



सत्यमेव जयते

भारत सरकार
Government of India

सांख्यिकी और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय
Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation

राष्ट्रीय सांख्यिकी कार्यालय
National Statistics Office



आंकड़े प्रगति के लिए
DATA FOR DEVELOPMENT

मिलियन-प्लस शहरों में श्रम बाजार की स्थितियाँ Labour Market Dynamics in Million-plus Cities

जून, 2026 / June, 2026





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प्रस्तावना



राष्ट्रीय सांख्यिकी कार्यालय (एनएसओ) श्रम-बल आँकड़ों को उपलब्ध करवाने की महत्ता को ध्यान में रखते हुए वर्ष 2017 से निरंतर अंतराल पर आवधिक श्रम बल सर्वेक्षण (पीएलएफएस) संचालित करता रहा है। पीएलएफएस देश में रोजगार एवं बेरोजगारी की स्थिति संबंधी जानकारी का प्रमुख स्रोत बनकर उभरा है, जो श्रम बाजार की परिस्थितियों के समयोचित एवं विश्वसनीय संकेतक उपलब्ध कराता है।

बड़े शहरी केन्द्रों की आर्थिक वृद्धि, नवाचार तथा रोजगार सृजन के प्रमुख वाहक के रूप में बढ़ती भूमिका को देखते हुए, नगर-स्तरीय श्रम बाजार आँकड़ों की उपलब्धता का नीतिगत महत्व अत्यधिक बढ़ गया है। नगर-स्तरीय संकेतक श्रम बाजार की स्थानीय गतिशीलताओं, जैसे श्रम बल भागीदारी, रोजगार संरचना, बेरोजगारी, आय तथा लैंगिक विषमताओं की बेहतर समझ विकसित करने में सहायक होते हैं। ऐसी जानकारी साक्ष्य-आधारित नीतिनिर्माण, शहरी नियोजन, लक्षित हस्तक्षेपों तथा भारत के प्रमुख महानगरीय क्षेत्रों में श्रम बाजार के विकास की निगरानी के लिए अत्यंत उपयोगी है।

इसी आवश्यकता को ध्यान में रखते हुए, यह रिपोर्ट जनगणना 2011 के अनुसार दस-लाख से अधिक जनसंख्या वाले 46 शहरों के लिए पीएलएफएस 2025 के आधार पर चयनित श्रम बाजार संकेतक प्रस्तुत करती है। नगर-विशिष्ट अंतर्दृष्टियाँ प्रदान करते हुए यह रिपोर्ट पीएलएफएस के नियमित प्रकाशनों का पूरक है तथा भारत के शहरी श्रम बाजारों के विश्लेषण हेतु उपलब्ध सांख्यिकीय साक्ष्यों को और समृद्ध बनाती है।

एनएसओ के घरेलू सर्वेक्षण प्रभाग (एचएसडी) ने सर्वेक्षण की कार्यप्रणाली विकसित की, आँकड़ों के संसाधन एवं सारणीकरण का कार्य संपादित किया तथा इस रिपोर्ट को तैयार किया। सर्वेक्षण का क्षेत्रीय कार्य क्षेत्र संकार्य प्रभाग (एफओडी) द्वारा किया गया, जबकि समन्वय एवं गुणवत्ता नियंत्रण प्रभाग (सीक्यूसीडी) ने सर्वेक्षण से संबंधित विभिन्न गतिविधियों का समन्वय किया तथा गुणवत्ता मानकों के अनुपालन को सुनिश्चित किया।

मैं आवधिक श्रम बल सर्वेक्षण के विभिन्न चरणों में प्रदान किए गए मूल्यवान मार्गदर्शन एवं सहयोग के लिए राष्ट्रीय सांख्यिकी आयोग (एनएससी), एनएसएस सर्वेक्षणों की संचालन समिति तथा एनएसओ के पारिवारिक सर्वेक्षणों पर तकनीकी सलाहकार समूह (टीएजी) के सदस्यों के प्रति अपनी हार्दिक कृतज्ञता व्यक्त करती हूँ। मैं एनएसओ के विभिन्न प्रभागों के उन अधिकारियों एवं कर्मचारियों के समर्पित प्रयासों की भी सराहना करती हूँ, जिनके योगदान से सर्वेक्षण का सफलतापूर्वक संचालन तथा इस रिपोर्ट का प्रकाशन संभव हो सका।

पीएलएफएस की यह प्रथम नगर-केंद्रित रिपोर्ट देश में सूक्ष्म स्तर पर शहरी श्रम सांख्यिकी की उपलब्धता को सुदृढ़ बनाने की दिशा में एक महत्वपूर्ण कदम है। मुझे आशा है कि यह रिपोर्ट नीति-निर्माताओं, योजनाकारों, शोधकर्ताओं, शिक्षाविदों तथा अन्य हितधारकों के लिए उपयोगी सिद्ध होगी और शहरी भारत में श्रम बाजार की स्थितियों, प्रतिरूपों एवं प्रवृत्तियों को समझने में सहायक होगी।

नई दिल्ली
जून 2026

(गीता सिंह राठौर)
महानिदेशक (एनएसएस)

Preface



Recognising the importance of making labour force data available at more frequent intervals, the National Statistics Office (NSO) has been conducting the Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) since 2017. The PLFS has emerged as the principal source of information on employment and unemployment in the country, providing timely and reliable indicators of labour market conditions.

With large urban centres increasingly serving as engines of economic growth, innovation and employment generation, the availability of reliable labour market statistics at the city level has acquired considerable policy significance. City-level indicators facilitate a deeper understanding of local labour market dynamics, including labour force participation, employment structure, unemployment, earnings and gender differentials. Such information is crucial for evidence-based policymaking, urban planning, targeted interventions and monitoring labour market developments in India's major metropolitan economies.

Recognising this need, the present report presents selected labour market indicators for 46 million-plus cities, as per Census 2011, based on PLFS 2025 data. By providing city-specific insights, the report complements the regular PLFS publications and enriches the statistical evidence base available for analysing urban labour markets in India.

The Household Survey Division (HSD) of NSO developed the survey methodology, undertook data processing and tabulation, and prepared this report. The Field Operations Division (FOD) carried out the fieldwork for the survey, while the Coordination and Quality Control Division (CQCD) coordinated various survey activities and ensured adherence to quality standards.

I express my sincere gratitude to the members of the National Statistical Commission (NSC), the Steering Committee on NSS Surveys and the Technical Advisory Group (TAG) on Household Surveys of NSO for their valuable guidance and support at various stages of the Periodic Labour Force Survey. I also place on record my appreciation of the dedicated efforts of the officers and staff of different divisions of NSO who contributed to the successful completion of the survey and the preparation of this report.

This is the first dedicated PLFS report presenting labour market indicators for million-plus cities, marking an important step towards strengthening the availability of granular urban labour statistics in the country. I hope that this report will serve as a useful resource for policymakers, planners, researchers, academicians and other stakeholders engaged in understanding and shaping labour market outcomes in urban India.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Geeta Singh Rathore'.

New Delhi
June 2026

(Geeta Singh Rathore)
Director General (National Sample Survey)

01 Background and Context

Since its launch in 2017, the Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) has been the primary source of labour market statistics in India. While dedicated city-level reporting has not been a regular feature of PLFS publications, Annual Reports up to 2021-22 presented the distribution of persons by activity status (in usual status) and unemployment rates for each million-plus city (population 10 lakhs or more) as per Census 2011.

Million-plus cities constitute major urban labour markets with distinct employment patterns, workforce characteristics and labour market outcomes that are often masked in state-level averages. As centres of economic activity and employment generation, these cities require granular labour market statistics to support informed urban planning and policy formulation.

In 2025, the PLFS underwent a significant redesign, with the survey cycle transitioning from the earlier July–June framework to a calendar year (January–December). Further, in the urban sector, each million-plus city is considered a separate stratum, enabling the generation of reliable labour force indicators for each million-plus city.

In recognition of the analytical and policy significance of large urban centres, this dedicated report has been prepared using first-visit data collected under the PLFS during the January–December 2025 survey cycle, in addition to the regular PLFS publications. State-wise list of million-plus cities is given at Annexure-I.

02 Scope of the report

The report is organised into three broad sections. The first section presents a summary of the key findings for the million-plus cities in comparison with urban India as a whole. The second section provides city-wise profiles of the 46 million-plus cities based on selected labour market indicators. The third section presents detailed annexure tables (Appendix A) containing indicator-wise estimates for each million-plus city. This section also provides the Relative Standard Error (RSE) of the headline indicators under both the

Usual Status (ps+ss) and Current Weekly Status (CWS) approaches. The results have been presented in both city-wise and indicator-wise formats to facilitate ease of use for readers.

Unless otherwise specified, all estimates presented in the report pertain to persons aged 15 years and above. While generating estimates, transgender persons have been subsumed under the 'persons' category. A dash (-) against an estimate indicates that no sample observation was available in the corresponding category, while an asterisk (*) against an estimate indicates that the estimate is associated with a relatively high RSE (40% or above) and should therefore be interpreted with caution.

Reliability of Estimates

The estimates presented in this report are based on the sample FSUs surveyed in the million-plus cities under the overall sample design of the Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS). For sample allocation purposes, urban strata with a population of 10 lakh or more were classified into different size classes. A minimum allocation of two FSUs per month was ensured for basic stratum (district) in the lowest size class and the number of FSUs allocated increased gradually with the size class. Subsequently, to maintain the overall sample size within operational limits, the samples allocated to a basic stratum was distributed between the million-plus city (or cities) and the remaining urban areas of the stratum in proportion to their respective population shares.

Owing to this allocation procedure, the effective sample size varies across million-plus cities. In some cities, the number of surveyed households is less than 250, resulting in relatively lower reliability of the estimated indicators compared to cities with larger sample sizes. Users may consider the underlying sample size and the associated sampling variability while drawing inferences from the city-level estimates presented in this report.

List of Million-Plus Cities in India as per Census 2011		
Sl. No.	State (number of million-plus cities)	Name of million-plus city
1	Andhra Pradesh	Greater Visakhapatnam Municipal Corporation
2	(2)	Vijayawada Municipal Corporation
3	Bihar (1)	Patna Municipal Corporation
4	Chhattisgarh (1)	Raipur Municipal Corporation
5	Delhi (1)	Delhi Municipal Corporation
6	Gujarat	Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation
7	(4)	Rajkot Municipal Corporation
8		Surat Municipal Corporation
9		Vadodara Municipal Corporation
10	Haryana (1)	Faridabad Municipal Corporation
11	Jammu & Kashmir (1)	Srinagar Municipal Corporation
12	Jharkhand	Dhanbad Municipal Corporation
13	(2)	Ranchi Municipal Corporation
14	Karnataka (1)	Bengaluru Municipal Corporation
15	Madhya Pradesh	Bhopal Municipal Corporation
16	(4)	Gwalior Municipal Corporation
17		Indore Municipal Corporation
18		Jabalpur Municipal Corporation
19	Maharashtra	Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar Municipal Corporation
20	(10)	Greater Mumbai Municipal Corporation
21		Kalyan-Dombivli Municipal Corporation
22		Nagpur Municipal Corporation
23		Nashik Municipal Corporation
24		Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation
25		Pimpri-Chinchwad Municipal Corporation
26		Pune Municipal Corporation
27		Thane Municipal Corporation
28		Vasai-Virar Municipal Corporation
29	Punjab	Amritsar Municipal Corporation
30	(2)	Ludhiana Municipal Corporation
31	Rajasthan	Jaipur Municipal Corporation
32	(3)	Jodhpur Municipal Corporation
33		Kota Municipal Corporation
34	Tamil Nadu	Chennai Municipal Corporation
35	(3)	Coimbatore Municipal Corporation
36		Madurai Municipal Corporation
37	Telangana (1)	Greater Hyderabad Municipal Corporation
38	Uttar Pradesh	Agra Municipal Corporation
39	(7)	Ghaziabad Municipal Corporation
40		Kanpur Municipal Corporation
41		Lucknow Municipal Corporation
42		Meerut Municipal Corporation
43		Prayagraj Municipal Corporation
44		Varanasi Municipal Corporation
45	West Bengal (2)	Howrah Municipal Corporation
46		Kolkata Municipal Corporation

03 Sample size

3.1 Statement 1 provides the sample number of FSUs, households and persons surveyed in million-plus cities and urban India.

Statement 1: FSUs, households and persons surveyed in million-plus cities and urban India					
Area	FSU surveyed	household surveyed	sample persons (age ≥ 15 years) surveyed		
			male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
million-plus	1,630	19,541	31,131	29,705	60,843
urban India	10,153	1,21,754	1,97,781	1,97,279	3,95,080

3.2 Detailed table of sample numbers of FSUs, households and persons for each million-plus city is given in Table 1 of Appendix A.

04 Summary of findings

4.1 This report presents key labour force indicators, namely the Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR), Worker Population Ratio (WPR) and Unemployment Rate (UR). In addition, it provides the distribution of workers by broad activity status and broad industry classification, along with information on hours worked, wages/earnings and persons not in employment, education and training (NEET). The summary of findings comparing the million-plus cities as a whole with urban India is presented in the following five sections:

- Section One: Labour force participation
- Section Two: Workforce
- Section Three: Labour utilisation, wages and earnings
- Section Four: Unemployment
- Section Five: Persons not in employment, education and training (NEET)

05 Section One: Labour force participation

Labour force includes both 'employed' and 'unemployed' persons. Estimates of the labour force have been obtained based on the following approaches:

- (i) according to the *usual status (ps+ss)* approach, i.e., by considering usual principal and subsidiary activity together,
- (ii) according to the *current weekly status* approach

The estimate of the labour force in the *usual status (ps+ss)* includes (a) the persons who either worked or were seeking/available for work for a relatively long part of the 365 days preceding the date of survey and also (b) those persons among the remaining population who had worked at least for 30 days during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey.

The labour force in *current weekly status* gives the average picture of the labour force participation in a short period of one week during the survey period. The estimate of labour force according to the current weekly status approach is derived by considering those who worked for at least 1 hour or was seeking/ available for work for at least 1 hour on any day during the 7 days preceding the date of survey.

5.1 Labour Force Participation Rates (LFPR)

5.1.1 The Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) is defined as the percentage of persons in the labour force among the persons in the population. Statement 2 presents the LFPR under both usual status (ps+ss) and Current Weekly Status (CWS) in million-plus cities, comparing results with urban India from PLFS 2025.

Statement 2: LFPR (in per cent) according to usual status (ps+ss) and CWS in million-plus cities and urban India

Gender	million-plus cities		urban India	
	usual status (ps+ss)	CWS	usual status (ps+ss)	CWS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Male	75.9	75.3	76.2	75.3
Female	27.2	25.8	27.7	25.9
Person	52.4	51.3	52.2	50.8

Labour Market Dynamics in Million-plus Cities

5.1.2 In million-plus cities, male labour force participation was broadly comparable with urban India under the usual status (75.9% vs. 76.2%), with a similar pattern observed under the current weekly status (CWS). For females, LFPR was marginally lower in million-plus cities under the usual status (27.2% vs. 27.7%), while CWS reflected nearly identical participation.

5.1.3 Labour force participation rate according to usual status (ps+ss) and current weekly status for each million-plus city is given in Table 2 and Table 2.1, respectively, of Appendix A.

5.2 Main reason for not being in labour force

5.2.1 Statement 3 gives the percentage distribution of persons not in the labour force in usual status (ps+ss) by main reason for not being in the labour force in million-plus cities obtained from PLFS 2025.

Statement 3: Distribution of persons in usual status (ps+ss) who were not in labour force by main reason in million-plus cities			
main reason for not being in labour force	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
did not have required training/ qualification/ age for work	0.7	0.3	0.4
non-availability of work at a convenient location	0.1	0.2	0.2
health/ age related reason	38.9	9.5	17.2
want to continue study	53.5	16.3	26.0
social reasons	0.1	1.1	0.9
financially well-off	1.6	1.2	1.3
child care/ personal commitments in home-making	1.0	68.7	51.0
others	4.1	2.7	3.1
total	100.0	100.0	100.0

5.2.2 The male population not in the labour force in million-plus cities was largely characterised by those pursuing education, with 53.5% reporting the desire to continue studies as their primary reason. Health and age-related reasons followed at 38.9%. Among female outside the labour force, child care responsibilities/ personal

commitments in home-making accounted for 68.7%, making these the predominant reason for female non-participation.

5.2.3 Distribution of persons by main reason for not in labour force for each million-plus city is given in Table 2.2 of Appendix A.

06 Section Two: Workforce

This Section deals with various estimates of the person engaged in workforce. The estimates of employed persons have been obtained based on the following approaches:

- (i) according to the *usual status (ps+ss)* approach, i.e., by considering usual principal and subsidiary activity together,
- (ii) according to the *current weekly status* approach

The workforce in the *usual status (ps+ss)* is obtained by considering the *usual principal status* and the *subsidiary status* together. The workforce in the *usual status (ps+ss)* includes (a) the persons who worked for a relatively long part of the 365 days preceding the date of survey and (b) the persons from among the remaining population who had worked at least for 30 days during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey.

The workforce measured in *current weekly status (CWS)* gives the average picture of the workforce in a short period of one week during the survey period. The estimate of workforce in the *current weekly status* is derived considering those who worked for at least 1 hour on any day during the 7 days preceding the date of survey.

6.1 Worker Population Ratio (WPR)

6.1.1 Worker Population Ratio (WPR) is the percentage of persons employed among the persons in the population. In Statement 4, a comparative statement of estimates of WPR in million-plus cities with urban India based on both usual status (ps+ss) and CWS frameworks are presented.

Statement 4: WPR (in per cent) according to usual status (ps+ss) and CWS in million-plus cities and urban India

gender	million-plus cities		urban India	
	usual status (ps+ss)	CWS	usual status (ps+ss)	CWS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
male	72.6	70.6	73.0	70.7
female	25.5	23.5	25.9	23.6
person	49.8	47.8	49.7	47.4

6.1.2 In Million-plus cities, under usual status, WPR was marginally lower as compared to urban India for both male (72.6% vs 73.0%) and female (25.5% vs 25.9%). Under the current weekly status (CWS), however, the gap narrowed considerably, with male participation at 70.6% versus 70.7% and female participation at 23.5% versus 23.6%.

6.1.3 Worker Population Ratio (WPR) according to usual status (ps+ss) and CWS for each million-plus city is given in Tables 3 and 3.1, respectively, of Appendix A.

6.2 Distribution of workers by status in employment

6.2.1 The workers in usual status (ps+ss) are categorised into three broad categories according to their status in employment. These broad categories of status in employment of the workers are: (i) *self-employed*, (ii) *regular wage/salaried employee* and (iii) *casual labour*. Within the category of *self-employed*, two sub-categories have been made as: (i) *own account worker and employer* and (ii) *unpaid helper in household enterprises (or contributing family worker)*. Distribution of the workers in usual status (ps+ss) by status in employment is given in Statement 5.

Statement 5: Percentage distribution of persons according to usual status (ps+ss) by broad status in employment in million-plus cities and urban India

area	gender	own account worker and employer	helper in household enterprise	all self-employed	regular wage/ salary employment	casual labour
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
million-plus cities	male	32.4	3.8	36.2	56.4	7.4
	female	24.6	7.3	32.0	65.1	3.0
	person	30.5	4.7	35.1	58.5	6.3
urban India	male	35.9	4.5	40.4	46.5	13.1
	female	28.6	11.8	40.4	50.9	8.7
	person	34.0	6.4	40.4	47.6	12.0

6.2.2 Employment patterns reveal a clear distinction between million-plus cities and urban India. Regular wage/ salary employment is markedly higher in million-plus cities (58.5%) against urban India (47.6%), while casual work is nearly half (6.3% vs. 12.0%). Female participation in regular employment is also stronger in million-plus cities (65.1% vs. 50.9%) compared with urban India. Further, in million-plus cities female surpassing their male counterparts in regular wage/salary jobs by a notable margin (65.1% vs. 56.4%).

6.2.3 Percentage distribution of persons working according to usual status (ps+ss) by broad status in employment for each million-plus city is given in Table 4 of Appendix A.

6.3 Distribution of workers by broad industry

6.3.1 For classification of industry of work of the employed persons in usual status (ps+ss), the National Industrial Classification 2008 (NIC 2008) was used. In Statement 6, distribution of workers in usual status (ps+ss) in million-plus cities and urban India is presented by broad industry division.

Statement 6: Percentage distribution of workers by industry of work (as per NIC-2008) in million-plus cities and urban India in usual status (ps+ss)

broad industry division as per NIC 2008	million-plus cities			urban India		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
agriculture	1.6	1.7	1.6	5.7	12.7	7.5
mining & quarrying	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.3
manufacturing	22.0	20.3	21.6	19.8	21.7	20.2
electricity, water, etc.	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.3	0.7	1.2
construction	9.4	2.6	7.8	12.5	3.1	10.0
trade, hotel & restaurant	25.5	15.1	22.9	26.5	16.1	23.8
transport, storage & communications	15.2	8.8	13.6	12.6	4.9	10.6
miscellaneous services	25.1	50.9	31.5	21.3	40.9	26.4
all	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Note 1: As per NIC - 2008, the different industry sections included in the broad industry divisions mentioned in column (1) are as follows: **agriculture** - section A; **mining & quarrying** - section B; **manufacturing** - section C; **electricity, water, etc.** - sections D & E; **construction** - section F; **trade, hotel & restaurant** - sections G & I; **transport, storage & communications** - sections H & J; **other services** - sections K to U.

6.3.2 Percentage distribution of workers in usual status (ps+ss) by industry of work (NIC-2008) for each million-plus city is given in Table 5 of Appendix A.

6.4 Workers engaged in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type

6.4.1 In Statement 7, distribution of workers in usual status (ps+ss) working in non-agriculture sector (industry divisions 05-99 of NIC-2008) by enterprise type in million-plus cities and urban India is presented.

Statement 7: Distribution of workers in usual status (ps+ss) working in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type in million-plus cities and urban India

enterprise type	male		female		person	
	million-plus cities	urban India	million-plus cities	urban India	million-plus cities	urban India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
proprietary & partnership	62.5	69.1	48.8	56.1	59.1	65.9
govt./local body/public sector enterprises	8.1	9.3	9.1	12.6	8.4	10.1
autonomous bodies	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2
public/private limited company	24.7	18.0	23.0	14.9	24.3	17.2
cooperative societies	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4
trust/other non-profit institutions	0.9	1.0	3.2	3.3	1.5	1.5
employer's households	2.0	1.2	13.3	10.9	4.8	3.5
others	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.0
all	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

6.4.2 In million-plus cities, largest share of workforce was engaged in proprietary and partnership enterprises, in the non-agricultural sector, accounting for 59.1%. Public and private limited companies emerged as the second-largest employer, engaging 24.3% of workers, followed by government/public sector enterprises at 8.4%. The remaining enterprise types collectively accounted for about 8.0% of non-agricultural employment. A notable gender difference was observed in employment within employers' households, where the share of female workers (13.3%) was substantially higher than that of male workers (2.0%).

The share of workers engaged in public and private limited companies was significantly higher in million-plus cities than in urban India (17.2%). Conversely, the proportion of

workers employed in proprietary and partnership enterprises was lower in million-plus cities than in urban India (65.9%).

6.4.3 Distribution of workers (ps+ss) working in non-agriculture by enterprise type for each million-plus city is given in Table 6 of Appendix A.

