS decreased for class 1 cities as well as for size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns in 2011-12 compared to that of 2004-05, while during this period, in CDS for class 1 cities and size class 3 towns, WPR remained at the same level while that of size class 2 towns it decreased. For females, WPR in CWS as well as CDS increased for class 1 cities while WPR in CWS as well as CDS decreased for size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns in 2011-12 compared to that of 2004-05. For males, the decrease in WPR in CWS was from 75 per cent in 2004-05 to 74.2 per cent in 2011-12 for class 1 cities, while it decreased from 74 per cent in 2004-05 to 71.7 per cent in 2011-12 for size class 2 towns and from 75.4 per cent to 74.3 per cent for size class 3 towns. For females, WPR increased by nearly 1 percentage point in both CWS and CDS for class 1 cities while it decreased by 4 percentage points in CWS and by 3 percentage points in CDS for size class 2 towns and the decrease was by 5 percentage points in CWS and by 3 percentage points in CDS for size class 3 towns.

Statement 3.4: WPR(number of persons/ person-days in employment per 1000 persons/ person-days) for persons of age 15 years and above according to *current weekly status/current daily status* for each class 1 city/size class of towns in NSS 61st (2004-05), 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds.

class 1 city/ size class of towns	male					
	no. of persons /person-days employed per 1000 persons/person-days					
	according to current status					
	68 th (2011-12)		66 th (2009-10)		61 st (2004-05)	
	weekly status	daily status	weekly status	daily status	weekly status	daily status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Class 1 cities						
Agra	730	726	707	706	827	808
Ahmedabad	769	754	757	747	779	766
Bangalore	773	768	751	735	841	813
Bhopal	750	719	667	645	773	768
Chennai	782	768	709	680	732	712
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	719	716	719	716	714	708
Faridabad	681	681	732	716	726	726
Greater Mumbai	750	743	750	741	759	751
Howrah	801	765	784	760	787	766
Hyderabad	739	737	694	691	758	753
Indore	700	700	720	708	796	773
Jaipur	677	677	726	724	755	720
Kalyan-Dombivili	718	715	774	754	719	718
Kanpur	672	646	692	682	750	731
Kolkata	721	704	737	722	738	703
Lucknow	780	749	666	657	695	695
Ludhiana	820	819	810	810	830	830
Meerut	766	759	501	501	790	788
Nagpur	679	669	722	714	717	694
Nashik	863	862	654	643	624	586
Patna	569	569	577	570	518	512
Pimprichinchwad	754	754	824	821	759	747
Pune	726	718	678	666	709	692
Surat	823	818	870	870	863	861
Thane	684	679	710	710	725	716
Vadodara	678	676	708	669	671	665
Varanasi	797	790	789	779	837	804
all class 1 cities	742	734	727	717	750	735
size class 2 towns	717	702	726	707	740	714
size class 3 towns	743	720	743	717	754	720
Urban India	731	716	731	712	746	722

Ref: (i) for current weekly status: Table C2 of Appendix A
(ii) for current daily status: Table C3 of Appendix A

Statement 3.4: WPR(number of persons/ person-days in employment per 1000 persons/ person-days) for persons of age 15 years and above according to *current weekly status/current daily status* for each class 1 city/size class of towns in NSS 61st (2004-05), 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds.

class 1 city/ size class of towns	female					
	no. of persons /person-days employed per 1000 persons/person-days according to current status					
	68 th (2011-12)		66 th (2009-10)		61 st (2004-05)	
	weekly status	daily status	weekly status	daily status	weekly status	daily status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Class 1 cities						
Agra	67	67	19	19	134	104
Ahmedabad	184	151	170	132	213	191
Bangalore	252	247	240	228	193	185
Bhopal	209	196	209	199	151	131
Chennai	224	222	109	102	165	162
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	168	168	103	97	111	110
Faridabad	143	143	97	97	114	105
Greater Mumbai	237	225	238	221	254	241
Howrah	100	85	143	139	149	133
Hyderabad	159	158	172	163	182	176
Indore	28	28	120	117	221	196
Jaipur	208	168	130	118	337	258
Kalyan-Dombivili	202	182	177	168	179	159
Kanpur	85	55	91	74	70	66
Kolkata	225	189	154	141	176	150
Lucknow	213	185	128	114	93	92
Ludhiana	135	130	95	86	128	118
Meerut	94	94	102	94	41	41
Nagpur	189	188	201	186	273	238
Nashik	170	163	175	175	183	137
Patna	70	59	54	48	14	13
Pimprichinchwad	179	171	98	83	209	173
Pune	225	213	160	148	263	253
Surat	258	252	165	131	164	127
Thane	229	212	252	249	188	184
Vadodara	139	135	250	241	178	168
Varanasi	242	175	336	318	325	250
all class 1 cities	193	180	163	149	185	169
size class 2 towns	169	153	169	155	204	178
size class 3 towns	197	174	191	166	244	204
Urban India	183	166	174	156	209	182

Ref: (i) for current weekly status: Table C2 of Appendix A

(ii) for current daily status: Table C3 of Appendix A

3.5 Unemployment

3.5.1 As in the case of employed, three sets of estimates of unemployment are also obtained by the three different approaches used for classification of the activity statuses of persons. The different estimates of unemployment are:

- i) number of persons usually unemployed based on 'usual status' approach,
- ii) number of persons unemployed on an average in a week, based on the *current weekly status* (CWS) approach, and
- iii) number of person-days unemployed on an average during the reference period of seven days preceding the date of survey, based on the *current daily status* (CDS) approach.

3.5.1.1 Of these estimates, the first estimate indicates the magnitude of the persons unemployed for a relatively long period during a reference period of 365 days and approximates to an indicator of the chronically unemployed. However, some of the unemployed on the basis of this criterion might be working in a subsidiary capacity. Therefore, the estimate of the unemployed excluding those employed in a subsidiary capacity during the reference period can also be arrived at. The former is based on the usual principal status and is called as the unemployed in *usual status (ps)* and the latter is based on usual status considering principal and subsidiary statuses together and is called as unemployed in *usual status (ps+ss)* or *usual status (adjusted)*, which would conceptually be lower than the former.

3.5.1.2 The estimate of unemployed in *current weekly status* gives an average picture of unemployment in a short period of 7 days during the survey period. It includes both chronic unemployment and also the intermittent unemployment of those categorised as usually employed caused by seasonal fluctuations in the labour market.

3.5.1.3 The estimate of unemployed in *current daily status* gives an average picture of unemployment on a day during the survey year.

3.5.2 Unemployment rate

3.5.2.1 Unemployment Rate (UR) is the ratio of number of unemployed persons/person-days to the number of persons/person-days in labour force. Employed and unemployed taken together constitute labour force (LF). UR gives the unutilized portion of the labour force. Statement 3.5 gives the unemployment rates of persons aged 15 years and above according to *usual status (adjusted)*, *current weekly status* (CWS) and *current daily status* (CDS) for each class 1city/size-class of towns separately for males and females during 2011-12. The corresponding results based

on the NSS 66th round (July 2009- June 2010) and 61st round (July 2004- June 2005) are also presented in the Statement.

3.5.2.2 Unemployment rate for males of age 15 years and above: During 2011-12, unemployment rate in usual status (adjusted) for males was 3 per cent in urban India while it was 2.9 per cent for class 1 cities, 3.3 per cent for size class 2 towns and 2.6 per cent for size class 3 towns. Unemployment rate for males in CWS was 3.8 per cent in urban India and in CDS it was 4.9 per cent. Unemployment rate in CWS was the highest in size class 2 towns (4.1 per cent) followed by size class 3 towns (3.8 per cent) and it was the lowest in class 1 cities (3.4 per cent), while in CDS it was the highest in size class 3 towns (5.5 per cent), the lowest in class 1 cities (3.9 per cent) and it was 5.1 per cent for size class 2 towns. Among males in different class 1 cities, unemployment rate was the highest in Lucknow in all the three approaches viz., in usual status (adjusted), CWS and CDS: it was 8.5 per cent in usual status (adjusted), 8.8 per cent in CWS and 10.2 per cent in CDS.

3.5.2.3 Unemployment rate for females of age 15 years and above: During 2011-12, unemployment rate in usual status (adjusted) for females was 5.3 per cent in urban India while it was 4.3 per cent for class 1 cities, 6.3 per cent for size class 2 towns and 4.8 per cent for size class 3 towns. Unemployment rate for females in CWS was 6.6 per cent in urban India and in CDS it was 7.8 per cent. Unemployment rate in CWS was the highest in size class 2 towns (8.2 per cent) followed by size class 3 towns (7.1 per cent) and it was the lowest in class 1 cities (4.9 per cent), while in CDS it was at the same level for size class 3 towns and size class 2 towns (9.5 per cent in size class 2 towns and 9.4 per cent for size class 3 towns) and the lowest in class 1 cities (5.3 per cent). Among females in different class 1 cities, unemployment rate was the highest in Patna in all the three approaches viz., in usual status (adjusted), CWS and CDS: it was 34.6 per cent in each of usual status (adjusted) and CWS while it was 39.2 per cent in CDS.

3.5.2.4 Changes in unemployment rate for persons of age 15 years and above between 2004-05 and 2011-12: For males, unemployment rates decreased in 2011-12 compared to that of 2004-05 for class 1 cities, size class 2 towns as well as size class 3 towns in each of usual status (adjusted), CWS and CDS and for females also unemployment rate showed a decreasing pattern in all these approaches except in usual status (adjusted) in class 1 cities in which it remained at the same level in 2004-05 and 2011-12.

3.5.2.5 Changes in unemployment rate according to usual status (adjusted) for persons of age 15 years and above between 2009-10 and 2011-12: Compared to 2009-10 in 2011-12 for males, unemployment rates in usual status (adjusted) decreased for class 1 cities (it was 3.4 per cent in 2009-10 compared to 2.9 per cent in 2011-12), it increased for size class 2 towns (it was 2.5 per cent in 2009-10 compared to 3.3 per cent in 2011-12) and remained at the same level for size class 3 towns (2.6 per cent in both of these two periods). For females, compared to 2009-10 in 2011-12, the unemployment rate decreased for class 1 cities (it was 5.6 per cent in 2009-10

compared to 4.3 per cent in 2011-12), it remained at the same level for size class 2 towns (6.3 per cent in both of these periods) and decreased only marginally for size class 3 towns (it was 5.1 per cent in 2009-10 compared to 4.8 per cent in 2011-12).

Statement 3.5: Unemployment rates (no. of persons/ person-days in unemployment per 1000 persons/ person-days in the labour force) for persons aged 15 years and above according to *usual status (adjusted)*, CWS, CDS for each class 1 city/size class of towns in NSS 61st (2004-05), 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds.

class 1 city/ size class of towns	unemployment rates according to status								
	68 th (2011-12)			66 th (2009-10)			61 st (2004-05)		
	usual (adjusted)	current weekly	current daily	usual (adjusted)	current weekly	current daily	usual (adjusted)	current weekly	current daily
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Class 1 cities									
Agra	0	0	0	55	55	55	2	4	25
Ahmedabad	3	5	22	13	12	15	27	38	53
Bangalore	23	34	39	35	38	44	12	13	40
Bhopal	21	21	53	1	1	24	56	62	68
Chennai	26	38	52	39	46	79	30	41	64
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	41	48	50	31	35	40	49	51	53
Faridabad	14	14	14	30	25	44	15	15	15
Greater Mumbai	13	17	22	42	51	57	31	65	75
Howrah	31	38	57	14	14	18	49	21	44
Hyderabad	59	59	60	50	54	55	33	42	44
Indore	25	37	37	8	8	8	16	62	90
Jaipur	40	48	48	25	28	31	27	31	72
Kalyan-Dombivili	41	41	45	19	30	42	49	64	65
Kanpur	37	37	42	77	77	88	53	82	100
Kolkata	38	53	58	31	38	50	53	59	81
Lucknow	85	88	102	16	16	25	20	20	20
Ludhiana	0	0	2	63	77	77	12	17	17
Meerut	0	0	5	39	14	14	21	21	22
Nagpur	16	17	25	11	28	36	35	44	57
Nashik	8	8	8	25	25	35	21	59	103
Patna	80	81	82	132	135	142	113	129	137
Pimprichinchwad	26	26	25	28	41	41	47	65	80
Pune	25	35	38	53	54	63	62	65	85
Surat	4	4	10	6	6	6	2	17	17
Thane	46	42	42	15	30	29	24	45	55
Vadodara	11	26	29	32	56	70	58	101	109
Varanasi	48	49	49	19	19	31	21	27	52
all class 1 cities	29	34	39	34	40	47	34	47	61
size class 2 towns	33	41	51	25	33	48	37	51	75
size class 3 towns	26	38	55	26	35	59	41	59	87
Urban India	30	38	49	28	36	51	38	52	74

Ref: (i) UR in usual status (adjusted): Table C1 of Appendix A

(ii) UR in current weekly status: Table C2 of Appendix A

(iii) UR in current daily status: Table C3 of Appendix A

Statement 3.5: Unemployment rates (no. of persons/ person-days in unemployment per 1000 persons/ person-days in the labour force) for persons aged 15 years and above according to *usual status (adjusted)*, *CWS*, *CDS* for each class 1 city/size class of towns in NSS 61st (2004-05), 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds.

		female								
		unemployment rates according to status								
class 1 city/ size class of towns	68 th (2011-12)			66 th (2009-10)			61 st (2004-05)			
	usual (adjusted)	current weekly	current daily	usual (adjusted)	current weekly	current daily	usual (adjusted)	current weekly	current daily	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Class 1 cities										
Agra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	
Ahmedabad	31	32	38	12	12	15	27	36	73	
Bangalore	38	38	39	36	51	54	137	172	185	
Bhopal	0	0	5	9	9	25	0	0	0	
Chennai	9	13	13	188	193	221	23	41	41	
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	29	29	29	20	28	30	59	90	91	
Faridabad	53	53	53	75	171	126	0	0	0	
Greater Mumbai	32	48	47	68	105	102	53	66	69	
Howrah	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	108	119	
Hyderabad	84	86	87	109	140	151	59	67	69	
Indore	0	0	0	124	124	127	0	9	93	
Jaipur	49	63	77	65	65	71	10	20	30	
Kalyan-Dombivili	110	82	90	26	27	29	33	48	70	
Kanpur	227	227	313	0	0	0	49	54	57	
Kolkata	16	17	21	86	94	102	104	111	133	
Lucknow	29	32	51	28	23	26	0	0	0	
Ludhiana	0	0	0	136	136	149	0	38	41	
Meerut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nagpur	84	152	157	47	74	75	17	45	63	
Nashik	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	52	87	
Patna	346	346	392	239	333	360	182	222	235	
Pimprichinchwad	0	0	0	187	190	217	70	83	99	
Pune	71	93	101	0	0	0	10	37	56	
Surat	0	0	23	40	35	44	11	41	52	
Thane	50	50	54	0	12	12	4	87	89	
Vadodara	54	7	7	31	31	40	84	180	188	
Varanasi	0	24	33	0	37	15	37	69	91	
all class 1 cities	43	49	53	56	74	80	43	66	77	
size class 2 towns	63	82	95	63	82	94	84	101	127	
size class 3 towns	48	71	94	51	59	93	68	96	132	
Urban India	53	66	78	57	75	93	70	91	117	

Ref: (i) UR in usual status (adjusted): Table C1 of Appendix A

(ii) UR in current weekly status: Table C2 of Appendix A

(iii) UR in current daily status: Table C3 of Appendix A

3.6 Industrial distribution of the usually employed (ps+ss) persons of age 15 years and above

3.6.1. Statement 3.6 presents the share of usual status (ps+ss) workers of age 15 years and above in the three broad industry sectors, viz., *primary*, *secondary* and *tertiary* for different size classes of towns and urban India as a whole, separately for males and females for NSS 61st round (July 2004- June 2005), 66th round (July 2009- June 2010) and 68th round (July 2011-June 2012).

Statement 3.6: Per 1000 distribution of *usual status (ps+ss)* workers of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry division for class 1 cities/size class of towns in NSS 66th (2009-10) and 68th (2011-12) rounds.

size-class of towns	68 th round (2011-12)				66 th round (2009-10)				61 st round (2004-05)			
	pri- mary	secon- dary	terti- ary	all	pri- mary	secon- dary	terti- ary	all	pri- mary	secon- dary	terti- ary	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
male												
all class 1 cities	9	362	631	1000	14	346	640	1000	15	375	610	1000
size class 2	42	345	615	1000	44	359	598	1000	47	338	616	1000
size class 3	135	349	514	1000	134	329	536	1000	143	323	534	1000
Urban India	56	351	593	1000	60	346	593	1000	61	344	594	1000
female												
all class 1 cities	19	285	696	1000	19	308	674	1000	13	335	653	1000
size class 2	69	348	583	1000	93	335	573	1000	67	329	603	1000
size class 3	254	380	368	1000	295	344	362	1000	183	292	525	1000
Urban India	109	339	551	1000	139	331	531	1000	87	321	593	1000

*: NIC-98 division codes: *primary: 01-05, secondary: 10-45, tertiary: 50-99 (for 61st round)*

*: NIC-04 division codes: *primary: 01-05, secondary: 10-45, tertiary: 50-99 (for 66th round)*

*: NIC-08 division codes: *primary: 01-03, secondary: 05-43, tertiary: 45-99 (for 68th round)*

Ref: Table C4 of Appendix A

3.6.1.1 It is seen that among male workers of age 15 years and above, in urban India, about 59.3 per cent were engaged in *tertiary sector*, about 35.1 per cent in *secondary sector* and about 5.6 per cent in *primary sector*. Corresponding proportions for females were about 55.1 per cent, 33.9 per cent and 10.9 per cent, respectively. It is seen that the *tertiary sector* had the highest share of workers for both males and females in 2011-12 compared to other two sectors in all size class of towns followed by that of the *secondary sector* and the *primary sector* has the lowest share of workers. Moreover, in class 1 cities, the share of the tertiary sector was even higher compared to those of the other two size class of towns. In class 1 cities, about 63.1 per cent of male workers were engaged in *tertiary sector*, 36.2 per cent in *secondary sector* and about 0.9 per cent in *primary sector* and the corresponding proportions for females were about 69.6 per cent, 28.5 per cent and about 1.9 per cent, respectively. Among male workers in size class 2 towns, 61.5 per cent were engaged in *tertiary sector*, 34.5 per cent in *secondary sector* and 4.2 per cent in *primary sector* and these proportions for females were 58.3 per cent, 34.8 per cent and about 6.9

per cent, respectively. Among male workers in size class 3 towns, about 51.4 per cent were engaged in *tertiary sector*, about 34.9 per cent in *secondary sector* and about 13.5 per cent in *primary sector* and the corresponding proportions for females were about 36.8 per cent, 38 per cent and 25.4 per cent, respectively.

3.6.1.2 *Changes in the distribution of male workers of age 15 years and above by broad industry divisions between 2004-05 and 2011-12*: It is seen from Statement 3.6 that the share of *tertiary sector* in total male workers increased between 2004-05 and 2011-12 for class 1 cities, it decreased for size class 3 towns and remained at the same level for size class 2 towns while the share of the secondary sector decreased for class 1 cities and increased for size class 2 towns as well as size class 3 towns. The *tertiary sector* registered nearly 2 percentage point increase in the share of total workers during 2011-12 compared to 2004-05 for class 1 cities while its share decreased by nearly 2 percentage points for size class 3 towns. The share of the secondary sector decreased by nearly 1 percentage points between 2004-05 and 2011-12 for class 1 cities while it increased by 1 percentage points for size class 2 towns and 3 percentage points for size class 3 towns.

3.6.1.3 *Changes in the distribution of female workers of age 15 years and above by broad industry divisions between 2004-05 and 2011-12*: The share of *tertiary sector* in total female workers increased between 2004-05 and 2011-12 for class 1 cities and it decreased for size class 2 towns and size class 3 towns while the share of the secondary sector decreased for class 1 cities and increased for size class 2 towns as well as size class 3 towns. The *tertiary sector* registered nearly 4 percentage point increase in the share of total workers during 2011-12 compared to 2004-05 for class 1 cities while its share decreased by nearly 2 percentage points for size class 2 towns and 16 percentage points for size class 3 towns. The share of the secondary sector decreased by nearly 5 percentage points between 2004-05 and 2011-12 for class 1 cities while it increased by 2 percentage points for size class 2 towns and 9 percentage points for size class 3 towns.

3.6.2 *Distribution of workers of class 1 cities by broad industry divisions*: Statement 3.7 presents per 1000 distribution of usually working persons (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above by broad industry divisions as per NIC-08, viz., *primary*, *secondary* and *tertiary* for each class 1 city and size class of towns during 2011-12.

3.6.2.1 During 2011-12, among the class 1 cities, in *secondary sector*, among males the highest share of workers was in Surat (70.5 per cent) whereas the lowest was in Thane (21.1 per cent) and in the *tertiary sector*, Thane (79 per cent) had the highest share of workers and the lowest was in Surat (29.5 per cent). In 2011-12, among females, in *secondary sector*, the highest share of workers was in each of Kanpur (74.1 per cent) and Varanasi (74 per cent) while Meerut had the highest share of workers (100 per cent) in *tertiary sector*.

Statement 3.7: Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry division for each class 1 city/size class of town during 2011-12

class 1 city/ size class of towns	male				female			
	broad industry division*				broad industry division*			
	pri- mary	second- ary	terti- ary	all	pri- mary	second- ary	terti- ary	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Class 1 cities								
Agra	15	558	426	1000	0	26	974	1000
Ahmedabad	12	493	497	1000	20	471	511	1000
Bangalore	2	287	710	1000	0	244	755	1000
Bhopal	70	304	627	1000	0	92	907	1000
Chennai	17	292	691	1000	0	197	802	1000
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	1	246	754	1000	0	34	967	1000
Faridabad	1	441	557	1000	0	116	885	1000
Greater Mumbai	2	306	694	1000	3	254	742	1000
Howrah	11	416	574	1000	82	257	661	1000
Hyderabad	1	263	736	1000	3	187	810	1000
Indore	0	254	745	1000	0	311	689	1000
Jaipur	22	421	557	1000	185	481	334	1000
Kalyan-Dombivili	0	301	699	1000	0	272	729	1000
Kanpur	16	542	441	1000	0	741	259	1000
Kolkata	1	381	619	1000	0	206	794	1000
Lucknow	68	316	615	1000	101	501	398	1000
Ludhiana	0	559	442	1000	0	493	507	1000
Meerut	23	298	678	1000	0	0	1000	1000
Nagpur	8	316	676	1000	0	413	587	1000
Nashik	50	626	324	1000	268	249	483	1000
Patna	65	235	701	1000	153	253	594	1000
Pimprichinchwad	0	402	599	1000	0	158	842	1000
Pune	6	329	664	1000	0	191	809	1000
Surat	0	705	295	1000	0	671	329	1000
Thane	0	211	790	1000	0	247	754	1000
Vadodara	0	367	634	1000	4	157	838	1000
Varanasi	0	557	443	1000	0	740	260	1000
all class 1 cities	9	362	631	1000	19	285	696	1000
size class 2	42	345	615	1000	69	348	583	1000
size class 3	135	349	514	1000	254	380	368	1000
Urban India	56	351	593	1000	109	339	551	1000

*: NIC-08 division codes: primary: 01-03, secondary: 05-43, tertiary: 45-99

Ref: Table C4 of Appendix A

Appendix A

Detailed All- India Tables

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male	
	working				un- employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	number of sample	
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total						blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	327	222	181	730	0	270	1000	10411	7149	8	124
Ahmedabad	369	377	26	772	2	226	1000	25912	19678	32	452
Bangalore	279	439	61	779	18	203	1000	41177	33148	36	458
Bhopal	232	388	131	751	16	234	1000	7268	5009	12	155
Chennai	205	497	83	785	21	194	1000	21684	17600	44	478
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	299	402	25	726	31	243	1000	41585	30701	92	1149
Faridabad	251	365	65	681	10	309	1000	5215	3940	22	311
Greater Mumbai	250	481	21	752	10	238	1000	64955	50543	100	1305
Howrah	381	209	223	812	26	161	1000	5537	4658	16	208
Hyderabad	236	438	65	739	46	215	1000	47787	36215	56	629
Indore	405	270	34	709	18	274	1000	7336	5648	12	166
Jaipur	251	370	56	677	28	295	1000	19534	14939	32	463
Kalyan-Dombivili	198	507	13	718	31	251	1000	6544	5521	16	204
Kanpur	318	304	50	672	26	302	1000	13696	9042	12	164
Kolkata	376	308	54	737	29	234	1000	29587	23065	60	709
Lucknow	317	224	242	783	73	144	1000	14807	10526	12	157
Ludhiana	282	517	21	820	0	180	1000	9971	7355	24	313
Meerat	414	279	73	766	0	234	1000	7520	5439	8	115
Nagpur	163	434	85	683	11	307	1000	11734	8551	24	298
Nashik	210	546	108	864	7	129	1000	5638	4255	12	155
Patna	302	216	57	575	50	374	1000	10698	6892	12	171
Pimprichinchwad	238	512	4	754	20	226	1000	9557	6243	12	125
Pune	203	485	45	733	19	249	1000	15243	11365	32	361
Surat	256	539	27	823	3	174	1000	22043	16253	28	373
Thane	309	366	33	708	34	258	1000	8794	6965	16	200
Vadodara	199	476	14	689	8	303	1000	8549	6668	15	215
Varanasi	662	140	3	805	41	154	1000	8501	5862	8	123

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female	
	working				un- employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	number of sample	
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total						blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	46	19	2	67	0	933	1000	8645	5911	8	104
Ahmedabad	121	59	10	190	6	804	1000	24542	18697	32	410
Bangalore	60	186	8	254	10	736	1000	37514	28845	36	402
Bhopal	72	133	4	209	0	791	1000	6026	4346	12	136
Chennai	52	165	4	221	2	776	1000	22003	17535	44	494
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	35	130	1	167	5	828	1000	35354	27028	91	986
Faridabad	40	103	0	143	8	849	1000	4377	3181	22	255
Greater Mumbai	75	165	5	245	8	746	1000	59315	46213	100	1211
Howrah	41	35	24	100	0	900	1000	5321	4438	16	197
Hyderabad	48	101	14	163	15	822	1000	45408	32905	56	605
Indore	9	19	0	28	0	972	1000	6965	4721	12	138
Jaipur	131	60	25	215	11	773	1000	17151	12653	32	405
Kalyan-Dombivili	56	147	0	203	25	772	1000	6663	5351	16	214
Kanpur	47	11	27	85	25	890	1000	9781	8122	12	148
Kolkata	94	119	28	242	4	754	1000	23423	19076	59	645
Lucknow	154	53	29	236	7	756	1000	15581	11370	12	178
Ludhiana	17	118	0	135	0	865	1000	7913	5345	24	254
Meerat	21	57	16	94	0	906	1000	7063	4921	8	107
Nagpur	36	147	23	206	19	775	1000	12307	9303	24	319
Nashik	109	57	39	205	0	795	1000	5164	3780	12	142
Patna	28	39	3	70	37	893	1000	8124	5733	12	159
Pimprichinchwad	55	108	26	189	0	811	1000	9555	6709	12	135
Pune	33	173	31	236	18	745	1000	14769	11496	32	361
Surat	155	71	32	258	0	742	1000	16273	11567	28	280
Thane	69	159	0	229	12	760	1000	8722	6643	16	204
Vadodara	40	96	4	139	8	853	1000	7805	6202	15	189
Varanasi	209	33	0	242	0	758	1000	7443	4696	8	102

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban persons	
	working				un- employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	200	130	100	430	0	570	1000	19056	13059	8	228
Ahmedabad	248	222	18	489	4	508	1000	50455	38375	32	862
Bangalore	177	321	36	535	14	451	1000	78691	61994	36	860
Bhopal	158	270	72	499	8	492	1000	13295	9356	12	291
Chennai	129	331	44	504	12	484	1000	43687	35135	44	972
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	175	275	14	464	19	517	1000	76939	57729	92	2135
Faridabad	157	248	36	440	9	550	1000	9592	7121	22	566
Greater Mumbai	167	330	14	510	9	481	1000	124270	96757	100	2516
Howrah	215	124	126	465	14	522	1000	10858	9096	16	405
Hyderabad	146	278	41	465	31	504	1000	93194	69120	56	1234
Indore	224	156	18	399	10	592	1000	14301	10370	12	304
Jaipur	196	227	42	465	20	514	1000	36685	27592	32	868
Kalyan-Dombivili	128	330	7	465	28	507	1000	13207	10873	16	418
Kanpur	190	166	39	395	26	580	1000	23477	17165	12	312
Kolkata	248	223	42	513	18	469	1000	53010	42141	60	1354
Lucknow	232	135	132	499	39	462	1000	30388	21896	12	335
Ludhiana	171	349	12	532	0	468	1000	17884	12701	24	567
Meerat	227	174	46	447	0	553	1000	14582	10360	8	222
Nagpur	97	284	53	434	15	551	1000	24041	17855	24	617
Nashik	163	316	75	554	3	443	1000	10802	8035	12	297
Patna	178	136	33	346	44	610	1000	18822	12625	12	330
Pimprichinchwad	143	303	15	461	10	529	1000	19112	12952	12	260
Pune	117	328	38	483	18	498	1000	30012	22861	32	722
Surat	214	345	29	588	2	410	1000	38316	27820	28	653
Thane	192	265	17	474	23	503	1000	17516	13607	16	404
Vadodara	122	293	9	424	8	568	1000	16353	12870	15	404
Varanasi	460	93	2	555	23	422	1000	15944	10557	8	225

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	236	438	65	739	46	215	1000	47787	36215	56	629
	2	266	327	146	739	23	238	1000	70446	52546	235	2433
	3	325	323	100	747	11	243	1000	15474	11067	79	850
	all	262	366	112	740	30	230	1000	133707	99828	370	3912
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	216	379	75	670	26	304	1000	1043	711	76	900
	all	216	379	75	670	26	304	1000	1043	711	76	900
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	405	247	57	709	30	260	1000	7488	5440	30	381
	3	396	264	86	747	52	201	1000	7548	5706	74	920
	all	400	256	72	728	41	230	1000	15036	11145	104	1301
Bihar	1	302	216	57	575	50	374	1000	10698	6892	12	171
	2	400	128	106	634	32	335	1000	21982	14717	71	1029
	3	428	102	153	683	12	305	1000	15310	9965	76	985
	all	387	139	110	636	30	334	1000	47990	31574	159	2185
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	193	309	188	690	31	279	1000	15615	10702	38	470
	3	363	190	225	778	31	191	1000	10682	7181	54	656
	all	261	261	203	726	31	243	1000	26297	17882	92	1126

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	299	402	25	726	31	243	1000	41585	30701	92	1149
	2	281	388	51	721	20	259	1000	12309	8269	14	189
	3	140	610	15	765	8	227	1000	10935	7980	14	165
	all	269	435	28	732	25	243	1000	64830	46950	120	1503
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	274	364	18	657	7	337	1000	1315	940	15	171
	3	187	431	66	684	28	288	1000	2058	1609	21	261
	all	219	406	48	674	20	306	1000	3373	2550	36	432
Gujarat	1	300	454	25	779	3	218	1000	56504	42599	75	1040
	2	368	370	68	807	6	187	1000	41101	31052	78	1052
	3	283	401	144	828	7	165	1000	22157	16528	62	736
	all	320	415	62	797	5	198	1000	119762	90180	215	2828
Haryana	1	251	365	65	681	10	309	1000	5215	3940	22	311
	2	300	327	79	706	37	257	1000	28445	20877	96	1284
	3	341	268	77	686	6	308	1000	5338	3769	28	392
	all	299	324	77	700	29	271	1000	38999	28586	146	1987
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	159	478	134	771	0	229	1000	435	377	6	56
	3	225	463	72	760	17	223	1000	3221	2504	41	462
	all	216	465	80	761	15	224	1000	3656	2880	47	518

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	385	270	61	717	30	254	1000	7937	6115	107	1679
	3	278	286	115	680	32	288	1000	3816	2854	64	928
	all	351	275	78	705	30	265	1000	11752	8969	171	2607
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	330	285	94	709	33	258	1000	19538	13339	55	686
	3	296	213	178	687	36	277	1000	11520	7832	68	876
	all	317	258	125	700	34	265	1000	31058	21170	123	1562
Karnataka	1	279	439	61	779	18	203	1000	41177	33148	36	458
	2	313	260	134	707	24	269	1000	35527	26620	111	1415
	3	389	213	198	800	13	187	1000	26305	18654	109	1336
	all	317	324	118	759	19	222	1000	103009	78422	256	3209
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	269	260	212	742	15	243	1000	24291	17851	136	1497
	3	259	189	267	715	28	257	1000	15758	12354	96	1079
	all	265	231	235	731	20	249	1000	40049	30205	232	2576
Madhya Pradesh	1	324	326	79	729	17	255	1000	14604	10658	24	321
	2	320	279	118	717	20	263	1000	41091	29188	103	1431
	3	416	179	163	759	16	226	1000	29004	20172	121	1574
	all	353	254	126	733	18	249	1000	84700	60017	248	3326

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	235	475	33	743	15	242	1000	122465	93443	212	2648
	2	293	339	96	728	10	262	1000	82149	60425	189	2538
	3	351	309	88	747	18	234	1000	40589	28096	103	1327
	all	272	404	63	739	14	247	1000	245203	181964	504	6513
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	381	212	57	650	70	280	1000	1046	734	61	754
	3	549	159	36	745	25	231	1000	2005	1228	87	1074
	all	487	179	44	709	42	249	1000	3051	1962	148	1828
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	230	344	31	605	7	388	1000	951	747	20	262
	3	197	330	173	701	24	275	1000	1363	1008	32	416
	all	211	336	113	660	17	323	1000	2314	1755	52	678
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	218	406	60	684	35	281	1000	1049	716	55	697
	3	380	276	94	750	25	225	1000	1112	750	57	734
	all	301	339	77	718	30	252	1000	2161	1466	112	1431
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	157	379	18	553	169	278	1000	896	637	7	91
	3	237	307	24	568	107	325	1000	1181	886	37	538
	all	204	337	22	562	133	305	1000	2077	1522	44	629

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	377	327	105	809	22	169	1000	17152	12748	53	616
	3	397	230	118	745	44	211	1000	12633	9098	79	943
	all	385	287	111	782	31	187	1000	29785	21846	132	1559
Punjab	1	282	517	21	820	0	180	1000	9971	7355	24	313
	2	358	328	70	757	18	225	1000	26764	20408	113	1562
	3	356	277	79	711	40	249	1000	12980	9623	59	830
	all	343	352	63	758	20	222	1000	49714	37386	196	2705
Rajasthan	1	251	370	56	677	28	295	1000	19534	14939	32	463
	2	281	264	142	687	24	289	1000	36062	24703	93	1262
	3	352	247	121	719	14	267	1000	19082	13092	70	884
	all	290	289	112	692	23	285	1000	74677	52735	195	2609
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	284	486	41	811	25	164	1000	505	379	20	199
	all	284	486	41	811	25	164	1000	505	379	20	199
Tamil Nadu	1	205	497	83	785	21	194	1000	21684	17600	44	478
	2	274	307	153	734	18	248	1000	58356	45181	159	1735
	3	239	301	244	784	13	203	1000	67081	50112	213	2198
	all	248	334	182	764	16	220	1000	147122	112893	416	4411

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	300	248	35	583	100	317	1000	942	752	20	204
	3	289	286	159	734	82	184	1000	1787	1347	48	509
	all	293	272	114	680	89	232	1000	2729	2099	68	713
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	372	321	36	729	7	263	1000	6138	4489	26	342
	3	372	252	96	720	19	261	1000	6599	4362	66	732
	all	372	287	66	725	13	262	1000	12737	8851	92	1074
Uttar Pradesh	1	386	238	124	748	33	220	1000	54934	38017	48	683
	2	341	272	108	721	40	238	1000	90356	61991	166	2362
	3	463	139	172	775	18	208	1000	60079	38864	174	2503
	all	388	225	131	743	32	225	1000	205370	138872	388	5548
West Bengal	1	377	291	82	750	28	222	1000	35124	27723	76	917
	2	318	281	128	728	38	235	1000	64221	50690	198	2405
	3	360	223	209	791	33	175	1000	20367	15267	70	855
	all	342	275	128	745	34	221	1000	119711	93680	344	4177
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	157	491	140	789	36	175	1000	484	378	30	322
	3	201	293	278	772	14	214	1000	103	76	6	64
	all	165	458	163	786	33	181	1000	587	453	36	386

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	276	418	63	757	46	198	1000	4999	3601	31	384
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	276	418	63	757	46	198	1000	4999	3601	31	384
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	121	729	22	872	0	128	1000	350	219	7	76
	3	187	668	8	863	0	137	1000	386	270	5	56
	all	157	695	14	867	0	133	1000	736	489	12	132
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	267	476	62	805	0	195	1000	264	195	8	101
	all	267	476	62	805	0	195	1000	264	195	8	101
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	249	284	188	720	43	237	1000	130	99	16	243
	all	249	284	188	720	43	237	1000	130	99	16	243
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	178	406	140	724	21	254	1000	2713	2124	40	432
	3	186	292	247	725	17	257	1000	1083	746	16	179
	all	180	377	168	725	20	255	1000	3796	2871	56	611
all- India	1	283	408	56	746	22	231	1000	481282	363231	753	9581
	2	311	301	116	728	25	248	1000	722150	528573	2363	29817
	3	340	257	161	758	20	222	1000	429496	304384	2149	26505
	all	310	322	109	741	23	236	1000	1632929	1196188	5265	65903

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working		total	un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	48	101	14	163	15	822	1000	45408	32905	56	605
	2	120	73	54	247	10	743	1000	69926	54312	236	2579
	3	152	83	55	290	21	689	1000	15905	11996	80	858
	all	100	84	41	225	13	763	1000	131238	99213	372	4042
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	95	75	22	193	19	788	1000	910	596	76	755
	all	95	75	22	193	19	788	1000	910	596	76	755
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	49	54	0	103	3	894	1000	6401	5104	29	349
	3	60	50	19	129	15	856	1000	6997	5234	74	874
	all	55	52	10	116	9	875	1000	13398	10337	103	1223
Bihar	1	28	39	3	70	37	893	1000	8124	5733	12	159
	2	30	11	10	50	9	941	1000	18012	11796	71	843
	3	48	16	23	87	4	909	1000	12752	8419	76	872
	all	36	19	13	67	13	920	1000	38888	25947	159	1874
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	56	143	81	280	25	695	1000	13737	10335	38	451
	3	192	79	127	398	3	599	1000	9517	6669	54	620
	all	109	118	99	326	16	657	1000	23254	17004	92	1071

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	35	130	1	167	5	828	1000	35354	27028	91	986
	2	50	44	0	95	8	897	1000	9762	6868	14	149
	3	0	51	13	63	11	925	1000	8816	6810	14	132
	all	32	103	3	138	7	856	1000	53932	40706	119	1267
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	52	190	13	254	7	738	1000	1252	926	15	167
	3	11	155	6	172	30	798	1000	2006	1609	21	266
	all	26	167	9	202	22	776	1000	3258	2536	36	433
Gujarat	1	118	69	16	203	4	793	1000	48620	36465	75	879
	2	56	63	19	138	3	859	1000	35840	26848	78	990
	3	56	65	59	181	0	819	1000	19809	14090	62	725
	all	85	66	25	177	3	820	1000	104269	77403	215	2594
Haryana	1	40	103	0	143	8	849	1000	4377	3181	22	255
	2	33	90	7	130	8	862	1000	25573	19135	96	1177
	3	50	58	9	117	0	883	1000	4698	3586	28	363
	all	36	87	6	130	7	864	1000	34648	25902	146	1795
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	43	27	0	70	7	922	1000	494	414	6	47
	3	108	185	16	309	34	656	1000	2812	2174	42	463
	all	98	160	14	271	30	699	1000	3306	2588	48	510

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	65	76	13	154	38	808	1000	7268	5599	107	1584
	3	70	84	2	156	32	812	1000	3518	2591	64	794
	all	66	78	10	154	36	810	1000	10787	8189	171	2378
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	25	43	14	83	12	906	1000	18156	13247	55	668
	3	39	36	24	100	3	897	1000	9737	6880	67	762
	all	30	41	18	88	9	903	1000	27893	20127	122	1430
Karnataka	1	60	186	8	254	10	736	1000	37514	28845	36	402
	2	62	80	45	187	11	802	1000	34070	25364	111	1405
	3	81	60	68	209	10	781	1000	26374	18836	109	1370
	all	66	117	36	219	10	771	1000	97957	73046	256	3177
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	80	116	30	227	39	734	1000	26859	21227	136	1817
	3	99	105	58	263	39	699	1000	17285	13806	96	1246
	all	87	112	41	241	39	720	1000	44144	35033	232	3063
Madhya Pradesh	1	39	74	2	115	0	885	1000	12991	9068	24	274
	2	73	66	19	158	9	833	1000	37582	27819	103	1331
	3	103	34	45	182	4	814	1000	28247	19587	121	1491
	all	78	56	25	160	6	835	1000	78820	56474	248	3096

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	64	154	13	230	11	759	1000	116495	89496	212	2586
	2	64	94	31	189	4	807	1000	73612	56419	189	2465
	3	116	46	63	224	9	767	1000	36198	27807	103	1296
	all	72	117	27	216	8	776	1000	226305	173722	504	6347
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	212	64	2	279	43	678	1000	1017	761	61	785
	3	223	19	6	248	24	728	1000	1885	1270	87	1123
	all	219	36	4	259	31	709	1000	2902	2031	148	1908
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	93	177	15	285	3	713	1000	1087	810	20	268
	3	152	114	32	298	17	685	1000	1630	1071	32	419
	all	127	141	24	292	11	697	1000	2717	1881	52	687
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	212	118	6	336	30	634	1000	1104	793	55	751
	3	304	65	8	376	22	601	1000	1113	759	57	733
	all	257	92	7	356	26	618	1000	2217	1552	112	1484
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	56	108	0	164	108	728	1000	724	589	7	85
	3	169	36	0	205	103	692	1000	1097	806	37	486
	all	121	66	0	187	105	707	1000	1821	1395	44	571

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force		all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total			total				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	120	60	7	187	2	811	1000	14785	11343	52	551
	3	113	47	53	213	6	781	1000	11389	8847	79	940
	all	117	55	27	198	4	798	1000	26174	20190	131	1491
Punjab	1	17	118	0	135	0	865	1000	7913	5345	24	254
	2	72	85	12	169	9	822	1000	23806	18406	113	1382
	3	105	102	5	213	6	781	1000	11545	9264	59	779
	all	73	95	8	176	7	818	1000	43264	33015	196	2415
Rajasthan	1	131	60	25	215	11	773	1000	17151	12653	32	405
	2	107	56	29	192	3	805	1000	30506	22660	93	1187
	3	111	37	18	166	2	832	1000	18890	13359	70	910
	all	114	52	25	191	5	804	1000	66547	48673	195	2502
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	177	197	0	374	1	625	1000	443	317	20	177
	all	177	197	0	374	1	625	1000	443	317	20	177
Tamil Nadu	1	52	165	4	221	2	776	1000	22003	17535	44	494
	2	94	110	22	227	18	755	1000	58203	45225	158	1734
	3	128	89	84	301	11	688	1000	69566	53124	213	2365
	all	103	109	48	260	12	728	1000	149772	115884	415	4593

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	1	129	0	131	282	588	1000	932	785	20	221
	3	44	76	30	150	131	719	1000	1800	1378	48	552
	all	29	95	19	143	186	672	1000	2731	2164	68	773
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	56	50	3	110	21	869	1000	5697	4147	26	318
	3	73	52	6	131	39	830	1000	5959	4196	66	738
	all	64	51	5	120	30	850	1000	11656	8343	92	1056
Uttar Pradesh	1	100	35	18	154	8	838	1000	48513	35020	48	639
	2	66	41	10	117	6	877	1000	80047	56127	166	2188
	3	133	13	22	168	2	831	1000	56328	37763	174	2398
	all	94	31	16	142	6	853	1000	184888	128911	388	5225
West Bengal	1	84	104	27	215	3	781	1000	28744	23514	75	842
	2	88	88	27	203	19	778	1000	60281	48597	197	2334
	3	159	57	32	247	21	732	1000	18670	14390	70	823
	all	99	87	28	214	15	771	1000	107695	86502	342	3999
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	24	172	84	281	52	667	1000	508	394	30	313
	3	60	36	56	153	123	724	1000	103	74	6	61
	all	30	151	80	261	64	676	1000	611	468	36	374

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	63	97	0	160	19	821	1000	4123	3092	31	313
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	63	97	0	160	19	821	1000	4123	3092	31	313
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	10	159	13	182	0	818	1000	378	245	7	70
	3	12	138	0	150	0	850	1000	233	173	5	46
	all	11	150	8	169	0	831	1000	611	418	12	116
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	94	74	46	214	5	780	1000	306	210	8	115
	all	94	74	46	214	5	780	1000	306	210	8	115
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	56	83	2	140	74	786	1000	114	95	16	257
	all	56	83	2	140	74	786	1000	114	95	16	257
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	34	130	14	178	7	815	1000	2683	2105	40	430
	3	50	120	61	231	8	761	1000	1043	756	16	205
	all	38	128	26	192	7	801	1000	3726	2861	56	635
all- India	1	71	115	13	199	9	793	1000	433207	326789	751	8780
	2	76	77	26	179	12	809	1000	664424	501492	2360	28952
	3	109	59	48	217	11	772	1000	407696	298543	2150	26014
	all	83	84	28	195	11	795	1000	1505327	1126823	5261	63746

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	146	278	41	465	31	504	1000	93194	69120	56	1234
	2	192	198	99	489	16	495	1000	140372	106858	236	5012
	3	235	198	76	509	16	475	1000	31379	23063	80	1708
	all	181	226	76	483	21	496	1000	264945	199041	372	7954
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	161	241	51	453	23	525	1000	1953	1308	76	1655
	all	161	241	51	453	23	525	1000	1953	1308	76	1655
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	232	154	30	416	17	567	1000	13889	10543	30	730
	3	235	162	54	451	34	515	1000	14544	10939	74	1794
	all	234	158	42	434	26	540	1000	28434	21483	104	2524
Bihar	1	178	136	33	346	44	610	1000	18822	12625	12	330
	2	235	76	63	374	21	604	1000	39994	26512	71	1872
	3	254	63	93	410	9	581	1000	28062	18384	76	1857
	all	229	85	66	379	22	598	1000	86878	57521	159	4059
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	126	227	136	489	28	483	1000	29352	21036	38	921
	3	280	137	178	595	17	388	1000	20199	13850	54	1276
	all	187	191	152	531	24	445	1000	49551	34886	92	2197

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force		all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total		total	total				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	175	275	14	464	19	517	1000	76939	57729	92	2135
	2	176	232	28	437	15	549	1000	22072	15137	14	338
	3	75	353	14	442	10	549	1000	19751	14790	14	297
	all	159	281	16	456	17	528	1000	118762	87655	120	2770
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	164	278	15	457	7	536	1000	2567	1866	15	338
	3	99	293	36	428	29	543	1000	4064	3219	21	527
	all	123	287	29	438	21	540	1000	6631	5085	36	865
Gujarat	1	216	277	21	513	4	483	1000	105124	79065	75	1919
	2	223	228	46	497	5	499	1000	76941	57900	78	2042
	3	179	246	105	530	4	466	1000	41966	30618	62	1461
	all	212	254	45	511	4	485	1000	224030	167583	215	5422
Haryana	1	157	248	36	440	9	550	1000	9592	7121	22	566
	2	172	214	45	430	23	546	1000	54018	40012	96	2461
	3	199	166	44	409	3	588	1000	10036	7355	28	755
	all	174	212	43	429	19	553	1000	73647	54488	146	3782
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	98	242	64	404	4	592	1000	929	791	6	103
	3	171	334	46	550	25	424	1000	6033	4677	42	925
	all	160	321	49	529	22	449	1000	6962	5468	48	1028

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	232	177	38	447	34	519	1000	15205	11714	107	3263
	3	179	190	61	430	32	538	1000	7334	5445	64	1722
	all	215	181	45	442	33	525	1000	22539	17159	171	4985
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	178	165	54	397	23	581	1000	37694	26586	55	1354
	3	176	130	106	412	21	567	1000	21257	14712	68	1638
	all	177	152	73	402	22	576	1000	58951	41298	123	2992
Karnataka	1	177	321	36	535	14	451	1000	78691	61994	36	860
	2	191	172	91	453	18	529	1000	69597	51984	111	2820
	3	234	136	132	503	11	486	1000	52678	37490	109	2706
	all	196	224	79	499	15	487	1000	200966	151467	256	6386
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	167	182	113	462	28	510	1000	51150	39078	136	3314
	3	174	145	157	476	34	490	1000	33043	26160	96	2325
	all	170	167	131	468	30	502	1000	84193	65238	232	5639
Madhya Pradesh	1	193	210	44	446	9	545	1000	27595	19725	24	595
	2	199	175	70	444	15	541	1000	78673	57007	103	2762
	3	262	108	105	475	10	516	1000	57251	39759	121	3065
	all	220	158	77	455	12	533	1000	163520	116491	248	6422

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	151	318	23	492	13	495	1000	238960	182939	212	5234
	2	182	221	65	467	7	525	1000	155761	116844	189	5003
	3	234	178	76	487	14	499	1000	76787	55903	103	2623
	all	175	264	45	483	11	505	1000	471508	355686	504	12860
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	295	137	29	461	56	483	1000	2064	1495	61	1539
	3	384	88	21	492	25	483	1000	3889	2498	87	2197
	all	351	106	24	480	36	483	1000	5953	3993	148	3736
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	158	257	23	438	5	557	1000	2039	1556	20	530
	3	174	219	100	493	21	486	1000	2993	2079	32	835
	all	167	235	67	470	14	516	1000	5031	3636	52	1365
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	215	254	32	501	32	466	1000	2153	1509	55	1448
	3	342	170	50	562	24	414	1000	2225	1509	57	1467
	all	279	212	41	532	28	440	1000	4378	3018	112	2915
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	108	249	9	366	139	494	1000	1620	1226	7	176
	3	205	178	13	395	105	500	1000	2279	1691	37	1024
	all	164	208	11	383	120	497	1000	3899	2917	44	1200

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	256	201	59	516	13	471	1000	31937	24091	53	1167
	3	257	140	86	483	25	492	1000	24022	17945	79	1883
	all	256	175	71	502	18	480	1000	55959	42036	132	3050
Punjab	1	171	349	12	532	0	468	1000	17884	12701	24	567
	2	223	213	42	478	14	508	1000	50570	38814	113	2944
	3	233	191	43	467	23	510	1000	24525	18887	59	1609
	all	216	232	37	485	14	502	1000	92978	70401	196	5120
Rajasthan	1	196	227	42	465	20	514	1000	36685	27592	32	868
	2	198	164	88	450	14	536	1000	66568	47364	93	2449
	3	230	141	69	440	8	552	1000	37972	26452	70	1794
	all	206	175	70	452	14	534	1000	141224	101407	195	5111
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	235	354	22	612	14	374	1000	948	696	20	376
	all	235	354	22	612	14	374	1000	948	696	20	376
Tamil Nadu	1	129	331	44	504	12	484	1000	43687	35135	44	972
	2	184	209	88	480	18	502	1000	116560	90407	159	3469
	3	182	192	162	535	12	453	1000	136648	103235	213	4563
	all	174	220	114	509	14	477	1000	296894	228777	416	9004

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	148	187	17	352	193	455	1000	1874	1537	20	425
	3	165	180	94	439	107	455	1000	3586	2726	48	1061
	all	159	182	66	407	138	455	1000	5460	4263	68	1486
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	220	191	21	432	14	554	1000	11835	8636	26	660
	3	225	154	52	431	29	540	1000	12559	8558	66	1470
	all	223	172	36	431	21	547	1000	24394	17194	92	2130
Uttar Pradesh	1	249	141	73	463	21	516	1000	103448	73037	48	1322
	2	210	162	62	434	24	542	1000	170403	118118	166	4550
	3	300	77	98	475	10	515	1000	116407	76627	174	4901
	all	247	132	75	454	19	527	1000	390258	267782	388	10773
West Bengal	1	242	205	57	505	17	479	1000	63868	51237	76	1759
	2	206	187	79	471	28	501	1000	124502	99288	198	4739
	3	262	142	123	527	27	445	1000	39037	29657	70	1678
	all	225	185	80	490	25	485	1000	227407	180182	344	8176
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	89	328	112	530	45	426	1000	992	771	30	635
	3	131	166	169	466	68	466	1000	206	150	6	125
	all	96	302	121	519	48	432	1000	1197	921	36	760

Table (C1): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad usual activity status taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' in the principal status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	usual activity status (ps + ss)							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	178	269	34	481	33	486	1000	9122	6693	31	697
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	178	269	34	481	33	486	1000	9122	6693	31	697
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	62	428	17	507	0	493	1000	728	464	7	146
	3	119	461	5	585	0	415	1000	619	443	5	102
	all	90	444	11	545	0	455	1000	1347	906	12	248
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	177	268	54	499	3	498	1000	571	405	8	216
	all	177	268	54	499	3	498	1000	571	405	8	216
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	154	185	97	437	58	505	1000	245	194	16	500
	all	154	185	97	437	58	505	1000	245	194	16	500
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	106	269	78	452	14	533	1000	5396	4230	40	862
	3	118	205	153	476	13	511	1000	2126	1502	16	384
	all	109	252	97	459	14	528	1000	7522	5732	56	1246
all- India	1	182	269	35	487	16	497	1000	914489	690020	753	18361
	2	196	192	72	460	18	521	1000	1386574	1030065	2364	58769
	3	226	159	105	490	16	494	1000	837193	602927	2151	52519
	all	200	206	70	476	17	507	1000	3138256	2323011	5268	129649

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male	
	working				un- employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	number of sample blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	327	222	181	730	0	270	1000	10411	7149	8	124
Ahmedabad	384	354	31	769	4	226	1000	25912	19678	32	452
Bangalore	279	443	52	773	27	200	1000	41177	33148	36	458
Bhopal	232	388	130	750	16	235	1000	7268	5009	12	155
Chennai	203	499	80	782	31	187	1000	21684	17600	44	478
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	298	399	22	719	36	245	1000	41585	30701	92	1149
Faridabad	251	365	65	681	10	309	1000	5215	3940	22	311
Greater Mumbai	250	479	20	750	13	237	1000	64955	50543	100	1305
Howrah	381	209	212	801	32	167	1000	5537	4658	16	208
Hyderabad	234	441	65	739	46	215	1000	47787	36215	56	629
Indore	408	267	25	700	27	274	1000	7336	5648	12	166
Jaipur	251	370	56	677	34	289	1000	19534	14939	32	463
Kalyan-Dombivili	198	507	13	718	31	251	1000	6544	5521	16	204
Kanpur	317	304	50	672	26	302	1000	13696	9042	12	164
Kolkata	372	301	48	721	40	240	1000	29587	23065	60	709
Lucknow	317	224	240	780	75	144	1000	14807	10526	12	157
Ludhiana	282	517	21	820	0	180	1000	9971	7355	24	313
Meerat	414	279	73	766	0	234	1000	7520	5439	8	115
Nagpur	159	431	88	679	12	309	1000	11734	8551	24	298
Nashik	213	546	104	863	7	131	1000	5638	4255	12	155
Patna	296	216	57	569	50	380	1000	10698	6892	12	171
Pimprichinchwad	238	512	4	754	20	226	1000	9557	6243	12	125
Pune	201	481	45	726	26	249	1000	15243	11365	32	361
Surat	256	539	27	823	3	174	1000	22043	16253	28	373
Thane	289	366	29	684	30	286	1000	8794	6965	16	200
Vadodara	199	469	10	678	18	304	1000	8549	6668	15	215
Varanasi	662	135	0	797	41	162	1000	8501	5862	8	123