07 Section Three: Labour utilisation, wages and earnings

Information on earnings from employment was collected in PLFS for all three categories of workers — self-employed, regular wage/salaried employment and casual labour. In addition, details on the labour utilization in terms of number of hours worked on each day of the reference week were recorded for household members engaged in economic activities. Based on the employment status identified under the CWS framework, information on wages and earnings was collected for different categories of workers, following the approaches described below.

- For self-employed persons in current weekly status, information on earnings during the last 30 days from the self-employment activity in which the person was working as per current weekly status was collected.
- For regular wage/salaried employees in current weekly status, information on earnings during the preceding calendar month from the regular wage/salaried work in which the person was employed in the current weekly status was collected.
- For casual labour, information on earnings was collected for the casual labour work (other than public work) in which the person was engaged for each day of the reference week.

7.1 Wages and earnings

7.1.1 Statement 8 presents earnings information for different categories of workers classified as employed under the CWS approach. For regular wage/salaried employees, the statement provides the average wage/salary earnings received during the preceding calendar month. For casual labour, it presents the average daily wage earnings from work

other than public works during the survey period. For self-employed persons, the average gross earnings from self-employment during the last 30 days are presented in the statement. While estimating average gross earnings from self-employment, cases with zero earnings or non-reported earnings have been excluded from the calculation.

Statement 8: Average wage/ earning (in ₹) for persons in different employment status as per current weekly status (CWS) in million-plus cities and urban India

employment status	million-plus cities			urban India		
	male	female	person	male	female	Person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
self-employment	33,888	16,167	30,858	26,096	10,237	23,013
regular wage/ salary employment	30,707	23,707	28,808	27,984	21,664	26,258
casual labour	643	434	624	582	366	550

7.1.2 A comparison of wages/ earnings indicates that workers in million-plus cities enjoyed a clear earnings advantage over the urban India average across all employment categories. Self-employed workers earned ₹30,858 compared to ₹23,013 in urban India, while regular wage/salaried employees received ₹28,808 against ₹26,258 and casual labour earned ₹624 per day compared to ₹550. The earnings premium was observed for both male and female; however, it was particularly pronounced among female workers. Female self-employed workers earned about 58% more than their urban India counterparts, while female casual labour earned about 18% higher daily wages.

7.1.3 Average gross earnings during last 30 days from self-employment, average wage/salary earnings during the preceding calendar month from the regular wage/salaried employment and average wage earnings per day from casual labour work other than public works for each million-plus city are given in Tables 7, 8 and 9, respectively, of Appendix A.

7.2 Hours worked

7.2.1 In Statement 9, the number of hours actually worked, considering all the economic activities in a week, is presented for broad employment status following the current weekly status approach.

Statement 9: Average number of hours actually worked in a week by workers in different broad employment status in million-plus cities and urban India

area	gender	self-employed	regular wage/ salary	casual labour	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
million-plus cities	male	52.9	52.1	45.4	51.9
	female	35.0	44.6	36.7	41.6
	person	49.3	50.1	44.5	49.5
urban India	male	50.4	51.0	42.8	49.7
	female	33.0	43.6	36.3	39.0
	person	46.3	49.0	41.7	47.1

7.2.2 Workers in million-plus cities on average worked for 49.5 hours per week compared to 47.1 hours in urban India. Both male and female workers in million-plus cities reported higher average hours worked than workers in urban India across all employment categories.

7.2.3 The average number of hours worked per week according to current weekly status for each million-plus city is given in Table 10 of Appendix A.

08 Section Four: Unemployment

The estimates relating to unemployment rate in PLFS are obtained in the following approaches:

- (i) in the *usual status (ps+ss)* approach, the estimates of unemployment rates are based on usual status, considering principal and subsidiary statuses together and are called unemployed in usual status (ps+ss) or usual status (adjusted).

- (ii) in the *current weekly status* approach, the estimate of unemployed in the current weekly status gives an average picture of unemployment in a short period of 7 days during the survey period. According to the current weekly status approach, a person was considered unemployed in a week if he/she did not work even for 1 hour during the week but sought or was available for work at least for 1 hour during the week.

8.1 Unemployment Rate (UR)

8.1.1 Unemployment Rate (UR) is defined as the percentage of unemployed persons in the labour force. Statement 10 presents the estimates of unemployment rate in the million-plus cities and urban India in both usual status and CWS frameworks.

Statement 10: UR according to usual status (ps+ss) and current weekly status (CWS) in million-plus cities and urban India

gender	million-plus cities		urban India	
	usual status (ps+ss)	CWS	usual status (ps+ss)	CWS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
male	4.5	6.2	4.2	6.1
female	6.1*	8.8	6.4	8.9
person	4.9	6.8	4.8	6.8

8.1.2 Under the usual status, the male UR in million-plus cities was marginally higher than the urban India (4.5% compared to 4.2%), while for female it was marginally lower (6.1% compared to 6.4%). At the person level, the UR in million-plus cities stood at 4.9%, compared to 4.8% for urban India. Under the CWS approach, the unemployment rate remained at nearly the same level in million-plus cities and urban India for both male and female. The overall UR for persons under CWS was identical in both million-plus cities and urban India at 6.8%.

8.1.3 Unemployment Rate (UR) according to usual status (ps+ss) and CWS for each million-plus city is given in Tables 11 and 11.1, respectively, of Appendix A.

9.1 Estimates of persons who are not in employment, education and training (NEET) have been derived under usual status (ps+ss) approach for this report. Under this approach, the reference period of the last 365 days has been considered for determining status in employment and participation in training, while currently attending status has been considered for determining participation in education. In Statement 11, the estimate of percentage of persons not in employment, education or training in usual status (ps+ss) for persons of age 15-24 years, 15-29 years, 30-59 and 15-59 is presented for the million-plus cities and urban India.

Statement 11: Estimate of NEET in usual status (ps+ss) by different age groups in million-plus cities and urban India

area	age group	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
million-plus cities	15-24	8.0	26.2	16.4
	15-29	8.3	38.0	22.2
	30-59	4.3	67.0	35.1
	15-59	5.9	56.1	30.1
urban India	15-24	8.7	30.3	18.9
	15-29	8.9	42.7	25.0
	30-59	4.4	65.0	34.9
	15-59	6.2	56.6	31.0

9.2 In million-plus cities, the NEET estimate among youth is lower than that of urban India, with 16.4% for the 15–24 age group and 22.2% for the 15–29 age group, compared to 18.9% and 25.0%, respectively, in urban India. Female NEET estimates remain consistently lower across all age groups, except the age group 30-59 years, in million-plus cities compared to urban India.

9.3 Estimates of NEET according to usual status (ps+ss) for each million-plus city are given in Table 12.



**Labour Force Indicator: Million-plus
City Profiles**



Labour Force Indicators in Greater Visakhapatnam Municipal Corporation, Andhra Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	80.1	34.6	56.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	79.2	32.4	54.6
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	75.2	32.6	52.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.3	29.6	50.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	26.1	31.8	27.9
Regular wage employees	62.4	62.6	62.4
Casual labour	11.6	5.6	9.6
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	2.7	2.8	2.7
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	32.6	24.4	29.9
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	64.8	72.8	67.4
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	6.1	5.7	6.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	7.5	8.5	7.8
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	46.2	38.0	43.7
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	29,570	9,745	23,976
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	33,707	18,330	28,802
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	783	401	733
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	13.3	33.2	24.7
Age 30 – 59 years	2.7	51.8	27.2
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	586	630	1,216
First stage units surveyed: 36		Households surveyed: 432	

Labour Force Indicators in Vijayawada Municipal Corporation, Andhra Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.1	30.8	50.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	66.9	29.7	48.6
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	65.5	28.4	47.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	60.5	25.6	43.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	36.5	22.0	32.2
Regular wage employees	58.1	64.0	59.9
Casual labour	5.4	14.0	7.9
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	8.3	6.0	7.6
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	21.9	24.1	22.5
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	69.8	69.9	69.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	6.5	7.7*	6.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	9.5	14.0	10.8
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	51.9	45.6	50.1
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	26,475	17,913	24,722
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	26,747	14,514	22,859
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	688	472	664
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	7.8	44.6	30.4
Age 30 – 59 years	5.7	65.0	38.6
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	195	184	379
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Patna Municipal Corporation, Bihar			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	60.7	14.8	41.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	60.7	14.8	41.1
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	49.7	9.5	32.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	49.7	9.5	32.5
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	46.7	32.2	44.9
Regular wage employees	45.8	67.8	48.6
Casual labour	7.5	0.0	6.6
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	2.8	1.3	2.6
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	18.5	7.5	17.2
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	78.7	91.2	80.3
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	18.1	36.2	20.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	18.1	36.2	20.9
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	51.0	42.3	49.9
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	23,701	12,098	22,832
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	27,902	31,013	28,443
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	578	-	578
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	13.8	40.7	25.2
Age 30 – 59 years	3.3	85.2	41.6
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	535	415	950
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Raipur Municipal Corporation, Chhattisgarh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	81.2	31.0	56.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	79.8	30.3	55.4
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	79.2	28.3	54.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	76.1	26.6	51.7
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	43.3	22.2	37.9
Regular wage employees	50.0	69.1	54.9
Casual labour	6.7	8.7	7.2
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.6	0.8	0.7
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	29.0	13.3	24.9
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	70.4	85.9	74.4
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	2.6	8.6	4.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	4.6	12.2	6.7
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	51.3	40.2	48.5
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	28,590	14,625	26,958
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	19,662	12,464	17,255
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	460	305	426
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	6.6	40.1	23.3
Age 30 – 59 years	5.4	65.5	34.7
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	495	479	974
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Delhi Municipal Corporation, Delhi			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	68.5	15.5	43.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	68.6	14.9	43.4
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	65.3	14.2	41.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	65.0	14.0	41.0
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	41.7	18.0	37.9
Regular wage employees	54.8	81.5	59.2
Casual labour	3.5	0.5	3.0
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.2	0.1	0.2
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	25.2	8.2	22.5
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	74.6	91.6	77.4
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	4.7	8.4	5.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.3	6.3	5.5
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	54.8	48.1	53.7
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	42,844	28,360	41,851
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	35,708	31,644	34,807
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	696	156	681
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	10.7	37.4	22.7
Age 30 – 59 years	5.4	80.4	40.2
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	2,994	2,711	5,705
First stage units surveyed: 163 Households surveyed: 1,956			

Labour Force Indicators in Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation, Gujarat			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	78.2	28.2	53.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	77.3	21.7	49.9
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	77.1	28.0	52.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	75.3	21.4	48.7
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	38.8	48.9	41.4
Regular wage employees	58.8	48.7	56.2
Casual labour	2.4	2.4	2.4
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.2	0.3	0.2
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	39.5	32.6	37.7
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	60.3	67.1	62.1
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	1.5	0.9*	1.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	2.6	1.3*	2.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	54.9	44.3	52.6
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	30,814	12,728	27,438
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	24,420	19,316	23,269
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	536	306	483
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	4.2	35.1	18.6
Age 30 – 59 years	3.4	63.3	32.9
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	1,973	1,931	3,904
First stage units surveyed: 94 Households surveyed: 1,127			

Labour Force Indicators in Rajkot Municipal Corporation, Gujarat			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	78.3	19.5	49.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	77.4	14.5	46.3
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	77.9	19.5	49.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	76.9	14.5	46.1
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	50.1	51.6	50.4
Regular wage employees	41.2	40.0	41.0
Casual labour	8.7	8.3	8.6
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	4.8	8.7	5.5
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	51.9	36.8	48.9
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	43.3	54.4	45.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	0.4*	-	0.3*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	0.6*	-	0.5*
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	55.4	46.4	54.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	28,686	10,218	27,039
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	21,602	16,326	20,548
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	512	337	481
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	0.8	30.2	14.2
Age 30 – 59 years	5.0	87.5	46.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	537	514	1,051
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 286			

Labour Force Indicators in Surat Municipal Corporation, Gujarat			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	87.9	40.6	66.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	87.3	34.6	63.7
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	86.9	40.4	66.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	85.1	32.7	61.6
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	32.8	67.9	42.4
Regular wage employees	62.7	30.0	53.8
Casual labour	4.5	2.1	3.8
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.4	0.2	0.4
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	57.9	57.1	57.7
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	41.7	42.7	42.0
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	1.1	0.6*	1.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	2.6	5.5	3.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	57.1	34.4	51.7
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	33,346	9,002	25,658
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	20,095	16,046	19,460
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	516	468	511
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	1.4	31.7	16.4
Age 30 – 59 years	1.9	51.0	22.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	873	780	1,653
First stage units surveyed: 43		Households surveyed: 515	

Labour Force Indicators in Vadodara Municipal Corporation, Gujarat			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	75.4	33.5	54.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.2	29.8	51.9
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	73.9	32.7	53.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	71.2	29.1	50.1
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	30.0	32.3	30.7
Regular wage employees	62.0	64.1	62.6
Casual labour	8.0	3.7	6.7
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	2.0	0.0	1.4
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	41.0	23.0	35.5
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	57.0	77.0	63.1
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	1.9*	2.6*	2.1*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	4.1	2.5*	3.6
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	46.8	37.3	44.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	26,102	10,510	22,762
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	28,750	17,852	25,342
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	478	384	466
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	1.0	43.0	20.2
Age 30 – 59 years	5.4	58.3	32.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	587	602	1,189
First stage units surveyed: 32		Households surveyed: 384	

Labour Force Indicators in Faridabad Municipal Corporation, Haryana			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.7	15.1	46.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.3	14.9	46.0
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.8	14.7	44.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	70.0	14.5	43.5
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	30.6	18.5	28.7
Regular wage employees	60.6	80.9	63.8
Casual labour	8.8	0.6	7.5
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.4	4.3	1.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	46.5	34.9	44.6
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	52.1	60.8	53.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	5.3	2.9*	4.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.8	2.9*	5.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	57.1	48.1	55.6
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	26,326	8,770	24,488
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	26,441	19,088	24,965
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	639	53	629
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	6.0	50.9	27.2
Age 30 – 59 years	6.3	78.2	40.2
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	747	696	1,443
First stage units surveyed: 35		Households surveyed: 420	

Labour Force Indicators in Srinagar Municipal Corporation, Jammu and Kashmir			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.8	31.6	53.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	70.8	31.7	53.0
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	67.3	22.3	46.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	66.8	20.1	45.5
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	50.1	58.1	53.0
Regular wage employees	41.9	41.4	40.8
Casual labour	8.0	0.5	6.1
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.8	20.9	6.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	24.9	37.6	27.1
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	73.3	41.5	66.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	5.0	29.5	11.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.7	36.5	14.1
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	50.6	28.0	45.6
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	30,009	6,726	24,330
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	27,323	33,869	28,787
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	748	800	749
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	6.4	26.9	14.8
Age 30 – 59 years	5.8	80.3	43.7
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	483	442	928
First stage units surveyed: 23		Households surveyed: 276	

Labour Force Indicators in Dhanbad Municipal Corporation, Jharkhand			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.7	13.4	45.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.3	11.8	44.1
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	64.6	10.2	38.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	63.6	8.8	37.1
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	43.3	56.4	45.0
Regular wage employees	38.2	42.3	38.7
Casual labour	18.5	1.3	16.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	5.3	40.3	9.8
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	36.9	15.7	34.2
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	57.8	44.0	56.0
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	13.5	24.2	15.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	14.5	25.2	15.8
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	45.9	38.0	45.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	17,357	9,476	16,844
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	27,827	17,739	26,377
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	420	150	415
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	16.0	62.1	36.7
Age 30 – 59 years	6.6	92.5	48.4
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	521	479	1,000
First stage units surveyed: 24		Households surveyed: 288	

Labour Force Indicators in Ranchi Municipal Corporation, Jharkhand			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	65.8	21.1	43.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	65.4	21.2	43.6
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	62.2	19.0	41.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	61.9	18.8	40.7
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	45.7	37.1	43.7
Regular wage employees	50.7	61.0	53.0
Casual labour	3.7	1.9	3.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.4	2.4	1.7
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	23.1	4.4	18.8
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	75.5	93.1	79.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	5.4*	10.0	6.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.4*	11.1	6.8
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	49.8	38.7	47.3
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	39,472	28,064	37,946
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	39,697	26,568	36,332
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	488	400	482
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	10.4	30.2	19.0
Age 30 – 59 years	1.0	76.4	38.9
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	390	399	789
First stage units surveyed: 21		Households surveyed: 252	

Labour Force Indicators in Bengaluru Municipal Corporation, Karnataka			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	78.2	33.2	56.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	78.3	32.7	56.1
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	76.3	31.9	54.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	76.1	31.3	54.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	28.8	16.9	25.4
Regular wage employees	61.8	81.5	67.4
Casual labour	9.4	1.7	7.2
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.0	0.7	0.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	25.5	15.3	22.6
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	73.5	84.1	76.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	2.4	3.7	2.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	2.8	4.2	3.2
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.9	42.9	47.2
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	37,823	25,692	36,314
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	37,430	28,325	34,323
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	701	491	690
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	3.0	24.0	13.6
Age 30 – 59 years	3.4	63.1	32.4
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	1,927	1,874	3,801
First stage units surveyed: 116 Households surveyed: 1,392			

Labour Force Indicators in Bhopal Municipal Corporation, Madhya Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	73.6	20.9	48.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.0	17.0	46.6
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	71.3	18.8	46.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	67.8	14.6	42.2
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	46.0	39.0	44.6
Regular wage employees	45.3	59.8	48.1
Casual labour	8.7	1.2	7.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.8	0.0	0.6
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	26.3	27.2	26.5
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	72.9	72.8	72.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.1	10.2	4.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	8.5	13.6	9.4
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.9	37.7	47.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	32,067	6,813	29,524
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	36,185	27,135	34,056
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	535	200	532
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	3.7	61.0	30.8
Age 30 – 59 years	0.5	73.0	37.1
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	632	647	1,279
First stage units surveyed: 34 Households surveyed: 408			

Labour Force Indicators in Gwalior Municipal Corporation, Madhya Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	75.0	18.5	47.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.5	16.9	46.1
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.7	18.1	45.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	66.8	15.9	42.2
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	64.7	65.0	64.7
Regular wage employees	30.6	28.2	30.2
Casual labour	4.7	6.8	5.1
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	20.5	29.0	22.1
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	28.1	22.2	26.9
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	51.4	48.8	50.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	5.8	2.5*	5.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	9.1	6.1*	8.5
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	46.5	30.8	43.6
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	20,564	8,351	18,730
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	23,914	13,568	22,049
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	623	496	593
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	7.4	62.9	30.5
Age 30 – 59 years	3.1	69.4	36.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	476	445	921
First stage units surveyed: 23		Households surveyed: 276	

Labour Force Indicators in Indore Municipal Corporation, Madhya Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.7	28.2	51.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.2	26.5	49.8
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	72.2	27.6	49.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	70.0	25.8	47.8
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	53.8	41.6	50.4
Regular wage employees	40.4	58.4	45.4
Casual labour	5.8	0.0	4.2
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	5.4	3.9	5.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	34.5	51.1	39.0
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	60.1	45.0	56.0
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.5	2.1*	3.1*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	4.3	2.9*	4.0
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.1	40.6	46.1
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	24,299	11,195	22,586
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	22,308	13,557	19,180
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	509	-	509
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	12.1	37.3	24.4
Age 30 – 59 years	2.0	56.0	29.0
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	501	491	993
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Jabalpur Municipal Corporation, Madhya Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.9	25.0	50.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.8	25.6	50.0
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	72.2	23.1	48.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	68.3	22.4	45.7
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	37.5	42.6	38.7
Regular wage employees	37.3	55.2	41.5
Casual labour	25.3	2.1	19.8
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.3	1.3	1.3
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	30.2	25.5	29.1
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	68.5	73.3	69.6
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.7	7.6*	4.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	7.4	12.5	8.7
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	46.6	40.7	45.2
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	23,229	9,827	19,522
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	23,546	17,558	21,682
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	448	357	445
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	3.9	20.0	12.9
Age 30 – 59 years	3.2	57.3	29.1
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	445	433	878
First stage units surveyed: 21		Households surveyed: 251	

Labour Force Indicators in Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.5	19.0	45.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	69.2	18.4	44.5
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	64.6	18.1	42.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	60.4	17.2	39.4
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	29.6	26.9	29.1
Regular wage employees	60.8	72.0	63.1
Casual labour	9.6	1.1	7.8
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.4	1.1	0.5
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	29.1	10.0	25.1
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	70.5	88.9	74.4
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	8.5*	5.1*	7.8*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	12.7	6.6*	11.5
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.0	36.2	45.5
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	21,657	10,663	20,012
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	31,683	22,745	29,511
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	638	375	631
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	8.0	34.1	22.0
Age 30 – 59 years	0.8	86.4	47.5
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	224	216	440
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Greater Mumbai Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.4	26.9	51.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.3	26.4	50.6
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	72.1	25.6	49.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	69.4	23.8	47.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	35.3	25.3	32.8
Regular wage employees	59.5	71.7	62.5
Casual labour	5.2	2.9	4.6
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.6	0.4	0.6
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	27.1	17.1	24.6
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	72.3	82.5	74.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.2	4.7	3.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.3	9.9	6.5
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	55.2	43.8	52.4
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	58,007	32,664	53,773
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	36,453	35,788	36,267
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	712	211	658
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	5.3	34.3	20.0
Age 30 – 59 years	5.8	68.3	36.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	2,921	2,770	5,691
First stage units surveyed: 160 Households surveyed: 1,916			

Labour Force Indicators in Kalyan-Dombivli Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.7	28.5	52.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.1	27.9	52.1
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	71.4	26.6	50.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	67.9	22.9	46.4
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	26.1	21.7	24.9
Regular wage employees	72.4	77.4	73.7
Casual labour	1.5	0.9	1.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	30.0	9.4	24.8
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	70.0	90.6	75.2
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	4.4*	6.8*	5.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	8.5	17.9	10.9
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	53.3	41.5	50.5
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	37,102	16,553	33,533
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	37,546	19,054	32,827
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	800	600	713
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	11.2	34.0	20.0
Age 30 – 59 years	6.2	65.6	37.0
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	224	200	424
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Nagpur Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	71.4	28.8	48.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	69.7	27.9	47.1
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	68.0	28.5	46.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	64.9	26.6	44.1
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	40.3	33.3	38.0
Regular wage employees	47.4	62.4	52.4
Casual labour	12.3	4.3	9.6
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	3.7	0.1	2.5
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	31.4	16.3	26.4
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	64.9	83.6	71.1
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	4.8	1.0*	3.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	7.0	4.7*	6.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	52.9	39.9	48.6
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	31,487	16,095	28,160
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	30,915	16,283	25,145
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	532	381	525
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	13.3	26.5	20.1
Age 30 – 59 years	3.8	65.6	37.8
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	407	443	850
First stage units surveyed: 24		Households surveyed: 287	