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
	self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	46	19	2	67	0	933	1000	8645	5911	8	104
Ahmedabad	119	59	6	184	6	810	1000	24542	18697	32	410
Bangalore	61	183	8	252	10	739	1000	37514	28845	36	402
Bhopal	72	133	4	209	0	791	1000	6026	4346	12	136
Chennai	52	168	4	224	3	773	1000	22003	17535	44	494
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	36	130	1	168	5	827	1000	35354	27028	91	986
Faridabad	40	103	0	143	8	849	1000	4377	3181	22	255
Greater Mumbai	71	161	5	237	12	751	1000	59315	46213	100	1211
Howrah	41	35	24	100	0	900	1000	5321	4438	16	197
Hyderabad	43	101	14	159	15	826	1000	45408	32905	56	605
Indore	9	19	0	28	0	972	1000	6965	4721	12	138
Jaipur	126	57	25	208	14	778	1000	17151	12653	32	405
Kalyan-Dombivili	56	147	0	202	18	780	1000	6663	5351	16	214
Kanpur	47	11	27	85	25	890	1000	9781	8122	12	148
Kolkata	83	117	25	225	4	771	1000	23423	19076	59	645
Lucknow	154	53	6	213	7	780	1000	15581	11370	12	178
Ludhiana	17	118	0	135	0	865	1000	7913	5345	24	254
Meerat	21	57	16	94	0	906	1000	7063	4921	8	107
Nagpur	31	144	14	189	34	777	1000	12307	9303	24	319
Nashik	75	57	39	170	0	830	1000	5164	3780	12	142
Patna	28	39	3	70	37	893	1000	8124	5733	12	159
Pimprichinchwad	45	108	26	179	0	821	1000	9555	6709	12	135
Pune	21	173	31	225	23	752	1000	14769	11496	32	361
Surat	155	71	32	258	0	742	1000	16273	11567	28	280
Thane	69	159	0	229	12	760	1000	8722	6643	16	204
Vadodara	40	96	4	139	1	860	1000	7805	6202	15	189
Varanasi	209	33	0	242	6	752	1000	7443	4696	8	102

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person	
	working				un- employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	number of sample blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	200	130	100	430	0	570	1000	19056	13059	8	228
Ahmedabad	255	210	19	484	5	511	1000	50455	38375	32	862
Bangalore	177	322	31	531	19	450	1000	78691	61994	36	860
Bhopal	158	270	71	499	8	493	1000	13295	9356	12	291
Chennai	128	334	42	504	17	480	1000	43687	35135	44	972
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	176	273	12	461	21	518	1000	76939	57729	92	2135
Faridabad	157	248	36	440	9	550	1000	9592	7121	22	566
Greater Mumbai	165	327	13	505	12	483	1000	124270	96757	100	2516
Howrah	215	124	120	459	16	525	1000	10858	9096	16	405
Hyderabad	143	279	41	463	31	506	1000	93194	69120	56	1234
Indore	226	154	13	394	15	592	1000	14301	10370	12	304
Jaipur	194	226	42	462	24	514	1000	36685	27592	32	868
Kalyan-Dombivili	128	330	7	464	25	511	1000	13207	10873	16	418
Kanpur	189	166	39	394	26	580	1000	23477	17165	12	312
Kolkata	241	218	37	496	24	480	1000	53010	42141	60	1354
Lucknow	232	135	118	486	40	474	1000	30388	21896	12	335
Ludhiana	171	349	12	532	0	468	1000	17884	12701	24	567
Meerat	227	174	46	447	0	553	1000	14582	10360	8	222
Nagpur	93	281	50	424	23	553	1000	24041	17855	24	617
Nashik	148	316	73	537	3	460	1000	10802	8035	12	297
Patna	174	136	33	343	44	613	1000	18822	12625	12	330
Pimprichinchwad	138	303	15	456	10	534	1000	19112	12952	12	260
Pune	110	326	38	474	24	502	1000	30012	22861	32	722
Surat	214	345	29	588	2	410	1000	38316	27820	28	653
Thane	182	265	15	462	21	517	1000	17516	13607	16	404
Vadodara	122	289	7	418	10	572	1000	16353	12870	15	404
Varanasi	460	90	0	550	25	425	1000	15944	10557	8	225

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	234	441	65	739	46	215	1000	47787	36215	56	629
	2	264	327	134	725	32	243	1000	70446	52546	235	2433
	3	319	322	95	736	18	247	1000	15474	11067	79	850
	all	259	368	104	731	35	234	1000	133707	99828	370	3912
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	215	381	76	672	26	302	1000	1043	711	76	900
	all	215	381	76	672	26	302	1000	1043	711	76	900
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	390	244	64	699	32	269	1000	7488	5440	30	381
	3	395	265	86	746	52	202	1000	7548	5706	74	920
	all	393	254	76	723	42	235	1000	15036	11145	104	1301
Bihar	1	296	216	57	569	50	380	1000	10698	6892	12	171
	2	398	125	102	625	37	337	1000	21982	14717	71	1029
	3	423	102	152	678	18	305	1000	15310	9965	76	985
	all	384	138	108	630	34	336	1000	47990	31574	159	2185
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	192	309	161	662	67	271	1000	15615	10702	38	470
	3	373	192	178	743	51	207	1000	10682	7181	54	656
	all	265	262	168	694	61	245	1000	26297	17882	92	1126

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	298	399	22	719	36	245	1000	41585	30701	92	1149
	2	281	388	51	721	20	259	1000	12309	8269	14	189
	3	140	601	15	755	18	227	1000	10935	7980	14	165
	all	268	431	26	725	30	245	1000	64830	46950	120	1503
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	274	364	18	657	7	337	1000	1315	940	15	171
	3	187	431	66	684	28	288	1000	2058	1609	21	261
	all	219	406	48	674	20	306	1000	3373	2550	36	432
Gujarat	1	306	443	27	776	6	218	1000	56504	42599	75	1040
	2	369	369	67	805	6	188	1000	41101	31052	78	1052
	3	283	400	143	827	7	167	1000	22157	16528	62	736
	all	324	410	62	795	6	199	1000	119762	90180	215	2828
Haryana	1	251	365	65	681	10	309	1000	5215	3940	22	311
	2	299	327	78	704	36	260	1000	28445	20877	96	1284
	3	333	271	76	679	13	308	1000	5338	3769	28	392
	all	297	325	76	698	29	273	1000	38999	28586	146	1987
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	159	478	134	771	0	229	1000	435	377	6	56
	3	228	463	62	752	18	229	1000	3221	2504	41	462
	all	219	465	71	755	16	229	1000	3656	2880	47	518

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	377	269	60	706	33	261	1000	7937	6115	107	1679
	3	273	285	113	672	34	295	1000	3816	2854	64	928
	all	344	274	77	695	33	272	1000	11752	8969	171	2607
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	345	274	89	707	34	258	1000	19538	13339	55	686
	3	285	214	166	664	53	283	1000	11520	7832	68	876
	all	323	252	117	691	41	267	1000	31058	21170	123	1562
Karnataka	1	279	443	52	773	27	200	1000	41177	33148	36	458
	2	312	260	132	704	24	272	1000	35527	26620	111	1415
	3	385	214	191	791	15	195	1000	26305	18654	109	1336
	all	316	326	112	754	23	223	1000	103009	78422	256	3209
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	260	252	190	702	31	267	1000	24291	17851	136	1497
	3	254	187	247	688	40	273	1000	15758	12354	96	1079
	all	257	226	213	696	34	270	1000	40049	30205	232	2576
Madhya Pradesh	1	325	324	74	723	21	255	1000	14604	10658	24	321
	2	315	278	117	709	25	266	1000	41091	29188	103	1431
	3	413	178	150	740	27	232	1000	29004	20172	121	1574
	all	350	252	120	722	25	253	1000	84700	60017	248	3326

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	233	473	32	739	17	244	1000	122465	93443	212	2648
	2	284	345	86	715	17	268	1000	82149	60425	189	2538
	3	346	309	88	743	20	237	1000	40589	28096	103	1327
	all	268	405	59	732	17	251	1000	245203	181964	504	6513
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	380	210	57	647	74	279	1000	1046	734	61	754
	3	549	159	36	743	25	232	1000	2005	1228	87	1074
	all	485	178	44	707	43	250	1000	3051	1962	148	1828
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	228	346	29	603	7	390	1000	951	747	20	262
	3	205	330	173	708	24	268	1000	1363	1008	32	416
	all	215	337	112	664	17	320	1000	2314	1755	52	678
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	218	406	57	681	35	284	1000	1049	716	55	697
	3	378	274	93	745	25	229	1000	1112	750	57	734
	all	300	339	75	714	30	256	1000	2161	1466	112	1431
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	140	379	18	537	185	278	1000	896	637	7	91
	3	228	307	24	560	101	339	1000	1181	886	37	538
	all	192	337	22	550	136	313	1000	2077	1522	44	629

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	370	326	90	786	35	179	1000	17152	12748	53	616
	3	406	224	108	738	51	212	1000	12633	9098	79	943
	all	385	283	98	766	42	193	1000	29785	21846	132	1559
Punjab	1	282	517	21	820	0	180	1000	9971	7355	24	313
	2	355	325	69	750	25	226	1000	26764	20408	113	1562
	3	349	277	70	697	50	253	1000	12980	9623	59	830
	all	339	351	60	750	26	224	1000	49714	37386	196	2705
Rajasthan	1	251	370	56	677	34	289	1000	19534	14939	32	463
	2	277	255	140	671	40	289	1000	36062	24703	93	1262
	3	347	243	111	701	30	269	1000	19082	13092	70	884
	all	287	284	109	680	35	284	1000	74677	52735	195	2609
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	284	486	41	811	25	164	1000	505	379	20	199
	all	284	486	41	811	25	164	1000	505	379	20	199
Tamil Nadu	1	203	499	80	782	31	187	1000	21684	17600	44	478
	2	271	308	151	729	24	247	1000	58356	45181	159	1735
	3	236	303	224	762	27	210	1000	67081	50112	213	2198
	all	245	335	172	752	27	221	1000	147122	112893	416	4411

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	300	248	35	583	100	317	1000	942	752	20	204
	3	284	286	164	733	82	184	1000	1787	1347	48	509
	all	290	272	118	680	89	232	1000	2729	2099	68	713
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	371	317	34	722	10	268	1000	6138	4489	26	342
	3	369	252	87	708	25	266	1000	6599	4362	66	732
	all	370	285	60	715	18	267	1000	12737	8851	92	1074
Uttar Pradesh	1	386	237	123	746	33	221	1000	54934	38017	48	683
	2	336	271	103	710	48	242	1000	90356	61991	166	2362
	3	463	138	149	750	31	219	1000	60079	38864	174	2503
	all	385	224	121	731	39	230	1000	205370	138872	388	5548
West Bengal	1	373	286	75	734	38	227	1000	35124	27723	76	917
	2	318	281	123	722	40	238	1000	64221	50690	198	2405
	3	363	218	193	775	44	181	1000	20367	15267	70	855
	all	342	272	120	734	40	225	1000	119711	93680	344	4177
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	158	482	127	767	44	189	1000	484	378	30	322
	3	192	301	220	713	14	273	1000	103	76	6	64
	all	164	452	143	758	39	203	1000	587	453	36	386

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	276	418	63	757	46	198	1000	4999	3601	31	384
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	276	418	63	757	46	198	1000	4999	3601	31	384
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	121	729	22	872	0	128	1000	350	219	7	76
	3	187	668	8	863	0	137	1000	386	270	5	56
	all	157	695	14	867	0	133	1000	736	489	12	132
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	267	476	62	805	0	195	1000	264	195	8	101
	all	267	476	62	805	0	195	1000	264	195	8	101
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	221	292	187	699	47	253	1000	130	99	16	243
	all	221	292	187	699	47	253	1000	130	99	16	243
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	178	408	84	671	44	285	1000	2713	2124	40	432
	3	186	301	185	672	29	299	1000	1083	746	16	179
	all	180	381	110	671	40	289	1000	3796	2871	56	611
all- India	1	283	406	54	742	26	232	1000	481282	363231	753	9581
	2	307	300	110	717	31	251	1000	722150	528573	2363	29817
	3	338	256	149	743	29	228	1000	429496	304384	2149	26505
	all	308	321	103	731	29	240	1000	1632929	1196188	5265	65903

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	43	101	14	159	15	826	1000	45408	32905	56	605
	2	112	69	41	222	20	758	1000	69926	54312	236	2579
	3	146	83	44	273	28	699	1000	15905	11996	80	858
	all	93	82	32	208	19	773	1000	131238	99213	372	4042
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	95	75	22	192	18	790	1000	910	596	76	755
	all	95	75	22	192	18	790	1000	910	596	76	755
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	44	54	0	98	2	900	1000	6401	5104	29	349
	3	56	50	20	125	15	860	1000	6997	5234	74	874
	all	50	52	10	112	9	880	1000	13398	10337	103	1223
Bihar	1	28	39	3	70	37	893	1000	8124	5733	12	159
	2	30	10	10	49	17	934	1000	18012	11796	71	843
	3	40	16	7	62	4	934	1000	12752	8419	76	872
	all	33	18	7	58	17	925	1000	38888	25947	159	1874
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	55	144	79	278	34	688	1000	13737	10335	38	451
	3	162	79	119	361	9	630	1000	9517	6669	54	620
	all	97	118	95	310	24	665	1000	23254	17004	92	1071

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	36	130	1	168	5	827	1000	35354	27028	91	986
	2	50	44	0	95	8	897	1000	9762	6868	14	149
	3	0	51	13	63	11	925	1000	8816	6810	14	132
	all	33	103	3	138	7	855	1000	53932	40706	119	1267
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	52	190	13	254	7	738	1000	1252	926	15	167
	3	11	155	6	172	30	798	1000	2006	1609	21	266
	all	26	167	9	202	22	776	1000	3258	2536	36	433
Gujarat	1	117	69	14	200	3	797	1000	48620	36465	75	879
	2	54	63	18	135	3	862	1000	35840	26848	78	990
	3	54	65	57	177	0	823	1000	19809	14090	62	725
	all	84	66	23	173	2	824	1000	104269	77403	215	2594
Haryana	1	40	103	0	143	8	849	1000	4377	3181	22	255
	2	32	91	6	129	9	862	1000	25573	19135	96	1177
	3	48	58	5	112	1	887	1000	4698	3586	28	363
	all	35	88	5	128	8	864	1000	34648	25902	146	1795
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	43	27	0	70	7	922	1000	494	414	6	47
	3	103	195	16	314	25	662	1000	2812	2174	42	463
	all	94	168	13	275	22	703	1000	3306	2588	48	510

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	46	76	13	135	38	827	1000	7268	5599	107	1584
	3	34	84	15	133	36	831	1000	3518	2591	64	794
	all	42	78	14	134	38	828	1000	10787	8189	171	2378
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	23	43	14	80	12	908	1000	18156	13247	55	668
	3	34	36	23	93	3	903	1000	9737	6880	67	762
	all	27	41	17	85	9	906	1000	27893	20127	122	1430
Karnataka	1	61	183	8	252	10	739	1000	37514	28845	36	402
	2	60	79	41	180	13	807	1000	34070	25364	111	1405
	3	81	60	57	199	12	789	1000	26374	18836	109	1370
	all	66	115	32	213	11	776	1000	97957	73046	256	3177
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	58	114	26	198	44	758	1000	26859	21227	136	1817
	3	83	100	48	231	49	720	1000	17285	13806	96	1246
	all	68	108	35	211	46	743	1000	44144	35033	232	3063
Madhya Pradesh	1	39	74	2	115	0	885	1000	12991	9068	24	274
	2	67	65	16	149	9	842	1000	37582	27819	103	1331
	3	87	34	29	150	7	843	1000	28247	19587	121	1491
	all	70	56	18	144	7	849	1000	78820	56474	248	3096

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	58	151	11	221	15	765	1000	116495	89496	212	2586
	2	58	91	27	177	7	816	1000	73612	56419	189	2465
	3	100	38	51	189	15	796	1000	36198	27807	103	1296
	all	65	114	23	201	12	786	1000	226305	173722	504	6347
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	208	66	2	275	43	682	1000	1017	761	61	785
	3	227	19	6	252	24	724	1000	1885	1270	87	1123
	all	220	37	4	261	31	708	1000	2902	2031	148	1908
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	90	177	15	282	3	715	1000	1087	810	20	268
	3	152	114	32	298	21	681	1000	1630	1071	32	419
	all	126	141	24	291	13	696	1000	2717	1881	52	687
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	212	116	6	334	27	639	1000	1104	793	55	751
	3	299	66	4	368	23	608	1000	1113	759	57	733
	all	254	91	5	351	25	624	1000	2217	1552	112	1484
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	34	108	0	143	108	750	1000	724	589	7	85
	3	146	36	0	182	105	713	1000	1097	806	37	486
	all	99	66	0	165	106	729	1000	1821	1395	44	571

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	108	60	1	169	2	829	1000	14785	11343	52	551
	3	98	47	50	196	9	796	1000	11389	8847	79	940
	all	104	55	23	181	5	814	1000	26174	20190	131	1491
Punjab	1	17	118	0	135	0	865	1000	7913	5345	24	254
	2	66	85	11	163	9	828	1000	23806	18406	113	1382
	3	92	102	4	199	9	792	1000	11545	9264	59	779
	all	66	95	8	169	7	824	1000	43264	33015	196	2415
Rajasthan	1	126	57	25	208	14	778	1000	17151	12653	32	405
	2	104	56	23	183	3	815	1000	30506	22660	93	1187
	3	96	34	12	143	5	852	1000	18890	13359	70	910
	all	107	50	20	178	6	815	1000	66547	48673	195	2502
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	177	197	0	374	1	625	1000	443	317	20	177
	all	177	197	0	374	1	625	1000	443	317	20	177
Tamil Nadu	1	52	168	4	224	3	773	1000	22003	17535	44	494
	2	92	110	19	220	22	758	1000	58203	45225	158	1734
	3	122	88	75	285	16	699	1000	69566	53124	213	2365
	all	99	109	42	251	16	733	1000	149772	115884	415	4593

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	1	129	0	131	282	588	1000	932	785	20	221
	3	41	82	15	138	131	731	1000	1800	1378	48	552
	all	27	99	9	135	186	679	1000	2731	2164	68	773
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	56	63	3	122	19	858	1000	5697	4147	26	318
	3	66	49	6	121	39	840	1000	5959	4196	66	738
	all	61	56	5	122	29	849	1000	11656	8343	92	1056
Uttar Pradesh	1	100	35	11	146	9	845	1000	48513	35020	48	639
	2	62	41	9	112	7	882	1000	80047	56127	166	2188
	3	112	13	18	144	3	853	1000	56328	37763	174	2398
	all	87	31	12	130	6	863	1000	184888	128911	388	5225
West Bengal	1	75	101	25	201	3	795	1000	28744	23514	75	842
	2	80	88	24	192	21	787	1000	60281	48597	197	2334
	3	141	57	31	229	23	748	1000	18670	14390	70	823
	all	89	87	25	201	17	783	1000	107695	86502	342	3999
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	25	170	73	268	74	658	1000	508	394	30	313
	3	23	27	60	110	115	775	1000	103	74	6	61
	all	25	147	71	243	80	677	1000	611	468	36	374

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	59	97	0	156	25	818	1000	4123	3092	31	313
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	59	97	0	156	25	818	1000	4123	3092	31	313
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	159	13	172	0	828	1000	378	245	7	70
	3	12	138	0	150	0	850	1000	233	173	5	46
	all	5	150	8	163	0	837	1000	611	418	12	116
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	94	74	46	214	5	780	1000	306	210	8	115
	all	94	74	46	214	5	780	1000	306	210	8	115
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	18	83	2	102	74	824	1000	114	95	16	257
	all	18	83	2	102	74	824	1000	114	95	16	257
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	29	127	9	165	7	828	1000	2683	2105	40	430
	3	44	112	55	211	13	776	1000	1043	756	16	205
	all	33	123	21	177	8	815	1000	3726	2861	56	635
all- India	1	68	114	11	193	10	797	1000	433207	326789	751	8780
	2	71	76	22	169	15	816	1000	664424	501492	2360	28952
	3	98	58	41	197	15	788	1000	407696	298543	2150	26014
	all	77	83	24	183	13	803	1000	1505327	1126823	5261	63746

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	143	279	41	463	31	506	1000	93194	69120	56	1234
	2	187	196	86	469	26	505	1000	140372	106858	236	5012
	3	229	198	68	495	23	482	1000	31379	23063	80	1708
	all	176	225	69	470	27	503	1000	264945	199041	372	7954
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	160	241	52	453	22	525	1000	1953	1308	76	1655
	all	160	241	52	453	22	525	1000	1953	1308	76	1655
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	223	152	33	408	18	574	1000	13889	10543	30	730
	3	233	162	54	449	34	517	1000	14544	10939	74	1794
	all	228	157	44	429	26	545	1000	28434	21483	104	2524
Bihar	1	174	136	33	343	44	613	1000	18822	12625	12	330
	2	234	74	61	369	28	603	1000	39994	26512	71	1872
	3	248	63	86	396	11	593	1000	28062	18384	76	1857
	all	225	84	63	372	26	602	1000	86878	57521	159	4059
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	124	228	121	473	51	476	1000	29352	21036	38	921
	3	272	138	150	559	31	411	1000	20199	13850	54	1276
	all	183	192	132	507	43	450	1000	49551	34886	92	2197

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	176	273	12	461	21	518	1000	76939	57729	92	2135
	2	176	232	28	437	15	549	1000	22072	15137	14	338
	3	75	348	14	437	15	549	1000	19751	14790	14	297
	all	159	279	15	453	19	528	1000	118762	87655	120	2770
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	164	278	15	457	7	536	1000	2567	1866	15	338
	3	99	293	36	428	29	543	1000	4064	3219	21	527
	all	123	287	29	438	21	540	1000	6631	5085	36	865
Gujarat	1	219	270	21	510	5	485	1000	105124	79065	75	1919
	2	223	227	44	495	5	501	1000	76941	57900	78	2042
	3	178	246	104	528	4	469	1000	41966	30618	62	1461
	all	213	251	44	508	4	488	1000	224030	167583	215	5422
Haryana	1	157	248	36	440	9	550	1000	9592	7121	22	566
	2	171	214	43	429	23	548	1000	54018	40012	96	2461
	3	194	167	41	403	7	590	1000	10036	7355	28	755
	all	173	212	42	427	19	554	1000	73647	54488	146	3782
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	98	242	64	404	4	592	1000	929	791	6	103
	3	170	338	40	548	21	430	1000	6033	4677	42	925
	all	160	324	44	528	19	454	1000	6962	5468	48	1028

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	219	177	37	433	35	531	1000	15205	11714	107	3263
	3	160	189	67	416	35	550	1000	7334	5445	64	1722
	all	200	181	47	428	35	537	1000	22539	17159	171	4985
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	184	159	52	395	23	582	1000	37694	26586	55	1354
	3	168	131	99	397	30	573	1000	21257	14712	68	1638
	all	178	149	68	396	25	579	1000	58951	41298	123	2992
Karnataka	1	177	322	31	531	19	450	1000	78691	61994	36	860
	2	189	171	87	448	19	533	1000	69597	51984	111	2820
	3	233	137	124	493	13	493	1000	52678	37490	109	2706
	all	195	224	73	493	17	490	1000	200966	151467	256	6386
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	150	177	101	428	38	534	1000	51150	39078	136	3314
	3	164	141	142	446	45	509	1000	33043	26160	96	2325
	all	156	163	117	436	41	524	1000	84193	65238	232	5639
Madhya Pradesh	1	194	209	41	444	12	545	1000	27595	19725	24	595
	2	194	174	68	436	17	547	1000	78673	57007	103	2762
	3	252	107	90	449	18	533	1000	57251	39759	121	3065
	all	214	157	71	442	16	542	1000	163520	116491	248	6422

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	147	316	22	485	16	499	1000	238960	182939	212	5234
	2	175	222	58	455	12	533	1000	155761	116844	189	5003
	3	224	174	70	467	17	515	1000	76787	55903	103	2623
	all	169	263	41	473	15	513	1000	471508	355686	504	12860
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	292	137	29	458	58	484	1000	2064	1495	61	1539
	3	385	88	20	493	25	482	1000	3889	2498	87	2197
	all	350	106	24	480	37	483	1000	5953	3993	148	3736
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	156	258	22	436	5	559	1000	2039	1556	20	530
	3	178	219	100	497	23	481	1000	2993	2079	32	835
	all	169	236	67	471	15	514	1000	5031	3636	52	1365
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	215	254	30	499	31	470	1000	2153	1509	55	1448
	3	338	170	48	556	24	420	1000	2225	1509	57	1467
	all	276	212	39	527	28	445	1000	4378	3018	112	2915
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	89	249	9	347	148	505	1000	1620	1226	7	176
	3	189	178	13	380	103	517	1000	2279	1691	37	1024
	all	147	208	11	366	122	512	1000	3899	2917	44	1200

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	247	201	48	496	19	485	1000	31937	24091	53	1167
	3	254	137	80	471	30	500	1000	24022	17945	79	1883
	all	250	173	62	485	24	491	1000	55959	42036	132	3050
Punjab	1	171	349	12	532	0	468	1000	17884	12701	24	567
	2	218	211	42	472	17	511	1000	50570	38814	113	2944
	3	223	191	38	452	30	518	1000	24525	18887	59	1609
	all	211	231	35	477	17	505	1000	92978	70401	196	5120
Rajasthan	1	194	226	42	462	24	514	1000	36685	27592	32	868
	2	194	160	84	437	22	541	1000	66568	47364	93	2449
	3	220	138	61	419	17	564	1000	37972	26452	70	1794
	all	201	172	67	439	21	539	1000	141224	101407	195	5111
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	235	354	22	612	14	374	1000	948	696	20	376
	all	235	354	22	612	14	374	1000	948	696	20	376
Tamil Nadu	1	128	334	42	504	17	480	1000	43687	35135	44	972
	2	181	209	85	475	23	502	1000	116560	90407	159	3469
	3	177	192	147	517	22	462	1000	136648	103235	213	4563
	all	171	220	106	498	21	481	1000	296894	228777	416	9004

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	148	187	17	352	193	455	1000	1874	1537	20	425
	3	161	183	88	432	107	461	1000	3586	2726	48	1061
	all	156	184	63	403	138	459	1000	5460	4263	68	1486
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	220	195	19	434	15	551	1000	11835	8636	26	660
	3	221	152	48	421	32	547	1000	12559	8558	66	1470
	all	220	174	33	427	23	549	1000	24394	17194	92	2130
Uttar Pradesh	1	249	140	69	458	22	520	1000	103448	73037	48	1322
	2	205	162	58	426	28	546	1000	170403	118118	166	4550
	3	290	76	84	451	17	532	1000	116407	76627	174	4901
	all	242	131	69	442	23	535	1000	390258	267782	388	10773
West Bengal	1	237	201	52	490	22	488	1000	63868	51237	76	1759
	2	201	187	74	463	31	507	1000	124502	99288	198	4739
	3	255	140	115	510	34	456	1000	39037	29657	70	1678
	all	220	183	75	478	29	493	1000	227407	180182	344	8176
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	90	323	100	512	59	429	1000	992	771	30	635
	3	108	166	141	415	64	521	1000	206	150	6	125
	all	93	297	106	496	60	444	1000	1197	921	36	760

Table (C2): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current weekly activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current weekly activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force		all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total		total	total				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	176	269	34	479	36	485	1000	9122	6693	31	697
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	176	269	34	479	36	485	1000	9122	6693	31	697
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	57	428	17	502	0	498	1000	728	464	7	146
	3	119	461	5	585	0	415	1000	619	443	5	102
	all	87	444	11	543	0	457	1000	1347	906	12	248
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	177	268	54	499	3	498	1000	571	405	8	216
	all	177	268	54	499	3	498	1000	571	405	8	216
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	122	190	96	407	60	532	1000	245	194	16	500
	all	122	190	96	407	60	532	1000	245	194	16	500
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	104	268	46	419	26	556	1000	5396	4230	40	862
	3	115	206	119	440	21	539	1000	2126	1502	16	384
	all	107	252	66	424	24	551	1000	7522	5732	56	1246
all- India	1	181	268	34	482	18	500	1000	914489	690020	753	18361
	2	192	191	67	450	23	526	1000	1386574	1030065	2364	58769
	3	219	158	96	473	22	505	1000	837193	602927	2151	52519
	all	196	205	64	466	21	513	1000	3138256	2323011	5268	129649

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
	self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	327	222	177	726	0	274	1000	72878	50040	8	868
Ahmedabad	373	354	26	754	17	229	1000	181387	137746	32	3164
Bangalore	279	443	46	768	31	201	1000	288242	232039	36	3206
Bhopal	221	388	110	719	40	241	1000	50878	35064	12	1085
Chennai	203	499	66	768	42	190	1000	151790	123200	44	3346
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	298	399	19	716	38	246	1000	291097	214907	92	8043
Faridabad	251	365	65	681	10	309	1000	36507	27579	22	2177
Greater Mumbai	247	479	17	743	17	240	1000	454688	353802	100	9135
Howrah	374	209	182	765	46	188	1000	38758	32605	16	1456
Hyderabad	234	441	63	737	47	216	1000	334506	253504	56	4403
Indore	408	267	25	700	27	274	1000	51351	39539	12	1162
Jaipur	251	370	56	677	34	290	1000	136736	104573	32	3241
Kalyan-Dombivili	198	507	11	715	34	251	1000	45808	38649	16	1428
Kanpur	300	304	41	646	28	326	1000	95869	63296	12	1148
Kolkata	357	301	46	704	43	253	1000	207109	161454	60	4963
Lucknow	308	224	218	749	85	165	1000	103647	73683	12	1099
Ludhiana	283	517	18	819	2	180	1000	69794	51488	24	2191
Meerut	414	279	66	759	4	237	1000	52639	38071	8	805
Nagpur	159	431	78	669	17	313	1000	82138	59860	24	2086
Nashik	213	546	103	862	7	131	1000	39466	29786	12	1085
Patna	296	216	57	569	51	380	1000	74889	48246	12	1197
Pimprichinchwad	238	512	4	754	19	227	1000	66899	43702	12	875
Pune	197	481	41	718	28	254	1000	106700	79552	32	2527
Surat	256	539	22	818	8	174	1000	154299	113771	28	2611
Thane	288	366	24	679	30	291	1000	61555	48752	16	1400
Vadodara	199	469	9	676	20	304	1000	59840	46678	15	1505
Varanasi	655	135	0	790	41	169	1000	59507	41031	8	861

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
	working				un- employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	46	19	2	67	0	933	1000	60513	41375	8	728
Ahmedabad	86	59	6	151	6	843	1000	171796	130876	32	2870
Bangalore	57	183	8	247	10	743	1000	262595	201918	36	2814
Bhopal	60	133	3	196	1	803	1000	42184	30425	12	952
Chennai	50	168	3	222	3	775	1000	154018	122747	44	3458
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	36	130	1	168	5	827	1000	247476	189196	91	6902
Faridabad	40	103	0	143	8	849	1000	30639	22266	22	1785
Greater Mumbai	60	161	4	225	11	764	1000	415203	323494	100	8477
Howrah	29	35	20	85	0	915	1000	37250	31066	16	1379
Hyderabad	43	101	14	158	15	827	1000	317854	230336	56	4235
Indore	9	19	0	28	0	972	1000	48755	33049	12	966
Jaipur	86	57	25	168	14	818	1000	120060	88571	32	2835
Kalyan-Dombivili	36	147	0	182	18	800	1000	46644	37460	16	1498
Kanpur	38	11	5	55	25	920	1000	68469	56857	12	1036
Kolkata	51	117	22	189	4	807	1000	163958	133534	59	4515
Lucknow	129	53	3	185	10	805	1000	109069	79588	12	1246
Ludhiana	13	118	0	130	0	870	1000	55392	37416	24	1778
Meerat	21	57	16	94	0	906	1000	49438	34448	8	749
Nagpur	31	144	13	188	35	777	1000	86147	65124	24	2233
Nashik	67	57	39	163	0	837	1000	36148	26459	12	994
Patna	19	39	1	59	38	902	1000	56868	40129	12	1113
Pimprichinchwad	36	108	26	171	0	829	1000	66885	46966	12	945
Pune	17	173	23	213	24	763	1000	103383	80472	32	2527
Surat	155	71	26	252	6	742	1000	113912	80967	28	1960
Thane	52	159	0	212	12	776	1000	61056	46499	16	1428
Vadodara	36	96	4	135	1	864	1000	54633	43415	15	1323
Varanasi	141	33	0	175	6	820	1000	52104	32871	8	714

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person	
	working				un- employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
	self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Agra	200	130	98	428	0	572	1000	133391	91415	8	1596
Ahmedabad	233	210	17	460	12	528	1000	353183	268622	32	6034
Bangalore	176	322	28	526	21	453	1000	550837	433956	36	6020
Bhopal	146	270	61	476	22	502	1000	93062	65489	12	2037
Chennai	127	334	35	495	23	482	1000	305807	245947	44	6804
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	175	273	11	459	23	518	1000	538572	404103	92	14945
Faridabad	157	248	36	440	9	550	1000	67146	49845	22	3962
Greater Mumbai	158	327	11	495	14	491	1000	869891	677296	100	17612
Howrah	206	124	103	433	24	543	1000	76008	63671	16	2835
Hyderabad	143	279	39	462	32	507	1000	652361	483840	56	8638
Indore	226	154	13	394	15	592	1000	100106	72588	12	2128
Jaipur	175	226	42	443	24	532	1000	256797	193144	32	6076
Kalyan-Dombivili	118	330	6	453	26	521	1000	92452	76109	16	2926
Kanpur	176	166	24	366	27	607	1000	164338	120153	12	2184
Kolkata	218	218	35	471	25	504	1000	371067	294988	60	9478
Lucknow	215	135	106	456	46	498	1000	212716	153271	12	2345
Ludhiana	169	349	11	529	1	470	1000	125186	88905	24	3969
Meerut	227	174	42	443	2	555	1000	102077	72519	8	1554
Nagpur	93	281	44	419	26	555	1000	168285	124984	24	4319
Nashik	144	316	73	533	4	463	1000	75614	56245	12	2079
Patna	170	136	32	337	45	617	1000	131756	88375	12	2310
PimpriChinchwad	134	303	15	452	9	539	1000	133784	90667	12	1820
Pune	106	326	32	464	26	510	1000	210083	160024	32	5054
Surat	214	345	24	583	7	410	1000	268211	194738	28	4571
Thane	173	265	12	451	21	528	1000	122611	95251	16	2828
Vadodara	120	289	6	415	10	574	1000	114473	90092	15	2828
Varanasi	427	90	0	516	25	458	1000	111611	73901	8	1575

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	234	441	63	737	47	216	1000	334506	253504	56	4403
	2	259	327	116	703	40	257	1000	493125	367824	235	17031
	3	314	322	83	719	25	255	1000	108316	77467	79	5950
	all	256	368	93	717	41	242	1000	935948	698796	370	27384
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	215	381	76	671	26	303	1000	7300	4979	76	6300
	all	215	381	76	671	26	303	1000	7300	4979	76	6300
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	392	244	58	694	34	272	1000	52419	38078	30	2667
	3	391	265	86	741	54	204	1000	52836	39939	74	6440
	all	391	254	72	718	45	237	1000	105255	78017	104	9107
Bihar	1	296	216	57	569	51	380	1000	74889	48246	12	1197
	2	396	125	100	621	40	339	1000	153876	103018	71	7203
	3	413	102	149	664	28	309	1000	107168	69754	76	6895
	all	379	138	106	623	38	339	1000	335933	221018	159	15295
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	185	309	131	626	68	306	1000	109307	74911	38	3290
	3	364	192	161	717	66	216	1000	74771	50266	54	4592
	all	257	262	143	662	67	270	1000	184078	125177	92	7882

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	298	399	19	716	38	246	1000	291097	214907	92	8043
	2	279	388	51	718	22	259	1000	86166	57883	14	1323
	3	139	601	15	755	18	227	1000	76546	55857	14	1155
	all	268	431	24	723	32	245	1000	453809	328647	120	10521
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	274	364	18	656	7	337	1000	9205	6581	15	1197
	3	187	431	65	682	30	288	1000	14404	11266	21	1827
	all	219	406	48	673	21	306	1000	23609	17847	36	3024
Gujarat	1	301	443	22	766	14	220	1000	395526	298195	75	7280
	2	367	369	64	801	7	193	1000	287707	217364	78	7364
	3	282	400	137	819	13	167	1000	155098	115699	62	5152
	all	321	410	58	788	11	201	1000	838331	631258	215	19796
Haryana	1	251	365	65	681	10	309	1000	36507	27579	22	2177
	2	297	327	77	701	36	262	1000	199117	146139	96	8988
	3	333	271	76	679	13	308	1000	37366	26385	28	2744
	all	296	325	75	696	30	275	1000	272990	200104	146	13909
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	159	478	134	771	0	229	1000	3046	2638	6	392
	3	227	463	60	749	20	231	1000	22544	17525	41	3234
	all	218	465	69	752	18	230	1000	25589	20163	47	3626

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	373	269	58	700	37	263	1000	55556	42806	107	11753
	3	270	285	106	662	41	297	1000	26709	19979	64	6496
	all	340	274	73	688	38	274	1000	82265	62785	171	18249
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	341	274	88	703	35	262	1000	136765	93370	55	4802
	3	278	214	161	653	53	294	1000	80639	54823	68	6132
	all	318	252	115	684	42	274	1000	217403	148193	123	10934
Karnataka	1	279	443	46	768	31	201	1000	288242	232039	36	3206
	2	311	260	119	690	26	284	1000	248691	186337	111	9905
	3	383	214	167	764	27	209	1000	184133	130575	109	9352
	all	315	326	100	741	28	231	1000	721066	548951	256	22463
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	254	252	148	654	53	292	1000	170035	124957	136	10479
	3	251	187	179	617	71	312	1000	110309	86479	96	7553
	all	253	226	161	639	61	300	1000	280344	211436	232	18032
Madhya Pradesh	1	320	324	65	709	33	258	1000	102229	74603	24	2247
	2	312	278	108	698	32	270	1000	287639	204313	103	10017
	3	411	178	137	726	37	237	1000	203031	141203	121	11018
	all	347	252	110	709	34	257	1000	592899	420119	248	23282

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	231	473	29	733	20	247	1000	857254	654103	212	18536
	2	280	345	77	702	23	275	1000	575045	422978	189	17766
	3	339	309	78	726	26	248	1000	284123	196670	103	9289
	all	264	405	52	722	22	257	1000	1716422	1273751	504	45591
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	373	210	56	639	73	288	1000	7325	5135	61	5278
	3	541	159	34	734	25	241	1000	14033	8595	87	7518
	all	478	178	42	699	43	259	1000	21359	13731	148	12796
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	223	346	26	595	7	398	1000	6660	5227	20	1834
	3	206	330	149	685	26	289	1000	9538	7056	32	2912
	all	213	337	96	647	18	335	1000	16197	12283	52	4746
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	216	406	48	670	36	293	1000	7342	5012	55	4879
	3	367	274	76	717	25	257	1000	7785	5250	57	5138
	all	293	339	62	694	31	275	1000	15127	10262	112	10017
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	131	379	18	528	185	287	1000	6273	4457	7	637
	3	222	307	19	548	107	345	1000	8270	6199	37	3766
	all	184	337	19	540	140	321	1000	14542	10656	44	4403

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	369	326	78	773	43	184	1000	120062	89234	53	4312
	3	402	224	88	714	64	222	1000	88430	63686	79	6601
	all	383	283	82	748	52	200	1000	208492	152920	132	10913
Punjab	1	283	517	18	819	2	180	1000	69794	51488	24	2191
	2	353	325	62	740	32	228	1000	187347	142854	113	10934
	3	345	277	61	683	58	259	1000	90857	67359	59	5810
	all	337	351	53	741	33	227	1000	347998	261701	196	18935
Rajasthan	1	251	370	56	677	34	290	1000	136736	104573	32	3241
	2	273	255	135	663	45	292	1000	252434	172924	93	8834
	3	347	243	108	698	32	270	1000	133571	91647	70	6188
	all	285	284	106	676	38	286	1000	522742	369144	195	18263
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	284	486	41	811	25	164	1000	3532	2653	20	1393
	all	284	486	41	811	25	164	1000	3532	2653	20	1393
Tamil Nadu	1	203	499	66	768	42	190	1000	151790	123200	44	3346
	2	271	308	126	705	39	255	1000	408495	316270	159	12145
	3	232	303	181	716	58	225	1000	469569	350781	213	15386
	all	243	335	141	720	48	232	1000	1029854	790251	416	30877

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	300	248	26	574	109	317	1000	6594	5265	20	1428
	3	280	286	133	700	110	191	1000	12506	9431	48	3563
	all	287	272	95	655	109	236	1000	19100	14696	68	4991
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	365	317	24	706	22	272	1000	42964	31424	26	2394
	3	366	252	83	701	31	267	1000	46196	30536	66	5124
	all	366	285	53	704	26	270	1000	89161	61960	92	7518
Uttar Pradesh	1	378	237	113	728	37	235	1000	384541	266120	48	4781
	2	331	271	92	694	57	249	1000	632492	433935	166	16534
	3	458	138	136	732	41	227	1000	420555	272047	174	17521
	all	380	224	110	714	47	239	1000	1437587	972102	388	38836
West Bengal	1	360	286	69	714	44	242	1000	245867	194058	76	6419
	2	311	281	110	702	47	251	1000	449544	354831	198	16835
	3	350	218	166	734	70	196	1000	142567	106871	70	5985
	all	332	272	107	711	50	239	1000	837978	655761	344	29239
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	158	482	118	758	45	197	1000	3386	2643	30	2254
	3	192	301	200	694	14	292	1000	721	532	6	448
	all	164	452	132	747	40	213	1000	4108	3174	36	2702

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban male number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force		all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total		total	total				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	275	418	63	755	47	198	1000	34995	25205	31	2688
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	275	418	63	755	47	198	1000	34995	25205	31	2688
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	121	729	22	872	0	128	1000	2449	1531	7	532
	3	187	668	8	863	0	137	1000	2705	1891	5	392
	all	157	695	14	867	0	133	1000	5153	3422	12	924
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	267	476	62	805	0	195	1000	1851	1368	8	707
	all	267	476	62	805	0	195	1000	1851	1368	8	707
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	210	292	166	668	60	272	1000	912	696	16	1701
	all	210	292	166	668	60	272	1000	912	696	16	1701
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	177	408	61	646	66	288	1000	18988	14871	40	3024
	3	185	301	147	634	55	311	1000	7584	5225	16	1253
	all	179	381	83	642	63	294	1000	26572	20095	56	4277
all- India	1	279	406	49	734	30	236	1000	3368977	2542615	753	67067
	2	304	300	98	702	38	260	1000	5055050	3700014	2363	208719
	3	333	256	130	720	42	238	1000	3006473	2130689	2149	185535
	all	304	321	91	716	37	247	1000	11430500	8373318	5265	461321

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	43	101	14	158	15	827	1000	317854	230336	56	4235
	2	105	69	35	209	23	768	1000	489480	380181	236	18053
	3	138	83	33	254	33	713	1000	111335	83972	80	6006
	all	89	82	28	198	21	781	1000	918669	694490	372	28294
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	91	75	19	185	18	798	1000	6372	4174	76	5285
	all	91	75	19	185	18	798	1000	6372	4174	76	5285
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	42	54	0	97	2	901	1000	44807	35725	29	2443
	3	52	50	20	121	15	864	1000	48976	36636	74	6118
	all	47	52	10	109	9	883	1000	93783	72361	103	8561
Bihar	1	19	39	1	59	38	902	1000	56868	40129	12	1113
	2	20	10	6	36	15	949	1000	126083	82569	71	5901
	3	27	16	5	47	4	949	1000	89264	58932	76	6104
	all	22	18	4	45	17	939	1000	272215	181630	159	13118
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	45	144	75	264	36	701	1000	96157	72343	38	3157
	3	148	79	90	317	9	675	1000	66620	46685	54	4340
	all	85	118	81	284	25	690	1000	162776	119027	92	7497

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	36	130	1	168	5	827	1000	247476	189196	91	6902
	2	50	44	0	95	8	897	1000	68336	48073	14	1043
	3	0	51	7	58	11	931	1000	61710	47671	14	924
	all	32	103	2	137	7	856	1000	377522	284940	119	8869
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	40	190	9	239	7	753	1000	8764	6484	15	1169
	3	11	155	5	170	30	799	1000	14044	11265	21	1862
	all	22	167	7	196	22	783	1000	22808	17749	36	3031
Gujarat	1	99	69	12	180	5	815	1000	340341	255257	75	6153
	2	38	63	16	117	3	880	1000	250877	187933	78	6930
	3	42	65	49	156	3	841	1000	138663	98630	62	5075
	all	68	66	20	154	4	842	1000	729882	541820	215	18158
Haryana	1	40	103	0	143	8	849	1000	30639	22266	22	1785
	2	26	91	5	121	9	869	1000	179011	133945	96	8239
	3	28	58	5	92	1	907	1000	32888	25103	28	2541
	all	28	88	4	120	8	872	1000	242538	181314	146	12565
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	43	27	0	70	7	922	1000	3455	2901	6	329
	3	83	195	14	292	24	684	1000	19687	15215	42	3241
	all	77	168	12	256	21	722	1000	23142	18116	48	3570

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force (91-98)	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	29	76	12	117	39	844	1000	50879	39191	107	11088
	3	25	84	15	124	36	840	1000	24628	18135	64	5558
	all	28	78	13	119	38	843	1000	75507	57326	171	16646
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	17	43	14	74	12	914	1000	127092	92730	55	4676
	3	21	36	22	79	3	917	1000	68162	48160	67	5334
	all	19	41	17	76	9	915	1000	195254	140891	122	10010
Karnataka	1	57	183	8	247	10	743	1000	262595	201918	36	2814
	2	54	79	35	167	13	820	1000	238489	177549	111	9835
	3	72	60	52	184	15	801	1000	184615	131853	109	9590
	all	60	115	28	203	12	785	1000	685698	511321	256	22239
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	43	114	19	176	47	777	1000	188014	148590	136	12719
	3	73	100	36	208	58	734	1000	120993	96639	96	8722
	all	55	108	26	189	51	760	1000	309007	245229	232	21441
Madhya Pradesh	1	33	74	2	108	0	891	1000	90939	63473	24	1918
	2	63	65	15	143	9	848	1000	263073	194735	103	9317
	3	80	34	24	138	7	855	1000	197726	137108	121	10437
	all	64	56	16	136	7	857	1000	551738	395317	248	21672

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	48	151	10	209	14	776	1000	815465	626473	212	18102
	2	49	91	22	162	9	829	1000	515284	394930	189	17255
	3	82	38	37	158	19	823	1000	253384	194650	103	9072
	all	54	114	18	186	13	801	1000	1584133	1216052	504	44429
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	165	66	1	232	41	726	1000	7122	5329	61	5495
	3	199	19	4	222	24	754	1000	13192	8888	87	7861
	all	186	37	3	226	30	744	1000	20314	14218	148	13356
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	85	177	15	277	3	721	1000	7610	5668	20	1876
	3	144	114	27	285	22	693	1000	11410	7500	32	2933
	all	119	141	22	281	13	705	1000	19020	13168	52	4809
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	207	116	5	328	27	645	1000	7727	5549	55	5257
	3	284	66	2	352	23	625	1000	7791	5313	57	5131
	all	244	91	4	340	25	635	1000	15518	10861	112	10388
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	29	108	0	138	108	754	1000	5068	4126	7	595
	3	84	36	0	120	102	778	1000	7682	5639	37	3402
	all	61	66	0	127	105	768	1000	12749	9764	44	3997

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	102	60	1	163	2	835	1000	103498	79402	52	3857
	3	86	47	48	182	8	810	1000	79721	61930	79	6580
	all	95	55	22	171	5	824	1000	183219	141332	131	10437
Punjab	1	13	118	0	130	0	870	1000	55392	37416	24	1778
	2	45	85	9	138	9	853	1000	166640	128842	113	9674
	3	63	102	3	168	9	823	1000	80818	64847	59	5453
	all	45	95	6	145	7	847	1000	302851	231105	196	16905
Rajasthan	1	86	57	25	168	14	818	1000	120060	88571	32	2835
	2	79	56	22	157	3	840	1000	213540	158621	93	8309
	3	78	34	9	121	6	874	1000	132229	93516	70	6370
	all	81	50	19	150	7	844	1000	465829	340708	195	17514
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	177	197	0	374	1	625	1000	3102	2220	20	1239
	all	177	197	0	374	1	625	1000	3102	2220	20	1239
Tamil Nadu	1	50	168	3	222	3	775	1000	154018	122747	44	3458
	2	81	110	15	206	23	771	1000	407422	316576	158	12138
	3	110	88	58	257	26	717	1000	486965	371867	213	16555
	all	90	109	33	232	21	747	1000	1048404	811190	415	32151

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	1	129	0	131	282	588	1000	6523	5497	20	1547
	3	38	82	14	134	133	733	1000	12598	9649	48	3864
	all	25	99	9	132	187	680	1000	19120	15146	68	5411
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	29	63	1	93	21	886	1000	39878	29028	26	2226
	3	47	49	3	99	40	861	1000	41716	29373	66	5166
	all	38	56	2	96	31	873	1000	81594	58401	92	7392
Uttar Pradesh	1	81	35	5	121	10	870	1000	339593	245139	48	4473
	2	47	41	9	97	7	896	1000	560328	392892	166	15316
	3	94	13	14	122	3	874	1000	394296	264344	174	16786
	all	70	31	9	111	7	883	1000	1294217	902375	388	36575
West Bengal	1	47	101	21	169	3	827	1000	201209	164600	75	5894
	2	53	88	17	158	20	821	1000	421966	340182	197	16338
	3	105	57	23	184	23	793	1000	130693	100731	70	5761
	all	60	87	19	166	16	818	1000	753868	605514	342	27993
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	25	170	64	258	74	668	1000	3555	2755	30	2191
	3	23	27	41	90	135	775	1000	718	519	6	427
	all	25	147	60	232	83	685	1000	4274	3275	36	2618

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban female number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force		all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total		total					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	57	97	0	154	23	823	1000	28860	21645	31	2191
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	57	97	0	154	23	823	1000	28860	21645	31	2191
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	159	13	172	0	828	1000	2648	1714	7	490
	3	12	138	0	150	0	850	1000	1629	1209	5	322
	all	5	150	8	163	0	837	1000	4278	2923	12	812
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	81	74	36	191	5	804	1000	2145	1469	8	805
	all	81	74	36	191	5	804	1000	2145	1469	8	805
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	11	83	2	95	74	831	1000	800	665	16	1799
	all	11	83	2	95	74	831	1000	800	665	16	1799
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	25	127	8	160	8	832	1000	18780	14736	40	3010
	3	35	112	47	194	16	790	1000	7302	5292	16	1435
	all	28	123	18	169	10	821	1000	26082	20029	56	4445
all- India	1	56	114	10	180	10	810	1000	3032448	2287522	751	61460
	2	58	76	18	153	16	832	1000	4650967	3510442	2360	202664
	3	83	58	33	174	18	808	1000	2853875	2089798	2150	182098
	all	64	83	20	166	14	819	1000	10537290	7887762	5261	446222

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	1	143	279	39	462	32	507	1000	652361	483840	56	8638
	2	181	196	75	452	31	517	1000	982605	748005	236	35084
	3	223	198	57	477	29	493	1000	219651	161440	80	11956
	all	173	225	60	458	31	510	1000	1854617	1393285	372	55678
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	158	241	50	449	22	529	1000	13672	9153	76	11585
	all	158	241	50	449	22	529	1000	13672	9153	76	11585
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	223	152	30	405	19	577	1000	97226	73803	30	5110
	3	229	162	54	445	35	520	1000	101811	76575	74	12558
	all	226	157	42	425	27	548	1000	199038	150378	104	17668
Bihar	1	170	136	32	337	45	617	1000	131756	88375	12	2310
	2	229	74	58	361	29	611	1000	279959	185587	71	13104
	3	236	63	83	381	17	602	1000	196433	128686	76	12999
	all	218	84	60	362	29	609	1000	608148	402648	159	28413
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	116	228	104	448	52	500	1000	205464	147253	38	6447
	3	260	138	127	524	39	437	1000	141390	96951	54	8932
	all	173	192	113	478	47	475	1000	346854	244204	92	15379

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Delhi	1	175	273	11	459	23	518	1000	538572	404103	92	14945
	2	175	232	28	435	16	549	1000	154502	105956	14	2366
	3	75	348	11	434	15	551	1000	138256	103528	14	2079
	all	158	279	14	451	20	529	1000	831331	613588	120	19390
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	158	278	14	449	7	544	1000	17969	13065	15	2366
	3	99	293	35	426	30	544	1000	28448	22531	21	3689
	all	121	287	27	435	22	544	1000	46417	35596	36	6055
Gujarat	1	208	270	18	496	10	494	1000	735868	553452	75	13433
	2	214	227	42	483	5	512	1000	538584	405297	78	14294
	3	172	246	97	514	9	477	1000	293761	214329	62	10227
	all	204	251	40	495	8	497	1000	1568212	1173078	215	37954
Haryana	1	157	248	36	440	9	550	1000	67146	49845	22	3962
	2	167	214	42	424	23	553	1000	378129	280085	96	17227
	3	184	167	41	393	7	600	1000	70254	51488	28	5285
	all	168	212	41	422	19	559	1000	515528	381418	146	26474
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	98	242	64	404	4	592	1000	6500	5539	6	721
	3	160	338	38	537	22	441	1000	42231	32740	42	6475
	all	151	324	42	517	19	463	1000	48731	38279	48	7196

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	209	177	36	421	38	541	1000	106436	81997	107	22841
	3	154	189	63	406	39	555	1000	51337	38114	64	12054
	all	191	181	44	416	38	545	1000	157773	120111	171	34895
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	179	159	51	390	23	587	1000	263856	186100	55	9478
	3	158	131	96	385	30	585	1000	148800	102983	68	11466
	all	172	149	67	388	26	586	1000	412657	289083	123	20944
Karnataka	1	176	322	28	526	21	453	1000	550837	433956	36	6020
	2	186	171	78	435	20	546	1000	487180	363887	111	19740
	3	227	137	109	473	21	507	1000	368747	262428	109	18942
	all	192	224	65	481	20	498	1000	1406764	1060272	256	44702
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	140	177	78	395	50	556	1000	358050	273547	136	23198
	3	157	141	103	401	64	535	1000	231302	183118	96	16275
	all	146	163	88	397	56	547	1000	589352	456665	232	39473
Madhya Pradesh	1	188	209	36	433	18	549	1000	193168	138076	24	4165
	2	190	174	63	427	21	552	1000	550712	399048	103	19334
	3	248	107	81	436	22	542	1000	400757	278311	121	21455
	all	210	157	64	431	21	548	1000	1144637	815435	248	44954