Labour Force Indicators in Nashik Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	76.2	25.4	50.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	75.8	24.1	49.9
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.1	24.9	49.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	72.6	21.9	47.2
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	33.8	42.4	36.0
Regular wage employees	59.3	52.6	57.6
Casual labour	6.9	5.0	6.4
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.6	4.2	2.3
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	42.9	34.3	40.7
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	55.5	61.5	57.0
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	2.8	2.0*	2.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	4.2	9.2	5.4
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.9	42.1	47.3
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	31,127	10,324	26,188
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	26,780	16,690	24,721
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	651	372	599
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	6.5	49.9	26.0
Age 30 – 59 years	4.1	65.2	35.5
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	483	479	962
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	79.8	27.5	55.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	78.2	25.3	53.8
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	78.1	24.4	53.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	75.4	21.1	50.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	24.6	23.8	24.4
Regular wage employees	70.1	76.2	71.4
Casual labour	5.3	0.0	4.2
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	18.5	23.9	19.6
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	81.5	76.1	80.4
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	2.1*	11.5*	4.3*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	3.5*	16.5*	6.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	57.3	46.7	55.2
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	62,234	84,913	66,613
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	57,039	29,589	51,515
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	797	-	797
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	4.4	15.4	8.4
Age 30 – 59 years	1.6	77.0	33.6
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	263	211	474
First stage units surveyed: 14 Households surveyed: 168			

Labour Force Indicators in Pimpri-Chinchwad Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	78.4	31.2	55.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	77.4	31.5	54.9
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	75.5	30.4	53.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.6	29.5	52.1
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	27.1	22.7	25.9
Regular wage employees	68.1	77.3	70.6
Casual labour	4.8	0.0	3.5
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.2	0.5	1.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	51.7	26.3	44.7
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	47.1	73.2	54.3
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.7*	2.4*	3.4*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	4.9*	6.2	5.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	53.1	43.3	50.4
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	48,745	16,510	41,508
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	36,655	24,328	32,987
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	659	-	659
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	7.6	51.7	27.2
Age 30 – 59 years	0.6	65.6	32.2
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	522	517	1,039
First stage units surveyed: 29		Households surveyed: 346	

Labour Force Indicators in Pune Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	77.1	35.9	57.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	75.7	34.7	56.6
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.0	34.4	53.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	67.3	30.4	50.1
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	26.7	25.6	26.4
Regular wage employees	71.1	74.0	72.0
Casual labour	2.1	0.5	1.6
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.1	0.4	0.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	18.7	12.8	16.9
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	80.2	86.8	82.2
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	9.3*	4.2	7.8*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	11.1*	12.4	11.4
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	49.9	38.6	46.7
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	32,860	17,410	29,339
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	33,081	24,946	30,670
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	777	170	763
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	1.8	31.1	15.5
Age 30 – 59 years	6.0	47.7	26.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	720	713	1,433
First stage units surveyed: 42		Households surveyed: 501	

Labour Force Indicators in Thane Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	77.1	27.3	53.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	76.5	27.1	53.2
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	73.7	26.5	51.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	68.9	24.0	47.8
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	35.9	28.9	34.2
Regular wage employees	52.4	65.5	55.6
Casual labour	11.7	5.6	10.2
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.6	0.0	0.5
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	33.1	20.7	30.1
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	66.3	79.3	69.4
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	4.4	3.2*	4.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	9.9	11.2	10.2
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	56.5	44.9	53.8
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	29,433	19,077	27,870
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	29,108	22,356	27,173
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	649	648	649
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	3.0	26.1	16.0
Age 30 – 59 years	9.8	68.9	37.5
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	414	391	805
First stage units surveyed: 22		Households surveyed: 264	

Labour Force Indicators in Vasai-Virar Municipal Corporation, Maharashtra			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	76.9	31.9	54.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	76.2	31.9	54.4
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	76.6	31.0	54.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.2	29.5	51.7
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	36.6	24.5	33.2
Regular wage employees	57.6	74.2	62.3
Casual labour	5.7	1.3	4.5
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	9.1	1.4	6.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	20.0	34.9	24.2
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	70.9	63.7	68.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	0.5*	2.9*	1.2*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	3.9	7.5*	5.0
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	56.4	43.6	52.8
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	38,078	9,834	32,878
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	27,957	22,174	26,031
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	962	177	904
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	11.9	25.6	17.9
Age 30 – 59 years	1.5	68.4	35.1
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	241	217	458
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Amritsar Municipal Corporation, Punjab			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	75.2	24.1	50.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.7	23.6	49.7
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	69.5	21.2	45.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	68.3	20.6	44.9
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	49.2	25.9	43.9
Regular wage employees	39.5	62.8	44.8
Casual labour	11.3	11.3	11.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	2.5	0.0	1.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	27.0	19.2	25.3
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	70.5	80.8	72.8
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	7.6	12.3	8.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	8.5	12.6	9.5
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	50.9	37.8	48.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	32,414	10,842	29,874
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	19,580	19,330	19,501
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	511	179	437
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	29.2	43.4	35.8
Age 30 – 59 years	4.5	76.7	42.6
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	386	364	750
First stage units surveyed: 20		Households surveyed: 240	

Labour Force Indicators in Ludhiana Municipal Corporation, Punjab			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	86.4	23.7	59.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	85.9	23.7	58.7
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	83.4	22.8	57.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	82.7	22.8	56.5
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	34.1	37.6	34.7
Regular wage employees	63.1	62.0	63.0
Casual labour	2.7	0.4	2.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.4	0.0	1.1
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	60.3	47.9	58.2
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	38.3	52.1	40.7
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.4	3.8*	3.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	3.7	3.8*	3.7
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	59.8	44.4	57.1
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	28,700	7,925	24,560
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	15,722	12,792	15,205
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	626	-	626
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	6.1	61.2	31.2
Age 30 – 59 years	4.2	70.7	35.0
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	489	424	913
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Jaipur Municipal Corporation, Rajasthan			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	75.2	31.4	55.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	75.3	31.0	55.2
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	67.5	25.0	48.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	66.4	24.2	47.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	38.0	34.0	37.0
Regular wage employees	51.0	56.4	52.2
Casual labour	11.1	9.6	10.7
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.9	9.5	2.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	32.8	27.6	31.6
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	66.3	62.9	65.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	10.1	20.3	12.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	11.7	22.0	14.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	52.5	42.4	50.2
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	31,730	25,771	30,590
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	32,269	28,453	31,332
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	547	529	544
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	22.8	39.4	29.2
Age 30 – 59 years	10.1	69.9	38.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	735	634	1,369
First stage units surveyed: 36 Households surveyed: 432			

Labour Force Indicators in Jodhpur Municipal Corporation, Rajasthan			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	68.4	22.4	46.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	68.7	21.1	45.7
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	62.9	17.9	41.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	62.9	16.4	40.4
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	57.0	49.7	55.4
Regular wage employees	39.0	42.1	39.7
Casual labour	4.0	8.3	4.9
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.6	2.9	1.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	41.9	40.1	41.5
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	56.5	57.0	56.6
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	8.0	19.9	10.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	8.4	22.1	11.4
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	55.5	35.0	51.5
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	31,036	12,782	28,501
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	31,564	29,341	31,081
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	594	413	572
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	11.6	54.9	30.8
Age 30 – 59 years	10.9	72.8	42.0
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	483	450	933
First stage units surveyed: 23		Households surveyed: 275	

Labour Force Indicators in Kota Municipal Corporation, Rajasthan			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.0	24.1	48.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	73.0	23.7	47.9
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.1	17.2	43.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	68.1	16.9	42.0
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	30.6	34.3	31.3
Regular wage employees	54.5	58.9	55.4
Casual labour	15.0	6.8	13.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	2.6	0.0	2.1
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	38.7	10.8	33.1
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	58.6	89.2	64.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	5.2*	28.6	11.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	6.7	28.7	12.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	52.4	44.9	50.9
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	33,228	11,482	27,873
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	18,062	17,695	17,984
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	575	422	558
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	6.7	28.4	17.9
Age 30 – 59 years	5.6	73.4	39.7
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	246	243	489
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Chennai Municipal Corporation, Tamil Nadu			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	76.1	27.6	51.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	75.9	27.5	51.3
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	72.9	26.2	49.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	72.1	25.9	48.6
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	26.3	18.1	24.1
Regular wage employees	67.2	80.6	70.9
Casual labour	6.4	1.2	5.0
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.1	0.0	0.8
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	25.3	16.5	22.9
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	73.6	83.5	76.3
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	4.2	5.0	4.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.0	5.7	5.2
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	47.1	41.8	45.6
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	33,321	17,308	30,536
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	31,655	22,919	28,955
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	808	522	802
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	12.6	31.4	22.4
Age 30 – 59 years	4.0	66.6	36.9
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	821	854	1,675
First stage units surveyed: 48		Households surveyed: 576	

Labour Force Indicators in Coimbatore Municipal Corporation, Tamil Nadu			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	68.4	41.3	56.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	68.3	40.9	55.8
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	66.2	41.1	54.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	64.5	40.1	53.4
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	18.7	28.6	22.1
Regular wage employees	69.0	70.4	69.5
Casual labour	12.3	1.0	8.4
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.7	0.0	0.5
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	29.7	29.7	29.7
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	69.6	70.3	69.8
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.2*	0.5*	2.3*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.6*	1.9*	4.3*
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	49.5	38.5	45.7
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	45,188	13,999	35,912
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	34,947	19,149	29,537
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	748	550	744
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	7.3	10.1	8.2
Age 30 – 59 years	7.1	50.7	26.8
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	185	161	346
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Madurai Municipal Corporation, Tamil Nadu			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	80.5	37.0	58.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	81.8	35.4	58.8
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	71.1	32.8	52.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	71.1	31.2	51.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	29.7	26.3	28.7
Regular wage employees	56.9	66.7	59.9
Casual labour	13.4	7.0	11.4
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.0	4.5	1.4
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	22.2	9.6	18.3
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	77.8	86.0	80.3
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	11.7	11.4*	11.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	13.1	11.9*	12.7
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.7	41.1	46.4
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	23,764	5,528	19,083
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	21,710	18,247	20,580
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	751	266	627
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	20.4	42.3	28.5
Age 30 – 59 years	0.7	48.2	27.3
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	203	208	411
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Greater Hyderabad Municipal Corporation, Telangana			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	77.6	32.9	55.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	77.6	32.5	55.4
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	73.0	29.9	51.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	72.7	29.4	51.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	28.8	23.7	27.4
Regular wage employees	59.3	69.3	62.1
Casual labour	11.9	7.0	10.5
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.6	1.7	0.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	27.4	21.7	25.8
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	72.0	76.6	73.3
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	5.9	9.1	6.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	6.3	9.7	7.3
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	51.0	43.9	49.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	33,420	15,558	30,075
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	34,614	23,663	31,153
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	824	587	784
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	12.6	37.3	25.1
Age 30 – 59 years	3.3	59.9	32.7
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	1,657	1,622	3,280
First stage units surveyed: 94 Households surveyed: 1,128			

Labour Force Indicators in Agra Municipal Corporation, Uttar Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	81.9	11.4	46.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	80.8	11.1	46.2
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	78.8	9.9	44.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	72.7	9.4	41.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	50.8	45.9	50.3
Regular wage employees	44.1	49.2	44.6
Casual labour	5.1	4.9	5.1
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	39.1	30.5	38.1
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	60.9	69.5	61.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.8	13.3	4.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	10.1	14.8	10.6
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	49.3	42.3	48.5
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	22,741	11,665	21,431
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	17,451	16,791	17,374
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	450	500	457
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	5.8	57.7	30.1
Age 30 – 59 years	2.2	88.2	44.7
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	526	518	1,044
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Ghaziabad Municipal Corporation, Uttar Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	70.3	10.8	43.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	69.1	10.8	43.0
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	67.9	10.0	41.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	65.2	9.7	40.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	36.0	10.4	33.3
Regular wage employees	59.8	89.6	63.0
Casual labour	4.2	0.0	3.7
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.9	1.3	0.9
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	38.2	13.3	35.6
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	60.9	85.4	63.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.5	7.8*	4.0
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.7	10.7*	6.2
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	47.7	42.8	47.2
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	24,357	16,655	24,202
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	28,072	21,184	27,035
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	637	-	637
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	8.8	35.3	18.7
Age 30 – 59 years	5.1	88.0	45.5
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	533	459	994
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Kanpur Municipal Corporation, Uttar Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	72.7	17.8	46.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	69.4	17.4	44.9
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	66.3	14.2	41.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	58.4	11.5	36.3
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	48.3	43.4	47.5
Regular wage employees	48.4	55.2	49.5
Casual labour	3.2	1.4	2.9
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.3	0.7	1.2
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	31.6	25.5	30.6
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	67.1	73.9	68.2
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	8.9	20.1	10.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	15.8	33.8	19.1
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	51.9	38.8	50.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	24,298	25,486	24,363
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	26,985	17,429	25,215
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	497	319	459
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	16.5	51.9	31.1
Age 30 – 59 years	8.8	81.1	44.6
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	598	574	1,172
First stage units surveyed: 30		Households surveyed: 360	

Labour Force Indicators in Lucknow Municipal Corporation, Uttar Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	74.9	23.2	49.2
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	71.4	19.1	45.3
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	71.7	21.1	46.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	65.9	16.9	41.5
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	48.6	44.7	47.7
Regular wage employees	44.7	55.3	47.1
Casual labour	6.7	0.0	5.2
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	2.8	4.9	3.2
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	28.5	15.0	25.4
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	68.8	80.1	71.3
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	4.3	9.2*	5.5
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	7.6	11.4*	8.4
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.2	42.5	47.1
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	29,307	16,081	27,672
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	27,098	31,744	28,347
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	535	-	535
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	8.9	48.2	27.4
Age 30 – 59 years	8.7	68.9	40.1
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	510	526	1,036
First stage units surveyed: 27		Households surveyed: 324	

Labour Force Indicators in Meerut Municipal Corporation, Uttar Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	76.5	10.4	45.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.3	9.9	44.0
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	73.9	9.6	43.6
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	70.3	9.1	41.4
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	48.3	28.8	46.3
Regular wage employees	41.3	71.2	44.4
Casual labour	10.4	0.0	9.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	2.8	1.7	2.7
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	48.2	24.8	45.8
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	49.0	73.5	51.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	3.4*	7.5*	3.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	5.4	8.8*	5.8
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	49.2	43.5	48.6
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	25,707	8,074	24,731
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	18,946	20,057	19,131
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	576	-	576
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	4.2	49.6	25.5
Age 30 – 59 years	5.0	81.7	41.5
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	533	513	1,046
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 285			

Labour Force Indicators in Prayagraj Municipal Corporation, Uttar Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	64.8	9.3	38.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	64.5	9.5	38.0
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	55.8	6.5	32.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	49.8	6.5	28.9
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	59.7	21.1	55.9
Regular wage employees	27.2	69.0	31.3
Casual labour	13.2	9.9	12.8
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.3	0.0	1.2
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	24.0	6.4	22.3
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	74.7	93.6	76.5
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	13.9	30.2	15.8
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	22.8	31.5	23.8
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	51.2	47.4	50.8
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	24,265	11,379	23,652
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	32,214	42,254	34,404
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	511	400	497
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	8.2	59.8	27.5
Age 30 – 59 years	4.7	93.4	49.5
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	255	232	487
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Varanasi Municipal Corporation, Uttar Pradesh			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	73.0	14.8	45.7
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	72.9	10.7	43.7
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	68.0	12.9	42.1
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	63.5	8.5	37.7
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	63.4	69.1	64.2
Regular wage employees	27.9	30.4	28.3
Casual labour	8.7	0.6	7.5
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.6	1.3	0.7
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	25.6	21.9	25.0
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	73.9	76.9	74.3
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	6.9*	12.9*	7.9*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	12.9	20.6	13.8
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	54.1	44.2	53.0
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	21,636	8,314	20,491
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	20,331	20,821	20,404
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	506	271	504
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	12.7	50.3	30.3
Age 30 – 59 years	14.2	82.1	46.2
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	535	473	1,008
First stage units surveyed: 24 Households surveyed: 288			

Labour Force Indicators in Howrah Municipal Corporation, West Bengal			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	76.4	29.0	51.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	76.0	26.5	49.9
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	75.5	29.0	50.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	74.2	26.5	49.0
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	39.2	42.6	40.2
Regular wage employees	56.3	53.4	55.4
Casual labour	4.5	4.0	4.3
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	30.8	32.6	31.3
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	69.2	67.4	68.7
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	1.2*	-	0.8*
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	2.3*	-	1.6*
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	49.5	33.0	44.8
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	31,841	5,714	23,669
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	24,938	17,970	23,078
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	493	268	471
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	7.2	38.1	26.0
Age 30 – 59 years	-	55.0	29.8
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	218	236	454
First stage units surveyed: 12		Households surveyed: 144	

Labour Force Indicators in Kolkata Municipal Corporation, West Bengal			
Indicator	Male	Female	Person
A. Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	80.7	29.5	55.4
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	80.1	27.7	54.1
B. Worker Population Ratio (WPR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	79.0	29.2	54.3
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	77.9	27.3	52.8
C. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Activity [in PS+SS]			
Self-employed	40.4	37.3	39.6
Regular wage employees	47.7	60.3	51.0
Casual labour	11.9	2.4	9.4
D. Distribution of Workforce by Broad Industry [in PS+SS]			
Agriculture sector (NIC 01-03)	1.4	0.0	1.0
Secondary sector including mining and quarrying (NIC 05-43)	27.9	9.9	23.1
Tertiary sector (NIC 45-99)	70.7	90.1	75.9
E. Unemployment Rate (UR)			
Usual Status (PS+SS)	2.2	1.2*	1.9
Current Weekly Status (CWS)	2.7	1.6*	2.4
F. Average Number of Hours Worked			
Average hours worked per week	48.7	39.9	46.4
G. Average Earnings / Wages [₹; CWS]			
Avg. gross earnings last 30 days — self-employed	20,170	9,529	17,989
Avg. monthly salary/wage — regular wage employees	21,534	13,784	19,093
Avg. daily wage — casual labour	480	517	481
H. Persons Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)			
Age 15 – 29 years	4.7	44.2	21.9
Age 30 – 59 years	1.7	60.0	30.6
I. Sample Count			
Person surveyed	902	905	1,807
First stage units surveyed: 48		Households surveyed: 576	

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Appendix A

Appendix A – Detailed Tables

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Table 1: Sample FSU, Household and Persons for each million-plus city					
Million-plus city	FSU surveyed	Household surveyed	sample person of age 15 years and above		
			Male	Female	Person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	36	432	586	630	1,216
Vijayawada MC	12	144	195	184	379
Patna MC	24	288	535	415	950
Raipur MC	24	288	495	479	974
Delhi MC	163	1,956	2,994	2,711	5,705
Ahmedabad MC	94	1,127	1,973	1,931	3,904
Rajkot MC	24	286	537	514	1,051
Surat MC	43	515	873	780	1,653
Vadodara MC	32	384	587	602	1,189
Faridabad MC	35	420	747	696	1,443
Srinagar MC	23	276	483	442	928
Dhanbad MC	24	288	521	479	1,000
Ranchi MC	21	252	390	399	789
Bengaluru MC	116	1,392	1,927	1,874	3,801
Bhopal MC	34	408	632	647	1,279
Gwalior MC	23	276	476	445	921
Indore MC	24	288	501	491	993
Jabalpur MC	21	251	445	433	878
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	12	144	224	216	440
Greater Mumbai MC	160	1,916	2,921	2,770	5,691
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	12	144	224	200	424
Nagpur MC	24	287	407	443	850
Nashik MC	24	288	483	479	962
Navi Mumbai MC	14	168	263	211	474
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	29	346	522	517	1,039
Pune MC	42	501	720	713	1,433
Thane MC	22	264	414	391	805
Vasai Virar MC	12	144	241	217	458
Amritsar MC	20	240	386	364	750
Ludhiana MC	24	288	489	424	913
Jaipur MC	36	432	735	634	1,369
Jodhpur MC	23	275	483	450	933
Kota MC	12	144	246	243	489
Chennai MC	48	576	821	854	1,675
Coimbatore MC	12	144	185	161	346
Madurai MC	12	144	203	208	411
Greater Hyderabad MC	94	1,128	1,657	1,622	3,280
Agra MC	24	288	526	518	1,044
Ghaziabad MC	24	288	533	459	994
Kanpur MC	30	360	598	574	1,172
Lucknow MC	27	324	510	526	1,036
Meerut MC	24	285	533	513	1,046
Prayagraj MC	12	144	255	232	487
Varanasi MC	24	288	535	473	1,008
Howrah MC	12	144	218	236	454
Kolkata MC	48	576	902	905	1,807
all million-plus cities	1,630	19,541	31,131	29,705	60,843

Table 2: LFPR according to usual status (ps+ss) for age 15 years and above for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	80.1	34.6	56.2
Vijayawada MC	70.1	30.8	50.7
Patna MC	60.7	14.8	41.1
Raipur MC	81.2	31.0	56.5
Delhi MC	68.5	15.5	43.5
Ahmedabad MC	78.2	28.2	53.6
Rajkot MC	78.3	19.5	49.2
Surat MC	87.9	40.6	66.7
Vadodara MC	75.4	33.5	54.4
Faridabad MC	74.7	15.1	46.3
Srinagar MC	70.8	31.6	53.0
Dhanbad MC	74.7	13.4	45.1
Ranchi MC	65.8	21.1	43.8
Bengaluru MC	78.2	33.2	56.3
Bhopal MC	73.6	20.9	48.3
Gwalior MC	75.0	18.5	47.7
Indore MC	74.7	28.2	51.4
Jabalpur MC	74.9	25.0	50.3
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	70.5	19.0	45.5
Greater Mumbai MC	74.4	26.9	51.3
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	74.7	28.5	52.7
Nagpur MC	71.4	28.8	48.3
Nashik MC	76.2	25.4	50.7
Navi Mumbai MC	79.8	27.5	55.7
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	78.4	31.2	55.3
Pune MC	77.1	35.9	57.9
Thane MC	77.1	27.3	53.7
Vasai Virar MC	76.9	31.9	54.8
Amritsar MC	75.2	24.1	50.2
Ludhiana MC	86.4	23.7	59.0
Jaipur MC	75.2	31.4	55.3
Jodhpur MC	68.4	22.4	46.2
Kota MC	74.0	24.1	48.5
Chennai MC	76.1	27.6	51.4
Coimbatore MC	68.4	41.3	56.0
Madurai MC	80.5	37.0	58.9
Greater Hyderabad MC	77.6	32.9	55.5
Agra MC	81.9	11.4	46.9
Ghaziabad MC	70.3	10.8	43.7
Kanpur MC	72.7	17.8	46.8
Lucknow MC	74.9	23.2	49.2
Meerut MC	76.5	10.4	45.4
Prayagraj MC	64.8	9.3	38.1
Varanasi MC	73.0	14.8	45.7
Howrah MC	76.4	29.0	51.4
Kolkata MC	80.7	29.5	55.4
all million-plus cities	75.9	27.2	52.4
urban India	76.2	27.7	52.2