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Maharashtra	1	141	316	20	477	17	506	1000	1672719	1280575	212	36638
	2	168	222	51	441	16	543	1000	1090329	817908	189	35021
	3	211	174	58	444	22	534	1000	537507	391320	103	18361
	all	161	263	36	460	18	522	1000	3300555	2489803	504	90020
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	267	137	28	432	57	511	1000	14447	10465	61	10773
	3	367	88	19	474	24	502	1000	27226	17484	87	15379
	all	330	106	22	458	36	505	1000	41672	27948	148	26152
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	151	258	20	429	5	566	1000	14270	10894	20	3710
	3	174	219	86	479	24	497	1000	20948	14556	32	5845
	all	164	236	58	458	16	527	1000	35218	25451	52	9555
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	211	254	26	490	31	478	1000	15069	10561	55	10136
	3	325	170	39	533	24	442	1000	15576	10563	57	10269
	all	268	212	32	512	28	460	1000	30645	21124	112	20405
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	82	249	9	340	148	512	1000	11340	8583	7	1232
	3	156	178	10	344	105	551	1000	15951	11837	37	7168
	all	125	208	10	343	123	535	1000	27292	20420	44	8400

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	243	201	42	486	24	490	1000	223560	168636	53	8169
	3	246	137	69	451	37	512	1000	168151	125616	79	13181
	all	244	173	53	471	29	500	1000	391711	294252	132	21350
Punjab	1	169	349	11	529	1	470	1000	125186	88905	24	3969
	2	207	211	37	455	21	524	1000	353987	271696	113	20608
	3	207	191	32	431	34	536	1000	171675	132206	59	11263
	all	200	231	31	462	21	518	1000	650848	492807	196	35840
Rajasthan	1	175	226	42	443	24	532	1000	256797	193144	32	6076
	2	181	160	81	421	25	554	1000	465974	331545	93	17143
	3	211	138	58	406	19	575	1000	265801	185163	70	12558
	all	187	172	64	423	23	554	1000	988571	709852	195	35777
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	235	354	22	612	14	374	1000	6634	4873	20	2632
	all	235	354	22	612	14	374	1000	6634	4873	20	2632
Tamil Nadu	1	127	334	35	495	23	482	1000	305807	245947	44	6804
	2	176	209	71	455	31	513	1000	815917	632846	159	24283
	3	169	192	118	480	42	479	1000	956534	722647	213	31941
	all	166	220	86	473	35	493	1000	2078258	1601441	416	63028

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		self employed	working			un-employed	not in labour force	total	all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
			regular employees	casual labour	total							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	148	187	13	347	197	455	1000	13116	10762	20	2975
	3	158	183	73	413	122	465	1000	25104	19080	48	7427
	all	154	184	51	390	149	462	1000	38220	29842	68	10402
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	204	195	13	412	22	567	1000	82842	60452	26	4620
	3	209	152	44	406	36	558	1000	87913	59908	66	10290
	all	206	174	29	409	29	563	1000	170755	120360	92	14910
Uttar Pradesh	1	236	140	61	437	24	539	1000	724133	511259	48	9254
	2	196	162	53	410	33	557	1000	1192820	826827	166	31850
	3	279	76	76	431	22	546	1000	814851	536391	174	34307
	all	231	131	62	424	28	549	1000	2731804	1874477	388	75411
West Bengal	1	216	201	47	464	25	511	1000	447075	358659	76	12313
	2	185	187	64	436	34	530	1000	871511	695013	198	33173
	3	231	140	96	467	47	485	1000	273260	207602	70	11746
	all	201	183	65	449	34	517	1000	1591846	1261274	344	57232
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	90	323	90	503	60	437	1000	6942	5398	30	4445
	3	108	166	121	396	74	531	1000	1440	1051	6	875
	all	93	297	95	485	62	453	1000	8382	6449	36	5320

Table (C3): Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons of age 15 years and above by broad current daily activity status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	current daily activity status							estimated number of persons (00)		urban person number of sample	
		working				un-employed	not in labour force		all ages	ages 15 years & above	blocks	persons of ages 15 years & above
		self employed	regular employees	casual labour	total			total				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	174	269	34	477	36	487	1000	63855	46850	31	4879
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	174	269	34	477	36	487	1000	63855	46850	31	4879
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	57	428	17	502	0	498	1000	5097	3245	7	1022
	3	119	461	5	585	0	415	1000	4334	3100	5	714
	all	87	444	11	543	0	457	1000	9431	6345	12	1736
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	171	268	48	487	3	510	1000	3996	2836	8	1512
	all	171	268	48	487	3	510	1000	3996	2836	8	1512
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	113	190	86	388	67	545	1000	1712	1361	16	3500
	all	113	190	86	388	67	545	1000	1712	1361	16	3500
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	101	268	34	404	37	559	1000	37769	29607	40	6034
	3	110	206	97	413	35	552	1000	14885	10517	16	2688
	all	103	252	51	406	37	557	1000	52654	40124	56	8722
all- India	1	174	268	30	472	21	508	1000	6401425	4830137	753	128527
	2	184	191	59	435	27	538	1000	9706016	7210456	2364	411383
	3	210	158	82	450	30	520	1000	5860348	4220486	2151	367633
	all	188	205	56	450	26	524	1000	21967790	16261080	5268	907543

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry division for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
	agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	construc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom& food ser vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
									58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		
														all ages	age 15 & above	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Agra	15	0	475	0	83	207	42	57	5	115	0	0	1000	5225	5218	96
Ahmedabad	12	5	409	1	78	171	101	58	38	128	1	0	1000	15334	15193	347
Bangalore	2	0	201	3	83	199	65	71	163	194	18	0	1000	25813	25813	350
Bhopal	70	0	146	6	152	125	62	10	29	401	0	0	1000	3760	3760	115
Chennai	17	0	203	9	80	153	90	54	101	248	45	0	1000	13820	13817	365
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	1	0	180	15	51	294	93	43	34	272	18	0	1000	22290	22288	835
Faridabad	1	0	329	8	104	171	54	44	88	200	0	0	1000	2681	2681	216
Greater Mumbai	2	2	245	4	55	180	127	76	44	244	23	0	1000	38176	38033	960
Howrah	11	0	295	12	109	317	83	10	4	145	15	0	1000	3784	3784	165
Hyderabad	1	0	118	7	138	180	122	19	62	337	16	0	1000	26763	26763	477
Indore	0	0	195	13	46	269	138	25	61	252	0	0	1000	4004	4004	116
Jaipur	22	0	314	16	91	216	73	18	20	227	3	0	1000	10118	10118	307
Kalyan-Dombivili	0	0	124	12	165	168	170	22	5	320	14	0	1000	3964	3964	138
Kanpur	16	0	457	0	85	282	1	13	22	121	2	0	1000	6487	6079	118
Kolkata	1	2	346	4	29	189	118	40	30	199	43	0	1000	19212	17010	521
Lucknow	68	0	226	6	84	345	47	5	7	182	29	0	1000	8484	8243	123
Ludhiana	0	0	500	12	47	181	63	26	3	155	14	0	1000	6033	6033	252
Meerat	23	0	208	0	90	204	87	63	63	261	0	0	1000	4166	4166	81
Nagpur	8	0	91	27	198	179	134	22	22	292	27	0	1000	5836	5836	210
Nashik	50	3	513	0	110	97	82	0	11	134	0	0	1000	3678	3678	128
Patna	65	0	187	11	37	166	107	24	29	375	0	0	1000	3965	3965	106
Pimprichinchwad	0	0	297	45	60	140	112	39	13	241	54	0	1000	4708	4708	97
Pune	6	0	215	1	113	150	94	23	122	261	14	0	1000	8327	8327	258
Surat	0	0	648	9	48	177	26	42	4	46	0	0	1000	13380	13380	313
Thane	0	0	98	5	108	218	137	36	53	313	33	0	1000	4928	4928	149
Vadodara	0	0	315	0	52	293	94	25	19	203	0	0	1000	4596	4596	151
Varanasi	0	0	519	23	15	198	92	1	0	138	14	0	1000	4860	4720	98

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry division for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban female			
	agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	construc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom& food ser vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
									58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		
														all ages	age 15 & above	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Agra	0	0	0	0	26	159	0	0	0	815	0	0	1000	397	397	6
Ahmedabad	20	0	471	0	0	109	4	59	12	270	57	0	1000	3558	3558	68
Bangalore	0	0	241	0	3	57	0	146	129	281	142	0	1000	7327	7327	88
Bhopal	0	0	73	0	19	237	55	14	0	564	37	0	1000	940	910	27
Chennai	0	0	197	0	0	68	0	31	78	350	275	0	1000	3892	3878	95
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	0	0	29	0	5	204	40	0	52	558	108	5	1000	4517	4517	154
Faridabad	0	0	105	0	11	90	0	3	30	737	25	0	1000	454	454	27
Greater Mumbai	3	0	239	12	3	83	7	17	29	312	294	0	1000	11339	11339	262
Howrah	82	0	257	0	0	33	0	0	0	483	145	0	1000	457	444	23
Hyderabad	3	0	169	0	18	175	30	2	36	416	151	0	1000	5361	5359	124
Indore	0	0	311	0	0	0	0	0	0	689	0	0	1000	131	131	4
Jaipur	185	0	374	0	107	34	0	7	3	258	32	0	1000	2722	2722	83
Kalyan-Dombivili	0	0	243	29	0	37	3	0	27	403	259	0	1000	1088	1088	42
Kanpur	0	0	729	0	12	0	0	132	0	127	0	0	1000	693	693	13
Kolkata	0	0	190	16	0	107	10	17	7	356	297	0	1000	4662	4615	160
Lucknow	101	0	418	0	83	90	0	0	0	253	55	0	1000	2713	2688	45
Ludhiana	0	0	493	0	0	81	0	0	6	412	8	0	1000	726	722	30
Meerat	0	0	0	0	0	143	0	107	0	750	0	0	1000	464	464	10
Nagpur	0	0	80	0	333	57	13	44	17	435	21	0	1000	1915	1915	60
Nashik	268	0	249	0	0	42	53	0	22	366	0	0	1000	773	773	31
Patna	153	0	217	0	36	34	0	0	0	526	34	0	1000	411	401	17
Pimprichinchwad	0	0	65	83	10	86	0	0	47	306	403	0	1000	1270	1270	23
Pune	0	0	99	0	92	74	18	3	134	513	67	0	1000	2718	2718	83
Surat	0	0	650	0	21	116	0	0	13	200	0	0	1000	2979	2979	64
Thane	0	0	247	0	0	1	0	6	17	527	203	0	1000	1518	1518	40
Vadodara	4	0	157	0	0	55	22	0	0	393	368	0	1000	863	863	24
Varanasi	0	0	693	47	0	64	0	0	0	157	39	0	1000	1173	1138	28

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry division for each class 1 city in India

class 1 city	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
	agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	construc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom& food ser vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
									58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	
																all ages
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Agra	14	0	441	0	79	204	39	53	5	165	0	0	1000	5623	5616	102
Ahmedabad	13	4	420	1	63	159	83	58	33	155	11	0	1000	18892	18752	415
Bangalore	2	0	210	2	65	168	51	88	155	214	45	0	1000	33139	33139	438
Bhopal	56	0	132	4	126	147	61	11	24	432	7	0	1000	4700	4671	142
Chennai	13	0	202	7	63	135	70	49	96	270	95	0	1000	17712	17695	460
Delhi M.C.(Urban)	1	0	155	12	43	279	84	36	37	321	33	1	1000	26807	26805	989
Faridabad	1	0	296	7	91	159	46	38	79	277	4	0	1000	3135	3135	243
Greater Mumbai	2	1	244	6	43	158	99	62	40	260	85	0	1000	49515	49372	1222
Howrah	19	0	291	10	97	287	74	9	3	180	28	0	1000	4241	4228	188
Hyderabad	1	0	126	6	118	180	107	16	58	350	39	0	1000	32124	32122	601
Indore	0	0	199	12	44	261	134	25	59	266	0	0	1000	4135	4135	120
Jaipur	57	0	327	12	94	177	58	16	16	234	9	0	1000	12840	12840	390
Kalyan-Dombivili	0	0	150	16	129	140	134	17	9	338	67	0	1000	5051	5051	180
Kanpur	14	0	484	0	77	253	1	25	20	122	2	0	1000	7180	6773	131
Kolkata	0	2	313	7	23	171	95	35	25	233	97	0	1000	23874	21625	681
Lucknow	76	0	274	5	84	282	35	4	5	199	36	0	1000	11197	10931	168
Ludhiana	0	0	499	10	42	171	56	23	3	182	14	0	1000	6759	6755	282
Meerat	21	0	187	0	81	198	78	67	57	310	0	0	1000	4630	4630	91
Nagpur	6	0	89	20	231	149	104	28	21	327	26	0	1000	7752	7752	270
Nashik	88	3	467	0	91	87	77	0	13	174	0	0	1000	4451	4451	159
Patna	73	0	189	10	37	153	97	22	26	389	3	0	1000	4376	4366	123
Pimprichinchwad	0	0	247	53	50	128	88	31	20	255	128	0	1000	5977	5977	120
Pune	5	0	187	1	107	131	75	18	125	323	27	0	1000	11045	11045	341
Surat	0	0	649	7	43	166	21	34	5	74	0	0	1000	16359	16359	377
Thane	0	0	133	4	82	167	104	29	44	363	73	0	1000	6446	6446	189
Vadodara	1	0	290	0	44	255	82	21	16	233	58	0	1000	5459	5459	175
Varanasi	0	0	553	28	12	172	74	1	0	142	19	0	1000	6033	5858	126

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		sample
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Andhra Pradesh	1	1	0	118	7	138	180	122	19	62	337	16	0	1000	26763	26763	477
	2	57	17	138	9	151	199	151	30	28	213	6	0	1000	39031	38830	1801
	3	74	61	152	8	109	229	103	35	10	217	1	0	1000	8263	8263	630
	all	38	16	133	8	142	196	135	26	38	258	9	0	1000	74056	73856	2908
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	104	0	28	2	132	154	18	13	4	528	16	0	1000	477	477	607
	all	104	0	28	2	132	154	18	13	4	528	16	0	1000	477	477	607
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	26	51	107	9	75	313	82	26	13	262	35	0	1000	3859	3859	275
	3	50	39	79	1	104	342	76	45	7	245	12	0	1000	4294	4260	694
	all	38	45	93	5	90	328	79	36	10	253	23	0	1000	8154	8119	969
Bihar	1	65	0	187	11	37	166	107	24	29	375	0	0	1000	3965	3965	106
	2	38	0	174	0	89	313	65	79	3	238	0	0	1000	9417	9326	652
	3	155	3	83	0	115	352	44	45	6	194	2	0	1000	6819	6805	707
	all	83	1	145	2	88	297	66	57	9	250	1	0	1000	20201	20096	1465
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	22	25	127	45	181	231	80	50	22	210	6	0	1000	7461	7389	335
	3	246	36	127	2	183	200	38	41	3	123	1	0	1000	5588	5588	495
	all	118	30	127	27	182	218	62	46	14	172	4	0	1000	13049	12977	830

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Delhi	1	1	0	180	15	51	294	93	43	34	272	18	0	1000	22290	22288	835
	2	0	0	302	4	51	253	80	108	44	152	6	0	1000	5980	5958	133
	3	0	0	364	0	48	106	90	8	12	367	6	0	1000	6101	6101	122
	all	0	0	234	10	50	254	90	48	32	268	14	0	1000	34371	34347	1090
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	23	89	54	43	279	52	164	29	266	0	0	1000	617	617	116
	3	48	96	120	55	66	210	86	119	0	186	15	0	1000	1106	1101	183
	all	31	70	109	55	58	235	74	135	11	215	10	0	1000	1724	1718	299
Gujarat	1	5	2	492	4	62	190	70	47	21	105	0	0	1000	33311	33170	811
	2	29	2	376	11	63	248	57	45	2	166	0	0	1000	25161	25044	793
	3	110	18	201	202	63	179	69	30	1	123	6	0	1000	13731	13690	588
	all	34	5	396	44	63	208	65	43	11	130	1	0	1000	72203	71904	2192
Haryana	1	1	0	329	8	104	171	54	44	88	200	0	0	1000	2681	2681	216
	2	44	0	235	15	131	202	79	15	45	230	4	0	1000	14755	14739	895
	3	145	0	216	4	92	309	60	15	1	159	0	0	1000	2600	2588	266
	all	52	0	245	13	122	212	73	19	45	217	3	0	1000	20036	20008	1377
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	21	46	127	205	47	141	26	388	0	0	1000	291	291	44
	3	57	5	374	10	61	119	22	39	11	301	2	0	1000	1902	1902	347
	all	49	4	327	15	70	130	25	52	13	312	2	0	1000	2193	2193	391

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		sample
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	40	2	151	17	155	281	79	25	23	221	8	0	1000	4392	4382	1199
	3	79	0	194	22	160	199	57	34	16	241	0	0	1000	1945	1941	632
	all	52	1	164	19	156	256	73	27	20	227	5	0	1000	6337	6323	1831
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	14	10	116	7	130	308	119	25	10	253	7	0	1000	9517	9452	465
	3	60	190	75	2	196	231	78	31	5	132	0	0	1000	5379	5378	623
	all	31	75	101	6	154	280	104	27	8	209	5	0	1000	14896	14830	1088
Karnataka	1	2	0	201	3	83	199	65	71	163	194	18	0	1000	25813	25813	350
	2	78	8	144	17	130	207	115	63	9	226	4	0	1000	18912	18816	1029
	3	205	4	99	14	152	234	61	30	10	190	2	0	1000	14932	14917	1054
	all	77	3	158	10	115	210	80	58	76	203	9	0	1000	59656	59545	2433
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	76	4	128	7	145	229	111	55	18	218	9	0	1000	13277	13249	1088
	3	87	2	154	10	233	177	103	39	31	163	1	0	1000	8830	8830	766
	all	81	3	139	8	180	208	108	48	23	196	6	0	1000	22107	22079	1854
Madhya Pradesh	1	34	0	172	9	97	199	101	18	46	324	0	0	1000	7765	7765	231
	2	53	11	162	12	145	279	85	34	10	207	1	0	1000	20969	20932	1031
	3	194	11	107	6	133	247	93	16	7	184	1	0	1000	15350	15305	1158
	all	99	9	145	10	132	254	91	25	15	220	1	0	1000	44084	44002	2420

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		sample
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Maharashtra	1	5	1	229	9	87	171	123	52	46	253	23	0	1000	69617	69474	1940
	2	29	3	215	9	100	263	119	24	28	203	9	0	1000	44033	43962	1854
	3	136	6	176	18	93	224	111	23	10	201	3	0	1000	21042	21001	993
	all	33	2	216	10	92	210	120	38	34	229	15	0	1000	134692	134437	4787
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	23	0	77	6	166	275	76	33	10	326	9	0	1000	477	477	495
	3	341	0	85	2	115	122	90	17	7	215	6	0	1000	914	914	801
	all	232	0	82	3	132	174	85	22	8	253	7	0	1000	1391	1391	1296
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	19	0	95	342	45	59	5	425	10	0	1000	451	451	156
	3	56	25	24	3	194	185	93	13	10	358	40	0	1000	712	707	299
	all	34	15	22	2	155	246	74	31	8	384	28	0	1000	1163	1158	455
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	61	0	33	12	97	194	75	1	3	519	4	0	1000	490	490	466
	3	360	7	25	4	122	102	56	2	2	321	0	0	1000	562	562	538
	all	221	4	28	8	110	145	65	1	3	413	2	0	1000	1052	1052	1004
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	77	0	36	59	38	188	74	12	0	516	0	0	1000	352	352	54
	3	174	0	33	26	87	142	50	39	0	444	5	0	1000	503	503	312
	all	134	0	34	40	67	161	60	28	0	473	3	0	1000	856	856	366

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
		agri culture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	
																	all ages
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	115	3	100	25	93	206	114	38	53	247	6	0	1000	10332	10312	465
	3	120	22	81	11	111	270	113	54	5	208	5	0	1000	6928	6778	732
	all	117	10	93	20	100	231	113	44	34	231	5	0	1000	17260	17090	1197
Punjab	1	0	0	500	12	47	181	63	26	3	155	14	0	1000	6033	6033	252
	2	33	0	239	34	87	240	90	37	21	216	3	0	1000	15467	15452	1199
	3	109	0	212	15	124	215	92	38	14	182	0	0	1000	6858	6841	595
	all	44	0	288	25	87	221	85	35	16	194	5	0	1000	28359	28326	2046
Rajasthan	1	22	0	314	16	91	216	73	18	20	227	3	0	1000	10118	10118	307
	2	28	20	216	14	178	204	83	44	14	198	0	0	1000	17082	16962	873
	3	73	13	167	46	192	219	59	31	6	195	0	0	1000	9420	9417	630
	all	38	13	231	23	158	211	74	34	13	205	1	0	1000	36619	36497	1810
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	10	1	99	57	90	175	89	78	54	347	0	0	1000	307	307	154
	all	10	1	99	57	90	175	89	78	54	347	0	0	1000	307	307	154
Tamil Nadu	1	17	0	203	9	80	153	90	54	101	248	45	0	1000	13820	13817	365
	2	39	11	259	11	76	253	98	58	28	167	2	0	1000	33180	33168	1301
	3	163	8	261	1	132	148	89	52	17	127	1	0	1000	39308	39272	1669
	all	92	8	251	6	102	189	92	54	35	162	9	0	1000	86308	86257	3335

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		sample
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	10	0	31	0	84	323	91	22	27	396	16	0	1000	438	438	124
	3	41	8	74	0	214	209	139	16	6	287	5	0	1000	995	989	374
	all	31	6	60	0	174	244	124	18	13	321	9	0	1000	1434	1427	498
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	7	2	200	3	130	328	112	48	1	168	0	0	1000	3300	3274	246
	3	80	0	145	17	137	292	58	65	3	199	5	0	1000	3140	3140	538
	all	43	1	173	10	133	310	86	56	2	183	3	0	1000	6440	6414	784
Uttar Pradesh	1	29	0	367	6	73	261	50	24	17	161	11	0	1000	29223	28427	516
	2	43	18	223	10	122	223	59	47	5	247	1	0	1000	45297	44715	1752
	3	183	6	187	16	136	237	62	26	4	136	5	0	1000	30412	30103	1887
	all	80	9	252	11	113	238	57	35	8	191	5	0	1000	104931	103245	4155
West Bengal	1	3	2	337	6	44	212	111	34	25	189	38	0	1000	22996	20794	686
	2	35	12	256	10	91	229	92	37	25	202	12	0	1000	36930	36882	1742
	3	43	23	304	9	99	198	109	32	2	159	22	0	1000	12195	12084	653
	all	26	11	288	9	78	219	101	35	21	191	21	0	1000	72121	69760	3081
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	61	0	51	44	164	190	119	35	5	332	0	0	1000	298	298	248
	3	11	0	137	0	261	56	254	0	0	280	0	0	1000	59	59	49
	all	52	0	65	37	180	168	141	29	5	324	0	0	1000	356	356	297

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all-India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban male			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		sample of age 15 & above
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)		
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	7	0	143	6	98	268	65	75	15	322	1	0	1000	2732	2725	290
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	7	0	143	6	98	268	65	75	15	322	1	0	1000	2732	2725	290
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	8	0	546	0	80	77	211	0	37	41	0	0	1000	191	191	66
	3	100	0	678	0	21	27	24	61	0	90	0	0	1000	233	233	48
	all	58	0	619	0	47	49	108	33	17	68	0	0	1000	424	424	114
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	131	0	114	11	49	144	167	79	0	305	0	0	1000	157	157	82
	all	131	0	114	11	49	144	167	79	0	305	0	0	1000	157	157	82
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	373	0	32	27	159	63	66	25	11	246	0	0	1000	72	72	171
	all	373	0	32	27	159	63	66	25	11	246	0	0	1000	72	72	171
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	37	5	148	3	142	234	64	55	32	278	0	0	1000	1539	1539	305
	3	159	9	174	19	253	108	82	18	10	168	0	0	1000	541	541	133
	all	69	6	155	7	171	201	68	45	26	250	0	0	1000	2080	2080	438
all- India	1	9	1	273	8	80	202	93	42	51	225	18	0	1000	274394	271106	7092
	2	42	10	208	13	114	239	96	42	20	213	5	0	1000	386228	384574	21492
	3	135	16	183	22	128	211	82	34	9	174	4	0	1000	231678	230824	19530
	all	56	9	221	14	107	220	91	40	27	206	9	0	1000	892299	886504	48114

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban female			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Andhra Pradesh	1	3	0	169	0	18	175	30	2	36	416	151	0	1000	5361	5359	124
	2	94	8	318	5	78	151	2	55	11	217	61	0	1000	13479	13434	678
	3	166	6	245	19	22	220	0	56	0	230	35	0	1000	3482	3482	247
	all	84	6	271	6	55	168	9	42	15	267	78	0	1000	22322	22275	1049
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	323	0	5	0	94	141	0	6	0	385	47	0	1000	115	115	137
	all	323	0	5	0	94	141	0	6	0	385	47	0	1000	115	115	137
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	71	0	49	0	0	270	0	0	0	441	169	0	1000	526	526	31
	3	76	10	160	0	15	83	0	10	0	549	96	0	1000	677	677	103
	all	74	5	112	0	9	165	0	6	0	502	128	0	1000	1203	1203	134
Bihar	1	153	0	217	0	36	34	0	0	0	526	34	0	1000	411	401	17
	2	19	0	298	0	85	260	0	34	0	302	0	0	1000	594	594	35
	3	411	0	109	0	12	157	0	15	0	296	1	0	1000	735	734	74
	all	217	0	199	0	43	164	0	18	0	352	8	0	1000	1740	1729	126
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	4	0	123	4	252	35	5	25	7	471	74	0	1000	2895	2895	117
	3	465	9	66	0	151	90	8	34	2	162	13	0	1000	2680	2652	224
	all	224	4	96	2	203	62	6	29	5	323	45	0	1000	5575	5547	341

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban female			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Delhi	1	0	0	29	0	5	204	40	0	52	558	108	5	1000	4517	4517	154
	2	0	0	315	0	0	217	0	0	0	468	0	0	1000	650	650	12
	3	0	0	521	0	24	0	0	0	0	455	0	0	1000	432	432	12
	all	0	0	100	0	6	190	32	0	42	539	87	4	1000	5598	5598	178
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	44	0	0	13	26	148	0	16	32	717	6	0	1000	235	235	39
	3	1	27	42	0	110	60	15	62	0	649	34	0	1000	277	277	44
	all	21	14	23	6	71	100	8	41	15	680	21	0	1000	512	512	83
Gujarat	1	10	0	506	0	9	105	4	29	11	256	70	0	1000	7400	7400	156
	2	92	0	288	12	29	90	0	42	8	395	45	0	1000	3834	3714	155
	3	277	39	211	3	68	57	11	13	13	286	21	0	1000	2616	2548	132
	all	82	7	392	4	25	92	4	29	11	299	54	0	1000	13850	13663	443
Haryana	1	0	0	105	0	11	90	0	3	30	737	25	0	1000	454	454	27
	2	110	0	67	20	22	37	0	13	101	581	48	0	1000	2483	2483	157
	3	368	0	145	17	23	39	0	13	0	342	54	0	1000	419	419	47
	all	127	0	82	17	21	44	0	12	78	573	46	0	1000	3356	3356	231
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	0	1000	29	29	5
	3	201	0	366	5	24	66	0	16	1	320	2	0	1000	673	673	146
	all	193	0	351	5	23	63	0	15	1	348	2	0	1000	702	702	151