Table 2.1: LFPR according to current weekly status (CWS) for age 15 years and above for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	79.2	32.4	54.6
Vijayawada MC	66.9	29.7	48.6
Patna MC	60.7	14.8	41.1
Raipur MC	79.8	30.3	55.4
Delhi MC	68.6	14.9	43.4
Ahmedabad MC	77.3	21.7	49.9
Rajkot MC	77.4	14.5	46.3
Surat MC	87.3	34.6	63.7
Vadodara MC	74.2	29.8	51.9
Faridabad MC	74.3	14.9	46.0
Srinagar MC	70.8	31.7	53.0
Dhanbad MC	74.3	11.8	44.1
Ranchi MC	65.4	21.2	43.6
Bengaluru MC	78.3	32.7	56.1
Bhopal MC	74.0	17.0	46.6
Gwalior MC	73.5	16.9	46.1
Indore MC	73.2	26.5	49.8
Jabalpur MC	73.8	25.6	50.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	69.2	18.4	44.5
Greater Mumbai MC	73.3	26.4	50.6
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	74.1	27.9	52.1
Nagpur MC	69.7	27.9	47.1
Nashik MC	75.8	24.1	49.9
Navi Mumbai MC	78.2	25.3	53.8
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	77.4	31.5	54.9
Pune MC	75.7	34.7	56.6
Thane MC	76.5	27.1	53.2
Vasai Virar MC	76.2	31.9	54.4
Amritsar MC	74.7	23.6	49.7
Ludhiana MC	85.9	23.7	58.7
Jaipur MC	75.3	31.0	55.2
Jodhpur MC	68.7	21.1	45.7
Kota MC	73.0	23.7	47.9
Chennai MC	75.9	27.5	51.3
Coimbatore MC	68.3	40.9	55.8
Madurai MC	81.8	35.4	58.8
Greater Hyderabad MC	77.6	32.5	55.4
Agra MC	80.8	11.1	46.2
Ghaziabad MC	69.1	10.8	43.0
Kanpur MC	69.4	17.4	44.9
Lucknow MC	71.4	19.1	45.3
Meerut MC	74.3	9.9	44.0
Prayagraj MC	64.5	9.5	38.0
Varanasi MC	72.9	10.7	43.7
Howrah MC	76.0	26.5	49.9
Kolkata MC	80.1	27.7	54.1
all million-plus cities	75.3	25.8	51.3
urban India	75.3	25.9	50.8

Table 2.2: Percentage distribution of persons of age 15 years and above not in labour force in usual status (ps+ss) by main reason for not being in labour force for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	did not have the required training/qualification/age for work	non-availability of work at a convenient location	health/age related reason	want to continue study	social reasons	financially well-off	child care/personal commitments in home making	others	male
									total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	-	-	40.7	56.1	-	2.9	-	0.3	100.0
Vijayawada MC	-	-	28.7	71.3	-	-	-	-	100.0
Patna MC	-	-	19.2	79.6	-	-	0.6	0.6	100.0
Raipur MC	-	-	47.1	45.3	-	-	1.6	6.0	100.0
Delhi MC	1.8	0.1	36.0	53.0	0.1	1.6	0.7	6.8	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	0.5	0.1	42.1	50.6	-	-	1.3	5.4	100.0
Rajkot MC	-	-	29.6	39.9	0.6	0.2	15.3	14.4	100.0
Surat MC	-	-	46.1	48.2	1.1	-	-	4.6	100.0
Vadodara MC	-	0.7	44.3	50.1	-	2.4	1.7	0.8	100.0
Faridabad MC	0.9	0.9	33.8	61.4	-	0.5	0.7	1.7	100.0
Srinagar MC	0.8	-	45.5	46.9	-	0.7	0.9	5.2	100.0
Dhanbad MC	2.5	-	43.7	52.6	-	-	-	1.2	100.0
Ranchi MC	-	-	34.2	61.8	-	-	0.6	3.3	100.0
Bengaluru MC	-	-	43.1	53.4	-	2.7	0.1	0.8	100.0
Bhopal MC	-	0.4	19.0	59.3	-	13.3	1.1	6.8	100.0
Gwalior MC	-	-	22.7	69.6	-	6.1	0.4	1.2	100.0
Indore MC	0.8	-	24.5	71.0	-	-	-	3.7	100.0
Jabalpur MC	-	-	56.8	33.7	-	0.8	-	8.7	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	-	-	38.0	57.4	-	0.5	-	4.1	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	0.9	-	48.0	43.9	0.6	2.0	1.2	3.3	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	-	-	38.3	56.5	-	1.7	-	3.5	100.0
Nagpur MC	-	-	48.1	43.0	-	4.9	-	4.0	100.0
Nashik MC	-	-	40.2	47.9	-	-	4.4	7.5	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	2.1	-	35.9	61.3	-	-	0.8	-	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	0.2	-	42.6	52.4	-	0.7	2.1	1.9	100.0

Table 2.2: Percentage distribution of persons of age 15 years and above not in labour force in usual status (ps+ss) by main reason for not being in labour force for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	did not have the required training/qualification/age for work	non-availability of work at a convenient location	health/age related reason	want to continue study	social reasons	financially well-off	child care/personal commitments in home making	others	male
									total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Pune MC	0.5	-	37.9	54.5	-	3.9	1.2	1.9	100.0
Thane MC	0.2	-	40.1	48.2	-	-	1.5	10.0	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	-	-	49.7	47.6	-	-	-	2.7	100.0
Amritsar MC	0.3	-	35.9	50.8	-	9.7	1.6	1.7	100.0
Ludhiana MC	-	-	39.4	57.0	-	0.3	-	3.2	100.0
Jaipur MC	0.2	-	27.6	64.2	-	1.0	2.0	5.0	100.0
Jodhpur MC	0.6	2.0	31.6	64.6	-	-	-	1.2	100.0
Kota MC	6.4	-	29.7	53.8	-	2.5	3.4	4.2	100.0
Chennai MC	0.9	1.0	54.6	42.4	-	-	-	1.1	100.0
Coimbatore MC	-	-	29.5	69.5	-	-	0.4	0.6	100.0
Madurai MC	-	-	57.3	32.3	-	-	3.8	6.6	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	0.4	-	39.5	54.3	0.1	0.8	0.2	4.7	100.0
Agra MC	0.5	-	26.8	65.4	-	2.6	-	4.6	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	5.8	-	24.3	60.8	-	0.6	-	8.5	100.0
Kanpur MC	1.8	-	49.1	46.2	-	1.0	-	2.0	100.0
Lucknow MC	3.1	-	39.0	36.3	-	0.2	2.9	18.5	100.0
Meerut MC	0.2	-	31.0	52.7	-	2.5	-	13.7	100.0
Prayagraj MC	-	-	26.0	67.5	-	-	-	6.5	100.0
Varanasi MC	2.5	-	32.1	52.9	1.7	1.9	0.9	7.9	100.0
Howrah MC	-	-	56.7	37.6	-	-	-	5.8	100.0
Kolkata MC	0.6	0.3	43.0	54.3	-	0.5	1.2	0.1	100.0
all million-plus cities	0.7	0.1	38.9	53.5	0.1	1.6	1.0	4.1	100.0
urban India	1.1	0.2	38.7	52.9	0.1	1.5	1.1	4.3	100.0

Table 2.2: Percentage distribution of persons of age 15 years and above not in labour force in usual status (ps+ss) by main reason for not being in labour force for each million-plus city

female

Million-plus city	did not have the required training/qualification/age for work	non-availability of work at a convenient location	health/age related reason	want to continue study	social reasons	financially well-off	child care/personal commitments in home making	others	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	-	0.2	12.9	20.6	3.1	1.1	59.4	2.7	100.0
Vijayawada MC	-	-	22.4	10.9	4.2	-	62.6	-	100.0
Patna MC	0.4	-	5.7	26.7	-	-	67.2	-	100.0
Raipur MC	0.4	-	5.1	15.2	1.2	-	75.7	2.4	100.0
Delhi MC	0.2	0.1	6.8	15.5	0.2	0.5	73.2	3.5	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	0.2	0.0	8.6	14.0	0.5	0.3	73.3	3.0	100.0
Rajkot MC	0.5	0.3	8.7	9.0	1.3	0.7	76.2	3.3	100.0
Surat MC	-	-	6.4	11.2	0.0	0.7	81.6	0.1	100.0
Vadodara MC	0.6	0.2	12.9	11.1	0.5	0.8	72.1	1.7	100.0
Faridabad MC	0.2	-	3.9	16.6	0.2	-	76.5	2.7	100.0
Srinagar MC	0.6	-	7.9	18.7	-	0.8	59.5	12.5	100.0
Dhanbad MC	1.3	0.9	3.4	13.6	0.8	1.1	77.4	1.4	100.0
Ranchi MC	0.9	0.3	2.6	22.6	0.7	-	72.3	0.7	100.0
Bengaluru MC	0.1	0.2	13.8	20.5	0.2	1.4	63.5	0.4	100.0
Bhopal MC	-	-	1.8	16.5	0.3	1.5	77.8	2.1	100.0
Gwalior MC	-	-	4.8	18.6	6.1	0.2	70.2	-	100.0
Indore MC	-	1.0	8.2	20.8	3.3	-	64.8	1.9	100.0
Jabalpur MC	0.1	-	12.8	16.4	-	1.2	67.1	2.4	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	-	-	10.4	17.3	-	1.0	70.0	1.3	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	0.3	0.1	10.9	15.8	0.3	1.6	68.4	2.8	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	-	-	15.4	10.4	1.4	2.8	69.0	1.0	100.0
Nagpur MC	0.2	0.5	14.7	18.5	-	3.8	61.5	0.9	100.0
Nashik MC	0.3	0.5	8.3	16.5	-	0.4	70.9	3.1	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	2.9	-	7.8	18.7	0.5	-	68.4	1.7	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	-	-	5.7	14.4	-	0.6	77.9	1.5	100.0

Labour Market Dynamics in Million-plus Cities

Table 2.2: Percentage distribution of persons of age 15 years and above not in labour force in usual status (ps+ss) by main reason for not being in labour force for each million-plus city

female

Million-plus city	did not have the required training/qualification/age for work	non-availability of work at a convenient location	health/age related reason	want to continue study	social reasons	financially well-off	child care/personal commitments in home making	others	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Pune MC	-	-	13.4	15.6	-	3.0	64.9	3.1	100.0
Thane MC	1.4	-	7.8	14.5	0.3	-	73.5	2.3	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	-	-	18.4	12.7	-	0.3	64.9	3.7	100.0
Amritsar MC	-	0.3	7.5	11.3	0.3	0.3	78.2	2.2	100.0
Ludhiana MC	1.8	0.1	7.5	11.6	0.1	0.3	77.5	1.1	100.0
Jaipur MC	-	0.4	8.4	19.3	2.7	2.8	62.6	3.9	100.0
Jodhpur MC	-	0.3	17.5	16.6	0.9	0.6	62.5	1.7	100.0
Kota MC	1.4	-	10.3	23.2	0.6	4.9	56.5	3.2	100.0
Chennai MC	0.3	0.4	10.6	14.7	4.0	0.1	68.6	1.4	100.0
Coimbatore MC	-	-	31.4	24.1	-	1.9	38.3	4.3	100.0
Madurai MC	-	-	17.8	19.9	-	-	62.3	-	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	-	1.0	12.9	17.6	1.5	2.8	57.6	6.6	100.0
Agra MC	-	-	4.9	13.6	14.6	4.6	41.1	21.2	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	-	-	4.2	17.9	1.0	0.2	75.0	1.7	100.0
Kanpur MC	0.3	0.3	6.0	11.4	3.0	4.4	73.7	0.7	100.0
Lucknow MC	0.0	0.1	5.5	16.4	1.2	1.4	68.6	6.8	100.0
Meerut MC	1.1	-	4.1	18.4	2.8	0.1	71.6	1.8	100.0
Prayagraj MC	-	0.7	5.9	19.4	-	-	73.4	0.6	100.0
Varanasi MC	0.6	-	6.9	15.2	6.6	0.1	66.0	4.5	100.0
Howrah MC	0.7	0.7	5.1	9.7	0.7	-	82.4	0.7	100.0
Kolkata MC	1.6	0.0	7.0	12.7	0.7	1.2	75.8	1.1	100.0
all million-plus cities	0.3	0.2	9.5	16.3	1.1	1.2	68.7	2.7	100.0
urban India	0.5	0.4	10.9	16.1	2.6	1.1	65.4	2.9	100.0

Table 2.2: Percentage distribution of persons of age 15 years and above not in labour force in usual status (ps+ss) by main reason for not being in labour force for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	did not have the required training/qualification/age for work	non-availability of work at a convenient location	health/age related reason	want to continue study	social reasons	financially well-off	child care/personal commitments in home making	others	total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	-	0.2	18.9	28.3	2.5	1.5	46.6	2.2	100.0
Vijayawada MC	-	-	24.3	29.5	2.9	-	43.3	-	100.0
Patna MC	0.2	-	10.9	46.9	-	-	41.8	0.2	100.0
Raipur MC	0.3	-	14.3	21.8	0.9	-	59.5	3.2	100.0
Delhi MC	0.7	0.1	15.4	26.6	0.2	0.8	51.8	4.4	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	0.3	0.1	16.6	22.7	0.4	0.2	56.2	3.6	100.0
Rajkot MC	0.4	0.2	13.3	15.7	1.2	0.6	63.0	5.7	100.0
Surat MC	-	-	14.4	18.6	0.2	0.6	65.2	1.0	100.0
Vadodara MC	0.5	0.4	21.4	21.6	0.4	1.3	53.1	1.5	100.0
Faridabad MC	0.4	0.2	11.3	27.6	0.1	0.1	57.9	2.5	100.0
Srinagar MC	0.7	-	20.2	27.9	-	0.8	40.3	10.1	100.0
Dhanbad MC	1.6	0.7	13.0	22.9	0.6	0.9	58.9	1.4	100.0
Ranchi MC	0.6	0.2	12.4	34.8	0.5	-	50.1	1.5	100.0
Bengaluru MC	0.1	0.1	21.3	29.0	0.1	1.7	47.2	0.5	100.0
Bhopal MC	-	0.1	6.4	27.9	0.2	4.7	57.4	3.3	100.0
Gwalior MC	-	-	9.2	31.2	4.6	1.7	53.0	0.3	100.0
Indore MC	0.2	0.7	12.4	33.8	2.8	-	47.8	2.3	100.0
Jabalpur MC	0.1	-	24.1	20.9	-	1.1	49.9	4.0	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	-	-	18.1	28.5	-	0.9	50.6	2.1	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	0.5	0.0	20.9	23.4	0.4	1.7	50.2	2.9	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	-	-	21.8	23.3	1.0	2.5	49.7	1.7	100.0
Nagpur MC	0.1	0.4	23.2	24.7	-	4.0	46.0	1.7	100.0
Nashik MC	0.2	0.4	16.0	24.1	-	0.3	54.8	4.2	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	2.7	-	14.7	29.2	0.4	-	51.9	1.3	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	0.1	-	14.8	23.8	-	0.6	59.2	1.6	100.0

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Table 2.2: Percentage distribution of persons of age 15 years and above not in labour force in usual status (ps+ss) by main reason for not being in labour force for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	did not have the required training/qualification/age for work	non-availability of work at a convenient location	health/age related reason	want to continue study	social reasons	financially well-off	child care/personal commitments in home making	others	persons
									total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Pune MC	0.1	-	20.5	26.9	-	3.3	46.4	2.7	100.0
Thane MC	1.1	-	16.3	23.3	0.3	-	54.7	4.3	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	-	-	26.5	21.7	-	0.2	48.1	3.4	100.0
Amritsar MC	0.1	0.2	14.7	21.3	0.2	2.7	58.7	2.1	100.0
Ludhiana MC	1.5	0.1	13.4	20.1	0.1	0.3	63.0	1.5	100.0
Jaipur MC	0.1	0.3	14.2	33.0	1.9	2.2	44.2	4.2	100.0
Jodhpur MC	0.2	0.8	21.8	31.1	0.6	0.4	43.6	1.6	100.0
Kota MC	2.6	-	15.1	30.8	0.4	4.3	43.3	3.5	100.0
Chennai MC	0.4	0.5	21.2	21.4	3.0	0.1	52.0	1.3	100.0
Coimbatore MC	-	-	30.7	41.8	-	1.1	23.5	2.9	100.0
Madurai MC	-	-	27.2	22.9	-	-	48.3	1.6	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	0.1	0.7	19.6	26.9	1.1	2.3	42.6	6.6	100.0
Agra MC	0.1	-	8.6	22.5	12.1	4.3	34.1	18.4	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	1.7	-	10.1	30.3	0.7	0.3	53.0	3.9	100.0
Kanpur MC	0.7	0.2	17.7	20.9	2.2	3.5	53.7	1.1	100.0
Lucknow MC	0.8	0.1	13.8	21.3	0.9	1.1	52.3	9.7	100.0
Meerut MC	0.9	-	10.3	26.2	2.2	0.7	55.3	4.5	100.0
Prayagraj MC	-	0.5	11.8	33.6	-	-	51.8	2.3	100.0
Varanasi MC	1.1	-	13.6	25.1	5.3	0.6	48.9	5.4	100.0
Howrah MC	0.5	0.5	16.9	16.1	0.5	-	63.6	1.9	100.0
Kolkata MC	1.4	0.1	14.8	21.7	0.5	1.0	59.5	0.9	100.0
all million-plus cities	0.4	0.2	17.2	26.0	0.9	1.3	51.0	3.1	100.0
urban India	0.7	0.4	17.9	25.3	2.0	1.2	49.2	3.3	100.0

Table 3: WPR according to usual status (ps+ss) for age 15 years and above for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	75.2	32.6	52.8
Vijayawada MC	65.5	28.4	47.2
Patna MC	49.7	9.5	32.5
Raipur MC	79.2	28.3	54.1
Delhi MC	65.3	14.2	41.2
Ahmedabad MC	77.1	28.0	52.9
Rajkot MC	77.9	19.5	49.1
Surat MC	86.9	40.4	66.1
Vadodara MC	73.9	32.7	53.3
Faridabad MC	70.8	14.7	44.0
Srinagar MC	67.3	22.3	46.8
Dhanbad MC	64.6	10.2	38.3
Ranchi MC	62.2	19.0	41.0
Bengaluru MC	76.3	31.9	54.7
Bhopal MC	71.3	18.8	46.1
Gwalior MC	70.7	18.1	45.2
Indore MC	72.2	27.6	49.8
Jabalpur MC	72.2	23.1	48.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	64.6	18.1	42.0
Greater Mumbai MC	72.1	25.6	49.5
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	71.4	26.6	50.0
Nagpur MC	68.0	28.5	46.6
Nashik MC	74.1	24.9	49.4
Navi Mumbai MC	78.1	24.4	53.3
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	75.5	30.4	53.5
Pune MC	70.0	34.4	53.4
Thane MC	73.7	26.5	51.5
Vasai Virar MC	76.6	31.0	54.1
Amritsar MC	69.5	21.2	45.8
Ludhiana MC	83.4	22.8	57.0
Jaipur MC	67.5	25.0	48.3
Jodhpur MC	62.9	17.9	41.2
Kota MC	70.1	17.2	43.1
Chennai MC	72.9	26.2	49.1
Coimbatore MC	66.2	41.1	54.7
Madurai MC	71.1	32.8	52.1
Greater Hyderabad MC	73.0	29.9	51.7
Agra MC	78.8	9.9	44.6
Ghaziabad MC	67.9	10.0	41.9
Kanpur MC	66.3	14.2	41.7
Lucknow MC	71.7	21.1	46.5
Meerut MC	73.9	9.6	43.6
Prayagraj MC	55.8	6.5	32.1
Varanasi MC	68.0	12.9	42.1
Howrah MC	75.5	29.0	50.9
Kolkata MC	79.0	29.2	54.3
all million-plus cities	72.6	25.5	49.8
urban India	73.0	25.9	49.7

Table 3.1: WPR (in percent) according to current weekly status (CWS) for age 15 years and above for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	73.3	29.6	50.3
Vijayawada MC	60.5	25.6	43.3
Patna MC	49.7	9.5	32.5
Raipur MC	76.1	26.6	51.7
Delhi MC	65.0	14.0	41.0
Ahmedabad MC	75.3	21.4	48.7
Rajkot MC	76.9	14.5	46.1
Surat MC	85.1	32.7	61.6
Vadodara MC	71.2	29.1	50.1
Faridabad MC	70.0	14.5	43.5
Srinagar MC	66.8	20.1	45.5
Dhanbad MC	63.6	8.8	37.1
Ranchi MC	61.9	18.8	40.7
Bengaluru MC	76.1	31.3	54.3
Bhopal MC	67.8	14.6	42.2
Gwalior MC	66.8	15.9	42.2
Indore MC	70.0	25.8	47.8
Jabalpur MC	68.3	22.4	45.7
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	60.4	17.2	39.4
Greater Mumbai MC	69.4	23.8	47.3
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	67.9	22.9	46.4
Nagpur MC	64.9	26.6	44.1
Nashik MC	72.6	21.9	47.2
Navi Mumbai MC	75.4	21.1	50.3
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	73.6	29.5	52.1
Pune MC	67.3	30.4	50.1
Thane MC	68.9	24.0	47.8
Vasai Virar MC	73.2	29.5	51.7
Amritsar MC	68.3	20.6	44.9
Ludhiana MC	82.7	22.8	56.5
Jaipur MC	66.4	24.2	47.3
Jodhpur MC	62.9	16.4	40.4
Kota MC	68.1	16.9	42.0
Chennai MC	72.1	25.9	48.6
Coimbatore MC	64.5	40.1	53.4
Madurai MC	71.1	31.2	51.3
Greater Hyderabad MC	72.7	29.4	51.3
Agra MC	72.7	9.4	41.3
Ghaziabad MC	65.2	9.7	40.3
Kanpur MC	58.4	11.5	36.3
Lucknow MC	65.9	16.9	41.5
Meerut MC	70.3	9.1	41.4
Prayagraj MC	49.8	6.5	28.9
Varanasi MC	63.5	8.5	37.7
Howrah MC	74.2	26.5	49.0
Kolkata MC	77.9	27.3	52.8
all million-plus cities	70.6	23.5	47.8
urban India	70.7	23.6	47.4

Table 4: Percentage distribution of workers, age 15 years and above, in usual status (ps+ss) by broad status in employment for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	male					
	self-employed			regular wage/ salary	casual labour	all
	own account worker, employer	helper in household enterprise	all self employed			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	25.3	0.8	26.1	62.4	11.6	100.0
Vijayawada MC	35.4	1.1	36.5	58.1	5.4	100.0
Patna MC	43.1	3.6	46.7	45.8	7.5	100.0
Raipur MC	37.0	6.3	43.3	50.0	6.7	100.0
Delhi MC	39.0	2.7	41.7	54.8	3.5	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	34.6	4.2	38.8	58.8	2.4	100.0
Rajkot MC	43.4	6.8	50.1	41.2	8.7	100.0
Surat MC	28.0	4.8	32.8	62.7	4.5	100.0
Vadodara MC	26.9	3.1	30.0	62.0	8.0	100.0
Faridabad MC	27.8	2.9	30.6	60.6	8.8	100.0
Srinagar MC	45.9	4.3	50.1	41.9	8.0	100.0
Dhanbad MC	36.9	6.4	43.3	38.2	18.5	100.0
Ranchi MC	42.6	3.1	45.7	50.7	3.7	100.0
Bengaluru MC	26.3	2.4	28.8	61.8	9.4	100.0
Bhopal MC	42.4	3.5	46.0	45.3	8.7	100.0
Gwalior MC	57.1	7.6	64.7	30.6	4.7	100.0
Indore MC	43.9	9.9	53.8	40.4	5.8	100.0
Jabalpur MC	33.6	3.9	37.5	37.3	25.3	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar MC	27.1	2.6	29.6	60.8	9.6	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	32.1	3.3	35.3	59.5	5.2	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	23.2	2.8	26.1	72.4	1.5	100.0
Nagpur MC	35.0	5.3	40.3	47.4	12.3	100.0
Nashik MC	30.4	3.4	33.8	59.3	6.9	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	23.7	0.9	24.6	70.1	5.3	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	24.5	2.6	27.1	68.1	4.8	100.0
Pune MC	24.1	2.7	26.7	71.1	2.1	100.0
Thane MC	33.6	2.3	35.9	52.4	11.7	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	33.0	3.6	36.6	57.6	5.7	100.0
Amritsar MC	43.9	5.2	49.2	39.5	11.3	100.0
Ludhiana MC	24.8	9.3	34.1	63.1	2.7	100.0
Jaipur MC	33.5	4.5	38.0	51.0	11.1	100.0
Jodhpur MC	50.4	6.6	57.0	39.0	4.0	100.0
Kota MC	26.5	4.1	30.6	54.5	15.0	100.0
Chennai MC	24.3	2.0	26.3	67.2	6.4	100.0
Coimbatore MC	18.2	0.5	18.7	69.0	12.3	100.0
Madurai MC	27.8	1.9	29.7	56.9	13.4	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	27.6	1.2	28.8	59.3	11.9	100.0
Agra MC	42.8	8.0	50.8	44.1	5.1	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	34.1	2.0	36.0	59.8	4.2	100.0
Kanpur MC	42.4	5.9	48.3	48.4	3.2	100.0
Lucknow MC	38.0	10.7	48.6	44.7	6.7	100.0
Meerut MC	38.1	10.2	48.3	41.3	10.4	100.0
Prayagraj MC	49.7	9.9	59.7	27.2	13.2	100.0
Varanasi MC	51.1	12.3	63.4	27.9	8.7	100.0
Howrah MC	33.1	6.1	39.2	56.3	4.5	100.0
Kolkata MC	37.9	2.6	40.4	47.7	11.9	100.0
all million-plus cities	32.4	3.8	36.2	56.4	7.4	100.0
urban India	35.9	4.5	40.4	46.5	13.1	100.0