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban female			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	245	0	149	11	97	22	6	0	9	454	7	0	1000	860	860	242
	3	308	0	116	1	13	48	0	0	0	494	20	0	1000	403	403	127
	all	265	0	138	8	70	30	4	0	6	467	11	0	1000	1263	1263	369
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	15	26	82	0	30	114	50	18	0	492	173	0	1000	1149	1094	75
	3	180	147	249	6	105	79	0	0	0	220	15	0	1000	704	686	94
	all	79	73	146	2	59	100	31	11	0	387	112	0	1000	1853	1780	169
Karnataka	1	0	0	241	0	3	57	0	146	129	281	142	0	1000	7327	7327	88
	2	66	6	296	0	48	80	6	36	43	335	85	0	1000	4747	4747	276
	3	250	0	343	9	44	73	2	38	0	213	29	0	1000	3932	3932	288
	all	81	2	282	2	26	68	2	87	72	280	97	0	1000	16006	16006	652
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	101	3	195	14	25	146	12	22	34	372	75	0	1000	4810	4810	397
	3	102	0	274	7	49	121	15	35	23	327	48	0	1000	3625	3625	322
	all	101	2	229	11	35	135	13	28	29	353	64	0	1000	8435	8435	719
Madhya Pradesh	1	0	0	103	0	17	207	48	13	0	580	32	0	1000	1071	1041	31
	2	56	1	235	26	64	118	7	19	22	402	50	0	1000	4419	4401	193
	3	367	0	221	0	54	146	4	4	0	201	4	0	1000	3567	3567	252
	all	173	1	214	13	55	139	10	12	11	343	30	0	1000	9057	9009	476

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban female			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Maharashtra	1	12	0	196	13	45	70	10	14	41	372	226	0	1000	20620	20620	541
	2	69	0	318	12	30	79	1	22	2	392	75	0	1000	10649	10649	466
	3	378	7	263	7	37	73	8	26	9	161	30	0	1000	6240	6240	283
	all	89	1	242	12	40	73	7	18	25	343	150	0	1000	37509	37509	1290
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	21	0	376	0	0	290	0	62	0	247	5	0	1000	213	212	229
	3	180	0	485	0	5	221	0	28	0	82	0	0	1000	315	315	277
	all	116	0	441	0	3	249	0	41	0	149	2	0	1000	528	527	506
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	60	0	32	279	10	14	0	586	19	0	1000	231	231	79
	3	128	6	63	0	2	365	0	47	0	389	1	0	1000	319	319	151
	all	74	3	62	0	15	329	4	33	0	471	9	0	1000	550	550	230
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	130	0	35	10	11	491	0	8	5	305	5	0	1000	266	266	256
	3	571	1	20	0	20	199	0	18	0	172	0	0	1000	286	286	276
	all	358	0	27	5	16	340	0	13	2	236	2	0	1000	552	552	532
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	69	0	62	108	0	208	0	0	0	553	0	0	1000	97	97	16
	3	467	0	146	5	0	219	0	7	0	151	5	0	1000	165	165	106
	all	320	0	115	43	0	215	0	5	0	299	3	0	1000	261	261	122

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban female			
		agri culture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	177	0	216	5	38	188	21	74	0	250	31	0	1000	2123	2122	84
	3	262	0	110	1	180	149	4	30	0	260	5	0	1000	1939	1885	184
	all	217	0	166	3	105	170	13	54	0	255	19	0	1000	4062	4007	268
Punjab	1	0	0	493	0	0	81	0	0	6	412	8	0	1000	726	722	30
	2	77	0	231	11	15	41	1	6	0	601	19	0	1000	3142	3107	245
	3	232	0	142	7	1	23	12	3	0	560	20	0	1000	2007	1973	168
	all	120	0	233	8	8	39	4	4	1	564	18	0	1000	5875	5802	443
Rajasthan	1	185	0	374	0	107	34	0	7	3	258	32	0	1000	2722	2722	83
	2	131	0	299	8	96	76	9	20	6	330	26	0	1000	4373	4351	227
	3	303	1	319	26	44	89	0	7	0	165	47	0	1000	2262	2217	160
	all	188	0	326	10	87	67	4	13	3	270	32	0	1000	9357	9289	470
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	26	0	58	40	0	331	56	118	3	341	26	0	1000	121	119	63
	all	26	0	58	40	0	331	56	118	3	341	26	0	1000	121	119	63
Tamil Nadu	1	0	0	197	0	0	68	0	31	78	350	275	0	1000	3892	3878	95
	2	44	0	414	14	11	143	2	45	25	244	57	0	1000	10261	10244	444
	3	242	8	379	16	47	89	5	20	10	161	22	0	1000	16003	16003	667
	all	144	4	368	13	29	104	3	30	24	214	66	0	1000	30156	30125	1206

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban female			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		sample
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	1	107	0	1	1	864	24	0	1000	103	103	37
	3	63	0	157	0	119	29	0	26	0	315	291	0	1000	207	207	96
	all	42	0	105	0	80	55	0	18	0	497	203	0	1000	309	309	133
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	15	0	309	31	0	95	0	25	0	469	56	0	1000	456	456	31
	3	140	0	191	0	9	100	56	100	0	396	7	0	1000	550	549	124
	all	83	0	245	14	5	98	31	66	0	429	29	0	1000	1006	1005	155
Uttar Pradesh	1	50	0	450	10	45	83	0	26	0	301	36	0	1000	5440	5381	102
	2	60	0	426	40	15	58	3	5	14	346	32	0	1000	6850	6551	265
	3	304	0	495	22	21	55	10	11	2	73	6	0	1000	6521	6327	380
	all	142	0	457	25	26	64	5	13	6	238	24	0	1000	18811	18258	747
West Bengal	1	7	0	196	14	0	101	9	15	6	367	284	0	1000	5118	5058	183
	2	16	3	276	7	14	106	13	23	10	364	169	0	1000	9950	9873	487
	3	31	0	622	22	1	42	5	0	0	193	85	0	1000	3660	3560	172
	all	16	2	321	12	8	92	10	16	7	332	184	0	1000	18728	18492	842
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	73	6	104	130	20	20	15	568	64	0	1000	111	111	84
	3	0	0	327	0	172	159	112	112	0	118	0	0	1000	11	11	12
	all	0	0	97	6	111	132	28	28	13	526	58	0	1000	122	122	96

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)										total	urban female				
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				number of persons			
										58- 63	64- 96		97	99	estimated (00)		sample
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	132	23	0	223	30	0	0	527	64	0	1000	499	495	53
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	0	0	132	23	0	223	30	0	0	527	64	0	1000	499	495	53
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	72	0	162	0	0	0	0	0	0	588	178	0	1000	44	44	9
	3	0	0	139	0	231	208	0	0	0	421	0	0	1000	26	26	8
	all	46	0	153	0	85	77	0	0	0	527	112	0	1000	70	70	17
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	37	0	219	17	0	221	21	0	0	365	121	0	1000	45	45	18
	all	37	0	219	17	0	221	21	0	0	365	121	0	1000	45	45	18
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	319	27	98	24	0	0	20	0	0	511	0	0	1000	13	13	41
	all	319	27	98	24	0	0	20	0	0	511	0	0	1000	13	13	41
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	44	0	263	0	62	78	0	5	43	390	117	0	1000	375	375	82
	3	65	0	217	9	189	156	33	21	0	237	72	0	1000	175	175	38
	all	51	0	248	3	102	103	11	10	29	341	103	0	1000	549	549	120
all- India	1	19	0	253	6	26	95	10	30	41	360	160	0	1000	65058	64881	1631
	2	69	2	289	12	45	110	6	29	16	353	69	0	1000	90453	89757	5506
	3	254	7	314	12	47	94	6	22	6	213	27	0	1000	65202	64655	5473
	all	109	3	286	10	40	100	7	27	20	314	83	0	1000	220713	219294	12610

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Andhra Pradesh	1	1	0	126	6	118	180	107	16	58	350	39	0	1000	32124	32122	601
	2	66	15	185	8	132	187	113	36	23	214	20	0	1000	52509	52264	2479
	3	101	45	180	12	84	226	73	41	7	221	11	0	1000	11745	11745	877
	all	49	13	165	8	122	189	106	30	33	260	25	0	1000	96378	96131	3957
Arunachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	146	0	23	2	125	151	15	12	3	500	22	0	1000	592	592	744
	all	146	0	23	2	125	151	15	12	3	500	22	0	1000	592	592	744
Assam	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	31	45	100	8	66	308	72	23	12	284	51	0	1000	4385	4385	306
	3	53	35	91	1	92	307	65	40	6	286	23	0	1000	4972	4937	797
	all	43	40	95	4	80	307	69	32	9	285	36	0	1000	9357	9322	1103
Bihar	1	73	0	189	10	37	153	97	22	26	389	3	0	1000	4376	4366	123
	2	37	0	181	0	89	310	61	76	3	242	0	0	1000	10011	9920	687
	3	180	3	85	0	105	333	40	42	6	204	2	0	1000	7554	7539	781
	all	94	1	150	2	84	287	61	53	9	258	1	0	1000	21941	21825	1591
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	17	18	126	33	201	176	59	43	18	283	25	0	1000	10356	10284	452
	3	316	27	107	1	173	165	28	39	3	135	5	0	1000	8268	8240	719
	all	150	22	118	19	189	171	45	41	11	218	16	0	1000	18624	18525	1171

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Delhi	1	1	0	155	12	43	279	84	36	37	321	33	1	1000	26807	26805	989
	2	0	0	303	4	46	249	72	97	40	183	6	0	1000	6630	6608	145
	3	0	0	374	0	46	99	84	8	11	372	5	0	1000	6533	6533	134
	all	0	0	215	9	44	245	82	41	33	306	24	1	1000	39969	39946	1268
Goa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	12	17	64	43	38	243	38	123	30	391	2	0	1000	853	853	155
	3	39	82	104	44	75	180	72	107	0	279	19	0	1000	1383	1377	227
	all	28	57	89	43	61	204	59	113	12	322	12	0	1000	2236	2230	382
Gujarat	1	6	2	495	3	52	175	58	43	19	133	13	0	1000	40711	40570	967
	2	37	2	365	11	59	228	50	44	3	196	6	0	1000	28995	28759	948
	3	136	21	202	171	63	160	60	27	3	148	9	0	1000	16347	16238	720
	all	41	5	396	38	57	190	56	41	11	157	10	0	1000	86053	85567	2635
Haryana	1	1	0	296	7	91	159	46	38	79	277	4	0	1000	3135	3135	243
	2	54	0	211	16	115	178	68	15	53	281	10	0	1000	17237	17222	1052
	3	176	0	206	6	82	271	52	14	1	184	8	0	1000	3019	3007	313
	all	62	0	222	13	107	188	63	18	50	268	9	0	1000	23392	23364	1608
Himachal Pradesh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	19	42	115	186	43	128	24	444	0	0	1000	320	320	49
	3	95	4	372	9	51	105	16	33	9	306	2	0	1000	2575	2575	493
	all	84	3	333	12	58	114	19	43	10	321	2	0	1000	2895	2895	542

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	73	1	150	16	145	239	67	20	20	259	8	0	1000	5252	5242	1441
	3	118	0	180	18	135	173	47	28	13	284	3	0	1000	2349	2344	759
	all	87	1	160	17	142	218	61	23	18	267	6	0	1000	7600	7585	2200
Jharkhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	15	11	112	7	120	288	112	24	9	278	25	0	1000	10666	10546	540
	3	74	185	94	3	185	213	69	28	5	142	2	0	1000	6082	6064	717
	all	36	75	106	5	144	261	97	25	7	228	16	0	1000	16749	16610	1257
Karnataka	1	2	0	210	2	65	168	51	88	155	214	45	0	1000	33139	33139	438
	2	75	7	175	13	114	181	93	57	16	248	20	0	1000	23659	23563	1305
	3	215	3	150	13	130	200	49	31	8	194	7	0	1000	18863	18848	1342
	all	78	3	184	8	96	180	64	64	75	219	28	0	1000	75662	75551	3085
Kerala	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	83	4	146	9	113	207	85	46	22	259	27	0	1000	18087	18060	1485
	3	91	1	189	9	179	160	77	38	29	211	15	0	1000	12455	12455	1088
	all	86	3	164	9	140	188	82	43	25	239	22	0	1000	30542	30515	2573
Madhya Pradesh	1	30	0	164	8	87	200	95	17	40	354	4	0	1000	8835	8806	262
	2	53	10	175	15	131	251	72	31	12	241	9	0	1000	25388	25333	1224
	3	227	9	129	5	118	228	76	13	6	187	2	0	1000	18917	18872	1410
	all	111	8	157	10	119	234	77	23	14	241	6	0	1000	53141	53011	2896

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)		sample
															all ages	age 15 & above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Maharashtra	1	7	1	221	10	77	148	97	44	45	280	70	0	1000	90238	90094	2481
	2	37	2	235	9	86	228	96	23	23	240	22	0	1000	54682	54611	2320
	3	191	6	196	15	80	189	87	24	10	192	9	0	1000	27282	27241	1276
	all	45	2	221	10	81	180	95	34	32	253	45	0	1000	172201	171946	6077
Manipur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	22	0	169	4	115	279	52	42	7	302	7	0	1000	690	689	724
	3	299	0	188	1	87	147	67	20	5	181	5	0	1000	1229	1229	1078
	all	200	0	181	2	97	195	62	28	6	224	6	0	1000	1919	1918	1802
Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	33	0	74	321	33	44	3	479	13	0	1000	682	682	235
	3	79	19	36	2	134	241	64	24	7	368	28	0	1000	1031	1026	450
	all	47	11	35	1	110	273	52	32	5	412	22	0	1000	1713	1708	685
Mizoram	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	85	0	34	11	67	299	49	4	4	443	5	0	1000	756	756	722
	3	431	5	23	3	88	134	37	7	1	271	0	0	1000	848	848	814
	all	268	3	28	7	78	212	43	5	3	352	2	0	1000	1604	1604	1536
Nagaland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	75	0	42	70	30	192	58	9	0	524	0	0	1000	449	449	70
	3	246	0	61	21	66	161	37	31	0	371	5	0	1000	668	668	418
	all	178	0	53	41	51	173	46	22	0	433	3	0	1000	1117	1117	488

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41-43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58-63	64-96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Odisha	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	126	2	120	22	84	203	98	44	44	247	10	0	1000	12455	12434	549
	3	151	17	87	9	126	244	89	49	4	219	5	0	1000	8868	8663	916
	all	136	8	107	16	101	220	94	46	27	236	8	0	1000	21322	21097	1465
Punjab	1	0	0	499	10	42	171	56	23	3	182	14	0	1000	6759	6755	282
	2	40	0	238	30	74	206	75	32	18	280	6	0	1000	18609	18559	1444
	3	136	0	196	13	96	172	74	30	11	266	5	0	1000	8865	8814	763
	all	57	0	279	22	74	191	71	29	13	257	7	0	1000	34233	34128	2489
Rajasthan	1	57	0	327	12	94	177	58	16	16	234	9	0	1000	12840	12840	390
	2	49	16	233	13	161	178	68	39	12	225	5	0	1000	21455	21313	1100
	3	117	11	196	42	164	194	48	27	5	189	9	0	1000	11682	11633	790
	all	68	10	250	20	143	182	60	30	11	219	7	0	1000	45977	45786	2280
Sikkim	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	15	1	87	52	65	219	80	89	40	345	7	0	1000	428	426	217
	all	15	1	87	52	65	219	80	89	40	345	7	0	1000	428	426	217
Tamil Nadu	1	13	0	202	7	63	135	70	49	96	270	95	0	1000	17712	17695	460
	2	40	8	296	11	61	227	75	55	27	185	15	0	1000	43441	43411	1745
	3	186	8	295	6	108	131	64	43	15	137	7	0	1000	55312	55275	2336
	all	105	7	281	8	83	167	69	48	32	175	24	0	1000	116465	116382	4541

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quarrying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser- vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Tripura	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	8	0	25	0	69	282	73	18	22	485	18	0	1000	541	541	161
	3	45	7	88	0	198	178	115	18	5	292	55	0	1000	1202	1195	470
	all	33	5	68	0	158	210	102	18	10	352	43	0	1000	1743	1736	631
Uttarakhand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	8	2	213	6	114	300	98	45	1	205	7	0	1000	3756	3730	277
	3	89	0	152	14	118	263	58	70	2	228	6	0	1000	3690	3689	662
	all	49	1	182	10	116	282	78	58	2	217	6	0	1000	7447	7419	939
Uttar Pradesh	1	33	0	380	6	69	233	42	24	14	183	15	0	1000	34663	33807	618
	2	46	15	249	14	109	202	52	42	6	260	5	0	1000	52147	51266	2017
	3	204	5	241	17	116	206	53	24	4	125	5	0	1000	36933	36430	2267
	all	90	8	283	13	100	212	49	31	8	198	8	0	1000	123743	121503	4902
West Bengal	1	3	1	309	7	35	190	91	31	21	224	86	0	1000	28114	25853	869
	2	31	10	260	10	75	203	75	34	22	236	45	0	1000	46880	46755	2229
	3	40	18	376	12	77	163	86	24	1	167	36	0	1000	15855	15644	825
	all	24	9	295	9	63	192	82	31	18	220	55	0	1000	90849	88252	3923
A & N Islands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	44	0	57	34	148	173	92	31	8	396	17	0	1000	408	408	332
	3	10	0	168	0	247	72	231	18	0	254	0	0	1000	70	70	61
	all	39	0	73	29	162	159	112	29	7	375	15	0	1000	478	478	393

Table (C4): Per 1000 distribution of usually 'working' (ps+ss) persons of age-group 15 years & above by the broad industry status for different size class of city/towns for each State/UT

State/ UT/all- India	size class of city/ town	broad industry division (NIC-08 code)												urban person			
		agri cul ture (01-03)	mining & quar rying (05 – 09)	manufac turing (10 – 33)	elec tricity & water (35 – 39)	cons truc tion (41- 43)	trade (45 – 47)	trans port (49 – 53)	accom & food ser vices (55-56)	other services				total	number of persons		
										58- 63	64- 96	97	99		estimated (00)	sample	of age 15 & above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Chandigarh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	6	0	142	9	83	261	60	64	13	353	11	0	1000	3232	3220	343
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	all	6	0	142	9	83	261	60	64	13	353	11	0	1000	3232	3220	343
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	20	0	474	0	65	62	171	0	30	144	34	0	1000	235	235	75
	3	90	0	624	0	42	45	21	55	0	123	0	0	1000	259	259	56
	all	57	0	553	0	53	53	93	29	14	133	16	0	1000	494	494	131
Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	110	0	137	12	38	161	135	61	0	318	27	0	1000	203	202	100
	all	110	0	137	12	38	161	135	61	0	318	27	0	1000	203	202	100
Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	364	4	42	26	134	53	59	21	9	287	0	0	1000	85	85	212
	all	364	4	42	26	134	53	59	21	9	287	0	0	1000	85	85	212
Puducherry	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	39	4	171	3	127	203	51	45	34	300	23	0	1000	1914	1914	387
	3	136	7	185	16	237	120	70	19	8	185	18	0	1000	716	716	171
	all	65	5	174	6	157	181	56	38	27	269	22	0	1000	2630	2630	558
all- India	1	11	1	269	7	69	181	77	40	49	251	45	0	1000	339452	335988	8723
	2	47	8	223	12	101	215	79	39	19	239	17	0	1000	476681	474332	26998
	3	161	14	212	20	110	186	65	32	9	183	9	0	1000	296880	295479	25003
	all	67	7	234	13	94	197	75	37	25	228	23	0	1000	1113013	1105799	60724

Appendix B

Sample Design and Estimation Procedure

Appendix - B

Sample Design and Estimation Procedure

1. Introduction

1.1 The 68th round (July 2011-June 2012) of NSSO was earmarked for survey on 'Household Consumer Expenditure' and 'Employment and Unemployment'. The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union *except* (i) interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond five kilometres of the bus route and (ii) villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year. The period of survey was of one year duration starting on 1st July 2011 and ending on 30th June 2012. The survey period of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months' duration each - 1st sub-round: July to September 2011; 2nd sub-round: October to December 2011; and so on. In each of these four sub-rounds equal number of sample villages/ blocks (FSUs) was allotted for survey with a view to ensure uniform spread of sample FSUs over the entire survey period.

2 Sample Design

2.1 A stratified multi-stage design was adopted for the 68th round survey. The first stage units (FSU) were the 2001 census villages (Panchayat wards in case of Kerala) in the rural areas and Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban areas. The ultimate stage units (USU) were households in both the sectors. In case of large FSUs, one intermediate stage of sampling was the selection of two hamlet-groups (hgs)/sub-blocks (sbs) from these FSUs.

2.2 *Selection of the first-stage units:* The sampling frame and the sampling technique used for selection of the FSUs are stated in the following paragraphs.

2.2.1 *Sampling Frame for First Stage Units:* For the rural sector, the list of 2001 census villages (Panchayat wards in case of Kerala) constituted the sampling frame. For the urban sector, the list of latest available UFS blocks (2007-12) constituted the sampling frame.

2.2.2 *Stratification of the first stage units:* Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed as follows:

- i) rural stratum comprising all rural areas of the district and
- (ii) urban stratum comprising all the urban areas of the district.

However, within the urban areas of a district, if there were one or more towns with population 10 lakhs or more as per population census 2001 in a district, each of them formed a separate basic stratum and the remaining urban areas of the district were considered as another basic stratum.

2.2.3 *Sub-stratification*: Procedure followed for sub-stratification in each of rural and urban sectors are stated below.

2.2.3.1 *Rural sector*: If 'r' was the sample size allocated for a rural stratum, 'r/4' sub-strata were formed in that stratum. The villages within a district as per frame were first arranged in ascending order of population and then sub-strata 1 to 'r/4' were demarcated in such a way that each sub-stratum comprised a group of villages of the arranged frame and had more or less equal population.

2.2.3.2 *Urban sector*: If 'u' was the sample size for an urban stratum, 'u/4' sub-strata were formed in that stratum. In case u/4 was more than 1, implying formation of 2 or more sub-strata, this was done by first arranging the towns in ascending order of total number of households in the town as per UFS phase 2007-12 and then arranging the IV units of each town and blocks within each IV unit in ascending order of their numbers. From this arranged frame of UFS blocks of all the towns/million plus cities of a stratum, 'u/4' number of sub-strata were formed in such a way that each sub-stratum had more or less equal number of households as per UFS 2007-12.

2.2.4 *Allocation of FSU's among Strata*: At the all-India level, a total number of 12784 FSUs (7,508 villages and 5,276 urban blocks) were allocated for survey in the central sample. The total number of sample FSUs was allocated to the States and UTs in proportion to population as per census 2001 subject to the availability of field investigators and ensuring minimum sample allocation to each State/ UT. The State/ UT level sample size was allocated between rural and urban sectors in proportion to population as per *census 2001* with double weightage to urban sector subject to the restriction that urban sample size for bigger states like Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, etc. did not exceed the rural sample size. A minimum of 16 FSUs (minimum 8 for each of rural and urban sector) was allocated to each state/ UT. Within each sector of a State/ UT, the respective sample size was allocated to the different strata/ sub-strata in proportion to the population as per census 2001. Allocations at stratum/ sub-stratum level were adjusted to multiples of 4 with a minimum sample size of 4 and equal number of samples was allocated among the four sub rounds. Allocations at stratum level were adjusted to multiples of 4 with a minimum sample size of 4. Allocation for each sub-stratum was 4. Equal number of samples was allocated in each of the four sub-rounds.

2.2.5 *Selection of first-stage units*: For the rural sector, from each stratum/sub-stratum, required number of sample villages was selected by probability proportional to size with replacement (PPSWR), size being the population of the village as per Census 2001. For the urban sector, FSUs were selected from each stratum/sub-stratum by using Simple Random Sampling Without Replacement (SRSWOR). Both rural and urban samples were drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples and equal number of samples were allocated among the four sub rounds.

2.3 *Selection of Ultimate Stage Units (USU) within a FSU*: The procedures followed for selection of USUs within an FSU are stated in the remaining paragraphs of this sub-section.

2.3.1 *Formation and selection of hamlet-groups/sub-blocks:* Sample FSUs with approximate population 1200 or more were divided into a suitable number (say, D) of ‘hamlet-groups’ in the rural sector and ‘sub-blocks’ in the urban sector as stated below.

approximate present population of the sample FSU	no. of hgs/sbs to be formed
less than 1200 (no hamlet-groups/sub-blocks)	1
1200 to 1799	3
1800 to 2399	4
2400 to 2999	5
3000 to 3599	6
.....and so on	

For rural areas of Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Uttarakhand (except four districts Dehradun (Plains), Nainital (Plains), Hardwar and Udham Singh Nagar), Poonch, Rajouri, Udhampur, Doda, Leh (Ladakh), Kargil districts of Jammu and Kashmir and Idukki district of Kerala, the number of hamlet-groups formed was as follows:

approximate present population of the sample village	no. of hgs to be formed
less than 600 (no hamlet-groups)	1
600 to 899	3
900 to 1199	4
1200 to 1499	5
.....and so on	

Hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks were formed in the sample FSU by more or less equalising populations. Two hamlet-groups (hgs)/ sub-blocks (sbs) were selected from a large FSU, wherever hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks were formed. This was done in the following manner – one hg/ sb with maximum percentage share of population was always selected and was termed as hg/ sb 1; one more hg/sb was selected from the remaining hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks by simple random sampling (SRS) and was termed as hg/sb 2. Listing and selection of the households was done independently in the two selected hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks. For the FSUs where no hg/sb formation was done, the hg/sb number was assigned as 1.

2.3.2 *Sampling frame of households:* All households listed in a village/UFS block where no hamlet-group/sub-block formation was done, or the households listed in the two selected hamlet-groups/sub-blocks of the village/UFS block where hamlet-group/sub-block formation was done, constituted the sampling frame of households.

2.3.3 *Formation of second stage strata (SSS) and allocation of households in different SSS:* For employment and unemployment survey of 68th round of NSSO, all households listed in the selected FSU/hamlet groups/sub-blocks were stratified into three second stage strata (SSS). The three second-stage-strata (SSS) formed in each of rural and urban areas and the number of households surveyed from each of the three SSS are specified below:

SSS	composition of SSS	No. of households surveyed	
		FSU without hg/sb formation	for each hg/sb - for FSUs with hg/sb formation
Rural			
SSS 1	relatively affluent households	2	1
SSS 2	of the remaining, households having principal earning from non- agricultural activity	4	2
SSS 3	other households	2	1
Urban			
SSS 1	households having MPCE of top 10% of urban population (MPCE > B)	2	1
SSS 2	households having MPCE of middle 60% of urban population ($A \leq \text{MPCE} \leq B$)	4	2
SSS 3	households having MPCE of bottom 30% of urban population (MPCE < A)	2	1

2.3.4 In the rural areas, identification of affluent households was done by taking into account factors generally associated with affluent households such as: ownership of motor car/ jeep/ tractor/ combine-harvester/ truck/ bus/ etc.; consumer durables like refrigerator/ washing machine etc.; any member as doctor/ advocate/ high salaried job/ ownership of large business etc.; ownership of spacious pucca house in good condition; ownership of 7 hectares or more of cultivable land; ownership of 3.5 hectares or more of irrigated land; ownership of 10 or more cattle, buffaloes and camels. In the urban areas, two cut-off points 'A' and 'B' (in Rs.) were determined from NSS 66th round data for each NSS region in such a way that top 10% of the population had MPCE more than 'B' and bottom 30% of the population had MPCE less than A.

2.3.5 *Selection of households:* For employment-unemployment survey, a total of 8 households were selected from each FSU. In both rural and urban areas, in case no hamlet-group/sub-block formation was done in the village/block, a number of 2, 4 and 2 households were selected from the second stage strata SSS1, SSS2 and SSS3, respectively. In case hamlet-groups/sub-blocks were formed in the village/block, a number of 1, 2 and 1 households were selected respectively from the second stage strata SSS1, SSS2 and SSS3 of each of the hamlet-groups/sub-blocks. The sample households from each of the second stage strata were selected by SRSWOR.

2.4 Number of village/blocks allotted for survey in the NSS 68th round along with the number of villages/blocks actually surveyed and number of persons enumerated in employment and unemployment survey are given for different states and union territories in Table B1 at the end of Appendix-B.

2.5 From the NSS 68th round survey, the estimates of each of the class 1 cities were directly available from the stratum estimate, whereas estimates for the class 2 and class 3 towns were not directly available as stratum estimate. The estimates for the size class 2 and class 3 towns were derived considering those first stage units (UFS blocks) which were surveyed in a particular class 2 or class 3 towns within a State/UT. To determine the size class of city/town associated with a block, the population of the city/town as per census 2001 was used.

3. Estimation Procedure

Procedures for obtaining estimates of aggregates, ratios and their RSEs are briefly indicated below:

3.1 Notations:

s = subscript for s-th stratum

t = subscript for t-th sub-stratum

m = subscript for sub-sample (m = 1, 2)

i = subscript for i-th FSU [village (panchayat ward)/ block]

d = subscript for a hamlet-group/ sub-block (d = 1, 2)

j = subscript for j-th second stage stratum in an FSU/ hg/sb [j = 1, 2 or 3]

k = subscript for k-th sample household under a particular second stage stratum within an FSU/ hg/sb

D = total number of hg's/ sb's formed in the sample FSU

D* = 0 if D = 1; and

= (D – 1) for FSUs with D > 1

N = total number of FSUs in any urban sub-stratum

Z = total size of a rural sub-stratum (= sum of sizes for all the FSUs of a sub-stratum)

z = size of sample village used for selection

n = number of sample FSUs surveyed including 'zero cases' but excluding casualty for a particular sub-sample and sub-stratum

H = total number of households listed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU/ hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU

h = number of households surveyed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU/ hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU

x, y = observed value of characteristics x, y under estimation

\hat{X} , \hat{Y} = estimates of population total X, Y for the characteristics x, y

Under the above symbols,

y_{stmijk} = observed value of the characteristic y for the k-th household in the j-th second stage stratum of the d-th hg/sb (d = 1, 2) of the i-th FSU belonging to the m-th sub-sample for the t-th sub-stratum of s-th stratum.

For ease of understanding, a few symbols have been suppressed in following paragraphs where they are obvious.

3.2 Estimation of aggregates for a particular sub-sample (m) of a stratum (s):

3.2.1 rural areas:

Estimate of population total (Y) of the characteristic y for the j-th SSS of a sub-stratum within a stratum denoted by \hat{Y}_j is obtained as

$$\hat{Y}_j = \frac{Z}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \frac{1}{z_i} \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + D_i^* \times \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

Estimate of aggregates for t-th sub-stratum of s-th stratum denoted by \hat{Y}_{st} is obtained as

$$\hat{Y}_{st} = \sum_j \hat{Y}_j$$

Sub-sample estimate for a stratum (\hat{Y}_{sm}) is obtained by adding sub-sample wise estimates of all the sub-strata (\hat{Y}_{st}) of the stratum.

3.2.2 urban areas:

Estimate of aggregates for j-th second stage stratum of a stratum (\hat{Y}_j) is obtained as

$$\hat{Y}_j = \frac{N}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + D_i^* \times \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

Estimate of aggregates for t-th sub-stratum of s-th stratum denoted by \hat{Y}_{st} is obtained as

$$\hat{Y}_{st} = \sum_j \hat{Y}_j$$

Sub-sample estimate for a stratum (\hat{Y}_{sm}) is obtained by adding sub-sample wise estimates of all the sub-strata (\hat{Y}_{st}) of the stratum.

3.3 Overall Estimate for Aggregates: Overall estimate for aggregates for a stratum (\hat{Y}_s) based on two sub-samples is obtained as:

$$\hat{Y}_s = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1}^2 \hat{Y}_{sm}$$

3.4 Overall Estimate of Aggregates at State/UT/all-India level:

The overall estimate \hat{Y} at the State/ UT/ all-India level is obtained by summing the stratum estimates \hat{Y}_s over all strata belonging to the State/ UT/ all-India.

3.5 Estimates of Ratios: \hat{Y} and \hat{X} being the overall estimates of the aggregates Y and X for two characteristics y and x, respectively at the State/ UT/ all-India level, the combined ratio estimate (\hat{R}) of the ratio ($R = \frac{Y}{X}$) is obtained as $\hat{R} = \frac{\hat{Y}}{\hat{X}}$.

3.6 Estimates of Error: The estimated variances of the above estimates are obtained as follows:

3.6.1 For aggregate \hat{Y} :

$V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}) = \sum_s V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_s)$ where $V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_s)$ is given by

$V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_s) = \sum_t \frac{1}{4} (\hat{Y}_{st1} - \hat{Y}_{st2})^2$, where \hat{Y}_{st1} and \hat{Y}_{st2} are the estimates for sub-sample 1 and sub-sample 2 respectively for stratum 's' and sub-stratum 't'.

3.6.2 For ratio \hat{R} :

$$M\hat{S}E(\hat{R}) = \frac{1}{4\hat{X}^2} \sum_s \sum_t \left[(\hat{Y}_{st1} - \hat{Y}_{st2})^2 + \hat{R}^2 (\hat{X}_{st1} - \hat{X}_{st2})^2 - 2\hat{R} (\hat{Y}_{st1} - \hat{Y}_{st2}) (\hat{X}_{st1} - \hat{X}_{st2}) \right]$$

3.6.3 Estimates of Relative Standard Error (RSE):

$$R\hat{S}E(\hat{Y}) = \frac{\sqrt{V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y})}}{\hat{Y}} \times 100$$

$$R\hat{S}E(\hat{R}) = \frac{\sqrt{M\hat{S}E(\hat{R})}}{\hat{R}} \times 100$$

Table B1: Number of FSUs (villages/urban blocks) allotted, number of FSUs surveyed and number of persons enumerated in each State/UT

State/UT	villages/blocks				persons enumerated	
	allotted		surveyed		rural	urban
	rural	urban	rural	urban		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	492	372	491	372	14991	10667
Arunachal Pradesh	140	76	136	76	5155	2445
Assam	328	104	326	104	12455	3348
Bihar	416	160	414	159	17363	6145
Chhattisgarh	188	92	180	92	7037	3038
Delhi	8	120	8	120	284	3697
Goa	20	36	20	36	683	1130
Gujarat	216	216	214	215	8498	7212
Haryana	180	148	178	146	7450	5173
Himachal Pradesh	208	48	208	48	7245	1367
Jammu & Kashmir	260	172	254	171	11031	6660
Jharkhand	220	124	220	123	8682	4310
Karnataka	256	256	256	256	9561	8531
Kerala	328	232	326	232	10659	7298
Madhya Pradesh	344	248	342	248	12952	8917
Maharashtra	504	504	504	504	18460	16904
Manipur	172	148	172	148	7040	5527
Meghalaya	108	52	107	52	4306	1940
Mizoram	80	112	80	112	2824	4178
Nagaland	84	44	84	44	3273	1606
Orissa	372	132	372	132	13031	4118
Punjab	196	196	194	196	7571	6809
Rajasthan	324	196	323	195	12995	7177
Sikkim	76	20	76	20	2431	536
Tamil Nadu	416	416	416	416	12669	11612
Tripura	164	68	164	68	5277	1920
Uttarakhand	132	92	131	92	4830	3054
Uttar Pradesh	740	388	740	388	33738	15775
West Bengal	448	344	446	344	15268	10253
A & N Islands	36	36	35	36	1147	1000
Chandigarh	8	32	8	31	295	923
D & N Haveli	12	12	12	12	470	381
Daman & Diu	8	8	8	8	258	317
Lakshadweep	8	16	8	16	325	642
Puducherry	16	56	16	56	509	1626
all-India	7508	5276	7469	5268	280763	176236

Appendix C

Projected Population

Appendix – C

Table C1: Census population as on 1st March 2011, percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011 and projected population as on 1st January 2012 for each State/UT and all-India

State/UT/all-India	rural			urban			male
	census population as on 1 st March 2011	percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011	projected population as on 1 st January 2012	census population as on 1 st March 2011	percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011	projected population as on 1 st January 2012	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Andhra Pradesh	28243241	1.1	28269001	14198905	34.1	14550366	
Arunachal Pradesh	546011	20.1	554409	167901	34.0	172046	
Assam	13678989	14.6	13835219	2260454	23.0	2299788	
Bihar	48073850	24.6	48963081	6204307	33.5	6355505	
Chhattisgarh	9797426	17.9	9932795	3035469	40.1	3121972	
Delhi	226321	-56.7	211073	8761005	23.7	8917670	
Goa	275436	-19.1	270614	463704	33.7	475064	
Gujarat	17799159	9.1	17928813	13692101	36.0	14047477	
Haryana	8774006	9.0	8837243	4720728	42.6	4862418	
Himachal Pradesh	3110345	12.9	3141953	371528	12.0	375053	
Jammu & Kashmir	4774477	20.0	4847572	1866185	34.9	1913326	
Jharkhand	12776486	19.6	12968478	4153829	29.6	4244557	
Karnataka	18929354	7.3	19040825	12037303	30.1	12304169	
Kerala	8408054	-26.6	8194142	7619358	89.7	8036939	
Madhya Pradesh	27149388	17.9	27524506	10462918	24.4	10655026	
Maharashtra	31539034	10.8	31809734	26704022	21.7	27144649	
Manipur	878469	8.6	884529	411702	43.6	424306	
Meghalaya	1194260	26.1	1217564	297572	29.9	304130	
Mizoram	269135	15.6	272406	286204	26.4	291847	
Nagaland	725472	-15.6	715291	299177	59.6	311062	
Odisha	17586203	11.7	17749107	3625933	24.5	3692756	
Punjab	9093476	6.8	9143466	5545989	24.1	5646682	
Rajasthan	26641747	18.8	27026973	8909250	27.4	9090866	
Sikkim	242797	-5.1	241740	80273	145.4	86509	
Tamil Nadu	18679065	6.5	18777349	17458910	25.9	17797238	
Tripura	1387173	1.7	1389123	487203	74.9	510437	
Uttarakhand	3519042	11.9	3552169	1618731	37.0	1661759	
Uttar Pradesh	80992995	17.1	82065484	23487515	27.6	23969444	
West Bengal	31844945	7.5	32037445	14964082	26.3	15258097	
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	126287	-2.1	126064	76584	19.6	77735	
Chandigarh	17150	-69.8	15521	563513	25.2	574166	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	98305	7.0	98861	95455	220.0	105171	
Daman Diu	32395	-49.1	30622	117906	307.9	132561	
Lakshadweep	7243	-57.9	6739	25880	85.7	27250	
Puducherry	194907	19.1	197767	417604	29.2	426615	
all-India	427632643	12.1	431722467	195489200	29.8	199784747	

Note: 1. Census population as on 1st March 2011 and percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011 are from Primary Census Abstract of RGI.

2. For any category of persons of any State/UT/all-India, Projected population as on 1st January 2012 has been derived using the formula, $A = A1 * [1 + \frac{R}{100}]^{10/120}$, where A1 is the census population as on 1st March 2011, R is the percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011 and A is the projected population as on 1st January 2012.

Appendix – C

Table C1: Census population as on 1st March 2011, percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011 and projected population as on 1st January 2012 for each State/UT and all-India

State/UT/all-India	rural			urban			female
	census population as on 1 st March 2011	percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011	projected population as on 1 st January 2012	census population as on 1 st March 2011	percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011	projected population as on 1 st January 2012	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Andhra Pradesh	28118461	2.4	28174089	14020170	37.2	14394595	
Arunachal Pradesh	520347	25.3	530219	149468	45.7	154230	
Assam	13128045	16.4	13295239	2138088	33.5	2190193	
Bihar	44267586	23.9	45065250	5553709	37.7	5703756	
Chhattisgarh	9810535	17.6	9943974	2901768	43.7	2990777	
Delhi	192721	-54.4	180513	7607894	30.7	7779543	
Goa	276295	-17.9	271791	443110	36.8	454833	
Gujarat	16895450	9.5	17023712	12052982	36.0	12365815	
Haryana	7735353	10.9	7802332	4121375	47.0	4255840	
Himachal Pradesh	3065705	12.5	3095944	317024	20.2	321922	
Jammu & Kashmir	4333583	18.7	4395936	1567057	38.3	1609978	
Jharkhand	12278587	19.5	12462229	3779232	35.5	3876131	
Karnataka	18539981	7.5	18652054	11588659	33.0	11867361	
Kerala	9063081	-25.2	8846422	8315568	95.7	8794095	
Madhya Pradesh	25408016	19.0	25779016	9606487	27.2	9801033	
Maharashtra	30017040	9.9	30254107	24114237	25.9	24581535	
Manipur	857767	9.7	864410	422452	46.0	435987	
Meghalaya	1177179	28.3	1201881	297878	32.4	304927	
Mizoram	256300	19.3	260097	285567	33.1	292453	
Nagaland	682064	-13.4	673935	271789	74.9	284750	
Odisha	17384359	11.9	17548009	3377723	29.6	3451499	
Punjab	8250716	8.9	8309546	4853157	27.9	4953706	
Rajasthan	24858605	19.1	25223348	8138835	30.8	8322994	
Sikkim	214202	-4.9	213307	73305	169.9	79628	
Tamil Nadu	18550525	6.7	18651048	17458530	28.2	17823720	
Tripura	1325291	2.8	1328344	474250	77.5	497478	
Uttarakhand	3517912	18.9	3548906	1430607	30.2	1474233	
Uttar Pradesh	74324283	11.1	75404260	21007548	43.4	21474659	
West Bengal	30338168	7.8	30528649	14128920	33.6	14474142	
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	110806	-0.2	110788	66904	28.2	68303	
Chandigarh	11841	-66.5	10810	462946	29.2	472936	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	84809	8.5	85388	65140	215.8	71691	
Daman Diu	28001	-24.8	27344	64945	128.3	69570	
Lakshadweep	6898	-58.2	6414	24452	87.7	25769	
Puducherry	200293	23.6	203861	435149	33.7	445809	
all-India	405830805	12.5	409833750	181616925	34.0	186100862	

Note: 1. Census population as on 1st March 2011 and percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011 are from Primary Census Abstract of RGI.

2. For any category of persons of any State/UT/all-India, Projected population as on 1st January 2012 has been derived using the formula, $A = A1 * [1 + \frac{R}{100}]^{10/120}$, where A1 is the census population as on 1st March 2011, R is the percentage decadal change in population between census 2001 and 2011 and A is the projected population as on 1st January 2012.

Appendix D

Schedule 10 (Employment and Unemployment)

RURAL		*
URBAN		

Appendix-D

CENTRAL		*
STATE		

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY OFFICE
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SURVEY
SIXTY-EIGHTH ROUND: JULY 2011 – JUNE 2012
SCHEDULE 10: EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT**

[0] descriptive identification of sample household	
1. state/u.t.:	5. hamlet name:
2. district:	6. ward /inv. unit /block:
3. tehsil/town:*	7. name of head of household:
4. village name:	8. name of informant:

[1] identification of sample household							
item no.	item	code			item no.	item	code
1.	srl. no. of sample village/block				11.	sub-sample	
2.	round number	6		8	12.	FOD sub-region	
3.	schedule number	1	0	0	13.	sample hg/sb number (1/2)	
4.	sample (<i>central-1, state-2</i>)				14.	second-stage stratum number	
5.	sector (<i>rural-1, urban-2</i>)				15.	sample household number	
6.	NSS region				16.	srl. no. of informant (as in col. 1, block 4)	
7.	district				17.	response code	
8.	stratum				18.	survey code	
9.	sub-stratum				19.	reason for substitution of original household (code)	
10.	sub-round						

Codes for Block 1

item 17: response code:

informant: *co-operative and capable -1, co-operative but not capable -2, busy -3, reluctant -4, others -9.*

item 18: survey code: household surveyed: *original -1, substitute -2, casualty -3.*

item 19: reason for substitution of original household:

informant busy -1, members away from home -2, informant non-cooperative -3, others -9.

* tick mark (√) may be put in the appropriate place.

[2] particulars of field operation											
srl. no.	Item		investigator/assistant superintending officer			supervisory officer (s)					
(1)	(2)		(3)			(4)					
1.	i) name (block letters)										
	ii) code										
2.	date(s) of :		DD	MM	YY	DD	MM	YY			
	(i) survey/ inspection										
	(ii) receipt										
	(iii) scrutiny										
	(iv) despatch										
3.	number of additional sheets attached										
4.	total time taken to canvass	Schedule 10									
5.	(in minutes)	block 8 of Schedule 10									
6.	whether the schedule contains remarks (yes -1, no-2)		(i) in block 9/ 10								
			(ii) elsewhere in the schedule								
7.	signature										

[9] remarks by investigator/assistant superintending officer
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[10] comments by supervisory officer (s)
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[3] household characteristics										
1.	household size						7.	land owned as on the date of survey (0.000 hectares)		
2.	principal industry (NIC-2008)	description:					8.	land possessed as on the date of survey (0.000 hectares)		
		code (5-digit)					9.	land cultivated (including orchard and plantation) during July 2010– June 2011 (0.000 hectares)		
3.	principal occupation (NCO-2004)	description:					10.	whether the household has MGNREG job card (yes-1, no-2)		
		code (3-digit)					11.		number of MGNREG job cards issued to the household	
4.	household type (code)						for rural areas, if 1 in item 10,			
5.	religion (code)					12.		whether any member of the household has any bank/post office account [#] (yes-1, no-2)		
6.	social group (code)									

Note: 1 acre = 0.4047 hectare, 1 hectare=10, 000 sq. metre

#: Including accounts held in bank/post offices for payment of wages earned in MGNREG work.

Codes for Block 3

item 4: household type:

for rural areas: self-employed in: agriculture-1, non-agriculture -2; regular wage/salary earning-3, casual labour in: agriculture-4, non-agriculture -5; others -9.

for urban areas: self-employed -1, regular wage/salary earning -2, casual labour -3, others -9.

item 5: religion: Hinduism -1, Islam -2, Christianity -3, Sikhism -4, Jainism -5, Buddhism -6, Zoroastrianism -7, others -9.

item 6: social group: scheduled tribe -1, scheduled caste -2, other backward class -3, others -9.

Codes for Block 4**col. (3): relation to head:**

self -1, spouse of head -2, married child -3, spouse of married child -4, unmarried child -5, grandchild -6, father/ mother/ father-in-law/ mother-in-law -7, brother/ sister/ brother-in-law/ sister-in-law/ other relatives -8, servants/ employees/ other non-relatives -9.

col. (6): marital status:

never married -1, currently married -2, widowed -3, divorced/separated -4.

col. (7): educational level - general:

not literate -01, literate without formal schooling: EGS/ NFEC/ AEC -02, TLC -03, others -04; literate: below primary -05, primary -06, middle -07, secondary -08, higher secondary -10, diploma/certificate course -11, graduate -12, postgraduate and above -13.

col. (8): educational level - technical:

no technical education -01, technical degree in agriculture/ engineering/ technology/ medicine, etc. -02, diploma or certificate (below graduate level) in: agriculture -03, engineering/ technology -04, medicine -05, crafts -06, other subjects -07; diploma or certificate (graduate and above level) in: agriculture -08, engineering/ technology -09, medicine -10, crafts -11, other subjects -12.

col. (9): status of current attendance:

currently not attending:
never attended: school too far -01, to supplement household income -02, education not considered necessary -03, to attend domestic chores -04, others -05;
ever attended but currently not attending: school too far -11, to supplement household income -12, education not considered necessary -13, to attend domestic chores -14, others -15;
currently attending in: EGS/ NFEC/ AEC -21, TLC -22, pre-primary (nursery/ Kindergarten, etc.) -23, primary (class I to IV/ V) -24, middle -25, secondary-26, higher secondary-27, graduate in: agriculture -28, engineering/ technology -29, medicine -30, other subjects -31; post graduate and above -32, diploma or certificate (below graduate level) in: agriculture -33, engineering/ technology -34, medicine -35, crafts -36, other subjects -37; diploma or certificate (graduate level) in: agriculture -38, engineering/ technology -39, medicine -40, crafts -41, other subjects -42; diploma or certificate in post graduate and above level- 43.

col. (10): **type of institution:** government -1, local body -2, private and aided -3, private and unaided -4, not known -5.

col. (11): **whether currently registered with any placement agency:** registered: only in government employment exchanges-1, only in private placement agencies-2, in both government employment exchanges and private placement agencies-3; not registered -4.

col. (12): whether receiving/received any vocational training:

yes: receiving formal vocational training -1; received vocational training: formal -2, non-formal: hereditary-3, self-learning-4, learning on the job-5, others -6; did not receive any vocational training -7.

col. (13): field of training:

mechanical engineering trades -01, electrical and electronic engineering trades -02, computer trades -03, civil engineering and building construction related works -04, chemical engineering trades -05, leather related work -06, textile related work -07, catering, nutrition, hotels and restaurant related work -08, artisan/ craftsman/ handicraft and cottage based production work -09, creative arts/ artists -10, agriculture and crop production related skills and food preservation related work -11, non-crop based agricultural and other related activities -12, health and paramedical services related work -13, office and business related work -14, driving and motor mechanic work -15, beautician, hairdressing & related work -16, work related to tour operators/ travel managers -17, photography and related work -18, work related to childcare, nutrition, pre-schools and crèche -19, journalism, mass communication and media related work -20, printing technology related work -21, other -99.

col. (15): whether worked in MGNREG works during last 365 days:

worked-1, sought but did not get work-2, did not seek work-3.

Codes for Block 5.1

col. (3): **status:**

worked in h.h. enterprise (self-employed): *own account worker -11, employer-12, worked as helper in h.h. enterprise (unpaid family worker) -21; worked as regular salaried/ wage employee -31, worked as casual wage labour: in public works -41, in other types of work -51; did not work but was seeking and/or available for work -81, attended educational institution -91, attended domestic duties only -92, attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.), sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use -93, renters, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. -94, not able to work due to disability -95, others (including begging, prostitution, etc.) -97.*

col. (5): **industry:** 5-digit code as per NIC -2008.

col. (6): **occupation:** 3-digit code as per NCO -2004.

col. (8): **location of workplace:**

workplace in rural areas and located in: *own dwelling unit-10, structure attached to own dwelling unit-11, open area adjacent to own dwelling unit-12, detached structure adjacent to own dwelling unit- 13, own enterprise/unit/office/shop but away from own dwelling-14, employer's dwelling unit -15, employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling -16, street with fixed location-17, construction site-18, others -19; workplace in urban areas and located in: own dwelling unit-20, structure attached to own dwelling unit-21, open area adjacent to own dwelling unit-22, detached structure adjacent to own dwelling unit- 23, own enterprise/unit/office/shop but away from own dwelling-24, employer's dwelling unit -25, employer's enterprise/unit/office/shop but outside employer's dwelling -26, street with fixed location-27, construction site-28, others -29; no fixed workplace -99.*

col. (9): **enterprise type:** *proprietary: male -1, female -2; partnership: with members from same hh. -3, with members from different hh. -4; Government/public sector-5, Public/Private limited company-6, Co-operative societies/trust/other non profit institutions -7, employer's households(i.e., private households employing maid servant, watchman, cook, etc.) -8, others -9.*

col. (11): **number of workers in the enterprise:** *less than 6 -1, 6 & above but less than 10 -2, 10 & above but less than 20 -3, 20 & above -4, not known -9.*

col. (12): **type of job contract:** *no written job contract -1; written job contract: for 1 year or less -2, more than 1 year to 3 years -3, more than 3 years -4.*

col. (14): **availability of social security benefits:**

eligible for: only PF/pension (i.e., GPF, CPF, PPF, pension, etc.) -1, only gratuity -2, only health care & maternity benefits -3, only PF/ pension and gratuity -4, only PF/ pension and health care & maternity benefits -5, only gratuity and health care & maternity benefits -6, PF/ pension, gratuity, health care & maternity benefits -7; not eligible for any of above social security benefits -8, not known-9.

col. (15): **method of payment:** *regular monthly salary -1, regular weekly payment -2, daily payment -3, piece rate payment -4, others - 5.*

col. (16): **period of seeking/available for work during last 365 days:** *sought/available for: less than 1 month -1, 1 month & above but less than 3 months -2, 3 months & above but less than 7 months -3, 7 months & above but less than 10 months -4, 10 months to 12 months - 5; did not seek/ not available -6.*

Codes for Block 5.2

col. (3): **status:** *codes as in col. 3, block 5.1. (only codes 11 to 51 are applicable here).*

col. (5): **industry :** *5-digit code as per NIC-2008.*

col. (6): **occupation :** *3-digit code as per NCO-2004.*

col. (7): **location of workplace:** *codes as in col. 8, block 5.1.*

col. (8): **enterprise type:** *codes as in col. 9, block 5.1.*

col. (10): **number of workers in the enterprise:** *codes as in col. 11, block 5.1.*

col. (11): **type of job contract:** *codes as in col. 12, block 5.1.*

col. (13): **availability of social security benefits:** *codes as in col. 14, block 5.1.*

col. (14): **method of payment :** *codes as in col. 15, block 5.1.*

[5.3] time disposition during the week ended on																							
srl. no. as in col.1, bl. 4	age (yrs.) as in col.5, bl. 4	current day activity particulars												number of days with nominal work#	current weekly activity particulars			whether unemployed on all the 7 days of the week (yes-1, no-2)	for 1 in col. 23, duration of present spell of unemployment (code)				
		srl. no. of activity	status (code)	for codes 11 to 72 in col. 4		intensity of activity (full-1.0, half-0.5)							for codes 31, 41, 42, 51, 71, 72 in col.4, wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs)				status (code)			for codes 11-72 in col. 20			
				industry division (2-digit NIC-2008 code)	for rural areas only, operation (code)	7 th day	6 th day	5 th day	4 th day	3 rd day	2 nd day	1 st day	total no. of days in each activity (0.0)		cash	kind				total	mode of payment (code)	industry (5-digit NIC-2008 code)	occupation (3-digit NCO-2004 code)
						(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										

#: In col. 19, for persons with activity status codes 11-72 in col. 4, total number of days with 1-2 hours of work will be entered.

[5.3] time disposition during the week ended on																							
srl. no. as in col.1, bl. 4	age (yrs.) as in col.5, bl. 4	current day activity particulars												number of days with nominal work#	current weekly activity particulars		whether unemployed on all the 7 days of the week (yes-1, no-2)	for 1 in col. 23, duration of present spell of unemployment (code)					
		srl. no. of activity	status (code)	for codes 11 to 72 in col. 4		intensity of activity (full-1.0, half-0.5)							for codes 31, 41, 42, 51, 71, 72 in col.4, wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs)						status (code)	for codes 11-72 in col. 20			
				industry division (2-digit NIC-2008 code)	for rural areas only, operation (code)	7 th day	6 th day	5 th day	4 th day	3 rd day	2 nd day	1 st day	total no. of days in each activity (0.0)		cash	kind				total	mode of payment (code)	industry (5-digit NIC-2008 code)	occupation (3-digit NCO-2004 code)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										

#: In col. 19, for persons with activity status codes 11-72 in col. 4, total number of days with 1-2 hours of work will be entered.