Table 4: Percentage distribution of workers, age 15 years and above, in usual status (ps+ss) by broad status in employment for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	female					
	self-employed			regular wage/ salary	casual labour	all
	own account worker, employer	helper in household enterprise	all self employed			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	24.3	7.5	31.8	62.6	5.6	100.0
Vijayawada MC	17.4	4.6	22.0	64.0	14.0	100.0
Patna MC	24.5	7.7	32.2	67.8	-	100.0
Raipur MC	17.2	5.0	22.2	69.1	8.7	100.0
Delhi MC	14.8	3.2	18.0	81.5	0.5	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	44.2	4.7	48.9	48.7	2.4	100.0
Rajkot MC	45.2	6.4	51.6	40.0	8.3	100.0
Surat MC	54.4	13.5	67.9	30.0	2.1	100.0
Vadodara MC	25.8	6.5	32.3	64.1	3.7	100.0
Faridabad MC	17.0	1.4	18.5	80.9	0.6	100.0
Srinagar MC	53.3	4.8	58.1	41.4	0.5	100.0
Dhanbad MC	18.5	37.9	56.4	42.3	1.3	100.0
Ranchi MC	22.1	15.0	37.1	61.0	1.9	100.0
Bengaluru MC	9.9	6.9	16.9	81.5	1.7	100.0
Bhopal MC	37.3	1.7	39.0	59.8	1.2	100.0
Gwalior MC	43.2	21.8	65.0	28.2	6.8	100.0
Indore MC	19.1	22.5	41.6	58.4	-	100.0
Jabalpur MC	40.1	2.6	42.6	55.2	2.1	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar MC	21.0	5.9	26.9	72.0	1.1	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	19.7	5.6	25.3	71.7	2.9	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	20.6	1.0	21.7	77.4	0.9	100.0
Nagpur MC	21.1	12.2	33.3	62.4	4.3	100.0
Nashik MC	29.1	13.3	42.4	52.6	5.0	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	22.1	1.7	23.8	76.2	-	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	17.5	5.3	22.7	77.3	-	100.0
Pune MC	20.3	5.2	25.6	74.0	0.5	100.0
Thane MC	25.5	3.4	28.9	65.5	5.6	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	20.4	4.2	24.5	74.2	1.3	100.0
Amritsar MC	20.9	5.0	25.9	62.8	11.3	100.0
Ludhiana MC	30.4	7.1	37.6	62.0	0.4	100.0
Jaipur MC	25.4	8.6	34.0	56.4	9.6	100.0
Jodhpur MC	30.3	19.3	49.7	42.1	8.3	100.0
Kota MC	32.6	1.6	34.3	58.9	6.8	100.0
Chennai MC	13.6	4.6	18.1	80.6	1.2	100.0
Coimbatore MC	16.4	12.2	28.6	70.4	1.0	100.0
Madurai MC	21.1	5.2	26.3	66.7	7.0	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	16.9	6.8	23.7	69.3	7.0	100.0
Agra MC	43.6	2.4	45.9	49.2	4.9	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	8.4	2.0	10.4	89.6	-	100.0
Kanpur MC	29.8	13.7	43.4	55.2	1.4	100.0
Lucknow MC	28.5	16.2	44.7	55.3	-	100.0
Meerut MC	23.9	5.0	28.8	71.2	-	100.0
Prayagraj MC	21.1	-	21.1	69.0	9.9	100.0
Varanasi MC	57.4	11.7	69.1	30.4	0.6	100.0
Howrah MC	34.5	8.1	42.6	53.4	4.0	100.0
Kolkata MC	31.4	6.0	37.3	60.3	2.4	100.0
all million-plus cities	24.6	7.3	32.0	65.1	3.0	100.0
urban India	28.6	11.8	40.4	50.9	8.7	100.0

Table 4: Percentage distribution of workers, age 15 years and above, in usual status (ps+ss) by broad status in employment for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	self-employed			regular wage/ salary	casual labour	all person
	own account worker, employer	helper in household enterprise	all self employed			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	25.0	3.0	27.9	62.4	9.6	100.0
Vijayawada MC	30.0	2.1	32.2	59.9	7.9	100.0
Patna MC	40.7	4.1	44.9	48.6	6.6	100.0
Raipur MC	31.9	6.0	37.9	54.9	7.2	100.0
Delhi MC	35.1	2.8	37.9	59.2	3.0	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	37.1	4.3	41.4	56.2	2.4	100.0
Rajkot MC	43.7	6.7	50.4	41.0	8.6	100.0
Surat MC	35.3	7.1	42.4	53.8	3.8	100.0
Vadodara MC	26.6	4.1	30.7	62.6	6.7	100.0
Faridabad MC	26.1	2.6	28.7	63.8	7.5	100.0
Srinagar MC	48.8	4.3	53.0	40.8	6.1	100.0
Dhanbad MC	34.6	10.5	45.0	38.7	16.3	100.0
Ranchi MC	37.9	5.8	43.7	53.0	3.3	100.0
Bengaluru MC	21.7	3.7	25.4	67.4	7.2	100.0
Bhopal MC	41.4	3.2	44.6	48.1	7.3	100.0
Gwalior MC	54.4	10.3	64.7	30.2	5.1	100.0
Indore MC	37.0	13.4	50.4	45.4	4.2	100.0
Jabalpur MC	35.1	3.6	38.7	41.5	19.8	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	25.8	3.3	29.1	63.1	7.8	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	29.0	3.9	32.8	62.5	4.6	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	22.6	2.4	24.9	73.7	1.3	100.0
Nagpur MC	30.4	7.6	38.0	52.4	9.6	100.0
Nashik MC	30.1	5.9	36.0	57.6	6.4	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	23.4	1.1	24.4	71.4	4.2	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	22.5	3.4	25.9	70.6	3.5	100.0
Pune MC	22.9	3.5	26.4	72.0	1.6	100.0
Thane MC	31.6	2.6	34.2	55.6	10.2	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	29.4	3.8	33.2	62.3	4.5	100.0
Amritsar MC	38.7	5.2	43.9	44.8	11.3	100.0
Ludhiana MC	25.8	8.9	34.7	63.0	2.3	100.0
Jaipur MC	31.6	5.5	37.0	52.2	10.7	100.0
Jodhpur MC	46.2	9.3	55.4	39.7	4.9	100.0
Kota MC	27.8	3.6	31.3	55.4	13.3	100.0
Chennai MC	21.4	2.7	24.1	70.9	5.0	100.0
Coimbatore MC	17.6	4.5	22.1	69.5	8.4	100.0
Madurai MC	25.7	3.0	28.7	59.9	11.4	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	24.6	2.8	27.4	62.1	10.5	100.0
Agra MC	42.9	7.4	50.3	44.6	5.1	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	31.3	2.0	33.3	63.0	3.7	100.0
Kanpur MC	40.4	7.2	47.5	49.5	2.9	100.0
Lucknow MC	35.8	11.9	47.7	47.1	5.2	100.0
Meerut MC	36.7	9.6	46.3	44.4	9.3	100.0
Prayagraj MC	46.9	8.9	55.9	31.3	12.8	100.0
Varanasi MC	52.0	12.2	64.2	28.3	7.5	100.0
Howrah MC	33.6	6.7	40.2	55.4	4.3	100.0
Kolkata MC	36.1	3.5	39.6	51.0	9.4	100.0
all million-plus cities	30.5	4.7	35.1	58.5	6.3	100.0
urban India	34.0	6.4	40.4	47.6	12.0	100.0

Table 5: Percentage distribution of workers, age 15 years and above, in usual status (ps+ss) by industry of work (NIC-2008) for each million-plus city																					
Million-plus city	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	male
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	2.69	0.25	17.48	0.10	0.78	13.94	16.50	9.74	3.29	5.04	4.57	1.48	2.28	3.22	8.42	2.63	1.87	0.53	3.42	1.78	100.00
Vijayawada MC	8.34	-	12.13	-	1.49	8.23	23.32	9.93	6.43	3.68	2.26	1.80	2.16	0.39	9.62	2.29	0.67	1.47	5.35	0.44	100.00
Patna MC	2.76	-	7.64	0.45	1.12	9.31	32.50	10.78	2.16	0.99	4.45	0.84	3.04	5.46	1.35	5.33	4.38	0.46	2.03	4.97	100.00
Raipur MC	0.64	-	19.78	0.19	0.33	8.69	30.48	9.27	6.31	2.30	2.29	0.67	4.29	3.76	4.54	0.77	0.28	0.69	2.96	1.77	100.00
Delhi MC	0.16	0.04	19.88	0.28	0.41	4.64	23.42	9.16	4.24	4.40	4.63	2.00	4.80	5.56	4.96	2.81	2.19	0.88	2.77	2.79	100.00
Ahmedabad MC	0.20	0.07	30.94	0.42	0.15	7.87	18.02	8.94	3.08	4.04	3.97	0.50	4.89	5.38	1.92	1.46	2.86	0.33	3.25	1.70	100.00
Rajkot MC	4.76	0.11	45.53	-	0.07	6.17	17.14	7.12	1.24	2.88	3.38	0.17	2.37	2.19	0.59	0.93	1.88	1.14	2.31	-	100.00
Surat MC	0.40	0.12	49.68	0.21	0.31	7.56	21.90	5.84	2.17	1.22	1.60	0.33	1.28	1.93	0.26	1.40	1.13	-	2.62	0.04	100.00
Vadodara MC	1.99	1.61	26.71	0.77	0.23	11.72	15.56	7.28	6.79	3.01	3.49	0.65	2.89	4.23	3.55	2.80	1.72	0.73	3.70	0.59	100.00
Faridabad MC	1.42	-	33.68	0.48	1.37	10.97	15.69	11.03	2.68	2.59	3.66	1.20	4.44	3.81	0.83	1.02	1.23	0.71	2.18	1.02	100.00
Srinagar MC	1.83	-	11.12	-	1.72	12.02	38.88	10.64	3.80	1.35	1.32	0.18	2.44	1.49	2.61	3.49	3.08	-	1.21	2.81	100.00
Dhanbad MC	5.26	10.78	7.04	-	-	19.11	27.22	10.83	4.49	0.93	1.01	0.27	0.26	5.02	0.28	1.66	0.87	-	2.86	2.12	100.00
Ranchi MC	1.44	0.22	13.06	0.41	-	9.36	31.38	10.34	6.15	0.94	1.75	1.26	5.92	2.16	3.56	3.45	2.64	0.38	4.83	0.73	100.00
Bengaluru MC	1.04	0.04	13.11	0.37	0.29	11.67	17.00	8.19	5.73	19.62	3.47	1.23	5.14	3.74	1.04	2.20	1.47	0.29	1.98	2.38	100.00
Bhopal MC	0.76	-	11.63	3.83	-	10.84	30.28	13.44	3.60	1.12	4.68	0.96	1.76	0.55	7.82	2.65	1.66	0.12	3.20	1.11	100.00
Gwalior MC	20.51	1.70	19.04	0.46	0.37	6.49	17.45	5.14	6.45	1.85	2.77	1.51	0.51	2.68	4.91	3.69	2.66	0.32	1.50	-	100.00
Indore MC	5.39	-	20.80	0.23	-	13.43	23.99	10.19	4.98	2.61	3.00	0.53	1.82	1.81	2.46	2.88	1.28	0.46	2.95	1.21	100.00
Jabalpur MC	1.33	-	10.64	0.62	0.33	18.57	27.52	9.93	5.15	1.77	2.25	1.46	2.84	2.45	3.96	4.69	1.12	0.74	2.64	1.98	100.00
Chhatrapati Sambhajinagar MC	0.39	-	21.09	-	0.64	7.35	22.33	6.74	3.88	0.48	3.66	1.82	4.39	4.24	1.54	11.20	3.67	1.66	3.38	1.54	100.00
Greater Mumbai MC	0.60	0.27	17.75	0.36	0.58	8.13	20.34	9.37	3.93	6.16	6.31	1.20	5.02	5.63	2.96	0.99	2.16	1.53	3.67	3.04	100.00
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	-	0.62	20.41	0.40	-	8.60	15.31	15.75	4.70	7.48	7.00	3.75	3.27	4.52	3.55	1.65	1.39	0.38	0.81	0.41	100.00
Nagpur MC	3.75	0.58	14.95	0.86	0.57	14.44	18.98	8.49	4.58	5.82	4.59	0.98	4.63	3.13	5.91	2.52	2.21	1.84	0.69	0.48	100.00
Nashik MC	1.61	-	27.94	1.11	-	13.85	15.17	12.24	1.88	4.39	2.42	1.23	2.94	2.92	4.65	3.06	0.95	0.51	3.03	0.10	100.00
Navi Mumbai MC	-	-	10.87	-	-	7.58	10.23	21.50	3.22	11.20	10.03	1.14	4.27	6.35	5.12	0.50	5.17	0.40	1.26	1.15	100.00
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	1.22	-	36.33	1.16	0.13	14.11	13.05	7.08	2.79	7.39	4.59	0.91	2.30	2.11	3.10	0.75	1.48	-	0.90	0.61	100.00
Pune MC	1.14	-	11.32	0.34	0.76	6.29	19.47	7.40	6.10	12.24	8.50	0.95	3.91	5.57	3.27	3.22	2.88	0.89	3.36	2.42	100.00
Thane MC	0.61	-	17.98	0.62	-	14.51	19.54	10.68	7.93	4.40	4.98	3.21	1.94	7.73	0.71	1.54	1.88	0.49	1.24	-	100.00
Vasai Virar MC	9.07	-	16.13	-	0.21	3.70	23.57	13.20	7.85	2.33	5.43	-	5.93	4.33	0.21	3.07	1.15	1.43	2.02	0.36	100.00

Table 5: Percentage distribution of workers, age 15 years and above, in usual status (ps+ss) by industry of work (NIC-2008) for each million-plus city																					
Million-plus city	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	male all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Amritsar MC	2.49	-	19.27	-	1.06	6.71	34.19	8.94	4.13	0.57	4.74	2.00	1.47	2.12	0.67	3.74	1.92	0.27	5.19	0.53	100.00
Ludhiana MC	1.37	-	56.29	-	0.21	3.82	18.63	4.18	2.83	0.79	0.81	2.98	0.32	0.76	1.53	2.22	0.64	0.59	1.71	0.31	100.00
Jaipur MC	0.93	-	22.22	0.60	0.57	9.37	17.27	8.73	6.24	2.14	4.24	1.10	2.49	7.46	4.38	1.83	2.38	0.99	3.15	3.88	100.00
Jodhpur MC	1.58	2.50	24.16	0.96	3.47	10.83	20.70	9.07	3.07	1.87	2.86	2.30	4.59	0.69	3.11	4.18	2.45	-	1.60	-	100.00
Kota MC	2.63	1.01	26.06	1.27	0.32	10.07	28.28	2.34	5.26	0.26	2.76	0.92	1.79	2.28	3.24	1.43	8.03	0.12	1.93	-	100.00
Chennai MC	1.09	0.15	17.21	0.40	1.14	6.41	21.56	9.50	6.65	13.09	3.48	-	4.46	2.55	2.66	1.81	2.41	0.85	2.19	2.39	100.00
Coimbatore MC	0.72	-	16.80	-	-	12.86	19.65	10.37	0.27	9.46	5.94	5.53	1.44	1.20	0.84	3.10	6.38	1.00	0.67	3.75	100.00
Madurai MC	-	-	11.50	-	0.06	10.67	34.28	8.73	5.23	1.57	3.78	-	-	0.87	7.31	3.88	5.42	0.75	5.94	-	100.00
Greater Hyderabad MC	0.64	0.07	13.17	0.19	0.96	12.99	19.12	7.90	4.49	14.63	3.74	2.47	3.34	2.36	2.66	2.24	1.74	0.94	2.18	4.17	100.00
Agra MC	-	-	31.54	0.50	-	7.02	28.72	4.20	4.84	1.19	1.50	1.02	3.03	3.40	1.51	4.49	2.61	1.00	3.45	-	100.00
Ghaziabad MC	0.87	-	27.25	1.03	4.43	5.54	18.25	10.40	3.81	5.41	2.39	3.01	2.81	6.63	1.65	1.22	2.34	0.79	1.22	0.96	100.00
Kanpur MC	1.31	-	22.69	0.26	-	8.63	28.37	8.82	4.15	2.07	4.06	0.88	3.37	1.70	2.71	6.59	1.37	-	2.33	0.69	100.00
Lucknow MC	2.77	-	20.70	-	0.88	6.88	20.77	8.41	3.64	2.01	3.73	1.00	5.35	6.04	1.74	4.07	2.67	1.79	2.97	4.57	100.00
Meerut MC	2.83	-	35.15	0.16	0.48	12.41	24.94	6.64	0.77	2.59	1.70	1.38	1.50	0.22	1.85	0.49	1.67	1.01	3.83	0.41	100.00
Prayagraj MC	1.30	-	9.41	0.47	-	14.12	35.83	9.88	1.10	-	3.14	0.72	9.79	1.07	7.31	5.84	-	-	-	-	100.00
Varanasi MC	0.56	-	16.03	-	0.32	9.23	42.38	5.94	4.05	1.37	1.92	0.49	3.93	1.99	0.97	4.72	1.97	0.54	3.60	-	100.00
Howrah MC	-	-	23.38	-	-	7.39	22.88	13.26	5.43	6.81	0.81	1.37	2.97	5.44	2.51	1.91	0.23	-	1.30	4.31	100.00
Kolkata MC	1.41	-	18.56	0.30	1.23	7.80	21.29	8.72	10.40	3.40	2.62	0.91	4.10	3.53	2.01	2.46	2.23	1.92	2.74	4.37	100.00
all million-plus cities	1.57	0.21	22.03	0.44	0.53	9.44	20.90	8.96	4.55	6.26	3.98	1.29	3.54	3.71	2.82	2.37	2.12	0.74	2.57	1.95	100.00
urban India	5.71	0.43	19.76	0.59	0.75	12.47	22.06	8.80	4.40	3.75	2.89	0.85	2.42	2.53	2.98	3.12	1.86	0.69	2.83	1.12	100.00

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Million-plus city	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	female all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	2.82	-	19.47	0.46	1.04	3.41	18.61	1.96	2.44	3.39	4.04	0.18	-	0.18	4.17	9.87	9.67	-	2.14	16.14	100.00
Vijayawada MC	5.96	-	16.36	-	2.08	5.66	11.13	-	3.42	5.37	7.02	-	5.62	-	-	16.69	-	4.88	5.68	10.13	100.00
Patna MC	1.28	-	7.51	-	-	-	20.29	2.35	0.33	-	-	-	3.11	0.33	-	27.57	13.01	-	6.12	18.10	100.00
Raipur MC	0.80	-	9.47	-	-	3.80	12.70	1.87	11.67	3.31	3.24	1.29	2.57	1.38	2.05	7.61	6.24	-	11.83	20.17	100.00
Delhi MC	0.14	-	7.80	0.05	0.38	-	10.18	0.64	2.20	6.01	5.39	0.53	4.80	10.60	3.56	20.15	8.18	-	3.63	15.76	100.00
Ahmedabad MC	0.32	-	29.95	0.29	-	2.38	11.87	4.84	3.17	3.13	5.17	0.10	6.13	3.11	1.22	8.31	4.12	0.08	6.24	9.57	100.00
Rajkot MC	8.74	-	30.50	-	-	6.34	8.45	5.11	2.42	6.13	3.87	-	3.87	4.46	-	6.01	6.32	-	5.28	2.49	100.00
Surat MC	0.23	-	55.07	-	-	2.05	14.40	2.76	1.73	0.99	1.78	0.55	0.48	3.52	1.02	7.17	3.65	-	4.31	0.30	100.00
Vadodara MC	-	-	19.81	-	-	3.21	15.55	1.35	4.24	1.74	2.80	-	1.88	6.10	1.14	9.64	9.67	0.21	7.54	15.11	100.00
Faridabad MC	4.33	-	33.15	-	0.82	0.90	5.95	0.68	-	7.26	0.74	-	4.03	6.58	-	14.92	0.51	-	6.78	13.34	100.00
Srinagar MC	20.85	-	36.65	-	0.97	-	3.47	-	-	-	2.80	-	3.06	0.48	0.78	22.68	6.19	-	0.56	1.49	100.00
Dhanbad MC	40.31	6.24	9.46	-	-	-	6.03	-	1.82	-	2.16	-	1.87	-	-	7.90	10.71	-	6.19	7.30	100.00
Ranchi MC	2.43	-	1.01	-	-	3.43	24.91	1.33	1.95	1.56	2.07	-	-	0.90	0.77	20.29	9.18	-	7.52	22.64	100.00
Bengaluru MC	0.66	-	13.17	-	0.14	1.94	7.46	0.62	3.01	23.32	2.35	0.93	3.72	4.41	1.36	9.24	6.15	-	5.61	15.91	100.00
Bhopal MC	-	-	27.23	-	-	-	3.53	0.35	3.39	3.45	10.34	0.36	2.52	-	7.42	19.54	11.63	-	1.65	8.58	100.00
Gwalior MC	28.98	-	14.60	-	-	7.59	18.36	-	0.97	0.74	1.14	-	-	-	-	16.65	2.67	-	6.25	2.05	100.00
Indore MC	3.92	-	49.84	-	0.59	0.62	9.85	-	2.42	1.91	3.95	-	1.49	3.33	1.05	8.43	2.16	-	5.15	5.26	100.00
Jabalpur MC	1.26	-	25.47	-	-	-	7.60	-	8.83	2.68	0.50	-	3.07	0.93	1.07	18.06	6.17	3.22	1.79	19.34	100.00
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	1.07	-	8.01	-	1.97	-	8.23	-	1.07	2.93	-	-	2.71	5.19	-	36.15	13.93	2.14	0.79	15.79	100.00
Greater Mumbai MC	0.42	-	15.11	-	-	1.96	6.44	1.54	3.80	5.35	10.03	0.77	11.55	7.51	1.71	9.22	5.70	1.06	7.09	10.74	100.00
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	-	-	7.62	-	-	1.82	17.78	5.96	3.94	9.29	3.13	-	1.79	13.20	-	11.84	10.69	-	2.34	10.61	100.00
Nagpur MC	0.09	-	12.17	0.28	-	3.87	17.71	0.92	9.48	1.13	2.94	-	1.33	0.48	1.62	10.26	6.00	-	5.63	26.08	100.00
Nashik MC	4.20	-	28.32	-	-	5.96	17.30	1.38	1.37	1.35	2.40	-	2.36	0.83	2.14	9.57	3.37	-	14.76	4.72	100.00
Navi Mumbai MC	-	-	21.75	1.56	-	0.61	13.03	2.55	1.53	3.90	3.96	-	14.86	-	2.21	4.63	14.30	-	5.88	9.21	100.00
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	0.46	-	18.58	-	-	7.72	5.24	0.93	2.45	15.69	3.02	-	5.64	5.64	0.12	18.26	6.16	0.31	5.15	4.66	100.00
Pune MC	0.40	-	10.98	-	-	1.86	7.47	0.30	2.04	11.07	4.64	0.24	3.14	2.47	1.75	11.84	5.78	2.12	8.07	25.85	100.00
Thane MC	-	-	16.03	-	-	4.70	11.12	0.85	1.79	7.20	9.56	-	5.23	4.20	1.11	6.59	10.84	-	7.62	13.15	100.00
Vasai Virar MC	1.44	-	33.94	-	-	0.98	16.82	-	3.61	3.40	3.24	-	7.24	3.61	-	8.55	9.25	1.44	0.88	5.61	100.00

Table 5: Percentage distribution of workers, age 15 years and above, in usual status (ps+ss) by industry of work (NIC-2008) for each million-plus city																					
Million-plus city	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	female all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Amritsar MC	-	-	19.21	-	-	-	10.65	-	1.30	3.31	10.34	-	1.65	0.35	0.33	12.08	10.74	-	18.88	11.16	100.00
Ludhiana MC	-	-	47.85	-	-	-	8.48	0.47	0.76	4.83	1.21	-	-	-	-	14.84	3.96	-	5.49	12.11	100.00
Jaipur MC	9.47	-	16.05	1.21	0.80	9.60	2.66	2.05	1.87	5.25	4.44	0.89	5.41	9.05	0.35	11.27	4.28	1.53	8.02	5.82	100.00
Jodhpur MC	2.87	-	29.92	-	8.48	1.70	9.11	-	5.46	1.19	-	-	4.76	1.97	-	25.97	5.51	-	1.34	1.73	100.00
Kota MC	-	-	8.12	-	-	2.71	21.42	-	5.27	-	-	-	-	-	11.99	11.36	16.34	-	6.00	16.78	100.00
Chennai MC	-	-	14.44	-	1.46	0.64	7.46	2.27	4.63	13.79	6.97	0.19	3.13	3.41	2.71	11.43	5.96	0.22	2.17	19.11	100.00
Coimbatore MC	-	-	25.62	3.16	-	0.96	17.84	-	3.09	4.90	-	1.37	-	0.54	1.61	12.94	17.82	-	0.21	9.93	100.00
Madurai MC	4.46	-	8.31	-	-	1.26	25.28	-	9.63	4.85	0.42	-	1.26	1.97	10.54	10.38	8.83	-	4.49	8.31	100.00
Greater Hyderabad MC	1.67	-	12.52	0.12	2.71	6.39	17.03	0.24	2.72	12.06	2.80	-	1.15	2.10	1.27	8.90	5.45	0.04	6.75	16.08	100.00
Agra MC	-	-	27.70	-	-	2.85	25.16	2.83	-	1.31	-	-	-	2.32	-	10.74	7.01	-	10.00	10.09	100.00
Ghaziabad MC	1.26	-	12.35	-	-	0.99	2.65	3.53	-	0.60	7.60	2.21	-	11.97	-	19.66	1.10	4.39	5.66	26.01	100.00
Kanpur MC	0.67	-	21.76	2.00	-	1.72	21.31	1.50	2.08	-	1.67	-	1.08	-	-	27.91	3.24	0.86	8.37	5.84	100.00
Lucknow MC	4.86	-	15.04	-	-	-	12.54	0.30	2.05	4.75	1.88	-	1.86	2.48	2.61	28.39	3.07	-	5.23	14.94	100.00
Meerut MC	1.67	-	23.70	-	-	1.11	6.18	1.63	-	4.23	2.81	-	-	-	1.94	23.09	7.83	-	0.76	25.05	100.00
Prayagraj MC	-	-	6.44	-	-	-	2.99	-	-	-	-	-	7.36	-	7.36	45.06	10.11	-	16.55	4.14	100.00
Varanasi MC	1.25	-	19.95	-	-	1.92	26.81	2.86	5.44	0.66	-	-	6.50	11.67	-	10.77	6.58	-	3.22	2.36	100.00
Howrah MC	-	-	31.60	-	1.03	-	14.46	1.69	3.06	4.46	1.12	-	1.12	-	2.19	8.99	6.34	-	5.68	18.26	100.00
Kolkata MC	-	-	9.27	-	0.37	0.27	14.73	1.11	8.97	3.65	2.21	0.10	2.58	1.36	1.45	12.59	3.28	0.47	7.24	30.36	100.00
all million-plus cities	1.68	0.02	20.33	0.20	0.46	2.60	11.67	1.32	3.38	7.44	3.87	0.33	3.77	3.65	1.70	11.98	6.43	0.41	5.62	13.12	100.00
urban India	12.72	0.06	21.65	0.17	0.49	3.05	12.57	1.02	3.49	3.85	2.43	0.21	1.90	1.97	2.14	12.09	5.79	0.31	4.58	9.49	100.00

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Million-plus city	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	person all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	2.73	0.17	18.13	0.22	0.86	10.52	17.18	7.21	3.01	4.50	4.40	1.06	1.54	2.24	7.04	4.98	4.40	0.36	3.01	6.44	100.00
Vijayawada MC	7.63	-	13.38	-	1.67	7.46	19.71	6.99	5.54	4.18	3.67	1.27	3.19	0.27	6.77	6.56	0.47	2.48	5.45	3.31	100.00
Patna MC	2.57	-	7.63	0.39	0.98	8.15	30.98	9.73	1.93	0.87	3.89	0.74	3.05	4.82	1.18	8.10	5.46	0.40	2.54	6.60	100.00
Raipur MC	0.68	-	17.12	0.14	0.25	7.43	25.89	7.36	7.69	2.56	2.53	0.83	3.85	3.14	3.90	2.54	1.82	0.51	5.25	6.52	100.00
Delhi MC	0.16	0.03	17.92	0.24	0.41	3.89	21.27	7.77	3.91	4.66	4.75	1.76	4.80	6.38	4.73	5.62	3.16	0.74	2.91	4.90	100.00
Ahmedabad MC	0.23	0.05	30.68	0.39	0.11	6.44	16.42	7.87	3.10	3.81	4.28	0.39	5.21	4.79	1.74	3.24	3.19	0.27	4.03	3.75	100.00
Rajkot MC	5.54	0.09	42.58	-	0.06	6.20	15.43	6.73	1.48	3.52	3.48	0.14	2.67	2.63	0.48	1.93	2.75	0.92	2.89	0.49	100.00
Surat MC	0.36	0.09	51.16	0.15	0.23	6.05	19.84	5.00	2.05	1.16	1.65	0.39	1.06	2.37	0.47	2.98	1.82	-	3.08	0.11	100.00
Vadodara MC	1.38	1.12	24.59	0.53	0.16	9.11	15.56	5.46	6.00	2.62	3.28	0.45	2.58	4.81	2.81	4.90	4.17	0.57	4.88	5.05	100.00
Faridabad MC	1.88	-	33.60	0.40	1.28	9.37	14.14	9.38	2.25	3.34	3.20	1.01	4.37	4.25	0.69	3.23	1.12	0.60	2.91	2.99	100.00
Srinagar MC	5.99	-	16.50	-	1.51	9.09	30.18	8.05	2.87	1.02	1.62	0.14	2.52	1.24	2.15	7.64	3.70	1.52	1.80	2.46	100.00
Dhanbad MC	9.76	10.20	7.35	-	-	16.66	24.50	9.44	4.15	0.81	1.16	0.23	0.47	4.37	0.24	2.46	2.14	-	3.29	2.78	100.00
Ranchi MC	1.67	0.17	10.30	0.32	-	8.00	29.90	8.28	5.19	1.09	1.82	0.97	4.57	1.87	2.93	7.30	4.14	0.29	5.45	5.74	100.00
Bengaluru MC	0.93	0.03	13.13	0.26	0.25	8.91	14.29	6.04	4.96	20.67	3.15	1.14	4.73	3.93	1.13	4.20	2.80	0.21	3.01	6.22	100.00
Bhopal MC	0.61	-	14.69	3.08	-	8.71	25.04	10.87	3.56	1.58	5.79	0.84	1.91	0.44	7.74	5.96	3.61	0.10	2.90	2.57	100.00
Gwalior MC	22.14	1.37	18.18	0.37	0.30	6.70	17.62	4.15	5.39	1.63	2.45	1.22	0.41	2.16	3.96	6.19	2.66	0.26	2.42	0.40	100.00
Indore MC	4.98	-	28.83	0.17	0.16	9.89	20.08	7.37	4.27	2.42	3.26	0.38	1.73	2.23	2.07	4.42	1.52	0.33	3.56	2.33	100.00
Jabalpur MC	1.31	-	14.15	0.48	0.25	14.17	22.79	7.58	6.03	1.99	1.83	1.11	2.90	2.09	3.28	7.86	2.32	1.32	2.44	6.10	100.00
Chhatrapati Sambhajinagar MC	0.53	-	18.35	-	0.92	5.81	19.38	5.33	3.29	0.99	2.89	1.44	4.04	4.44	1.22	16.43	5.82	1.76	2.83	4.52	100.00
Greater Mumbai MC	0.56	0.20	17.09	0.27	0.43	6.58	16.86	7.41	3.90	5.96	7.24	1.09	6.65	6.10	2.65	3.06	3.05	1.41	4.53	4.97	100.00
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	-	0.46	17.17	0.30	-	6.88	15.93	13.27	4.51	7.94	6.02	2.80	2.90	6.72	2.65	4.23	3.75	0.29	1.20	3.00	100.00
Nagpur MC	2.53	0.39	14.02	0.67	0.38	10.93	18.56	5.98	6.20	4.27	4.04	0.66	3.53	2.25	4.48	5.09	3.47	1.23	2.33	8.98	100.00
Nashik MC	2.26	-	28.04	0.83	-	11.86	15.71	9.49	1.75	3.62	2.41	0.92	2.79	2.39	4.02	4.70	1.56	0.38	6.00	1.27	100.00
Navi Mumbai MC	-	-	13.17	0.33	-	6.11	10.82	17.51	2.87	9.66	8.75	0.90	6.50	5.01	4.51	1.37	7.10	0.31	2.24	2.85	100.00
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	1.01	-	31.39	0.84	0.09	12.33	10.88	5.37	2.70	9.69	4.15	0.66	3.23	3.09	2.27	5.62	2.78	0.09	2.08	1.73	100.00
Pune MC	0.92	-	11.21	0.23	0.53	4.96	15.87	5.27	4.88	11.89	7.34	0.74	3.68	4.64	2.81	5.81	3.75	1.26	4.77	9.45	100.00
Thane MC	0.46	-	17.51	0.47	-	12.14	17.50	8.30	6.45	5.08	6.08	2.43	2.74	6.88	0.81	2.76	4.05	0.37	2.79	3.18	100.00
Vasai Virar MC	6.92	-	21.15	-	0.15	2.93	21.66	9.48	6.65	2.63	4.82	-	6.30	4.13	0.15	4.61	3.44	1.43	1.70	1.85	100.00

Table 5: Percentage distribution of workers, age 15 years and above, in usual status (ps+ss) by industry of work (NIC-2008) for each million-plus city																					
Million-plus city	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	person all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Amritsar MC	1.92	-	19.25	-	0.82	5.19	28.86	6.91	3.49	1.19	6.01	1.55	1.51	1.72	0.59	5.63	3.92	0.21	8.29	2.94	100.00
Ludhiana MC	1.13	-	54.82	-	0.17	3.16	16.86	3.54	2.47	1.49	0.88	2.46	0.26	0.63	1.26	4.42	1.22	0.49	2.37	2.37	100.00
Jaipur MC	2.94	-	20.77	0.75	0.63	9.42	13.83	7.16	5.21	2.87	4.29	1.05	3.18	7.84	3.44	4.05	2.83	1.12	4.30	4.34	100.00
Jodhpur MC	1.85	1.97	25.37	0.76	4.52	8.91	18.26	7.16	3.57	1.73	2.26	1.82	4.62	0.96	2.45	8.77	3.10	-	1.55	0.36	100.00
Kota MC	2.10	0.81	22.40	1.01	0.26	8.57	26.89	1.86	5.26	0.21	2.20	0.73	1.43	1.81	5.02	3.46	9.72	0.10	2.76	3.42	100.00
Chennai MC	0.79	0.11	16.46	0.29	1.22	4.85	17.73	7.54	6.10	13.28	4.43	0.05	4.10	2.78	2.68	4.42	3.37	0.68	2.19	6.93	100.00
Coimbatore MC	0.47	-	19.82	1.08	-	8.79	19.03	6.82	1.23	7.90	3.91	4.11	0.95	0.98	1.10	6.47	10.30	0.66	0.51	5.87	100.00
Madurai MC	1.39	-	10.50	-	0.04	7.73	31.47	6.00	6.61	2.60	2.73	-	0.39	1.21	8.32	5.91	6.49	0.52	5.49	2.60	100.00
Greater Hyderabad MC	0.93	0.05	12.99	0.17	1.46	11.12	18.53	5.73	3.99	13.90	3.47	1.77	2.72	2.29	2.27	4.12	2.79	0.68	3.47	7.55	100.00
Agra MC	-	-	31.11	0.44	-	6.56	28.32	4.05	4.30	1.20	1.33	0.91	2.69	3.28	1.34	5.18	3.10	0.89	4.17	1.11	100.00
Ghaziabad MC	0.91	-	25.66	0.92	3.96	5.06	16.59	9.67	3.41	4.90	2.95	2.93	2.51	7.19	1.47	3.18	2.21	1.18	1.69	3.63	100.00
Kanpur MC	1.21	-	22.54	0.54	-	7.52	27.23	7.64	3.81	1.73	3.68	0.74	3.00	1.42	2.27	10.02	1.67	0.14	3.30	1.52	100.00
Lucknow MC	3.24	-	19.42	-	0.68	5.33	18.91	6.58	3.28	2.63	3.31	0.77	4.56	5.24	1.94	9.57	2.76	1.38	3.48	6.92	100.00
Meerut MC	2.71	-	33.96	0.14	0.43	11.23	22.99	6.12	0.69	2.76	1.82	1.24	1.34	0.20	1.86	2.84	2.31	0.90	3.51	2.98	100.00
Prayagraj MC	1.17	-	9.12	0.43	-	12.74	32.62	8.91	0.99	-	2.84	0.65	9.55	0.97	7.32	9.68	0.99	-	1.62	0.41	100.00
Varanasi MC	0.66	-	16.59	-	0.28	8.18	40.14	5.50	4.25	1.27	1.65	0.42	4.30	3.38	0.83	5.59	2.63	0.46	3.54	0.34	100.00
Howrah MC	-	-	25.85	-	0.31	5.17	20.35	9.78	4.72	6.11	0.90	0.96	2.41	3.80	2.41	4.04	2.07	-	2.62	8.51	100.00
Kolkata MC	1.03	-	16.09	0.22	1.00	5.80	19.54	6.69	10.02	3.46	2.51	0.70	3.70	2.95	1.86	5.15	2.51	1.54	3.93	11.29	100.00
all million-plus cities	1.60	0.16	21.61	0.38	0.52	7.75	18.61	7.07	4.26	6.55	3.96	1.05	3.59	3.70	2.55	4.75	3.18	0.67	3.33	4.71	100.00
urban India	7.52	0.34	20.24	0.48	0.68	10.04	19.61	6.79	4.17	3.78	2.77	0.68	2.29	2.39	2.76	5.44	2.87	0.60	3.28	3.28	100.00

Table 6: Distribution of workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above working in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type for each million-plus city									
Million-plus city	type of enterprise								
	proprietary & partnership	govt./ local body/ public sector enterprises	autonomous bodies	public/ private limited company	cooperative societies	trust/ other non-profit inst.	employer's households	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	56.8	17.8	-	20.5	0.7	1.8	1.8	0.6	100.0
Vijayawada MC	64.8	13.1	1.2	16.2	-	3.2	0.5	1.0	100.0
Patna MC	67.9	16.2	-	9.5	-	-	5.1	1.3	100.0
Raipur MC	80.7	7.1	-	10.1	-	0.1	1.8	0.3	100.0
Delhi MC	60.3	13.1	0.1	19.5	0.0	0.3	2.8	3.9	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	60.4	10.8	0.0	24.1	0.0	1.2	1.7	1.8	100.0
Rajkot MC	80.4	4.4	-	12.0	-	0.1	-	3.2	100.0
Surat MC	81.8	3.1	-	14.2	0.2	0.5	0.0	-	100.0
Vadodara MC	58.8	8.7	-	30.0	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.7	100.0
Faridabad MC	41.1	3.4	0.1	47.8	0.1	1.6	1.0	4.8	100.0
Srinagar MC	82.1	10.7	1.1	3.1	-	-	2.9	0.1	100.0
Dhanbad MC	71.8	14.1	0.8	10.7	-	-	2.2	0.3	100.0
Ranchi MC	76.5	11.7	0.5	7.6	-	2.5	0.7	0.5	100.0
Bengaluru MC	51.5	4.1	0.1	39.9	0.1	1.9	2.4	0.1	100.0
Bhopal MC	69.6	15.2	0.2	11.3	-	2.6	1.1	-	100.0
Gwalior MC	78.5	12.1	-	8.8	0.4	0.2	-	-	100.0
Indore MC	72.9	5.2	-	19.0	-	1.7	1.3	-	100.0
Jabalpur MC	77.7	10.9	-	8.0	-	1.2	2.0	0.3	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajinagar MC	53.7	11.3	-	20.9	1.3	4.8	1.5	6.5	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	54.5	6.0	0.2	32.6	0.9	0.6	3.1	2.3	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	40.6	11.4	0.6	46.7	-	0.2	0.4	-	100.0
Nagpur MC	71.7	12.7	0.4	13.0	1.4	0.4	0.5	-	100.0
Nashik MC	61.7	11.3	-	24.6	1.1	0.8	0.1	0.3	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	35.1	16.8	2.4	37.8	0.3	3.7	1.2	2.7	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	41.7	7.0	0.5	49.0	-	0.4	0.6	0.8	100.0
Pune MC	50.9	10.5	1.3	30.1	2.1	0.0	2.4	2.6	100.0
Thane MC	62.2	4.7	0.7	32.0	-	0.4	-	0.1	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	60.0	3.8	0.7	34.0	0.3	0.7	0.4	-	100.0
Amritsar MC	84.2	4.9	-	9.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	100.0

Table 6: Distribution of workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above working in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type for each million-plus city									
Million-plus city	type of enterprise								
	proprietary & partnership	govt./ local body/ public sector enterprises	autonomous bodies	public/ private limited company	cooperative societies	trust/ other non-profit inst.	employer's households	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Ludhiana MC	86.0	2.1	-	11.2	-	0.3	0.3	0.0	100.0
Jaipur MC	61.7	9.7	0.2	20.6	0.1	1.0	3.9	2.9	100.0
Jodhpur MC	78.6	9.4	-	9.1	-	2.6	-	0.3	100.0
Kota MC	61.7	14.3	-	22.4	-	-	-	1.6	100.0
Chennai MC	52.2	8.5	0.4	34.5	0.2	0.7	2.4	1.1	100.0
Coimbatore MC	60.8	6.2	-	27.5	-	1.4	3.8	0.2	100.0
Madurai MC	64.8	13.7	-	21.4	-	-	-	-	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	60.1	5.7	0.1	28.1	0.7	0.3	4.2	0.8	100.0
Agra MC	88.6	4.7	0.2	6.3	-	0.1	-	0.1	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	61.5	10.5	-	26.3	0.4	0.3	1.0	-	100.0
Kanpur MC	77.7	10.1	-	9.5	-	1.8	0.7	0.2	100.0
Lucknow MC	68.5	8.9	-	13.4	0.8	2.2	4.7	1.4	100.0
Meerut MC	84.3	3.1	-	9.6	-	0.4	0.4	2.2	100.0
Prayagraj MC	85.2	9.8	-	5.1	-	-	-	-	100.0
Varanasi MC	86.9	8.2	0.6	1.3	-	-	-	3.1	100.0
Howrah MC	70.4	6.8	-	18.5	-	-	4.3	-	100.0
Kolkata MC	70.6	5.3	0.2	18.3	-	1.1	4.4	0.1	100.0
all million-plus cities	62.5	8.1	0.2	24.7	0.3	0.9	2.0	1.2	100.0
urban India	69.1	9.3	0.2	18.0	0.3	1.0	1.2	1.0	100.0

Table 6: Distribution of workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above working in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type for each million-plus city									
Million-plus city	type of enterprise								
	proprietary & partnership	govt./ local body/ public sector enterprises	autonomous bodies	public/ private limited company	cooperative societies	trust/ other non-profit inst.	employer's households	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	49.4	15.9	-	11.5	4.2	1.5	16.6	0.9	100.0
Vijayawada MC	74.4	7.2	-	7.6	-	-	10.8	-	100.0
Patna MC	46.7	32.9	-	2.1	-	-	18.3	-	100.0
Raipur MC	58.3	6.4	-	14.8	-	0.1	20.3	-	100.0
Delhi MC	32.2	16.8	0.1	28.8	-	1.6	15.8	4.6	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	58.6	13.3	-	12.0	-	3.6	9.6	2.9	100.0
Rajkot MC	69.2	9.9	-	14.7	0.6	-	2.7	2.8	100.0
Surat MC	86.7	3.9	-	4.4	1.4	3.3	0.3	-	100.0
Vadodara MC	49.6	10.0	-	17.9	1.4	6.0	15.1	-	100.0
Faridabad MC	26.7	4.5	-	41.9	-	7.6	13.9	5.4	100.0
Srinagar MC	70.0	20.9	2.7	4.6	-	-	1.9	-	100.0
Dhanbad MC	48.2	29.7	3.9	6.0	-	-	12.2	-	100.0
Ranchi MC	54.7	10.5	-	6.2	-	5.4	23.2	-	100.0
Bengaluru MC	26.0	5.9	0.0	43.3	0.2	5.0	16.0	3.5	100.0
Bhopal MC	42.9	17.1	1.6	15.6	-	14.3	8.6	-	100.0
Gwalior MC	84.2	4.4	-	4.6	-	3.9	2.9	-	100.0
Indore MC	62.2	5.4	-	22.4	-	4.5	5.5	-	100.0
Jabalpur MC	55.8	13.7	-	4.3	-	6.6	19.6	-	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajinagar MC	32.7	12.7	-	1.5	3.4	30.7	16.0	3.1	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	39.2	5.6	1.2	36.1	0.7	4.0	10.8	2.4	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	40.7	3.5	-	43.4	-	1.8	10.6	-	100.0
Nagpur MC	54.8	13.1	-	3.9	-	2.1	26.1	-	100.0
Nashik MC	58.7	9.0	-	24.7	0.8	1.6	4.9	0.3	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	41.8	2.2	-	43.8	-	3.0	9.2	-	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	32.2	12.8	1.7	45.6	0.9	0.9	4.7	1.1	100.0
Pune MC	35.0	7.0	2.2	28.8	-	-	25.9	1.0	100.0
Thane MC	45.0	9.6	2.0	29.5	-	-	13.2	0.8	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	46.3	0.7	2.5	42.4	-	2.4	5.7	-	100.0
Amritsar MC	62.8	11.7	-	6.3	2.0	5.4	11.2	0.7	100.0