[5.3] time disposition during the week ended on																							
srl. no. as in col.1, bl. 4	age (yrs.) as in col.5, bl. 4	current day activity particulars												number of days with nominal work#	current weekly activity particulars		whether unemployed on all the 7 days of the week (yes-1, no-2)	for 1 in col. 23, duration of present spell of unemployment (code)					
		srl. no. of activity	status (code)	for codes 11 to 72 in col. 4		intensity of activity (full-1.0, half-0.5)							for codes 31, 41, 42, 51, 71, 72 in col.4, wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs)						status (code)	for codes 11-72 in col. 20			
				industry division (2-digit NIC-2008 code)	for rural areas only, operation (code)	7 th day	6 th day	5 th day	4 th day	3 rd day	2 nd day	1 st day	total no. of days in each activity (0.0)		cash	kind				total	mode of payment (code)	industry (5-digit NIC-2008 code)	occupation (3-digit NCO-2004 code)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										

#: In col. 19, for persons with activity status codes 11-72 in col. 4, total number of days with 1-2 hours of work will be entered.

[5.3] time disposition during the week ended on																							
srl. no. as in col.1, bl. 4	age (yrs.) as in col.5, bl. 4	current day activity particulars												number of days with nominal work#	current weekly activity particulars		whether unemployed on all the 7 days of the week (yes-1, no-2)	for 1 in col. 23, duration of present spell of unemployment (code)					
		srl. no. of activity	status (code)	for codes 11 to 72 in col. 4		intensity of activity (full-1.0, half-0.5)							for codes 31, 41, 42, 51, 71, 72 in col.4, wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs)						status (code)	for codes 11-72 in col. 20			
				industry division (2-digit NIC-2008 code)	for rural areas only, operation (code)	7 th day	6 th day	5 th day	4 th day	3 rd day	2 nd day	1 st day	total no. of days in each activity (0.0)		cash	kind				total	mode of payment (code)	industry (5-digit NIC-2008 code)	occupation (3-digit NCO-2004 code)
						(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0										

#: In col. 19, for persons with activity status codes 11-72 in col. 4, total number of days with 1-2 hours of work will be entered.

Codes for Block 5.3

col. (4) and (20): **status:** codes 11, 12, 21, 31, 51 and 91-95, 97 of col. (3), block-5.1 and also the following codes: worked as casual wage labour in public works other than NREG works – 41, worked as casual wage labour in NREG works – 42, had work in household enterprise (self-employed) but did not work due to: sickness -61, other reasons -62; had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to: sickness -71, other reasons - 72; sought work -81, did not seek but was available for work -82, did not work due to temporary sickness (for casual workers only) -98.

col. (5): **industry division:** 2- digit division codes as per NIC-2008.

col. (6): **operation (for rural areas only):** manual work in cultivation: ploughing -01, sowing -02, transplanting -03, weeding -04, harvesting -05, other cultivation activities -06; manual work in other agricultural activities: forestry -07, plantation -08, animal husbandry -10, fisheries -11, other agricultural activities -12; manual work in non-agricultural activities -13, non-manual work in: cultivation -14, activities other than cultivation -15.

col. (18): **mode of payment:**

- piece rate in cash:** daily -01, weekly -02, fortnightly -03, monthly -04, other -05;
- piece rate in kind:** daily -06, weekly -07, fortnightly -08, monthly -09, other -10;
- piece rate in both cash and kind:** daily -11, weekly -12, fortnightly -13, monthly -14, other -15;
- other (non-piece) rate in cash:** daily -16, weekly -17, fortnightly -18, monthly -19, other -20;
- other (non-piece) rate in kind:** daily -21, weekly -22, fortnightly -23, monthly -24, other -25;
- other (non-piece) rate in both cash and kind:** daily -26, weekly -27, fortnightly -28, monthly -29, other -30.

col. (21): **industry:** 5-digit code as per NIC-2008.

col. (22): **occupation:** 3-digit code as per NCO-2004.

col. (24): **duration of present spell of unemployment:** only one week -1, more than one week to two weeks -2, more than two weeks to one month -3, more than one month to two months -4, more than two months to three months -5, more than three months to six months -6, more than six months to twelve months -7, more than twelve months -8.

[7] follow-up questions for persons with usual principal activity status code 92 or 93 in col. 3 of bl. 5.1					
1.	srl. no. as in col. 1, bl. 5.1				
2.	age (yrs.) as in col. 2, bl. 5.1				
3.	were you required to spend most of your time on domestic duties almost throughout the last 365 days? (yes-1, no-2)				
4.	if code 1 in item 3 , reason thereof (no other member to carry out the domestic duties -1, cannot afford hired help -2, for social and/or religious constraints -3, others -9)				
5.	if code 2 in item 3 , reason for still pursuing domestic duties (non-availability of work-1, by preference-2, others-9)				
for items 6 to 19 along with your domestic duties did you more or less regularly carry out during the last 365 days:					
6.	maintenance of kitchen gardens, orchards, etc.? (yes-1, no-2)				
7.	work in household poultry, dairy, etc.? (yes-1, no-2)				
8.	free collection of fish, small game, wild fruits, vegetables, etc. for household consumption? (yes-1, no-2)				
9.	free collection of firewood, cow-dung, cattle feed, etc. for household consumption? (yes-1, no-2)				
10.	husking of paddy for household consumption? (code)				
11.	grinding of foodgrains for household consumption? (code)				
12.	preparation of gur for household consumption? (code)				
13.	preservation of meat and fish for household consumption? (code)				
14.	making baskets and mats for household use? (code)				
15.	preparation of cow-dung cake for use as fuel in the household? (yes-1, no-2)				
16.	sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use? (yes-1, no-2)				
17.	tutoring of own children or others' children free of charge? (yes-1, no-2)				
18.	bringing water from outside the household premises? (yes-1, no-2)				
for rural areas only		19. bringing water from outside the village? (yes-1, no-2)			
		20. if 1 in item 19 , distance in kilometres			
21.	in spite of your pre-occupation in domestic duties, are you willing to accept work if work is made available at your household? (yes-1, no-2)				
if code 1 in item 21	22. the nature of work acceptable (regular full time-1, regular part-time-2, occasional full time-3, occasional part-time-4)				
	23. type of work acceptable (code)				
	24. do you have any skill/experience to undertake that work? (yes-1, no-2)				
	25. what assistance do you require to undertake that work? (code)				

Codes for Block 7

items 10-14: yes: commodities produced in own farm/free collection -1, commodities acquired otherwise -2; no -3.

item 23: **type of work acceptable:** dairy -1, poultry -2, other animal husbandry -3, food processing -4, spinning and weaving -5, manufacturing wood and cane products -6, tailoring -7, leather goods manufacturing -8, others -9.

item 25: **what assistance do you require to undertake that work:** no assistance -1; yes: initial finance on easy terms -2, working finance facilities -3, easy availability of raw materials -4, assured market -5, training -6, accommodation -7, others -9.

[8] household consumer expenditure			
srl. no.	item group	value of consumption (Rs) during	
		last 30 days	last 365 days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	cereals & cereal products (includes muri, chira, maida, suji, noodles, bread (bakery), barley, cereal substitutes, etc.)		
2.	pulses & pulse products (includes soyabean, gram products, besan, sattu, etc.)		
3.	milk		
4.	milk products (includes milk condensed/powder, baby food, ghee, butter, ice-cream, etc.)		
5.	edible oil and vanaspati		
6.	vegetables		
7.	fruits & nuts (includes mango, banana, coconut, dates, kishmish, monacca, other dry fruits, etc.)		
8.	egg, fish & meat		
9.	sugar (includes gur, candy (misri), honey, etc.)		
10.	salt & spices (includes dry chillies, curry powder, oilseeds, garlic, ginger, etc.)		
11.	other food items (includes beverages such as tea, coffee, fruit juice and processed food such as biscuits, cake, pickles, sauce, cooked meals, etc.)		
12.	pan, tobacco & intoxicants		
13.	fuel & light		
14.	entertainment (includes cinema, picnic, sports, club fees, video cassettes, cable charges, etc.)		
15.	personal care and effects (includes spectacles, torch, umbrella, lighter, etc.)		
16.	toilet articles (includes toothpaste, hair oil, shaving blades, etc.)		
17.	sundry articles (includes electric bulb, tubelight, glassware, bucket, washing soap, agarbati, insecticide, etc.)		
18.	consumer services excluding conveyance (includes domestic servant, tailoring, grinding charges, telephone, legal expenses, pet animals, etc.)		
19.	conveyance (includes porter charges, diesel, petrol, school bus/van, etc.)		
20.	rent/ house rent		
21.	consumer taxes and cesses (includes water charges, etc.)		
22.	medical expenses (non-institutional)		
23.	sub-total (items 1 to 22)		
24.	medical (institutional)		
25.	tuition fees & other fees (includes private tutor, school/college fees, etc.)		
26.	school books & other educational articles (includes newspaper, library charges, stationery, internet charges, etc.)		
27.	clothing and bedding		
28.	footwear		
	durable goods		
29.	furniture and fixtures (includes bedstead, almirah, suitcase, carpet, paintings, etc.)		
30.	crockery & utensils (includes stainless steel utensils, casseroles, thermos, etc.)		
31.	cooking and household appliances (includes electric fan, air conditioners, sewing machine, washing machine, pressure cooker, refrigerator, heater, toaster, etc.)		
32.	goods for recreation (includes TV, radio, tape recorder, musical instruments, etc.)		
33.	jewellery & ornaments		
34.	personal transport equipment (includes bicycle, scooter, car, tyres & tubes, etc.)		
35.	therapeutic appliances (includes glass eye, hearing aids, orthopaedic equipment, etc.)		
36.	other personal goods (includes clock, watch, PC, telephone set, mobile handset, etc.)		
37.	repair and maintenance (of residential buildings, bathroom equipment, etc.)		
38.	sub-total (items 24 to 37)		
39.	average monthly expenditure for items 24 to 37 [<i>item 38 x (30÷365)</i>]		
40.	monthly household consumer expenditure (item 23 + item 39)		

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4	407	Operational land holdings in India, 1991-92: Salient features	250	18	11	710	51	32
5	408	Live-stock and Agricultural implements in Household operational holdings, 1991-92	150	11	7	380	27	17
6	414	Seasonal variation in the operation of land holdings in India, 1991-92	250	18	11	710	51	32
7	419	Household Assets and Liabilities as on 30.6.91	250	17	11	1140	75	46
8	420	Indebtedness of Rural Households as on 30.6.1991	250	15	9	1370	82	50
9	421	Indebtedness of Urban Households as on 30.6.1991	250	15	9	1370	82	50
10	431 (Part I)	Household Borrowings and Repayments during 1.7.91 to 30.6.92	250	15	9	1140	68	42
11	431 (Part-II)	Household Borrowings and Repayments during 1.7.91 to 30.6.92	250	15	9	1140	68	42
12	432 (Part-I)	Households Assets and Indebtedness of Social Groups as on 30.6.91	250	15	9	1140	68	42
13	432 (Part-II)	Households Assets and Indebtedness of Social Groups as on 30.6.91	250	15	9	710	43	26
14	437	Household capital expenditure during 1.7.91 to 30.6.92.	250	15	9	1370	82	50
		Housing Conditions and Migration with special emphasis on slum dwellers, NSS 49th round						
15	417	Slums in India	150	11	7	380	27	17
16	429	Housing Conditions in India	150	11	7	380	25	16
17	430	Migration in India	250	15	9	710	42	26
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 50th Round						
18	406	Key Results on Employment & Unemployment	150	11	7	610	44	26
19	409	Employment & Unemployment in India, 1993-94	250	18	11	710	51	32
20	411	Employment & Unemployment situation in cities and Towns in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	27	17
21	412	Economic activities and school attendance by children in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	27	17
22	416	Participation of Indian women in household work and other specified activities, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	27	17
23	418	Unemployed in India, 1993-94: Salient Features	150	11	7	380	27	17
24	425	Employment & Unemployment situation among social groups in India, 1993-94	250	17	10	480	32	19
25	438	Employment & Unemployment situation among religious groups in India, 1993-94	150	10	7	610	37	23
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 50th Round						
26	401	Key results on Household Consumer Expenditure, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
27	402	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure	250	19	12	710	52	32
28	404	Consumption of some important commodities in India	250	18	11	710	51	32

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30	410/1	Dwellings in India	250	18	11	710	51	32
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32	413	Sources of household income in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
33	415	Reported adequacy of food intake in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
34	422	Differences in level of consumption among socioeconomic groups	150	11	7	380	28	17
35	423	IRDP assistance and participation in Public Works, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
36	424	Ownership of Live-Stock, cultivation of selected crops and consumption levels, 1993-94	150	11	6	610	40	24
37	426	Use of durable goods by Indian households, 1993-94	150	11	7	380	28	17
38	427	Consumption of tobacco in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	610	40	24
39	428	Wages in kind, Exchanges of Gifts and Expenditure on Ceremonies and Insurance in India, 1993-94	150	11	7	610	40	24
		Consumer Expenditure and Unorganised Manufacture, NSS 51st Round						
40	433	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India Its Size, Employment and Some Key Estimates.	250	15	9	710	43	26
41	434	Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises in India: Salient Features	250	15	9	710	43	26
42	435	Assets and Borrowings of the Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises in India	150	10	7	380	23	15
43	436	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India, 1994-95	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Education, NSS 52nd Round						
44	439	Attending an Educational Institution in India: Its level, nature and cost	250	15	9	1140	68	42
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 52nd Round						
45	440	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India, 1995-96	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Health, NSS 52nd Round						
46	441	Morbidity and Treatment of ailments.	250	15	9	1140	68	42
47	445	Maternity and Child Health Care in India	150	10	7	1270	76	46
		Aged in India, NSS 52nd Round						
48	446	The Aged in India: A Socio-Economic Profile, 1995-96	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 53rd Round						
49	442	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India, 1997	150	10	7	610	36	23
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50	443	Small Trading units in India and their Basic Characteristics: 1997 Vol. I	250	15	9	710	43	26
51	444	Small Trading Units in India and Their Basic Characteristics: 1997 Vol. II	250	15	9	710	43	26
		Consumer Expenditure, Common Property Resources, Sanitation & Hygiene, Services, NSS 54th Round						
52	448	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Situation in India	150	10	7	610	36	23
53	449	Drinking water, sanitation and hygiene in India	250	15	9	1140	68	42

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54	450	Travel and Use of Mass Media and Financial Services by Indian Households	150	10	7	610	10	7
55	451	Cultivation Practices in India	250	15	9	1370	82	50
56	452	Common Property Resources	250	15	9	1370	82	50
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57	447	Choice of Reference Period for Consumption Data	150	10	7	1700	102	64
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 55th Round (July'99 to June 2000)						
58	453	Household Consumer Expenditure in India (July – December 1999) - Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23
59	454	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 1999–2000 - Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23
60	457	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	1520	81	57
61	461	Consumption of some important Commodities in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	1370	73	52
62	463	Sources of household income in India, 1999-2000	150	10	7	380	28	17
63	464	Energy Used by Indian Households, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
64	466	Reported Adequacy of Food Intake in India, 1999 - 2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
65	467	IRDP Assistance and Participation in Public Works: 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
66	471	Nutritional Intake in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	710	43	26
67	472	Differences in the level of consumption among socio economic groups, 1999-2000	250	15	10	480	32	19
68	473	Literacy and Levels of Education in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	610	36	23
69	474	Sources of household consumption in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	710	43	26
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 55th Round (July'99 to June 2000)						
70	455	Employment and Unemployment in India, 1999-2000 - Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23
71	458 (Part-I)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	750	40	28
72	458 (Part-II)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	1370	73	52
73	460	Non agricultural workers in Informal Sector based on Employment and Unemployment Survey, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
74	462	Employment and Unemployment situation in Cities and Towns of India, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
75	465	Participation of Indian Women in Household work and other specified activities, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
76	468	Employment and Unemployment among religious groups in India, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
77	469	Employment and Unemployment among social groups in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	2950	156	110
78	470	Migration in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	1140	68	42

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79	456	Non-agricultural Enterprises in the Informal Sector in India, 1999-2000 - Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23
80	459	Informal Sector in India, 1999 - 2000 - Salient Features	250	15	10	1600	85	60
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 56th Round (July 2000 - June 2001)						
81	476	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment - Unemployment Situation in India, 2000 - 2001	150	10	7	1040	66	41
		Unorganised Manufacturing, NSS 56th Round (July 2000 - June 2001)						
82	477	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India 2000-2001 - Key Results	250	15	10	710	52	32
83	478	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India 2000-2001 - Characteristics of Enterprises	250	15	10	1370	82	50
84	479	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2000 - 2001: Employment, Assets and Borrowings	250	15	10	1370	82	50
85	480	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2000 - 2001: Input, Output and Value added	250	15	10	1370	82	50
		Pilot Survey on Suitability of Reference Period for Measuring Household Consumption						
86	475	Results of a Pilot Survey on Suitability of Different Reference Periods for Measuring Household Consumption	150	10	7	610	36	23
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 57th Round (July 2001 - June 2002)						
87	481	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment - Unemployment Situation in India, 2001 - 2002	250	15	10	2680	158	105
		Unorganised Service Sector, NSS 57th Round (July 2001 - June 2002)						
88	482	Unorganised Service Sector in India 2001 - 02 Salient Features	250	15	10	1925	98	65
89	483	Unorganised Service Sector in India 2001 - 02 Characteristics of Enterprises	250	15	10	1370	82	55
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 - December 2002)						
90	484	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment - Unemployment Situation in India, 2002 - 2003	150	8	4	2380	129	70
		Disability, NSS 58th Round						
91	485	Disabled Persons in India, July-December 2002	250	14	7	7080	385	208
		Urban Slums, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 - December 2002)						
92	486	Condition of Urban Slums, 2002: Salient Features	250	14	7	2080	112	62
		Village facilities, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 - December 2002)						
93	487	Report on village facilities, July-December 2002	150	8	4	980	53	29
		Housing Condition, NSS 58th Round (July 2002 - December 2002)						
94	488	Housing Condition in India, 2002: Housing stock and constructions	250	15	10	9280	548	350
95	489	Housing Condition in India, 2002: Household Amenities and Other Characteristics	250	15	10	9220	524	285

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96	490	Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment - Unemployment Situation in India	150	8	4	1580	85	47
		Situation Assessment Survey of Farmers, NSS 59th Round (January - December 2003)						
97	495	Consumption Expenditure of Farmer Households, 2003	250	15	10	2140	121	67
98	496	Some Aspects of Farming, 2003	250	15	10	2680	149	83
99	497	Income, Expenditure and Productive Assets of Farmer Households, 2003	250	15	10	3480	209	139
100	498	Indebtedness of Farmer Households	150	8	4	1380	78	43
101	499	Access to Modern Technology for Farming, 2003	250	15	10	1680	93	52
		Land & livestock holdings and Debt & Investment, NSS 59th Round						
102	491	Household Ownership Holdings in India, 2003	250	15	10	3680	221	147
103	492	Some Aspects of Operational Land Holdings in India, 2002-03	250	15	10	5080	305	203
104	493	Livestock Ownership Across Operational Land Holding Classes in India, 2002-03	150	8	4	1580	84	42
105	494	Seasonal Variation in the Operational Land Holdings in India, 2002-03	250	15	10	2080	125	83
106	500	Household Assets and Liabilities in India as on 30.06.2002	250	15	10	4880	293	195
107	501	Household Indebtedness in India as on 30.06.2002	250	15	10	6000	360	240
108	502	Household Borrowings and Repayments in India during 1.7.2002 to 30.6.2003	250	15	10	4750	285	190
109	503	Household Assets Holdings, Indebtedness, Current Borrowings and Repayments of Social Groups in India as on 30.06.2002	250	15	10	3880	233	155
110	504	Household Capital Expenditure in India during 1.7.2002 to 30.6.2003	250	15	10	7280	437	291
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 60th Round (January - June 2004)						
111	505	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, January - June 2004	150	8	4	2580	138	69
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 60th Round (January - June 2004)						
112	506	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, January - June 2004	250	15	10	3580	202	112
		Health, NSS 60th Round (January - June 2004)						
113	507	Morbidity, Health Care and the Condition of the Aged	250	15	10	4480	269	179
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 61st Round (July 2004 - June 2005)						
114	508	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure, 2004-05	250	16	8	5080	322	163
115	509 Vol. I	Household Consumption of Various Goods and Services in India, 2004-05 Vol. I	250	16	8	4480	284	144
116	509 Vol. II	Household Consumption of Various Goods and Services in India, 2004-05 Vol. II	250	16	8	4080	259	131

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117	510 Vol. I	Public Distribution System and Other Sources of Household Consumption, 2004-05 Vol. I	250	16	8	3880	246	124
118	510 Vol. II	Public Distribution System and Other Sources of Household Consumption, 2004-05 Vol. II	250	16	8	3680	234	118
119	511	Energy Sources of Indian Households for Cooking and Lighting, 2004-05	250	16	8	2480	157	79
120	512	Perceived Adequacy of Food Consumption in Indian Households 2004-2005	150	10	5	1780	113	57
121	513	Nutritional intake in India, 2004-2005	250	16	8	3680	234	118
122	514	Household Consumer Expenditure among Socio-Economic Groups: 2004 - 2005	250	16	8	2880	183	92
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 61st Round (July 2004 - June 2005)						
123	515 (Part-I)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2004-05 (Part-I)	250	16	8	4680	297	150
124	515 (Part-II)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2004-05 (Part-II)	250	16	8	4680	297	150
125	516	Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India, 2004-05	250	16	8	3680	234	118
126	517	Status of Education and Vocational Training in India 2004-2005	250	16	8	2680	170	86
127	518	Participation of Women in Specified Activities along with Domestic Duties	150	10	5	1380	88	44
128	519 (Part-I)	Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India, 2004-05(Part-I)	250	16	8	3880	246	124
129	519 (Part-II)	Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India, 2004-05(Part-II)	250	16	8	4480	284	144
130	520	Employment and Unemployment Situation in Cities and Towns in India, 2004-2005	150	10	5	1570	100	50
131	521	Employment and Unemployment Situation among Major Religious Groups in India, 2004-05	250	16	8	2480	157	79
		Employment & Unemployment, NSS 62nd Round (July 2005 - June 2006)						
132	522	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2005-06	250	16	8	4480	284	144
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 62nd Round (July 2005 - June 2006)						
133	523	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 2005-06	150	10	5	1380	88	44
		Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises, NSS 62nd Round (July 2005 - June 2006)						
134	524	Operational Characteristics of Unorganised Manufacturing Enterprises in India, 2005-06	250	16	8	4880	310	156
135	525	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2005-06 – Employment, Assets and Borrowings	250	16	8	2880	183	92
136	526	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2005-06 – Input, Output and Value Added	250	16	8	4280	272	137
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 63rd Round (July 2006 - June 2007)						
137	527	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 2006 - 07	150	7	5	1380	69	48

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138	528	Service Sector in India (2006-07): Operational Characteristics of Enterprises	250	12	9	880	44	30
139	529	Service Sector in India (2006-07): Economic Characteristics of Enterprises	250	13	8	1280	68	43
		Consumer Expenditure, NSS 64th Round (July 2007 - June 2008)						
140	530	Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 2007-08	150	8	5	1380	75	48
		Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars, NSS 64th Round (July 2007 - June 2008)						
141	531	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2007-08	250	14	9	4080	221	152
142	533	Migration in India, 2007-2008	250	14	9	2280	123	85
		Participation & Expenditure on Education NSS 64th Round (July 2007 - June 2008)						
143	532	Education in India : 2007-08 Participation and Expenditure	250	14	9	6280	345	232
		Particulars of Slum NSS 65th Round (July 2008 - June 2009)						
144	534	Some Characteristics of Urban Slums, 2008-09	150	8	6	1180	64	44
		Housing Condition NSS 65th Round (July 2008 - June 2009)						
145	535	Housing Condition and Amenities in India 2008-2009	360	20	13	720	41	25
		Domestic Tourism NSS 65th Round (July 2008 - June 2009)						
146	536	Domestic Tourism in India, 2008-09	430	24	15	860	48	31
		Employment & Unemployment NSS 66th Round (July 2009 - June 2010)						
147	KI (66/10)	Key Indicators of Employment and Unemployment in India, 2009-10	-	-	-	-	-	-
148	537	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2009-10	360	18	12	720	37	23
149	539	Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India	300	15	10	600	29	19
150	543	Employment and Unemployment situation among Social Groups in India	360	17	11	720	34	21
151	548	Home-based Workers in India	360	17	11	720	34	22
152	550	Participation of Women in Specified Activities along with Domestic Duties, 2009-10	270	13	9	540	26	18
153	551	Status of Education and Vocational Training in India	260	12	8	520	24	16
154	552	Employment and Unemployment situation among Major Religious Groups in India	370	16	10	740	32	20
155	553	Employment and Unemployment situation in cities and towns in India	280	12	7	560	24	14

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156	KI (66/1.0)	Key Indicators of Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 2009-10	-	-	-	-	-	-
157	538	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure	250	12	8	500	24	15
158	540	Nutritional Intake in India	240	12	8	480	23	15
159	541	Household Consumption of Various Goods and Services in India	230	12	7	460	23	15
160	542	Energy Sources of Indian Households for Cooking and Lighting	340	16	10	680	32	20
161	544	Household Consumer Expenditure across Socio-Economic Groups	410	19	12	820	38	24
162	545	Public Distribution System and Other Sources of Household Consumption	200	10	6	400	20	12
163	547	Perceived Adequacy of Food Consumption in Indian Households	250	12	8	500	24	16
		Unincorporated Non-agricultural Enterprises (Excluding Construction) NSS 67th Round (July 2010 - June 2011)						
164	KI (67/2.34)	Key Results of Survey on Unincorporated Non-agricultural Enterprises (Excluding Construction) in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
165	546	Operational Characteristics of Unincorporated Non-agricultural Enterprises (Excluding Construction) in India	280	13	8	560	26	16
166	549	Economic Characteristics of Unincorporated Non-agricultural Enterprises (Excluding Construction) in India	330	16	10	660	32	20
		Household Consumer Expenditure NSS 68th Round (July 2011 - June 2012)						
167	KI (68/1.0)	Key Indicator of Household Consumer Expenditure in India.	-	-	-	-	-	-
168	555	Level and Pattern of Consumer Expenditure, 2011-12	250	10	6	500	20	12
169	558	Household Consumption of Various Goods and Services in India, 2011-12	260	11	7	520	22	14
170	560	Nutritional Intake in India, 2011-12	380	15	10	760	30	20
171	562	Household Consumer Expenditure across Socio-Economic Groups, 2011-12	440	18	12	880	36	24
		Employment & Unemployment NSS 68th Round (July 2011 - June 2012)						
172	KI (68/10)	Key Indicator of Employment and Unemployment in India, 2011-12	-	-	-	-	-	-
173	554	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 2011-12	390	16	10	780	32	20
174	557	Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India	330	14	8	660	28	16
175	559	Participation of Women in Specified Activities along with Domestic Duties	290	12	7	580	24	14
176	563	Employment and Unemployment situation among Social Groups in India	390	16	10	780	32	20
177	564	Employment and Unemployment situation in Cities & Towns in India	280	11	7	560	22	14

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178	KI (69/1.2)	Key Results of Survey on Drinking Water, Sanitation, Hygiene and Housing Condition in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
179	556	Drinking Water, Sanitation, Hygiene and Housing Condition in India	330	14	8	660	28	16
		Particular of Slums NSS 69th Round (July 2012 - December 2012)						
180	KI (69/0.21)	Key Indicators on Urban Slums in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
181	561	Urban Slums in India, 2012	330	13	8	660	26	16
		Land & Livestock Holdings NSS 70th Round (January 2013-December 2013)						
182	KI (70/18.1)	Key Indicators of Land and Livestock Holdings in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
		All India Debt & Investment NSS 70th Round (January 2013-December 2013)						
183	KI (70/18.2)	Key Indicators of Debt and Investment in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Situation Assessment of Agricultural Households NSS 70th Round (January 2013-December 2013)						
184	KI (70/33)	Key Indicators of Situation of Agricultural Households in India	-	-	-	-	-	-

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