Table 6: Distribution of workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above working in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type for each million-plus city									
Million-plus city	type of enterprise								
	proprietary & partnership	govt./ local body/ public sector enterprises	autonomous bodies	public/ private limited company	cooperative societies	trust/ other non-profit inst.	employer's households	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Ludhiana MC	72.5	5.2	-	9.1	0.5	-	12.1	0.6	100.0
Jaipur MC	61.2	8.3	-	17.4	-	4.4	6.4	2.3	100.0
Jodhpur MC	60.5	18.4	-	5.4	1.5	9.5	1.8	2.8	100.0
Kota MC	50.6	22.7	-	5.3	-	-	16.8	4.7	100.0
Chennai MC	33.6	10.1	2.5	32.1	-	1.7	19.1	0.8	100.0
Coimbatore MC	63.1	15.3	-	11.0	-	0.6	9.9	-	100.0
Madurai MC	70.6	12.6	3.2	4.9	-	-	8.7	-	100.0
Greater Hyderabad MC	50.3	7.2	0.2	22.1	0.8	1.4	16.4	1.7	100.0
Agra MC	70.7	4.2	-	10.4	-	2.7	10.1	2.0	100.0
Ghaziabad MC	29.5	7.5	0.9	22.0	1.7	10.7	26.3	1.3	100.0
Kanpur MC	80.6	7.7	-	4.6	-	1.2	5.9	-	100.0
Lucknow MC	50.4	14.6	-	7.1	-	12.3	15.7	-	100.0
Meerut MC	40.8	4.2	-	15.6	-	10.9	25.5	3.0	100.0
Prayagraj MC	74.0	21.8	-	-	-	-	4.1	-	100.0
Varanasi MC	84.3	7.9	-	4.1	-	-	2.4	1.3	100.0
Howrah MC	49.8	8.9	0.6	16.9	-	1.1	18.3	4.4	100.0
Kolkata MC	49.7	6.4	0.5	11.9	-	1.2	30.4	-	100.0
all million-plus cities	48.8	9.1	0.6	23.0	0.5	3.2	13.3	1.5	100.0
urban India	56.1	12.6	0.5	14.9	0.6	3.3	10.9	1.2	100.0

Table 6: Distribution of workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above working in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type for each million-plus city									
Million-plus city	type of enterprise								
	proprietary & partnership	govt./ local body/ public sector enterprises	autonomous bodies	public/ private limited company	cooperative societies	trust/ other non-profit inst.	employer's households	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	54.4	17.2	-	17.6	1.8	1.7	6.6	0.7	100.0
Vijayawada MC	67.7	11.3	0.8	13.6	-	2.2	3.6	0.7	100.0
Patna MC	65.2	18.3	-	8.6	-	-	6.8	1.1	100.0
Raipur MC	74.9	6.9	-	11.3	-	0.1	6.6	0.2	100.0
Delhi MC	55.7	13.7	0.1	21.0	0.0	0.5	4.9	4.0	100.0
Ahmedabad MC	59.9	11.5	0.0	20.9	0.0	1.8	3.8	2.1	100.0
Rajkot MC	78.3	5.4	-	12.5	0.1	0.1	0.5	3.1	100.0
Surat MC	83.2	3.4	-	11.5	0.5	1.3	0.1	-	100.0
Vadodara MC	55.9	9.1	-	26.2	0.8	2.4	5.1	0.5	100.0
Faridabad MC	38.9	3.5	0.1	46.9	0.1	2.6	3.0	4.9	100.0
Srinagar MC	77.9	12.3	1.3	3.3	-	-	2.6	2.5	100.0
Dhanbad MC	69.8	15.4	1.1	10.3	-	-	3.1	0.3	100.0
Ranchi MC	71.6	11.4	0.4	7.2	-	3.2	5.8	0.4	100.0
Bengaluru MC	44.3	4.6	0.1	40.9	0.1	2.8	6.3	1.1	100.0
Bhopal MC	64.3	15.6	0.4	12.2	-	4.9	2.6	-	100.0
Gwalior MC	79.5	10.7	-	8.1	0.3	0.9	0.5	-	100.0
Indore MC	69.9	5.2	-	19.9	-	2.5	2.4	-	100.0
Jabalpur MC	72.5	11.6	-	7.1	-	2.5	6.2	0.2	100.0
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	49.3	11.6	-	16.9	1.7	10.2	4.5	5.8	100.0
Greater Mumbai MC	50.7	5.9	0.4	33.5	0.8	1.4	5.0	2.3	100.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	40.6	9.4	0.5	45.9	-	0.6	3.0	-	100.0
Nagpur MC	65.9	12.8	0.3	9.9	0.9	1.0	9.2	-	100.0
Nashik MC	61.0	10.8	-	24.6	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.3	100.0
Navi Mumbai MC	36.5	13.7	1.9	39.0	0.2	3.6	2.9	2.2	100.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	39.0	8.6	0.9	48.1	0.3	0.5	1.8	0.9	100.0
Pune MC	46.1	9.4	1.6	29.7	1.4	0.0	9.5	2.1	100.0
Thane MC	58.0	5.9	1.0	31.4	-	0.3	3.2	0.3	100.0
Vasai Virar MC	55.9	2.9	1.2	36.5	0.2	1.2	2.0	-	100.0
Amritsar MC	79.2	6.5	-	8.7	0.7	1.6	3.0	0.3	100.0

Table 6: Distribution of workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above working in non-agriculture sector by enterprise type for each million-plus city										person
Million-plus city	type of enterprise									
	proprietary & partnership	govt./ local body/ public sector enterprises	autonomous bodies	public/ private limited company	cooperative societies	trust/ other non-profit inst.	employer's households	others	all (incl. n.r.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Ludhiana MC	83.7	2.6	-	10.8	0.1	0.3	2.4	0.1	100.0	
Jaipur MC	61.6	9.4	0.1	19.9	0.0	1.7	4.5	2.7	100.0	
Jodhpur MC	74.8	11.3	-	8.3	0.3	4.0	0.4	0.8	100.0	
Kota MC	59.4	16.0	-	18.8	-	-	3.5	2.3	100.0	
Chennai MC	47.1	9.0	1.0	33.8	0.1	1.0	7.0	1.0	100.0	
Coimbatore MC	61.6	9.3	-	21.9	-	1.1	5.9	0.1	100.0	
Madurai MC	66.6	13.4	1.0	16.4	-	-	2.6	-	100.0	
Greater Hyderabad MC	57.3	6.1	0.1	26.4	0.7	0.6	7.6	1.0	100.0	
Agra MC	86.6	4.6	0.2	6.7	-	0.4	1.1	0.4	100.0	
Ghaziabad MC	58.1	10.2	0.1	25.8	0.5	1.4	3.7	0.1	100.0	
Kanpur MC	78.2	9.7	-	8.7	-	1.7	1.5	0.2	100.0	
Lucknow MC	64.4	10.2	-	12.0	0.6	4.5	7.2	1.1	100.0	
Meerut MC	79.8	3.2	-	10.3	-	1.5	3.1	2.3	100.0	
Prayagraj MC	84.1	11.0	-	4.6	-	-	0.4	-	100.0	
Varanasi MC	86.5	8.2	0.5	1.7	-	-	0.3	2.8	100.0	
Howrah MC	64.2	7.4	0.2	18.0	-	0.3	8.5	1.3	100.0	
Kolkata MC	65.0	5.6	0.3	16.6	-	1.1	11.4	0.1	100.0	
all million-plus cities	59.1	8.4	0.3	24.3	0.4	1.5	4.8	1.3	100.0	
urban India	65.9	10.1	0.2	17.2	0.4	1.5	3.5	1.0	100.0	

Table 7: Average gross earnings (Rs.) during last 30 days from self-employment among self-employed persons in CWS for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	29,570	9,745	23,976
Vijayawada MC	26,475	17,913	24,722
Patna MC	23,701	12,098	22,832
Raipur MC	28,590	14,625	26,958
Delhi MC	42,844	28,360	41,851
Ahmedabad MC	30,814	12,728	27,438
Rajkot MC	28,686	10,218	27,039
Surat MC	33,346	9,002	25,658
Vadodara MC	26,102	10,510	22,762
Faridabad MC	26,326	8,770	24,488
Srinagar MC	30,009	6,726	24,330
Dhanbad MC	17,357	9,476	16,844
Ranchi MC	39,472	28,064	37,946
Bengaluru MC	37,823	25,692	36,314
Bhopal MC	32,067	6,813	29,524
Gwalior MC	20,564	8,351	18,730
Indore MC	24,299	11,195	22,586
Jabalpur MC	23,229	9,827	19,522
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	21,657	10,663	20,012
Greater Mumbai MC	58,007	32,664	53,773
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	37,102	16,553	33,533
Nagpur MC	31,487	16,095	28,160
Nashik MC	31,127	10,324	26,188
Navi Mumbai MC	62,234	84,913	66,613
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	48,745	16,510	41,508
Pune MC	32,860	17,410	29,339
Thane MC	29,433	19,077	27,870
Vasai Virar MC	38,078	9,834	32,878
Amritsar MC	32,414	10,842	29,874
Ludhiana MC	28,700	7,925	24,560
Jaipur MC	31,730	25,771	30,590
Jodhpur MC	31,036	12,782	28,501
Kota MC	33,228	11,482	27,873
Chennai MC	33,321	17,308	30,536
Coimbatore MC	45,188	13,999	35,912
Madurai MC	23,764	5,528	19,083
Greater Hyderabad MC	33,420	15,558	30,075
Agra MC	22,741	11,665	21,431
Ghaziabad MC	24,357	16,655	24,202
Kanpur MC	24,298	25,486	24,363
Lucknow MC	29,307	16,081	27,672
Meerut MC	25,707	8,074	24,731
Prayagraj MC	24,265	11,379	23,652
Varanasi MC	21,636	8,314	20,491
Howrah MC	31,841	5,714	23,669
Kolkata MC	20,170	9,529	17,989
all million-plus cities	33,888	16,167	30,858
urban India	26,096	10,237	23,013

Table 8: Average wage/salary earnings (Rs.) during the preceding calendar month from regular wage/salaried employment in CWS for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	33,707	18,330	28,802
Vijayawada MC	26,747	14,514	22,859
Patna MC	27,902	31,013	28,443
Raipur MC	19,662	12,464	17,255
Delhi MC	35,708	31,644	34,807
Ahmedabad MC	24,420	19,316	23,269
Rajkot MC	21,602	16,326	20,548
Surat MC	20,095	16,046	19,460
Vadodara MC	28,750	17,852	25,342
Faridabad MC	26,441	19,088	24,965
Srinagar MC	27,323	33,869	28,787
Dhanbad MC	27,827	17,739	26,377
Ranchi MC	39,697	26,568	36,332
Bengaluru MC	37,430	28,325	34,323
Bhopal MC	36,185	27,135	34,056
Gwalior MC	23,914	13,568	22,049
Indore MC	22,308	13,557	19,180
Jabalpur MC	23,546	17,558	21,682
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	31,683	22,745	29,511
Greater Mumbai MC	36,453	35,788	36,267
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	37,546	19,054	32,827
Nagpur MC	30,915	16,283	25,145
Nashik MC	26,780	16,690	24,721
Navi Mumbai MC	57,039	29,589	51,515
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	36,655	24,328	32,987
Pune MC	33,081	24,946	30,670
Thane MC	29,108	22,356	27,173
Vasai Virar MC	27,957	22,174	26,031
Amritsar MC	19,580	19,330	19,501
Ludhiana MC	15,722	12,792	15,205
Jaipur MC	32,269	28,453	31,332
Jodhpur MC	31,564	29,341	31,081
Kota MC	18,062	17,695	17,984
Chennai MC	31,655	22,919	28,955
Coimbatore MC	34,947	19,149	29,537
Madurai MC	21,710	18,247	20,580
Greater Hyderabad MC	34,614	23,663	31,153
Agra MC	17,451	16,791	17,374
Ghaziabad MC	28,072	21,184	27,035
Kanpur MC	26,985	17,429	25,215
Lucknow MC	27,098	31,744	28,347
Meerut MC	18,946	20,057	19,131
Prayagraj MC	32,214	42,254	34,404
Varanasi MC	20,331	20,821	20,404
Howrah MC	24,938	17,970	23,078
Kolkata MC	21,534	13,784	19,093
all million-plus cities	30,707	23,707	28,808
urban India	27,984	21,664	26,258

Table 9: Average wage earnings (Rs.) per day from casual labour work (other than public work) in CWS for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	783	401	733
Vijayawada MC	688	472	664
Patna MC	578	-	578
Raipur MC	460	305	426
Delhi MC	696	156	681
Ahmedabad MC	536	306	483
Rajkot MC	512	337	481
Surat MC	516	468	511
Vadodara MC	478	384	466
Faridabad MC	639	53	629
Srinagar MC	748	800	749
Dhanbad MC	420	150	415
Ranchi MC	488	400	482
Bengaluru MC	701	491	690
Bhopal MC	535	200	532
Gwalior MC	623	496	593
Indore MC	509	-	509
Jabalpur MC	448	357	445
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	638	375	631
Greater Mumbai MC	712	211	658
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	800	600	713
Nagpur MC	532	381	525
Nashik MC	651	372	599
Navi Mumbai MC	797	-	797
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	659	-	659
Pune MC	777	170	763
Thane MC	649	648	649
Vasai Virar MC	962	177	904
Amritsar MC	511	179	437
Ludhiana MC	626	-	626
Jaipur MC	547	529	544
Jodhpur MC	594	413	572
Kota MC	575	422	558
Chennai MC	808	522	802
Coimbatore MC	748	550	744
Madurai MC	751	266	627
Greater Hyderabad MC	824	587	784
Agra MC	450	500	457
Ghaziabad MC	637	-	637
Kanpur MC	497	319	459
Lucknow MC	535	-	535
Meerut MC	576	-	576
Prayagraj MC	511	400	497
Varanasi MC	506	271	504
Howrah MC	493	268	471
Kolkata MC	480	517	481
all million-plus cities	643	434	624
urban India	582	366	550

Table 10: Average number of hours actually worked in a week by workers in different broad employment status for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	male			
	self-employed	regular wage/ salary	casual labour	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	47.0	47.2	38.1	46.2
Vijayawada MC	53.5	51.0	53.7	51.9
Patna MC	53.2	49.4	47.7	51.0
Raipur MC	47.4	54.8	48.9	51.3
Delhi MC	59.0	51.8	52.6	54.8
Ahmedabad MC	55.6	55.3	34.4	54.9
Rajkot MC	56.8	54.5	51.9	55.4
Surat MC	54.4	59.8	39.4	57.1
Vadodara MC	47.7	47.2	40.4	46.8
Faridabad MC	62.4	54.7	54.6	57.1
Srinagar MC	51.2	51.7	40.0	50.6
Dhanbad MC	45.7	51.8	33.8	45.9
Ranchi MC	48.8	51.8	36.5	49.8
Bengaluru MC	52.5	47.7	45.3	48.9
Bhopal MC	50.6	48.4	41.6	48.9
Gwalior MC	45.2	49.5	42.4	46.5
Indore MC	47.8	47.8	53.2	48.1
Jabalpur MC	49.6	49.1	37.7	46.6
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	48.3	48.3	45.2	48.0
Greater Mumbai MC	56.4	54.7	53.0	55.2
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	55.9	52.5	41.0	53.3
Nagpur MC	52.8	53.0	52.8	52.9
Nashik MC	50.1	48.9	43.7	48.9
Navi Mumbai MC	65.5	55.3	49.2	57.3
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	57.1	51.6	52.3	53.1
Pune MC	47.4	50.5	59.6	49.9
Thane MC	59.4	55.8	49.7	56.5
Vasai Virar MC	55.7	56.5	59.5	56.4
Amritsar MC	50.8	52.1	47.2	50.9
Ludhiana MC	57.9	61.4	44.5	59.8
Jaipur MC	52.3	53.2	49.9	52.5
Jodhpur MC	56.2	54.8	50.6	55.5
Kota MC	57.9	52.0	41.6	52.4
Chennai MC	45.4	48.8	35.6	47.1
Coimbatore MC	43.9	52.0	44.8	49.5
Madurai MC	45.5	53.0	36.2	48.7
Greater Hyderabad MC	51.7	51.2	48.4	51.0
Agra MC	49.8	50.2	34.6	49.3
Ghaziabad MC	50.4	46.6	42.8	47.7
Kanpur MC	52.3	51.9	45.8	51.9
Lucknow MC	48.6	48.8	41.6	48.2
Meerut MC	51.3	48.2	44.4	49.2
Prayagraj MC	52.3	50.0	48.2	51.2
Varanasi MC	54.4	55.6	45.0	54.1
Howrah MC	51.1	49.0	41.0	49.5
Kolkata MC	48.4	51.0	40.0	48.7
all million-plus cities	52.9	52.1	45.4	51.9
urban India	50.4	51.0	42.8	49.7

Table 10: Average number of hours actually worked in a week by workers in different broad employment status for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	female			
	self-employed	regular wage/ salary	casual labour	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	28.6	42.8	28.9	38.0
Vijayawada MC	37.2	49.1	31.2	45.6
Patna MC	35.1	45.8	-	42.3
Raipur MC	31.8	42.0	50.6	40.2
Delhi MC	47.0	48.4	31.3	48.1
Ahmedabad MC	39.4	47.6	29.7	44.3
Rajkot MC	37.5	51.5	45.9	46.4
Surat MC	28.0	44.6	36.0	34.4
Vadodara MC	30.1	40.6	28.0	37.3
Faridabad MC	40.6	50.0	28.0	48.1
Srinagar MC	21.3	35.7	40.0	28.0
Dhanbad MC	31.5	44.9	28.0	38.0
Ranchi MC	33.9	41.9	41.0	38.7
Bengaluru MC	39.0	43.8	37.5	42.9
Bhopal MC	27.4	41.7	6.0	37.7
Gwalior MC	24.9	40.7	35.8	30.8
Indore MC	31.2	46.3	-	40.6
Jabalpur MC	32.5	46.5	42.0	40.7
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	28.5	39.0	21.0	36.2
Greater Mumbai MC	36.7	46.7	24.5	43.8
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	33.9	43.1	36.0	41.5
Nagpur MC	45.0	38.3	20.1	39.9
Nashik MC	36.5	47.3	37.1	42.1
Navi Mumbai MC	40.6	48.6	-	46.7
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	38.0	44.9	-	43.3
Pune MC	35.1	39.7	24.0	38.6
Thane MC	39.1	45.3	61.6	44.9
Vasai Virar MC	34.0	47.1	14.2	43.6
Amritsar MC	30.1	43.6	21.9	37.8
Ludhiana MC	36.9	48.9	-	44.4
Jaipur MC	37.0	46.1	41.1	42.4
Jodhpur MC	35.0	35.4	31.9	35.0
Kota MC	45.4	45.9	34.3	44.9
Chennai MC	40.9	42.1	28.3	41.8
Coimbatore MC	29.0	43.0	21.0	38.5
Madurai MC	34.4	44.4	37.0	41.1
Greater Hyderabad MC	37.3	46.2	43.3	43.9
Agra MC	37.5	47.0	40.0	42.3
Ghaziabad MC	36.2	43.3	-	42.8
Kanpur MC	30.9	42.3	46.3	38.8
Lucknow MC	37.0	45.0	-	42.5
Meerut MC	36.4	45.7	-	43.5
Prayagraj MC	48.2	45.4	60.0	47.4
Varanasi MC	41.1	48.7	17.5	44.2
Howrah MC	27.8	38.3	15.1	33.0
Kolkata MC	33.6	43.2	42.1	39.9
all million-plus cities	35.0	44.6	36.7	41.6
urban India	33.0	43.6	36.3	39.0

Table 10: Average number of hours actually worked in a week by workers in different broad employment status for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	person			
	self-employed	regular wage/ salary	casual labour	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	40.8	45.8	36.7	43.7
Vijayawada MC	49.5	50.4	49.8	50.1
Patna MC	51.6	48.8	47.7	49.9
Raipur MC	45.4	50.5	49.2	48.5
Delhi MC	58.1	51.0	52.1	53.7
Ahmedabad MC	52.4	53.6	33.3	52.6
Rajkot MC	54.7	53.9	50.7	54.0
Surat MC	44.9	57.3	39.0	51.7
Vadodara MC	42.9	45.1	38.3	44.0
Faridabad MC	60.2	53.7	54.2	55.6
Srinagar MC	44.1	48.1	40.0	45.6
Dhanbad MC	43.9	50.8	33.7	45.0
Ranchi MC	45.8	49.2	36.9	47.3
Bengaluru MC	50.1	46.3	44.9	47.2
Bhopal MC	48.3	46.8	40.7	47.0
Gwalior MC	41.6	47.9	40.7	43.6
Indore MC	44.4	47.2	53.2	46.1
Jabalpur MC	45.1	48.3	37.8	45.2
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	44.7	46.0	44.2	45.5
Greater Mumbai MC	52.6	52.5	49.9	52.4
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	52.2	50.1	39.2	50.5
Nagpur MC	50.5	47.2	49.3	48.6
Nashik MC	46.2	48.6	42.4	47.3
Navi Mumbai MC	60.4	53.9	49.2	55.2
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	52.3	49.6	52.3	50.4
Pune MC	44.2	47.3	58.7	46.7
Thane MC	56.0	52.8	51.7	53.8
Vasai Virar MC	51.2	53.4	55.9	52.8
Amritsar MC	48.1	49.4	41.7	48.0
Ludhiana MC	54.0	59.2	44.5	57.1
Jaipur MC	49.0	51.4	48.0	50.2
Jodhpur MC	52.3	50.6	47.7	51.5
Kota MC	55.1	50.7	40.7	50.9
Chennai MC	44.4	46.7	35.4	45.6
Coimbatore MC	37.0	48.9	43.9	45.7
Madurai MC	42.4	50.2	36.3	46.4
Greater Hyderabad MC	48.2	49.6	47.5	49.0
Agra MC	48.4	49.8	35.3	48.5
Ghaziabad MC	50.0	46.1	42.8	47.2
Kanpur MC	50.0	50.1	45.9	50.0
Lucknow MC	46.9	47.8	41.6	47.1
Meerut MC	50.4	47.8	44.4	48.6
Prayagraj MC	52.1	49.0	49.6	50.8
Varanasi MC	53.2	54.6	44.7	53.0
Howrah MC	43.5	46.2	37.4	44.8
Kolkata MC	45.0	48.5	40.0	46.4
all million-plus cities	49.3	50.1	44.5	49.5
urban India	46.3	49.0	41.7	47.1

Table 11: UR according to usual status (ps+ss) for age 15 years and above for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	6.1	5.7	6.0
Vijayawada MC	6.5	7.7*	6.9
Patna MC	18.1	36.2	20.9
Raipur MC	2.6	8.6	4.2
Delhi MC	4.7	8.4	5.3
Ahmedabad MC	1.5	0.9*	1.3
Rajkot MC	0.4*	-	0.3*
Surat MC	1.1	0.6*	1.0
Vadodara MC	1.9*	2.6*	2.1*
Faridabad MC	5.3	2.9*	4.9
Srinagar MC	5.0	29.5	11.7
Dhanbad MC	13.5	24.2	15.0
Ranchi MC	5.4*	10.0	6.5
Bengaluru MC	2.4	3.7	2.8
Bhopal MC	3.1	10.2	4.6
Gwalior MC	5.8	2.5*	5.2
Indore MC	3.5	2.1*	3.1*
Jabalpur MC	3.7	7.6*	4.6
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	8.5*	5.1*	7.8*
Greater Mumbai MC	3.2	4.7	3.6
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	4.4*	6.8*	5.0
Nagpur MC	4.8	1.0*	3.6
Nashik MC	2.8	2.0*	2.6
Navi Mumbai MC	2.1*	11.5*	4.3*
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	3.7*	2.4*	3.4*
Pune MC	9.3*	4.2	7.8*
Thane MC	4.4	3.2*	4.1
Vasai Virar MC	0.5*	2.9*	1.2*
Amritsar MC	7.6	12.3	8.7
Ludhiana MC	3.4	3.8*	3.5
Jaipur MC	10.1	20.3	12.8
Jodhpur MC	8.0	19.9	10.8
Kota MC	5.2*	28.6	11.2
Chennai MC	4.2	5.0	4.4
Coimbatore MC	3.2*	0.5*	2.3*
Madurai MC	11.7	11.4*	11.6
Greater Hyderabad MC	5.9	9.1	6.8
Agra MC	3.8	13.3	4.9
Ghaziabad MC	3.5	7.8*	4.0
Kanpur MC	8.9	20.1	10.9
Lucknow MC	4.3	9.2*	5.5
Meerut MC	3.4*	7.5*	3.8
Prayagraj MC	13.9	30.2	15.8
Varanasi MC	6.9*	12.9*	7.9*
Howrah MC	1.2*	-	0.8*
Kolkata MC	2.2	1.2*	1.9
all million-plus cities	4.5	6.1*	4.9
urban India	4.2	6.4	4.8

Table 11.1: UR according to current weekly status (CWS) for age 15 years and above for each million-plus city			
Million-plus city	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	7.5	8.5	7.8
Vijayawada MC	9.5	14.0	10.8
Patna MC	18.1	36.2	20.9
Raipur MC	4.6	12.2	6.7
Delhi MC	5.3	6.3	5.5
Ahmedabad MC	2.6	1.3*	2.3
Rajkot MC	0.6*	-	0.5*
Surat MC	2.6	5.5	3.3
Vadodara MC	4.1	2.5*	3.6
Faridabad MC	5.8	2.9*	5.3
Srinagar MC	5.7	36.5	14.1
Dhanbad MC	14.5	25.2	15.8
Ranchi MC	5.4*	11.1	6.8
Bengaluru MC	2.8	4.2	3.2
Bhopal MC	8.5	13.6	9.4
Gwalior MC	9.1	6.1*	8.5
Indore MC	4.3	2.9*	4.0
Jabalpur MC	7.4	12.5	8.7
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	12.7	6.6*	11.5
Greater Mumbai MC	5.3	9.9	6.5
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	8.5	17.9	10.9
Nagpur MC	7.0	4.7*	6.3
Nashik MC	4.2	9.2	5.4
Navi Mumbai MC	3.5*	16.5*	6.3
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	4.9*	6.2	5.3
Pune MC	11.1*	12.4	11.4
Thane MC	9.9	11.2	10.2
Vasai Virar MC	3.9	7.5*	5.0
Amritsar MC	8.5	12.6	9.5
Ludhiana MC	3.7	3.8*	3.7
Jaipur MC	11.7	22.0	14.3
Jodhpur MC	8.4	22.1	11.4
Kota MC	6.7	28.7	12.3
Chennai MC	5.0	5.7	5.2
Coimbatore MC	5.6*	1.9*	4.3*
Madurai MC	13.1	11.9*	12.7
Greater Hyderabad MC	6.3	9.7	7.3
Agra MC	10.1	14.8	10.6
Ghaziabad MC	5.7	10.7*	6.2
Kanpur MC	15.8	33.8	19.1
Lucknow MC	7.6	11.4*	8.4
Meerut MC	5.4	8.8*	5.8
Prayagraj MC	22.8	31.5	23.8
Varanasi MC	12.9	20.6	13.8
Howrah MC	2.3*	-	1.6*
Kolkata MC	2.7	1.6*	2.4
all million-plus cities	6.2	8.8	6.8
urban India	6.1	8.9	6.8

Table 12: Estimate of NEET according to usual status (ps+ss) by age group for each million-plus city						
Million-plus city	age: 15-24 years			age: 15-29 years		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	7.1	9.7	8.6	13.3	33.2	24.7
Vijayawada MC	5.4	30.6	21.6	7.8	44.6	30.4
Patna MC	6.0	23.7	13.3	13.8	40.7	25.2
Raipur MC	2.4	17.0	9.0	6.6	40.1	23.3
Delhi MC	12.0	22.9	16.7	10.7	37.4	22.7
Ahmedabad MC	4.4	24.3	13.1	4.2	35.1	18.6
Rajkot MC	1.0	23.9	10.6	0.8	30.2	14.2
Surat MC	2.6	28.2	15.3	1.4	31.7	16.4
Vadodara MC	1.4	37.4	17.1	1.0	43.0	20.2
Faridabad MC	4.9	35.0	19.1	6.0	50.9	27.2
Srinagar MC	-	14.3	5.3	6.4	26.9	14.8
Dhanbad MC	17.9	46.1	31.3	16.0	62.1	36.7
Ranchi MC	9.4	15.5	12.1	10.4	30.2	19.0
Bengaluru MC	2.6	21.6	12.6	3.0	24.0	13.6
Bhopal MC	5.3	39.2	21.0	3.7	61.0	30.8
Gwalior MC	5.0	56.8	27.8	7.4	62.9	30.5
Indore MC	14.6	23.4	18.2	12.1	37.3	24.4
Jabalpur MC	2.7	10.9	7.1	3.9	20.0	12.9
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	5.2	18.4	12.1	8.0	34.1	22.0
Greater Mumbai MC	6.8	22.2	14.5	5.3	34.3	20.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	12.2	28.2	18.2	11.2	34.0	20.0
Nagpur MC	2.5	16.1	10.6	13.3	26.5	20.1
Nashik MC	7.8	48.8	28.1	6.5	49.9	26.0
Navi Mumbai MC	3.9	-	2.6	4.4	15.4	8.4
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	8.9	40.2	20.4	7.6	51.7	27.2
Pune MC	-	17.7	7.8	1.8	31.1	15.5
Thane MC	4.1	15.8	10.3	3.0	26.1	16.0
Vasai Virar MC	-	6.7	3.3	11.9	25.6	17.9
Amritsar MC	8.7	35.4	23.2	29.2	43.4	35.8
Ludhiana MC	8.9	48.8	27.3	6.1	61.2	31.2
Jaipur MC	15.8	30.5	22.0	22.8	39.4	29.2
Jodhpur MC	11.6	51.9	29.4	11.6	54.9	30.8
Kota MC	9.8	12.5	11.2	6.7	28.4	17.9
Chennai MC	17.0	17.2	17.1	12.6	31.4	22.4
Coimbatore MC	3.0	-	2.2	7.3	10.1	8.2
Madurai MC	29.1	18.0	25.5	20.4	42.3	28.5
Greater Hyderabad MC	15.3	22.3	18.8	12.6	37.3	25.1
Agra MC	7.3	42.0	23.7	5.8	57.7	30.1
Ghaziabad MC	13.3	24.7	17.7	8.8	35.3	18.7
Kanpur MC	18.2	34.5	23.7	16.5	51.9	31.1
Lucknow MC	11.9	33.5	21.8	8.9	48.2	27.4
Meerut MC	2.1	38.6	21.3	4.2	49.6	25.5
Prayagraj MC	10.2	43.3	22.6	8.2	59.8	27.5
Varanasi MC	9.6	27.0	16.6	12.7	50.3	30.3
Howrah MC	-	6.9	3.8	7.2	38.1	26.0
Kolkata MC	5.0	31.3	17.4	4.7	44.2	21.9
all million-plus cities	8.0	26.2	16.4	8.3	38.0	22.2
urban India	8.7	30.3	18.9	8.9	42.7	25.0

Table 12: Estimate of NEET according to usual status (ps+ss) by age group for each million-plus city						
Million-plus city	age: 30-59 years			age: 15-59 years		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	2.7	51.8	27.2	5.8	45.1	26.4
Vijayawada MC	5.7	65.0	38.6	6.5	56.7	35.5
Patna MC	3.3	85.2	41.6	9.1	62.3	32.8
Raipur MC	5.4	65.5	34.7	5.8	56.2	30.6
Delhi MC	5.4	80.4	40.2	7.5	64.3	33.6
Ahmedabad MC	3.4	63.3	32.9	3.7	52.4	27.2
Rajkot MC	5.0	87.5	46.3	3.4	67.8	34.5
Surat MC	1.9	51.0	22.3	1.7	43.6	20.3
Vadodara MC	5.4	58.3	32.3	3.6	52.8	27.6
Faridabad MC	6.3	78.2	40.2	6.2	66.8	34.7
Srinagar MC	5.8	80.3	43.7	6.0	66.3	34.8
Dhanbad MC	6.6	92.5	48.4	11.2	78.8	42.9
Ranchi MC	1.0	76.4	38.9	5.4	57.7	30.2
Bengaluru MC	3.4	63.1	32.4	3.2	46.0	24.4
Bhopal MC	0.5	73.0	37.1	2.0	67.8	34.3
Gwalior MC	3.1	69.4	36.3	5.1	66.8	33.8
Indore MC	2.0	56.0	29.0	6.5	47.9	27.0
Jabalpur MC	3.2	57.3	29.1	3.4	42.3	23.2
Chhatrapati Sambhajanagar MC	0.8	86.4	47.5	3.2	69.3	39.0
Greater Mumbai MC	5.8	68.3	36.3	5.6	54.9	30.0
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	6.2	65.6	37.0	8.1	57.0	31.4
Nagpur MC	3.8	65.6	37.8	6.9	53.9	32.2
Nashik MC	4.1	65.2	35.5	5.1	59.8	31.8
Navi Mumbai MC	1.6	77.0	33.6	2.7	57.3	24.7
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	0.6	65.6	32.2	3.4	60.5	30.3
Pune MC	6.0	47.7	26.3	4.3	41.3	22.0
Thane MC	9.8	68.9	37.5	7.9	53.7	30.7
Vasai Virar MC	1.5	68.4	35.1	4.7	57.7	30.3
Amritsar MC	4.5	76.7	42.6	13.6	66.3	40.3
Ludhiana MC	4.2	70.7	35.0	5.0	66.8	33.4
Jaipur MC	10.1	69.9	38.3	16.6	57.2	34.0
Jodhpur MC	10.9	72.8	42.0	11.3	64.4	36.4
Kota MC	5.6	73.4	39.7	6.0	56.3	31.6
Chennai MC	4.0	66.6	36.9	6.9	54.8	32.0
Coimbatore MC	7.1	50.7	26.8	7.2	36.8	19.0
Madurai MC	0.7	48.2	27.3	10.8	46.3	27.8
Greater Hyderabad MC	3.3	59.9	32.7	7.0	50.9	29.6
Agra MC	2.2	88.2	44.7	3.8	75.7	38.6
Ghaziabad MC	5.1	88.0	45.5	6.8	69.6	34.5
Kanpur MC	8.8	81.1	44.6	11.7	72.1	39.8
Lucknow MC	8.7	68.9	40.1	8.8	60.4	34.6
Meerut MC	5.0	81.7	41.5	4.6	66.8	34.1
Prayagraj MC	4.7	93.4	49.5	6.4	81.1	39.9
Varanasi MC	14.2	82.1	46.2	13.6	69.2	39.7
Howrah MC	-	55.0	29.8	1.7	50.1	28.8
Kolkata MC	1.7	60.0	30.6	2.6	55.9	28.1
all million-plus cities	4.3	67.0	35.1	5.9	56.1	30.1
urban India	4.4	65.0	34.9	6.2	56.6	31.0

Table 13.1: RSE (in per cent) of Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR), Worker population ratio (WPR) and Unemployment Rate (UR) according to usual status (ps+ss) for each million-plus city

Million-plus city	age: 15 years and above								
	male			female			person		
	LFPR	WPR	UR	LFPR	WPR	UR	LFPR	WPR	UR
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	2.5	3.1	25.1	6.5	6.6	25.8	2.4	2.6	20.1
Vijayawada MC	10.0	9.7	34.8	15.7	17.0	44.4	8.2	8.3	27.0
Patna MC	5.9	6.8	16.8	21.2	17.9	30.1	5.3	5.6	18.8
Raipur MC	2.8	3.1	37.4	7.8	8.4	32.9	2.3	2.5	25.5
Delhi MC	1.9	2.1	14.5	7.5	7.6	38.8	2.0	2.1	14.7
Ahmedabad MC	2.0	2.1	21.9	5.0	5.1	52.1	2.1	2.2	22.9
Rajkot MC	3.1	3.1	74.5	11.6	11.6	0.0	3.7	3.7	74.8
Surat MC	1.6	1.6	39.6	6.7	6.7	63.1	2.7	2.7	36.7
Vadodara MC	3.4	3.7	51.1	7.5	7.9	52.5	2.8	3.1	42.1
Faridabad MC	3.0	3.2	18.5	11.6	12.2	51.7	3.3	3.5	18.3
Srinagar MC	3.3	3.8	24.9	9.0	12.9	17.9	3.5	4.4	15.5
Dhanbad MC	3.0	3.0	16.3	15.1	18.6	25.1	4.2	4.2	14.2
Ranchi MC	5.4	5.9	46.8	13.8	14.4	37.9	4.3	4.5	32.3
Bengaluru MC	1.6	1.7	21.6	5.0	5.1	20.2	2.0	2.0	15.6
Bhopal MC	3.1	3.2	37.4	11.8	11.6	32.3	3.4	3.4	31.0
Gwalior MC	3.3	3.7	32.0	14.9	15.1	77.5	4.2	4.6	31.1
Indore MC	4.1	4.3	36.6	14.9	15.4	101.2	5.6	6.0	40.7
Jabalpur MC	3.4	3.5	31.6	13.5	14.8	46.9	4.4	4.7	28.6
Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar MC	4.9	7.7	49.1	13.1	14.7	69.9	4.9	6.2	43.0
Greater Mumbai MC	1.3	1.3	15.8	4.3	4.6	19.8	1.6	1.7	12.2
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	4.8	6.1	49.6	12.7	12.4	58.1	3.8	4.0	38.0
Nagpur MC	3.6	3.9	32.0	15.6	15.7	101.4	5.3	5.7	33.2
Nashik MC	3.0	3.1	37.3	8.6	8.6	57.5	3.3	3.3	32.0
Navi Mumbai MC	3.9	4.3	48.4	11.8	13.3	57.0	4.9	5.4	42.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	2.7	3.8	56.4	10.4	10.7	53.1	3.6	4.0	45.6
Pune MC	3.3	5.4	53.8	8.8	9.1	36.1	3.9	4.7	47.1
Thane MC	3.5	4.2	32.3	11.7	11.6	48.9	3.3	3.7	30.3
Vasai Virar MC	4.2	4.3	103.0	11.8	12.5	82.1	3.2	3.3	64.7
Amritsar MC	3.5	3.9	37.2	13.7	15.0	37.7	4.7	5.0	26.5
Ludhiana MC	2.1	2.5	39.0	11.2	11.8	43.6	3.7	4.2	32.6
Jaipur MC	2.7	3.4	22.1	8.7	10.2	31.2	3.3	4.1	22.8
Jodhpur MC	6.5	6.8	21.5	16.5	19.3	28.9	5.4	5.8	19.4
Kota MC	5.4	5.8	44.3	17.8	22.9	32.3	7.8	8.7	31.5
Chennai MC	2.4	2.3	21.9	6.5	7.0	31.5	2.7	2.8	21.3
Coimbatore MC	12.1	12.3	59.3	14.7	14.8	105.7	8.8	9.0	56.2
Madurai MC	4.0	5.0	30.0	14.0	16.0	44.9	5.4	5.6	22.3
Greater Hyderabad MC	1.6	1.8	17.3	5.0	5.6	16.6	2.0	2.2	12.8
Agra MC	3.1	3.4	35.7	17.7	18.9	27.6	4.0	4.3	27.1
Ghaziabad MC	3.4	3.4	35.8	18.4	20.1	65.6	3.8	3.9	30.3
Kanpur MC	2.5	4.0	27.6	11.6	12.0	27.0	3.3	4.0	24.6
Lucknow MC	3.9	4.0	33.2	10.1	10.9	53.0	4.6	4.9	33.6
Meerut MC	5.3	5.8	44.5	18.0	19.1	56.3	5.6	6.0	36.8
Prayagraj MC	4.9	6.6	21.8	23.4	25.2	31.0	4.5	5.3	21.0
Varanasi MC	2.4	5.4	54.0	11.8	14.3	46.3	2.9	5.5	47.1
Howrah MC	4.3	4.2	81.6	11.3	11.3	0.0	4.7	4.7	82.0
Kolkata MC	2.0	2.1	34.0	6.9	7.0	41.4	2.6	2.6	28.8
all million-plus cities	4.7	5.7	30.8	8.9	10.6	49.9	5.4	6.7	34.0
urban India	2.7	3.4	22.3	6.0	7.4	29.3	3.2	4.2	22.9

Table 13.2: RSE (in per cent) of Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR), Worker population ratio (WPR) and Unemployment Rate (UR) according to current weekly status (CWS) for each million-plus city									
Million-plus city	age: 15 years and above								
	male			female			person		
	LFPR	WPR	UR	LFPR	WPR	UR	LFPR	WPR	UR
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Greater Visakhapatnam MC	2.5	3.2	22.3	6.9	7.4	24.5	2.6	2.9	17.8
Vijayawada MC	14.4	14.4	35.3	16.2	18.3	37.2	10.3	10.4	25.7
Patna MC	5.9	6.8	16.8	21.2	17.9	30.1	5.3	5.6	18.8
Raipur MC	2.9	3.4	27.4	7.8	8.9	28.3	2.4	2.7	20.2
Delhi MC	1.9	2.1	13.4	7.3	7.6	27.4	2.0	2.1	11.7
Ahmedabad MC	2.1	2.2	19.1	6.5	6.5	50.3	2.2	2.3	19.0
Rajkot MC	3.2	3.2	60.0	18.1	18.1	0.0	4.3	4.3	60.3
Surat MC	1.6	1.7	28.3	7.7	8.4	39.4	2.7	2.9	22.8
Vadodara MC	3.2	3.7	29.8	7.5	7.9	58.5	2.7	3.0	28.5
Faridabad MC	2.9	3.2	18.1	11.8	12.4	51.8	3.3	3.5	17.9
Srinagar MC	3.3	3.8	24.5	9.4	13.7	16.1	3.5	4.4	15.7
Dhanbad MC	2.9	3.0	15.7	15.7	19.6	26.2	4.0	4.0	14.0
Ranchi MC	5.4	5.9	46.8	13.8	14.4	35.3	4.3	4.5	31.2
Bengaluru MC	1.6	1.7	19.2	5.1	5.3	19.4	2.0	2.1	14.2
Bhopal MC	2.9	3.8	33.2	21.6	22.1	29.1	4.4	4.0	27.7
Gwalior MC	4.0	4.5	25.5	15.4	15.9	46.3	4.6	4.9	23.6
Indore MC	4.2	4.5	34.6	16.2	17.0	83.0	6.0	6.5	36.4
Jabalpur MC	3.2	3.7	22.9	13.5	15.5	36.9	4.5	5.2	20.4
Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar MC	4.9	8.3	34.2	12.7	14.7	58.5	4.8	6.6	31.3
Greater Mumbai MC	1.3	1.4	14.2	4.5	4.8	13.5	1.7	1.8	10.2
Kalyan-Dombivli MC	4.9	6.0	27.6	12.9	16.5	37.3	3.9	4.3	18.1
Nagpur MC	3.7	4.1	34.4	16.1	16.9	48.4	5.5	6.0	29.2
Nashik MC	3.0	3.2	28.1	8.5	9.0	29.6	3.2	3.4	22.4
Navi Mumbai MC	4.0	4.7	41.1	12.5	12.6	42.6	5.1	5.7	31.0
Pimpri Chinchwad MC	2.8	3.8	45.0	10.4	11.4	35.9	3.7	4.1	30.5
Pune MC	3.9	5.8	45.5	8.8	9.2	22.1	4.0	4.7	32.4
Thane MC	3.6	4.8	24.0	12.1	13.4	31.1	3.2	4.5	21.0
Vasai Virar MC	4.4	4.8	36.4	11.8	13.0	44.8	3.3	3.7	34.8
Amritsar MC	3.5	3.9	33.1	14.0	15.4	37.7	4.8	5.0	24.7
Ludhiana MC	2.2	2.6	36.6	11.2	11.8	43.6	3.7	4.3	30.9
Jaipur MC	2.8	3.6	19.2	8.8	10.4	29.2	3.3	4.3	20.3
Jodhpur MC	6.4	6.8	21.0	15.9	18.7	26.9	5.1	5.5	18.6
Kota MC	5.6	6.0	38.0	18.1	23.3	32.8	8.0	9.0	29.5
Chennai MC	2.4	2.4	19.6	6.5	7.0	30.0	2.7	2.7	19.0
Coimbatore MC	12.0	12.4	44.3	15.1	15.3	78.7	8.8	9.5	43.3
Madurai MC	3.7	5.0	28.2	13.4	15.1	43.9	4.7	5.3	21.7
Greater Hyderabad MC	1.6	1.9	16.4	5.1	5.7	16.3	2.0	2.2	12.2
Agra MC	3.4	3.8	23.0	18.2	19.8	28.2	4.3	4.0	19.0
Ghaziabad MC	3.5	3.4	23.6	18.4	19.8	49.0	4.0	4.0	20.2
Kanpur MC	3.2	5.1	21.9	11.9	15.5	22.5	3.6	5.2	19.0
Lucknow MC	3.6	4.7	30.0	11.8	12.2	50.5	4.0	5.0	28.1
Meerut MC	5.5	6.1	32.0	19.1	20.2	52.6	6.0	6.5	27.9
Prayagraj MC	4.8	5.1	18.3	23.1	25.2	30.1	4.2	5.2	17.2
Varanasi MC	2.3	5.7	34.1	14.5	18.1	39.3	2.7	5.6	32.0
Howrah MC	4.3	4.4	56.5	14.8	14.8	0.0	5.8	5.8	57.3
Kolkata MC	2.0	2.0	29.2	7.0	7.1	43.7	2.5	2.5	25.0
all million-plus cities	0.5	0.6	22.3	1.6	1.8	37.3	0.6	0.6	24.4
urban India	0.2	0.3	16.1	0.7	0.8	23.7	0.3	0.3	17.1

Dissemination of NSS Results:

The report is available on the website of the
Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (www.mospi.gov.in).